

南京外国语学校

2010—2011 学年度第一学期期中初一年级

英语试题

班级_____ 姓名_____ 学号_____ 成绩_____

卷 I 客观题 (满分 50 分)

Please put your answers by filling in the correct boxes with 2B pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet. (请将以下选择题的答案用 2B 铅笔填在答题卡上)

I .Listening 10%

Part 1 Questions 1-5

You will hear five short conversations. You will hear each conversation twice. There is one question for each conversation. For questions 1-5, choose the right answer. (听对话, 选择正确的答案。每个对话读两遍。) 0.5% X5 =2.5%

Example:

()0. How many people were at the meeting?

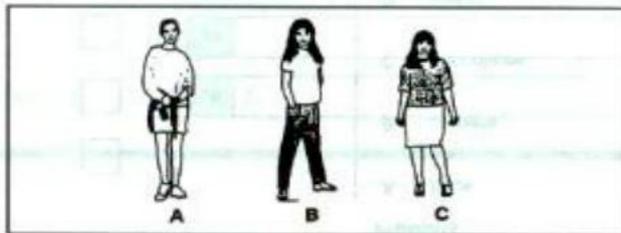


A.

B.

√C.

()1. Which is the woman's friend?



A.

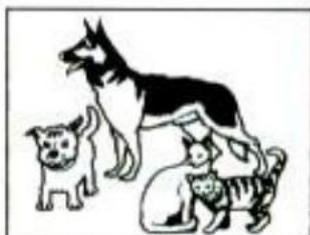
B.

C.

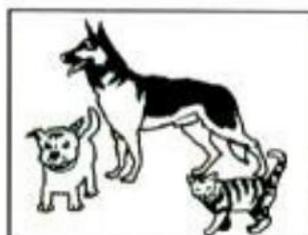
()2. What animals has Sue got?



A.



B.

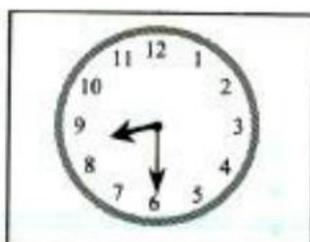


C.

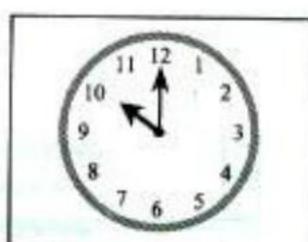
()3. What time will they go to the cinema?



A.



B.



C.

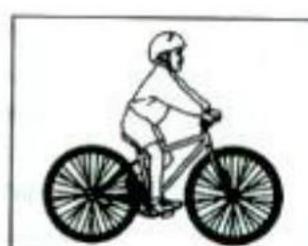
()4. What is Joe going to do at the weekend?



A.



B.

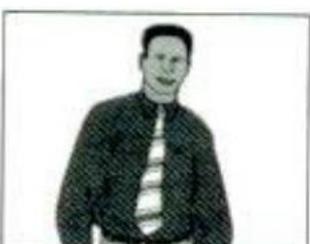


C.

()5. Which man is the English teacher?



A.



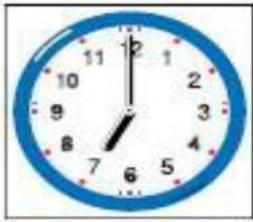
B.



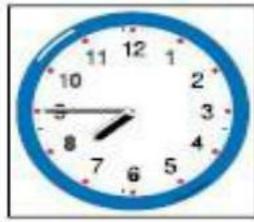
C.

Part 2. Listen and tick (✓) the box. There is one example. 0.5% X5 =2.5% (根据所听内容选择答案, 对话听两遍。)

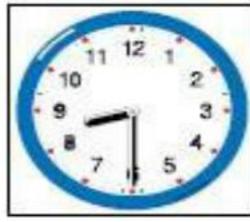
What time did David leave home?



