**9.26**

　　1、An ant covers a distance of 90 metres in 3 hours. The average speed of the ant in decimetres per minute is\_\_\_\_.  
  
　　3、In a certain town some people were affected by a ’flu’ epidemic. In the first month 20% of the population contracted the flu whilst 80% were healthy.  
  
　　In the following month 20% of the sick people recovered and 20% of the healthy people contracted the disease.  
  
　　What fraction of the population is healthy at the end of the second month?  
  
　　4、Mpho, Barry, Sipho, Erica and Fatima are sitting on a park bench.  
  
　　Mpho is not sitting on the far right. Barry is not sitting on the far left.  
  
　　Sipho is not sitting at either end. Erica is sitting to the right of Barry,  
  
　　but not necessarily next to him. Fatima is not sitting next to Sipho.  
  
　　Sipho is not sitting next to Barry.  
  
　　Who is sitting at the far right?  
  
　　5、Of the 28 T?shirts in a drawer, six are red, five are blue, and the rest are  
  
　　white. If Bob selects T?shirts at random whilst packing for a holiday, what is the least number he must remove from the drawer to be sure that he has three T?shirts of the same colour?  
  
　　6、In an alien language, jalez borg farn means “good maths skills”. Nurf klar borg means “maths in harmony” and darko klar farn means “good in gold”.  
  
　　What is “harmony gold” in this language?  
  
　　7、Five children, Amelia, Bongani, Charles, Devine and Edwina, were in the  
  
　　classroom when one of them broke a window. The teacher asked each of them to make a statement about the event, knowing that three of them always lie and two always tell the truth. Their statements were as follows:  
  
　　Amelia: “Charles did not break it, nor did Devine.”  
  
　　Bongani: “I didn’t break it, nor did Devine.”  
  
　　Charles: “I didn’t break it, but Edwina did.”  
  
　　Devine: “Amelia or Edwina broke it.”  
  
　　Edwina: “Charles broke it.”  
  
　　Who broke the window?  
  
　　8、Did you know? A palindrome is a number which reads the same forwards as backwards e.g. 35453. Next year 2002 is an example of a palindromic number. What is the difference between 2002 and the number of the previous palindromic year?  
  
　　9、If a ??b = (2×a)??(3×b) then the value of 2 ??(3 ??5) is\_\_\_\_.  
  
　　10、Two ants start at point A and walk at the same pace. One ant walks around a 3 cm by 3 cm square whilst the other walks around a 6 cm by 3 cm  
  
　　rectangle. What is the minimum distance, in centimetres, any one must  
  
　　cover before they meet again?

　　参考答案：  
  
　　1、 单位换算，注意单词，90×10÷（3×60）＝5  
  
　　3、 0.68  
  
　　4、 Erica  
  
　　5、 抽屉原则 7  
  
　　6、 注意一一对应，borg= maths, farn=good, jalez=skills. Klar=in, Nurf=harmony, darko=gold. 答案是Nurf darko.  
  
　　7、 Charles  
  
　　8、 1001  
  
　　9、 67  
  
　　10、 108

**9.27**

　　根据题意，用所给词的适当形式填空。  
  
　　1. Can I have \_\_\_\_\_\_(a) orange?  
  
　　2. She \_\_\_\_\_(like) to play the flute.  
  
　　3. He \_\_\_\_\_(have) got a skipping rope.  
  
　　4. Please give \_\_\_\_\_(I) a cup of tea.  
  
　　5. Let's go \_\_\_\_\_(shop) with my mother!  
  
　　6. Da Ming comes from China，he is \_\_\_\_\_(China).  
  
　　7. How many \_\_\_\_\_(hour) are there in a day?  
  
　　8. Lucy \_\_\_\_\_(look) like her father.  
  
　　9. "Here you are. ""\_\_\_\_\_(thank)."  
  
　　10. She \_\_\_\_\_\_(watch) TV every evening.

**答案：**  
  
　　1.an 元音开头的词前要用冠词an。  
  
　　2. likes she为单数第三人称所以动词要用单数和第三人称形式。  
  
　　3. has he为第三人称单数，动词要用单数第三人称形式，have变成has。  
  
　　4. me动词give后要用宾格形式。  
  
　　5. shopping go shopping为固定短语。  
  
　　6. Chinese 此处Chinese译为"中国人"。  
  
　　7. hours How many后要加复数名词。  
  
　　8. looks Lucy作语语，为第三人称单数，所以动词也用单数第三人称形式。  
  
　　9. Thanks 惯用法。  
  
　　10. watches she 为第三人称单词，动词watch也用单数第三人称形式，以ch结尾的词加es.

**9.28**

　　今天的试题精选了一些比较经典的题，难度会比昨天的难度小一点，比较适合考前练兵用，尤其本篇小阅读，可以让孩子读一读，对增强语感很有效果。今天的题跟前两年的真题有点关联，希望对大家有所帮助。  
  
　　一、语法精练  
  
　　1.My brother plays--football very well．  
  
　　A．a B．the  C. all D. /  
  
　　2.Birds -- when there isn't enough food for them．  
  
　　A． starve  B．are starving  C．starved D．starves  
  
　　3.I can see an apple \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the apple tree and a bird \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the banana tree.  
  
