

绝密★启封前

2012 学而思杯 英语六年级样题

时间：50 分钟 分值：100 分

注意事项：

1. 每小题选出答案后，请将答案写在答题卡上。在试卷上作答无效。
2. 考试结束后，请务必将答题卡交回。

题号	听力 第一节	听力 第二节	听力 第三节	笔试 一	笔试 二	笔试 三	笔试 四	总分
分数								

姓名_____ 得分_____

听力部分 (30 分)

一、听力 (共 3 节，共 30 分)

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上，录音内容结束后，再将试卷上的内容转填到答题纸上。

第一节 (共 5 小题：每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

根据你听到的对话和问题，选出最恰当的答案，标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话和问题后，你都有 5 秒的时间来回答有关小题，每段对话和问题只读一遍。

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

第二节 (共 5 小题：每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

根据你听到的短文和问题，选出最恰当的答案，标在试卷的相应位置。听完每个问题和选项后，你都有 5 秒的时间来回答有关小题，短文、问题和选项只读一遍。

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

第三节 (共 5 小题：每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

根据你听到的长对话，填写下列表格，标在试卷的相应位置。听完对话后，你有 30 秒的时间来回答所有小题，对话只读一遍。

(表格省略)

笔试部分 (70 分)

一、单项选择。(20 分)

1. John Smith is ____ honest man.
A one B an C the D a
2. The girl often brushes her _____ before she goes to bed.
A. tooth B. tooths C. teeth D. teeths
3. _____, it was very difficult but about an hour later it became easier.
A. In the end B. At the end
C. At the beginning D. On the beginning
4. Please open the window, _____?
A. can't you B. aren't you C. do you D. will you
5. _____ hurry, _____ speed.
A. More, less B. Much, little
C. The more, the less D. The much, the little
6. She told us ____ story that we all forgot about the time.
A. such an interesting B. such interesting a
C. so an interesting D. a so interesting
7. She looks _____ than she does.
A. the more older B. very older C. much older D. more older
8. His father will be back from London _____ a few days.
A since B on C in D to
9. You can find him in _____.
A. Room 201 B. 201 Room C. the Room 201 D. the 201 Room
10. ---Is _____ here?
---No. Jim and Hans have asked for leave.
A. everybody B. somebody C. anybody D. nobody
11. ---Excuse me. Look at the sign: NO SMOKING!
---Sorry, I _____ it.
A. don't see B. didn't see C. haven't seen D. won't see
12. _____ here and ask him about it yesterday?
A. Did you come B. Would you not go C. You didn't come D. Aren't you
13. Look! The children _____ kites over there.
A. flew B. fly C. are flying D. were flying
14. What _____ she _____ when I entered?
A. is; doing B. does; do C. was; doing D. did; do
15. The summer vacation will begin next week. David _____ to stay with us.
A. will coming B. comes C. came D. is coming

16. Ann _____ her hair every week.
 A. is going to wash B. wash C. washes D. is washing
17. The old bridge in my hometown _____ next month.
 A. is going to be rebuilt B. will rebuilt
 C. are going to be rebuilt D. are going to rebuilt
18. _____ foggy it was yesterday!
 A How B What C What a D How a
19. —_____ do you get to school every day? —By bus.
 A. What B. When C. Why D. How
20. —_____?
 —Delicious. I enjoyed it very much.
 A.What's your favourite food B.How do you like the food
 C.Do you like the food D.Would you like some more food

二、**缺词填空** 先通读短文，然后根据短文内容和所给的首字母在空格内填入一个适当的词，使短文意思完整。(10 分)

Do you live in a big city? Do you like the traffic in your city?

There are too m__1__ accidents in big cities. Accidents often h__2__ when people are not careful, especially when they want to c__3__ the road. Why does it happen sometimes? Let me tell you.

When it rains, people are in a h__4__ because they don't want to get w__5__. They often go across the road q__6__. Often they can't see c__7__ because they hold umbrellas in front of them. Then accidents may happen at that time. Everyone knows that cars take l__8__ time to stop when it's raining. So we must be more c__9__ if we want to be safe. Remember everyone has only one l__10__ and we must protect ourselves well.

三、**完型填空**。(20 分)

How did we help to save our earth this week? Let me tell you.

First, my family tried to save electricity (电). We never left the lights 1 when leaving the room. We 2 the TV when nobody was watching it. Mum only used cold water in the washing machine.

Second, we started recycling (回收) this week. We tried to write on 3 of our paper, not just on one side. We also divided our rubbish into 4 bags for bottles, paper and food. Mum kept the plastic shopping bags from the supermarket to use them again as rubbish bags.

Third, my family started to save 5 . We stopped 6 long baths and had short showers (淋浴) 7 . We washed toilet with used water. Mum and dad used less water to do the washing. My sister and I didn't leave the tap (龙头) running when we brushed our teeth.

At last, mum and dad began to save gas (汽油). Mum used to 8 us to school, but now my sister and I started riding our bikes to school. It's hard work 9 good exercise!