A

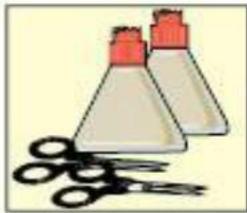


B

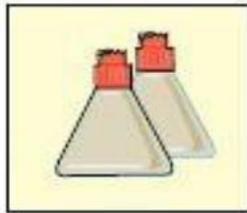


C

6. What should David put on the desks?



A

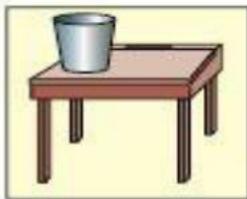


B

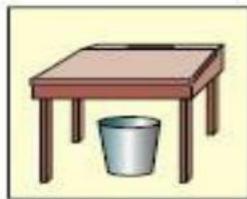


C

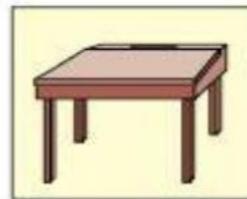
7. Which is Daisy's desk? dictionary n. 字典 bin n. 桶



A

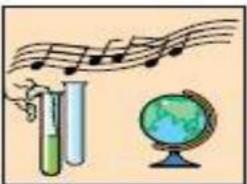


B



C

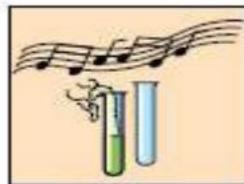
8. What subjects will David's class study this morning?



A

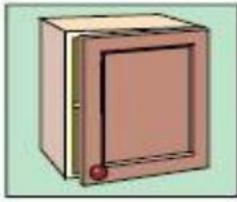


B

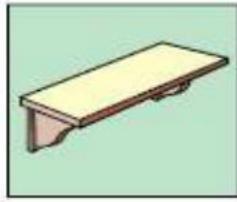


C

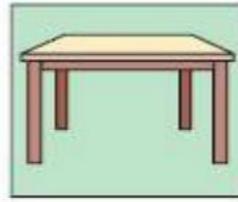
9. Where should David put the tape recorder? cupboard n. 厨柜



A

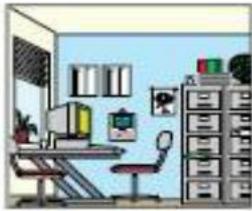


B

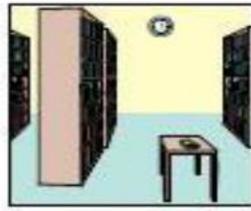


C

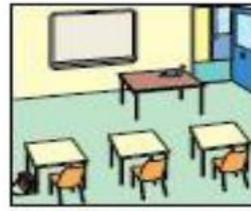
10. Where will the teacher's meeting be?



A



B



C

Part 3

Questions 11-15

Listen to Paul asking about a club for children. For question 11-15, choose the right answer.

You will hear the conversation twice. (听对话, 选择正确的答案。对话听两遍。)

1% X 5 = 5%

Example:

- 0 The children's Fun Club has offices in _____.
 A. the U.S. B. India C. London
- () 11. The club tries to help children with their _____.
 A. studies B. sports C. painting
- () 12. This month, the children will get a _____.
 A. video B. magazine C. pen
- () 13. The club has a competition (竞赛) every _____.
 A. week B. month C. year
- () 14. The club is for children under _____.
 A. 10 B. 13 C. 15
- () 15. The club costs _____.
 A. £3 a year B. £ 5 a year C. £12 a year

II. Tell whether the following statements are true or false according to the texts we have learned. Write A if it's true and B if it's false. (根据所学课文内容判断正误) 1% X10 =10%

- () 16. Liverpool is a big city with a very big port and an important basketball team.
- () 17. Brasilia is in Brazil and people speak Portuguese there.
- () 18. St Ives is one of the famous seaside towns in Britain.
- () 19. Bats are the only mammals that can fly.
- () 20. You can buy many things like newspapers, magazines, chewing gum in a newsagent's.
- () 21. Insects are animals that have got six legs and most of them can fly.
- () 22. Humming birds are beautiful animals that live in countries like Mexico and Australia.
- () 23. Praying mantids start with the tail first when eating other mantids.
- () 24. India is in the southern hemisphere and its capital is New Delhi.
- () 25. If you want to get information about holidays in London, then write to the English Tourist Board or the British Tourist Authority.

