



15. Mike had \_\_\_\_\_ for breakfast this morning.  
A. bread. B. milk C. nothing.
16. What did Mike leave when he left home this morning?  
A. His bike. B. His clock. C. His school bag.
- ( B )**
17. Hollywood is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. a city in California. B. a famous movie star. C. in U.K.
18. We can see where Hollywood is in Los Angeles easily \_\_\_\_\_  
A. because it is a hill.  
B. because postcards show you.  
C. because there is a big sign on the hill.
19. The Hollywood Bowl is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. a theatre. B. a hill. C. a sign.
20. The white letters "Hollywood" on the hill are \_\_\_\_\_  
A. very small. B. fifty feet tall. C. 15 meters tall

### 笔试部分

#### II. 单项选择。(1分×20)

21. ---How do you study for a test?  
---I study \_\_\_\_\_ working with a group.  
A. for B. with C. on D. by
22. Let's go out for a walk \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. if it won't rain B. if it will rain C. unless it doesn't rain D. unless it rains
23. --- Larry didn't come to the party yesterday, did she?  
--- \_\_\_\_\_, though she didn't feel very well.  
A. No, she didn't B. Yes, she did C. No, she did D. Yes, she didn't
24. The baby is sleeping. Would you mind speaking in a low \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. sound B. noise C. voice D. noisy
25. Please give me \_\_\_\_\_ on how to improve English.  
A. an advice B. some suggestion  
C. a piece of advice D. some piece of suggestions

26. --- \_\_\_\_\_ do you have a P.E class?  
---Twice a week.  
A. How long            B. How often            C. How soon            D. How far
27. I must go to the library to return the book. I \_\_\_\_\_ it since 5 days ago.  
A. borrowed            B. have borrowed            C. kept            D. have kept
28. ---My father is a policeman. How about \_\_\_\_\_?  
---My father is a doctor.  
A. you            B. your            C. yours            D. yourself
29. ---Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?  
---I don' t know. Maybe at 8:00pm.  
A. when will the meeting start            B. when the meeting will start  
C. the meeting will start when            D. the meeting when will start
30. The woman \_\_\_\_\_ is in red is my best friend Larry.  
A. who            B. whom            C. that            D. A&C
31. ---Mum, I really like that skirt. Let' s take it.  
---Oh, no, honey. It' s so expensive. We can buy a \_\_\_\_\_ one with a \_\_\_\_\_ price.  
A. good, cheap            B. better, cheaper            C. better, lower            D. good, low
32. It was raining hard, \_\_\_\_\_ we had to stay at home and watch TV.  
A. so            B. but            C. although            D. because
33. It' s very cold outside. You' d better \_\_\_\_\_ your sweater.  
A. put up            B. put off            C. put on            D. put out
34. ---Tom went fishing with me last Sunday and we enjoyed ourselves very much.  
---Really? But he \_\_\_\_\_ doing that. He thought it was boring.  
A. uses to    hate            B. used to hate            C. is used to hate            D. used to hating
35. ---Did you go to Jack' s birthday party?  
---No, I \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. am not invited            B. wasn' t invited            C. haven' t invited            D. didn' t invite
36. If I \_\_\_\_\_ her address , I \_\_\_\_\_ write to her.  
A. know; would            B. knew; will            C. would know; would            D. knew; would
37. He had too much for his breakfast. He \_\_\_\_\_ be hungry now .

A. must                      B. can't                      C. could                      D. mustn' t

38. ---Would you like to go to the concert with us tonight?

---\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Yes, I would.                      B. Sorry, I wouldn' t.  
C. Sure, I' d love to.                      D. I don' t want to go.

39. The train \_\_\_\_\_ when I \_\_\_\_\_ the station.

A. left, reached                      B. had left, reached  
C. left, had reached                      D. had left, had reached

40. ---When are you going to get your hair\_\_\_\_\_?

---This afternoon.