　　A．on, in  B．in，in  C．on，on  D．in，on  
  
　　4.I have a red box．It's full \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ toys，so it's very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
  
　　A．of, light  B．for，big  C．like，small  D．of，heavy  
  
　　5.Your football shoes are under the chair．Please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
  
　　A．put away it  B．put it away  C．put away them  D．put them away  
  
　　6.Mom's in a bad \_\_\_\_\_，so be nice to her．  
  
　　A．time  B．trouble  C. manner  D．mood  
  
　　二、 阅读理解  
  
　　Mr.White looks out of his window．There is a boy at the other side of the street．The boy takes some bread out of a bag and begins eating it．There is a very thin dog in the street, too．The boy says to it, "I'll give you some bread." The dog is hungry and goes to the boy, but he does not give it any bread．He kicks the dog．It runs away, and the boy laughs．  
  
　　Then Mr.White comes out of his house and says to the boy．"I'll give you a shilling (先令)."The boy is happy and says，"Yes.""Come here." Mr.White says．The boy goes to him，but Mr.White does not give him a shilling．He hits him with a stick. The boy cries and says, "Why do you hit me? I do not ask you for any money." "No," Mr.White says，"And the dog does not ask you for any bread，but you kick it."  
  
　　1．Where is Mr.White at first?  
  
　　A．He is in the room  
  
　　B．He is in the street．  
  
　　C．He is in front of the house．  
  
　　D．He stands close to the boy．  
  
　　2．Why does the dog go to the boy? Because\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_．  
  
　　A．it wants to eat  
  
　　B．the boy asks it to do so  
  
　　C．the boy is the dog's owner  
  
　　D．the boy is friendly to it  
  
　　3．Why does the dog run away? Because\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_．  
  
　　A．the boy gives some bread  
  
　　B．the dog doesn't like bread  
  
　　C．the dog doesn't like the boy  
  
　　D．the boy kicks the dog  
  
　　4．Why does Mr.White tell the boy to come up to him? Because he wants to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_．  
  
　　A．give him a shilling  
  
　　B．give him a good lesson(教训)  
  
　　C．give him some more bread  
  
　　D．help the boy  
  
　　5．What kind of man do you think Mr.White is? He is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_man．  
  
　　A．cruel (粗鲁的)  
  
　　B．sympathetic (富有同情心的)  
  
　　C．friendly  
  
　　D．polite (有礼貌的)

　　一、语法精练  
  
　　1.D解析：本题考查零冠词的用法，在play球类时，名词前不加冠词。  
  
　　2.A解析：本题可以用排除法，本句不强调现在正在进行的动作，所以不选B。从句中是一般现在时，根据句意，不需要用过去是，C排除。Birds是复数，不需要用单三形式，D排除，所以选A.  
  
　　3.A解析：on表示本来就长在树上的东西，如水果叶子等；in表示外来物在树上，指原来并不长在树上的东西。所以选A。  
  
　　4.D解析：befullof指装满--，这是固定的用法。然后根据句意判断，箱子里装满玩具，所以应该是很重的。  
  
　　5.D解析：此类词组在与代词连用时应该把代词放在中间，跟名词连用时则放中间或末尾均可。类似词组还有puton,takeaway,等，本句中代词指代的是shoes应该用them。  
  
　　6.D解析：beinabadmood表示某人的心情不好。  
  
　　二、阅读理解  
  
　　1.A解析：本题可以从第一句得出答案，他从窗户往外看，可以推出他是在屋里的。  
  
　　2.A解析：本题从第三行的最后一句可以得出答案，狗很饿然后它走向小男孩。狗是想吃东西才向小男孩走去。  
  
　　3.D解析：本题答案在第四行。  
  
　　4.B解析：最后两题都需要在理解后半部分故事的基础上进行推敲。Mr.White把小男孩叫过来说要给他一个先令，但是他打了小男孩一顿，正如小男孩对小狗做的一样。Mr.White是为了教训小男孩。其他三项都是不准确的。  
  
　　5.B解析：读懂整篇故事，就可以知道，MrWhite是对小动物很有同情心的。  
  
　　（本题难度并不大，词汇量比较小，而且是记叙文。前三题基本上从文中就能找到答案。后两题就是英语考试中比较难的推理题，也经常会有争议。做此类题最重要的是要通读全文，尤其是要看最后一段的意思以及作者写本文的意图。）

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　　C．friendly  
  
　　D．polite (有礼貌的)

**答案：**  
  
　　A A C B A    B C A A B

**9.29**

　　一、选出下列画线部分读音与其他三个不同的单词，将其序号填入题前括号内。（5分）  
  
　　(  ) 1. A her         B worker         C doctor        D sister  
  
　　(  ) 2. A near        B pear           C year          D dear  
  
　　(  ) 3. A food        B cook           C room          D school  
  
　　(  ) 4. A many        B get            C any           D hat  
  
　　(  ) 5. A seat        B read           C sweater       D mean  
  
　　二、中英文互译。（15分）  
  
　　1. 7月3日 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_    2. 弹钢琴 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
  
　　3. 玩得开心 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  4. 春节 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
  
　　5. 问和答 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  6. 大声说 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
  
　　7. blow out the candles \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
  
　　8. watch the dragon boat races \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
  
　　9. visit relatives and friends \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
  
　　10. have a chat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**答案：**  
  
　　一、  
  
　　A B B D C  
  
　　二、  
  
　　1. July the 3 rd  2. play the piano  3. have a good time  4. the Spring Festival  
  
　　5. ask and answer  6. speak loudly  7. 吹蜡烛  8. 看赛龙舟  9. 拜访亲朋好友  
  
　　10. 聊天