III. Multiple choice. (选择填空) 0.5% X20 =10%

- () 26. What type of word is "horrible"?
A. noun B. verb C. adjective D. adverb
- () 27. -- I'm a little weak(弱) in art lesson.
--- Don't worry. I can help you with _____.
A. it B. them C. its D. theirs
- () 28. --- Where did you get this CD? It sounds so nice.
--- Well, it is _____ this new magazine.
A. free with B. an example of
C. out and about with D. look like
- () 29. Which **isn't** used when buying things in a shop?
A. Can I pay for this radio, please?
B. Can I have that toy plane, please?
C. How much is this box of chocolates, please?
D. Can I help you?
- () 30. --- I hear people in New Zealand _____ many sheep. Is that so?
--- Yes. About twenty sheep for each person.
A. are B. have C. is D. has
- () 31. Which word is referred to (指的是) a kind of food?
A. cereal B. canoe C. explorer D. authority
- () 32. Those are the _____.

- A. student's exercise-book B. student's exercises-books
 C. students exercise-books D. students' exercise-books
- () 33. I know your brother _____ his homework but _____ TV in the evening.
 A. doesn't do; sees B. does; finds
 C. doesn't do; watches D. does; looking at
- () 34. --- What _____ that submarine look like?
 --- It _____ like a fish, I think.
 A. is; looks B. is; is C. does; look D. does; is
- () 35. People _____ in Newport where there are some coal mines.
 A. milk the cows B. make steel
 C. go climbing D. visit the animal market
- () 36.--- Would you like to go shopping with us?
 --- _____.
 A. You're welcome B. Oh, yes. I'd love to.
 C. Yes, I am D. Yes, I do.
- () 37. The radio _____ President Of IOC will visit our school next week.
 A. says B. speaks C. sounds D. talks
- () 38. The CD sounds _____.
 A. beautifully B. nicely C. well D. good
- () 39. --- _____ does Nancy study English?
 ---By reading textbooks.
 A. How B. What C. Where D. When
- () 40.--- _____ do you think of the movie 'Inception'?
 ---Oh, I think it's amazing and interesting. But my brother _____ like it because he can't understand it.
 A. How; do B. What; does
 C. What; doesn't D. How; don't
- () 41. Which definition(定义) **isn't** right?
 A. Reptiles and birds lay eggs.
 B. Mammals and birds have warm blood.
 C. Most of birds and insects have got wings and can fly
 D. Mammals and fish give milk to their babies.
- () 42. Which animal is a mammal?
 A. A parrot B. A panda C. A tarantula D. A butterfly
- () 43. China is a big country. Harbin is in the _____ and Hainan is in the _____.
 A. north; east B. south; west
 C. north; south D. east, west
- () 44--- What is Ali like?

- _____.
- A. He likes swimming B. He is very well
C. He is a student D. He is very tall
- () 45.---The pet dog in your hand is very nice. Is it _____ ?
---Yes, but I'll give it to my friend, Lucy, as _____ birthday present.
A. you; her B. yours; hers C. yours; her D. you; hers

IV. Cloze. (完型填空) 0.5% X10 =5%

The penguin

Penguins are a type of bird and they are found in Antarctica, South America and South 46. There are 17 different 47 of penguin and each kind 48 in large groups. The largest penguin is the Emperor penguin.

Penguins are birds 49 they can't fly! They 50 most of their time swimming. They eat fish and they can swim for hundreds of kilometers to look for 51. Penguins sleep for a few minutes at a time, at any time of the day or night. They stand up or they sit down to sleep.

Penguins are black and white. These are good colours because they keep the penguins 52. Their backs are dark like the sea and so when they're swimming it's 53 to see them from the air. The front of the penguin's body is white like the ice so 54 hungry animals can see it from 55 the water.