This week dad and a few of the people in his company also started to go to work in one car and share the 10 .

These are great ways to help protect our environment.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
| ()1. A. out | B. on | C. off | D. behind |
| ()2. A. turned up | B. turned on | C. turned down | D. turned off |
| ()3. A. any side | B. all sides | C. neither side | D. both sides |
| ()4. A. large | B. small | C. different | D. the same |
| ()5. A. electricity | B. food | C. water | D. paper |
| ()6. A. to use | B. making | C. to have | D. taking |
| ()7. A. again | B. instead | C. already | D. too |
| ()8. A. drive | B. order | C. show | D. carry |
| ()9. A. or | B. but | C. for | D. and |
| ()10. A. pay | B. value | C. cost | D. price |

四、阅读理解（共 10 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 20 分）

A

We spent a day in the country and picked a lot of flowers. Our car was full of flowers inside! On the way home we had to stop at traffic lights, and there my wife saw the bookshelf.

It stood outside a furniture (家具)shop. "Buy it," she said at once. "We'll carry it home on the roof-rack (车顶架). I've always wanted one like that."

What could I do? Ten minutes later I was twenty dollars poorer, and the bookshelf was tied on to the roof-rack. It was tall and narrow, quite heavy too.

As it was getting darker, I drove slowly. Other drivers seemed more polite than usual that evening. The police even stopped traffic to let us through. Carrying furniture was a good idea.

After a time my wife said, "There's a long line of cars behind. Why don't they overtake (超车)?"

Just at that time a police car did overtake. The two officers (警官)inside looked at us seriously when they went past. But then, with a kind smile they asked us to follow their car through the busy traffic. The police car stopped at our village church (教堂). One of the officers came to me.

"Right, sir," he said. "Do you need any more help now?"

I didn't quite understand. "Thanks, officer," I said. "You've been very kind. I lived just down the road."

He was looking at our things: first at the flowers, then at the bookshelf. "Well, Well," he said and laughed. "It's a bookshelf you've got there! We thought it was-er, something else."

My wife began to laugh. Suddenly I understood why the police drove here.

I smiled at the officer. "Yes, it's a bookshelf, but thanks again." I drove home as fast as I could.

1. From the story we know that _____.

- A. the writer was poor and didn't buy the bookshelf for his wife
- B. the writer's wife didn't like the bookshelf at all
- C. the writer was always glad to buy something for his wife
- D. the writer was not very glad to buy the bookshelf for his wife

- 2 . What made the writer think that carrying furniture was "a good idea"?
- A . He could drive slowly and it was safe.
 - B . Other drivers would let him go first .
 - C . His wife could use a new bookshelf.
 - D . He could save a lot of money and time.
- 3 . Why were the police and other drivers so kind to the writer?
- A . Because they thought the writer liked studying very much and needed a bookshelf.
 - B . Because they didn't think it was polite to overtake a car with a bookshelf on it .
 - C . Because they thought somebody in the writer's family had died and he needed help .
 - D . Because they thought it was dangerous to carry a bookshelf on a car.
- 4 . Why did the writer's wife begin to laugh?
- A . Because now she knew what mistake the police had made.
 - B . Because at last her husband understood why the police had driven to the church .
 - C . Because the officer was always looking at the flowers and the bookshelf.
 - D . Because the police had helped them a lot .
- 5 . When did the officers begin to realize (意识到)they had made a mistake?
- A . Before they arrived at the church.
 - B . Before they overtook the writer's car.
 - C . After one of them looked at the flowers and the bookshelf carefully at the church.
 - D . After the writer's family left the church.

B

The first people to drink tea were the Chinese because the bush grew wild all over south of their country. They liked the taste, and found that the drink refreshed (使振作) them.

People living in Europe first learned about tea growing and drinking from a book printed in Italy in 1599. The writer claimed (声称) that tea was a wonderful medicine! Although people in Europe knew about tea in 1599, it was another fifty years before the first cargo (货物) of tea from China reached Holland.

A few years later, tea was brought overland from China to Russia. The long difficult journey had to be made over mountains and across deserts.

The new drink reached England in 1657. It was sold at one of the coffee houses. Only the very rich people could afford to drink it.

- 1.The Chinese drank tea first because _____.
- A.the tea bush grew all over south of their country
 - B.they learned it from their parents
 - C.the leaves of the tea smelled good
 - D.they happened to know it could be drunk

2. The Chinese liked the taste of tea because ____ .
- A. the tea was a bit bitter B. they wouldn't be thirsty when they smelled it
C. the drink refreshed them D. the tea was the only drink they liked
3. People in Europe first learned that tea was ____ .
- A. a wonderful medicine B. beautiful leaves
C. sweet leaves D. a flower
4. It was in ____ that the first cargo of tea from China reached Holland.
- A. 1599 B. 1649 C. 1657 D. 1550
5. ____ used to drink tea when it reached England.
- A. Doctors B. Patients C. Everybody D. The rich people