A. cut                      B. to cut                      C. cutting                      D. be cutted

### III. 完型填空. ( 1 分 × 10 ) .

When you' re a teenager(青少年), it seems that every time you say, "I want to ..." , your parents answer, "No, you can' t."

Young people further complain that their parents do not \_\_41\_\_ them. When something goes\_\_42\_\_, most parents just don' t believe in their children. \_\_43\_\_ asking why, they think their kids are wrong. And not many parents allow their kids to choose for themselves.

Yes, it is true that your parents sometimes treat you \_\_44\_\_ a little child. But remember that not long ago you were really a child. Your parents still remember the childish \_\_45\_\_you used to make. They want to protect you \_\_46\_\_you don' t want them to do so.

So, if you want to get \_\_47\_\_ freedom(自由), please try to understand your parents and don' t lie to them. Try a more friendly way. If you want them to\_\_48\_\_you to stay out late, don' t just say, "All\_49\_\_ kids can stay out late." Tell them as much as you can about what you want to do and where you' ll be and \_\_50\_\_it' s important for you to stay out late. Then they just might say, "Yes" .

41.A. enjoy                      B. prefer                      C. understand                      D. decide

42.A. badly                      B. wrong                      C. nice                      D. clear

43.A. Except                      B. Instead                      C. With                      D. Without

Without

44.A. as                      B. for                      C. of                      D. likes

- 45.A. uses                      B. differences                      C. minds                      D. mistakes  
 46.A. if                              B. though                              C. because                      D. since  
 47.A. most                              B. least                              C. more                              D. less  
 48.A. allow                              B. hope                              C. wish                              D. ask  
 49.A. another                              B. others                              C. the others                      D. the other  
 50.A. how                              B. when                              C. why                              D. which

IV. 阅读理解。(2分×15)

A

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 Bp:1270803706

Tiantai Taxi Company  
 Yang Jun, Driver  
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 31007  
 Tel:0571-7038385  
 Fax:0571-7065834  
 E-mail:hzyi@163.com  
 Bp:1992301636

51. We can call \_\_\_\_\_ when we want to take a taxi to Hangzhou Railway Station.  
 A. 13973098479      B. 0745-2709348      C. 0571-7038385      D. 13704358529  
 52. Of the four, we can't send fax to the \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. driver                      B. teacher                      C. doctor                      D. farmer  
 53. If you have some questions about children's health, please send an E-mail to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. [Linan@21cn.com](mailto:Linan@21cn.com)                      B. [cclh@163.com](mailto:cclh@163.com)  
 C. [hzyi@163.com](mailto:hzyi@163.com)                      D. [hmx@163.com](mailto:hmx@163.com)

**B**

Long long ago people made fires from lightning(闪电). But they had to keep the fire burning, for they couldn't start it again if there was no lightning. Later, they found out hitting two piece of stone together could make a spark (火花). The spark could fire dry leaves. In this way they could make the fire again if it went out. Then people also learned to make a fire by rubbing. They made a hole on a big piece of wood and put a smaller stick into the hole. They turned the stick again and again. After a few minutes they got a fire.

As years went by, people learned other ways to make a fire. Sometimes they used the heat from sun. They held a piece of glass in the right way and made a piece of paper on fire.

About two centuries ago, people began to make matches (火柴). Matches brought people a quick and easy way to make fire. Today matches are still being used, but people have more new ways to make fires. One of them is to use an electric fire starter. Of course an electric fire starter is much more expensive than a box of matches. But it is more useful.