- () 46. A. Asia B. Europe C. Africa D. China
() 47. A. types B. names C. groups D. teams
() 48. A. eats B. sleeps C. lives D. plays
() 49. A. and B. but C. or D. so
() 50. A. cost B. take C. pay D. spend
() 51. A. friends B. food C. mother D. fun
() 52. A. happy B. safe C. dangerous D. pretty
() 53. A. hard B. easy C. possible D. good
() 54. A. no B. every C. some D. any
() 55. A. by B. on C. above D. under

V. Reading comprehension. (阅读理解) 1% X15 =15%

A. Reading

(A) I live in a castle!

Gabriel and his family moved from London to live in a castle in Scotland.

Our family decided that we all wanted to live together, so we looked in the newspapers and in 2002 my aunt and uncle found a castle we could buy.

There are 17 of us altogether, including aunts, uncles and grandparents and we all have a room each. The castle is really big --- it takes about ten minutes to walk from one side to the other.

It's really cold inside the castle, especially in winter. My aunt wears a coat inside as it's so cold. We only had one fire at first and there were no toilets when we moved in either! When I lived in London, the shops and school were very near. Here at the castle, it takes 20 minutes to get to the next village to go shopping. School is four kilometres away.

The best thing about living in the castle is that there is a lot of space --- I can ride my bicycle all day in our large garden. I don't watch our television as much as I did. We now have electricity and bathrooms and a modern kitchen so things are much better than they were. I love living in a castle and I hope I can stay here forever.

- () 56. There is enough space in the castle for the whole family.
A. Right B. Wrong C. Doesn't say
- () 57. It's possible to get lost in the castle.
A. Right B. Wrong C. Doesn't say
- () 58. Gabriel takes a bus to school.
A. Right B. Wrong C. Doesn't say
- () 59. Gabriel enjoys being outside in the garden.
A. Right B. Wrong C. Doesn't say
- () 60. Gabriel likes to live in London better.
A. Right B. Wrong C. Doesn't say

(B)

A new high-speed rail line started running in China last Tuesday. It cuts travel time between Shanghai and Hangzhou by 33 minutes --- from 78 to 45 minutes.

The line is 202 km long. It makes nine stops. Train on the line travel at an average speed of 350 km per hour. But during a test run earlier last month, a train hit a speed of 416.6 km per hour. That set a world record for the fastest train.

The high-speed line took China 18 months to build. It cost about 29 billion yuan. The ticket price for a first-class seat between Shanghai and Hangzhou is 156 yuan, and a second-class seat costs 98 yuan. That is a big rise in price. In the past, a ticket cost only about 60 yuan.

China is quickly building its railway lines to make it easier for people to travel.

China started its first high-speed line between Beijing and Tianjin during the 2008 Beijing Olympics.

Since then, it has put more high-speed lines into service (投入运行) such as the Wuhan-

Guangzhou line, the Zhengzhou-Xi'an line and the Shanghai-Nanjing line.

Now China has over 3,600 km of high-speed rail lines. This is the longest rail line network in the world. It plans to build 42 high-speed rail lines by 2012. By then, the total length will be 13,000 km.

- () 61. _____ is the newest high-speed rail line that started running.
A. The Shanghai – Hangzhou line B. The Beijing – Tianjin line
C. The Wuhan – Guangzhou line D. The Shanghai-Nanjing line
- () 62. How many high-speed rail lines have been put into service so far (至今为止)?
A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
- () 63. Which is NOT the advantage of high-speed rail lines?
A. It is easier for people to travel. B. It takes people less time to travel.
C. There is a big cut in price. D. There is a new record for the fastest train
- () 64. Which is NOT true according to the article?
A. It costs much money to build a high-speed rail line.
B. China has got the world's longest rail line network.
C. China plans to build more high-speed rail lines.
D. China started its first high-speed rail line after the 2008 Olympics.
- () 65. Which is the best title for the article?
A. China's first high-speed rail line B. The advantages of high-speed rail lines
C. China plans more high-speed rail lines D. Fastest train takes off

(C)

You speak, write a letter, make a telephone call. Your words carry a message. People communicate with words.

Do you think you can communicate without words? A smile on your face shows you are happy or friendly. Tears in your eyes tell others that you are sad.

