

方案时，75岁高龄的前院长刘伟说。

快乐名著之行（6分）

6、下列有关文学常识的表述，不正确的一项是（ ）（2分）

- A.被称作“前四史”的史书是：《史记》、《汉书》、《三国志》和《后汉书》。
- B.元曲四大家是：关汉卿、白朴、马致远和郑光祖。
- C.高尔基的《母亲》是世界文学史上第一部描写无产阶级革命斗争的著作，列宁称它是“一部非常及时的书”。
- D.《家》、《春》、《秋》是巴金的代表作，合称“爱情三部曲”，其中《家》的成就最高。

阅读下面文字，回答下列问题

武松又行不到三四里路，再吃过十来碗酒。此时已有午牌时分，天色正热，却有些微风。武松酒却涌上来，把布衫摊开。虽然带着五七分酒，却装做十分醉的，前颠后偃，东倒西歪，来到林子前，仆人用手指道：“只前头丁字路口便是蒋门神酒店。”武松道：“既是到了，你自去躲得远着。等我打倒了，你们却来。”武松大踏步赶将出来。

……

蒋门神见了武松，心里先欺他醉，只顾赶将入来。说时迟，那时快；武松先把两个拳头去蒋门神脸上虚影一影，忽地转身便走。蒋门神大怒，抢将来，被武松一飞脚踢起，踢中蒋门神小腹上，双手按了，便蹲下去。武松一蹙，蹙将过来，那只右脚早踢起，直飞在蒋门神额角上，踢着正中，望后便倒。武松追入一步，踏住胸脯，提起这醋钵儿大小拳头，望蒋门神头上便打。原来说过的打蒋门神扑手，先把拳头虚影一影，便转身，却先飞起左脚；踢中了，便转过身来，再飞起右脚；这一扑，有名唤做玉环步，鸳鸯脚。这是武松平生的真才实学，非同小可！打得蒋门神在地下叫饶。武松喝道：“若要我饶你性命，只要依我三件事！”蒋门神在地下，叫道：“好汉饶我！休说三件，便是三百件，我也依得！”

7、选文出自古典名著_____，作者_____。（1分）

8、选文内容出自的章节：施恩重霸孟州道_____。（1分）

9、结合选文内容概括武松的性格特点：_____。（2分）

阅读语段，完成下列题目：（14分）

夏日原野上的追赶

①从上学开始，老师就不止一次地在黑板上写下“最有意义的事”这样的作文题目。什么是最有意义的事呢？现在想来，那时写的几乎都是一些好人好事，什么捡钱包、让座位、扶老人过马路……这当然是有意义的。然而，如果要把它们说成是我们生命中最有意义的事，似乎也并不准确。因为人生最有意义的

事将会对我们产生恒久的影响，会成为我们一生中一直闪亮的灯塔，会影响到我们人生的航线和生命的质量。

②我常常在想，生命里最有意义的事，往往就静默于你的生命之中，然而却会在你生命的某一时刻，呈现出强烈的意义来。

③那是一年夏天的事。我在山里放羊。山坡下有一块瓜地。酷烈的阳光将西瓜熟透的气息一丝一丝地逼入我的体内。看瓜的是一个老人，他一直闭着眼睛躺在一个草棚子下面。我想他一定是睡着了。这大夏天的正午，太阳把人身体里的力气一点点都蒸发了，连那把根扎了不知有多深的老树，都像在开水锅里煮过一般，叶子卷得扯都扯不开，他不睡着才怪呢！瓜地里的西瓜像一个个孩子一样顽皮地瞪着我，如果能抱着一个大西瓜狼吞虎咽一气，那该有多爽啊！

④我终于鼓足了勇气，一个猛子扎进瓜地摘下一个大西瓜，但就在这时，我的背后传来一声大喝，我抱上瓜就跑。虽然他的大喝带给我极大的恐惧，但当我抱着瓜开始跑的时候，我充满了自信。想想吧，一个六七十岁的老人要追上一个十二岁的孩子，那简直就是龟兔赛跑！我抱着瓜回头看看那个追过来的老人，他腿脚不太利索，跑起来的样子很好笑。我心里在笑他，他怎么就不想一想，他怎么可能追上我呢？

⑤夏日的田野是富有的，到处是绿色。我就在这样的田野里像一只被追赶的兔子一样奔跑着，并不时回过头去看看那追赶我的老人。他一瘸一拐地追着。我跑一段，就停下来向他举手中的西瓜，然后继续往前跑。耳边的风掠过我的头发，像母亲手中的梳子梳过一样轻柔而舒适。我的奔跑将深藏于绿色之中的兔子、狐狸、山猫惊动起来了，野鸡、麻雀、鸽子也从草地上翔起。整个田野更显得繁华而富有，我甚至有些喜欢这种被追赶下的奔跑了。