54. A spark can \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                    |                       |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| A. fire any leaves | B. burn anything      |
| C. fire dry leaves | D. keep fires burning |

55. We can also get a fire by \_\_\_\_\_.

- |   |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| A. making a hole on a big piece of wood | B. putting a smaller stick into the |
|---|-------------------------------------|

hole

C. turning the stick hard for a while                      D. doing all the above together

56. Matches have been used \_\_\_\_\_.

A. for about two thousand years                      B. for about two hundred years

C. since people began to use stick to get fire                      D. since people used the heat from the sun.

57. From this passage we know \_\_\_\_\_.

A. using matches is the easiest and most useful way to make fires

B. people don' t use matches any more since they had electric fire starters

C. today there is only 1 way to make fires

D. matches are cheaper, but electric fire starters are more useful.

C

Mr. Green lived in a village. He had a few farms and was the richest there. And he had pigs, chickens, cows and sheep. He worked in the fields with some workers, and his wife had to do all the housework at home. So she was very busy and asked her husband to employ(雇) a girl to help her, but he didn' t agree.

"There are so many chickens, dear," said the woman one day. "I can' t look after them at all."

"That' s easy," said Mr. Green. "There' s Mr. Black' s farm outside our enclosing walls (围墙). We' d better make a few holes in the walls and the chickens will go to his farm through them and eat his vegetables."

And soon Mr. Black found it. He told Mr. Green and his wife about it. They promised (答应) they would stop their chickens doing it but they didn't keep their promise at all. Mr. Black thought for a while and found a way. He put nearly 20 eggs near the holes one afternoon. And that evening, when Mrs. Black was counting her chickens, she called out on her farm, "Oh, I'm lucky today! I've found twenty eggs on my farms."

Of course, Mrs. Green saw it herself. And the next morning, Mr. Black found all the holes had been stopped up. (堵死)

58. The Greens and the Blacks lived \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. in different villages  
B. in the same town  
C. far from each other  
D. next to each other

59. Mrs. Green was busy because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. she had a few farms  
B. she had to do all the housework  
C. she was ill  
D. she wasn't strong enough to do all

60. Mr. Green made some holes in the walls to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. let his chickens go to Mr. Black's farm and eat Mr. Black's vegetables  
B. let his chickens lay (产) some eggs in Mr. Black's fields  
C. make Mr. Black angry  
D. make friends with Mr. Black

61. The Greens thought \_\_\_\_\_. So they stopped up the holes that night.

- A. Mr. Black will kill their chickens
- B. their chickens laid eggs in Mr. Black' s fields
- C. Mr. Black' s chickens will go to their farms
- D. Mr. Black will tell the police about it.

**D**

Prana was a beautiful dog, whose name means "breath of life" . Although he died several years ago, I can still remember the days we spent together and what he has taught me about love.

I have two apple trees in the garden. Prana loved apples. When he went outside, he' d catch an apple and take it into the house to eat later. The apples had been on the ground and were often dirty so I wasn' t always happy that Prana had brought them into the house.

It was an autumn day in America, but it was very cold. A big snow fell and we had not done anything for its coming. On that special day, Prana went outside and I watched him through the window. I noticed that he was madly digging(挖) holes and bringing the apples to the ground so they could be seen above the snow. I did not know why he was doing this. He seemed to want to do something special.

When I called him back, he had his usual one apple in his mouth. About five minutes later, I looked outside. The garden was completely covered with birds. Prana had dug up all those apples for his bird friends to eat. He knew that they wouldn' t have stored enough food for the coming winter!

62. Prana was \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the writer                      B. a boy                      C. a bird                      D. a dog

63. I wasn't always happy because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Prana loved apples                      B. Prana caught an apple and ate it  
C. Prana made friends with those birds.                      D. Prana brought the dirty apples  
into the house

64. On the snowy day, Prana\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. ate up all the apples  
B. dug holes to hide the apples in them  
C. brought the apples to the ground so they could be seen above the snow.  
D. left the house and died

65. The topic of the story is about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. apples                      B. animals' eating habits                      C. love                      D. winter

## II卷 (60分)

### V. 补全对话。(每小题一分, 共5分。)

A: Hey, Mum. Can I invite some friends to the party on Sunday?

B: \_\_\_\_\_66\_\_\_\_\_ But you have to do some chores first.

A: What do I have to do?