When you raise your hand in class, the teacher knows you want to say something or ask questions. You shake your head, and people know you are saying "No". You nod and people know you are saying "Yes". Other things can also carry messages. For example, a sign at the bus stop helps you to know which bus to take. A sign on the wall of your school helps you to find the library. Signs on doors tell you where to go in or out. Have you ever noticed that there are a lot of signs around you and that you receive messages from them all the time?

People can communicate in many other ways. An artist can use his drawings to tell about beautiful mountains, about the blue sea and many other things.

Books are written to tell you about all the wonderful things in the world and also about people and their ideas. Books, magazines, TV and radios and films all help us to communicate with each other. They all help us to know what is going on in the world and what other people

are thinking about.

- () 66. Can we communicate with each other without words?
A. Yes, sometimes we can. B. No, we usually can't.
C. No. It's impossible. D. Yes, we always do so.
- () 67. When we see somebody smile, then, he must be feeling _____.
A. angry B. happy C. surprised D. sad
- () 68. We can learn news from _____.
A. newspapers B. radio C. TV D. all the above(以上全对)
- () 69. A sign at the bus stop tells you _____.
A. how many buses there are B. what kind of bus it is
C. where the bus comes and goes D. how much money you'll pay for the ticket
- () 70. Which way of communication is not included in the passage?
A. Writing a letter. B. Making a telephone call.
C. Drawing a picture. D. Sending e-mails.

卷 II 主观题 (满分 50 分)

Please write the answers on the answer sheet. (请将此卷答案写在答卷纸上)

B. Read these two notes about school books. Fill in the information on the Bookshop Order Form. (读两份有关学校用书的信息, 完成书店订购单) **1% X 5 = 5%**

<p style="text-align: center;">Books you'll need this year:</p> <p>Europe, 1815 – 1875 By T Hudson</p> <p>Animals and plants in India By Brant Robinson</p> <p>Order from: Queen's Bookshop 22 Green Street Barking</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">30 Long Street Ilford 11 September</p> <p>Jack,</p> <p>I'll give you £4 for your old school history book. When you're at the bookshop tomorrow, can you order the biology book I need?</p> <p>Thanks.</p> <p>Jenny Doyle</p>
--	--

QUEEN'S BOOKSHOP

ORDER FORM

Customer (顾客) : *Jenny Doyle*
Address: 1. _____
Name of book: 2. _____
Writer: 3. _____
Price: 4. _____
Date of order: 5. _____

VI. Vocabulary

A. Complete each sentence with the first letter given. (根据所给单词首字母完成句子。)

0.5% X10 =5%

1. Humming birds drink n_____ from flowers and they move their wings very fast when flying.
2. Nanjing is a big city with a p_____ of about 7 million people.
3. Rome is the capital of I_____.
4. People usually go to the c_____ to enjoy the blue sky, green grass and fresh air(新鲜空气) at weekends.
5. There is a vegetable m_____ near our school.
6. If you have any p_____ with your study, you should ask help from your teachers.
7. Every morning, Henry takes his c_____ to the market and stays there till lunchtime..
8. My brother is interested in rivers, seas, towns and countries of the world. G_____ is his favourite subject.
9. We live in a m_____ world. It is full of advanced science and technology. (高科技)
10. The fisherman was rescued(被救) from the sea by a h_____ and carried to hospital at once.

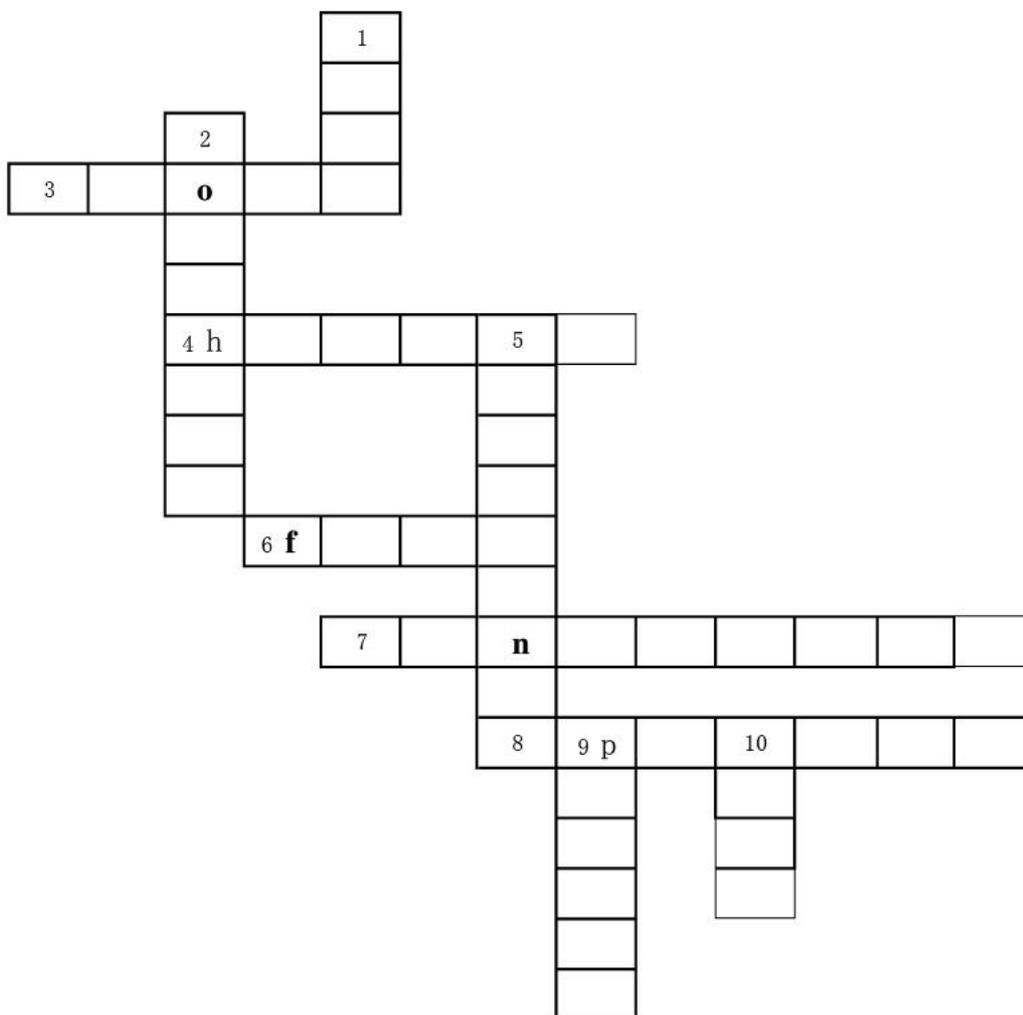
B. Choose the proper phrase to complete the sentence and change the form if necessary. (选择词组并用其正确形式填空) **1% X5=5%**

do repairs, make new friends, start with,

in one's free time, do with

1. We always play football on the playground _____.
2. You need to _____ when you get to a new place, because friendship can help you get rid of loneliness. (摆脱寂寞)
3. The machine doesn't work now. There must be something wrong with it. You'd better ask someone to check it and _____.
4. The show _____ a clown's(小丑) funny performance.(演出)
5. Most of the children have no idea of what to _____ pocket money. They usually spend it on snacks.

C. Complete this animal crossword. The number of letters is given in the brackets.
 (根据描述写出相应的动物名称。) **0.5% X10 =5%**



1. These pets eat mice and feel soft.
2. These are very clever sea animals. They look like fish and they have got long grey

pointed (尖的) noses.

3. They are large yellowish-brown animals of the cat family. They eat meat and live in Africa and parts of Southern Asia
4. People like to ride them and they runs very fast
5. You can find these animals in South East Asia and Africa and they are the largest animals on land.
6. They live in rivers and the sea and they have got cold blood
7. They are Australian animals that move by jumping and carry their babies in a pocket of skin
8. These animals have got eight legs and they make webs to catch small insects.
9. They eat different kinds of food and live about 75 years and live in houses or flats.
10. They are popular pets and they often bark (吠) when they see strangers.