B: Well, first you should sweep the kitchen floor.

A: OK. \_\_\_\_\_67\_\_\_\_\_

B: Then you could fold your clothes.

A: Yeah. \_\_\_\_\_68\_\_\_\_\_

B: And you need to clean your room.

A: Wow! I'm going to be too tired to go to my party.

B: \_\_\_\_\_69\_\_\_\_\_ I'll go to the store for some food.

A: \_\_\_\_\_70\_\_\_\_\_

A. Don' t worry. I'll help you.

B. And then?

C. I' m so tired. I don' t want to do anything.

D. Sure, you can. Sunday is your birthday. And I hope you will have fun.

E. I can do that. Folding clothes is easy for me.

F. You're so great. Thank you!

G. You're welcome.

**VI. 根据首字母或所给词的相应形式填空。( 1 分×10 )**

71. There are many subjects in our school, \_\_\_\_\_ (include) English and math.

72. His \_\_\_\_\_(speak)English is very good , but he can't write well in English.

73. She' s very \_\_\_\_\_ (worry) about her son' s health.

74. Who is the \_\_\_\_\_ ( own ) of the new house.

75. It would be a great e\_\_\_\_\_ for me to volunteer in the village school.

76. If I make a m\_\_\_\_\_, don' t laugh at me.

77. The ground is c\_\_\_\_\_ with thick snow.

78. To be honest, I really don't like your idea.

79. Edison invented many useful things, some of which are still widely used.

80. Wish everybody good luck in the final exam.

**Ⅷ. 句型转换，每空一词，缩略词算一词。(1分×10)**

81. He used to get up early to work in the morning. (改为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_ to get up early to work in the morning?

82. She studied for the English test by working with friends. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ she study for the English test?

83. He is so lazy that he can't finish his homework on time. (同义句)

He is \_\_\_\_\_ lazy \_\_\_\_\_ finish his homework on time.

84. His parents don't allow him to stay out late. (同义句)

He \_\_\_\_\_ to stay out late by his parents.

85. 我喜欢开着灯睡觉。(完成译句)

I like to go to sleep \_\_\_\_\_ the light \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ⅸ. 短文填空，一空一词，缩略词算一词。(2分×10)**

Many people have to work on \_\_\_86\_\_\_. Some people do not need. Most people think it is terrible to work on weekends. One man thinks that working on weekends can be \_\_\_87\_\_\_. He is Graham Coates. Mr. Coates worked in an office in Brighton, England. \_\_\_88\_\_\_ Saturday, May 24, 1986, he went to the office to do some work. When he got in the elevator to go home, it stopped between floors. Mr. Coates could not get \_\_\_89\_\_\_ of the elevator. He was trapped(困住了)! He started to shout for help, but no one \_\_\_90\_\_\_ him. Then Mr. Coates remembered that Monday was a

bank holiday in England. No one was going to come to work until Tuesday! Mr. Coates could do \_\_\_91\_\_\_ about it. He had to \_\_\_92\_\_\_ in the elevator until one of his coworkers came to work and found him. With nothing to \_\_\_93\_\_\_ and drink, Mr. Coates had to sleep for most of the time. Early on Tuesday morning, the vice president of the company came into work and \_\_\_94\_\_\_ the elevator did not work. When the elevator was finally opened, Mr. Coates came out, cold, weak, and tired. He had been in the elevator for sixty-two hours! Now Mr. Coates says, "I will \_\_\_95\_\_\_ go to work on weekends from now on. I don't want to be in danger again."

#### X. 书面表达。(15分)

2011 已经过去, 2012 已经悄然到来。请以 "How I' ve changed" 为题, 简要介绍你自己一年来的成长变化。包括外貌、爱好、性格等方面的变化, 并展望新一年的学习生活。要求: 60-80 个单词。语句通顺, 结构完整。

内容要点: taller, stronger, more outgoing, make more friends, study harder, high school, beautiful future, realize my dream...