VII. Complete the conversation between two friends. What does James say to Maria? For questions 1-5, mark the correct letter A-G. (选择正确的句子完成对话。) 1% X5 =5%

Maria: Do you start working at the supermarket, James?

James: Yes, I work there for more than a month now.

Maria: How many hours a week do you do?

James: 1 _____

Maria: You must feel tired on Thursday.

James: 2 _____

Maris: I can understand that. Do you earn(赚) much money ?

James: 3 _____

Maria: That's great! I'd like to get a job but my parents don't want me to.

James: 4 _____

Maria: I'll talk to them again tonight. Can you ask if the supermarket has any more jobs?

James: 5 _____

Maria: Thanks, James.

- A. Mine is the same, but they agree(同意) in the end.
- B. They don't pay me anything .
- C. It's okay usually, but sometimes I don't want to get up.
- D. Sure! I'll do that for you tomorrow.
- E. I work all day Saturday and on Wednesday evenings.
- F. They pay more on Sundays but I have to do college work then.
- G. Quite a lot. I spend most of it on surfing clothes!

VIII. Sentence transformation. (句型转换) 0.5% X16=8%

1. The Green family has got a nice car. (改为否定句)
The Green family 1 2 a nice car.
2. I like the band Super Junior best. (改为同义句)
Super Junior is my 3 4 .
3. The life in farming towns and industrial towns isn't the same. (改为同义句)
The life in farming towns 5 6 7 that in industrial towns.
4. Birds are animals. They have got feathers and wings. (合并成一句)
Birds are animal 8 s have got feathers and wings.
5. I have got a cat and we call it mimi. (改为同义句)
I have got a cat and 9 10 is mimi.
6. Some animals sleep for only one hour every day. (划线部分提问)
 11 12 13 do some animals sleep every day?
7. Henry checks the equipment every day? (划线部分提问)
 14 15 Henry 16 every day?.

IX. Translation (翻译题) 0.5% X14=7%

1. 从我的描述中你知道我是一个有着长而直头发的高个女孩。
From the 1 of me, you know I am a tall girl 2 3 4 hair.
2. 在自然界，你会认识各种各样的动物，包括爬行动物和哺乳动物。
In the 5 6 you can know different types of animals, including reptiles and mammals.
3. 在英国，有 10 个大型的国家公园，人们喜欢夏季在那里野餐和露营。
In Britain there are 10 very big 7 8 and people like to go picnicking and 9 there in summer.
4. 河马生活在非洲。它们有着厚厚的皮肤，以草为食。
Hippopotomas live in 10 . They have got 11 12 and they eat grass.
5. 这些火车司机周三和周五休息，其他几天工作。
These train drivers rest on Wednesday and Friday. They work on. 13 14

X. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with the first letters given. (短文首字母填空) 0.5% X10 = 5%

Golden goose (鹅) eggs

One day a farmer finds a shining(闪闪发光) egg in the nest(窝) of a goose. He picks it up. It is

as h_____ as iron(铁). It is an egg of pure gold! The goose l_____ golden eggs.
 Every morning the s_____ thing happens. The farmer grows rich by selling the eggs. He
 b_____ his goose a better nest and feeds it better to get b_____ golden eggs. As he grows rich,
 he grows greedy(贪婪), too. He w_____ to get all the gold the goose can give at once. He
 thinks if he k_____ the goose, he can g_____ all the eggs inside. At l_____ one night, the
 farmer kills the goose and opens it excitedly. Of course he finds n_____. He loses both his
 goose and the golden eggs.

XI. Writing (写作) 5%

Read the table and write about your school trip. Your composition should cover all the points. Write about five sentences. (短文写作) (用一般现在时完成)

SCHOOL BUS TRIP TO LONDON

Saturday 24th April

Morning –Buckingham palace

Lunch-1.00 p.m.

Afternoon-shopping in Oxford Street

TAKE YOUR RAINCOAT

SCHOOL TRIP

- ◆ **Where to?**
- ◆ **day?**
- ◆ **visit?**
- ◆ **take anything?**
- ◆ **lunch?**