⑥我跑出老远，心想他一定停下来了吧。可回头一看，他依然一瘸一拐地追着。我只得又将西瓜向他举了举，继续往前跑。

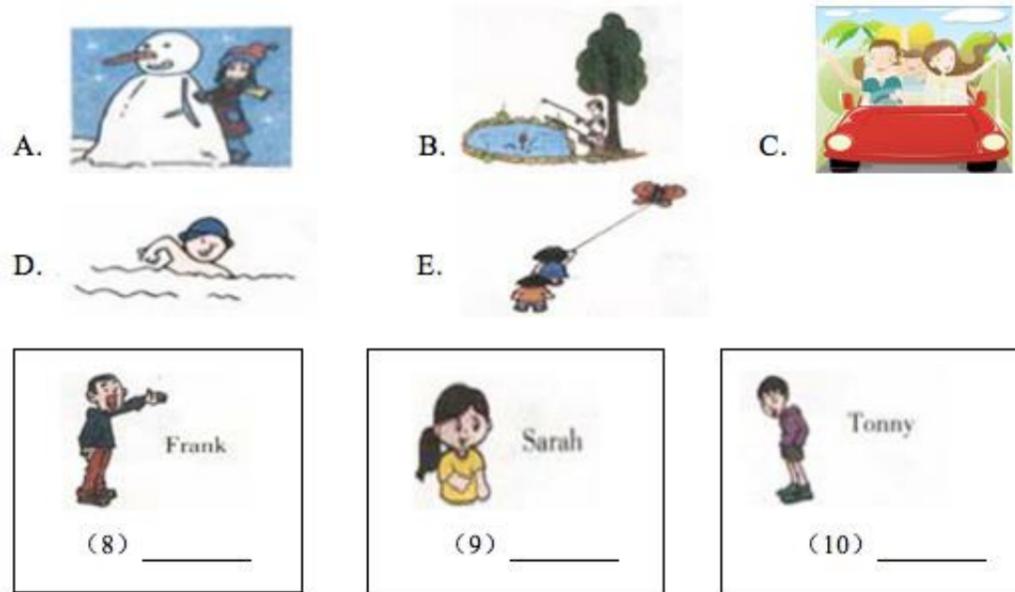
⑦在夏日的炎阳下长时间奔跑并不是件容易的事，我已经气喘吁吁，嗓子像吃过辣子一样干涩燥热，衣裤像水洗过一样贴在了身上。我有些支持不住了，但老人依然在一瘸一拐地追赶。看得出来，他没有放弃的意思，仿佛他丢失的不是一个瓜，而是别的什么东西；而且似乎他也乐意在这夏日里无遮无拦的田野上做一个追赶者。

⑧我开始困惑了，他要追到什么时候才算个尽头呢？但有一点我很明白，只要他不放弃，就会追上我的，一定会追上我的！

⑨西瓜地离我们已经很远了，但他的追赶像一片巨大的云彩投下的阴影笼罩着我，我跑不出去。这就像马在风中跑，马比风的速度快，但马永远跑不出风的世界。我害怕起来了，人一害怕骨头就酥了。我不得不放弃。我将瓜放在了路上，跑到远处大口大口喘着粗气，看着他一步一步逼近，最终到达西瓜跟前。他抬起头看看我，然后像一个将军拎起敌人的首级一样将西瓜拎起来看看，又将西瓜放回原地，转过身一瘸一拐地归去了。

★听两段采访，完成下列小题。

采访一：根据内容，从下列图片中选出三位受访者各自喜爱的活动。



采访二：根据内容，完成下列小题。

- () 11. Why is Sally doing this survey?
 A. For her homework. B. For her job. C. For her hobby.
- () 12. What does May Lennon think about travelling by bus?
 A. Fast. B. Crowded. C. Enjoyable.
- () 13. What does the tourist think about travelling by taxi?
 A. It is frightening. B. It is fast. C. It is expensive.
- ★听一段独白，完成下列小题。
- () 14. They always left _____ at home when they went out.
 A. their dog B. their cat C. their daughter
- () 15. How did they go to the cinema on evening?
 A. On foot. B. By bike. C. By car.
- () 16. The woman was very angry because_____.
 A. the dog was missing
 B. her husband did not catch the robber
 C. she did not think the dog had looked after the house
- () 17. What happened to the robber according to the story?
 A. He was locked in the house.
 B. He was caught in the garden.
 C. He was bitten by the dog.
- () 18. From the story we can see that the dog is _____.
 A. clever and brave
 B. strong but careless
 C. weak and lazy

二、听下面六个句子，根据所听内容选出相应的答语。每个句子仅读一遍。(每小题1分，满分6分)

- () 19. A. Don't worry. B. It doesn't matter. C. Thank you.
 () 20. A. I was reading. B. I was at home. C. I was happy.
 () 21. A. Yes, please. B. Yes, I can. C. Yes, I'd love to.
 () 22. A. Look out! B. Not at all. C. Of course.
 () 23. A. It's expensive. B. I bought it last year. C. About \$500.
 () 24. A. It's ten kilometers away. B. It's not far away. C. Turn left.

三、听下面三段对话，根据对话内容回答相应的问句。每段对话仅读一遍。(每小题1分，满分6分)

★ 对话一：

- () 25. What does the man want to buy?
 A. Meat and fruit. B. Fruit and fish. C. Fish and meat.
- () 26. What's the price of one kilo of meat?
 A. Six yuan. B. Five yuan. C. Twelve yuan.

★ 对话二：

- () 27. Why does the boy telephone English-help center?
 A. He wants to join the English club.
 B. He has some difficulties with English.
 C. He wants to help others with their English.
- () 28. What does the woman tell the boy to do?
 A. Try to write English as much as possible.
 B. Keep an English diary and listen to English songs.
 C. Join a language club, listen to the tape and learn English songs.

★ 对话三：

- () 29. How long is the coming holiday?
 A. Two days. B. Six days. C. A week.
- () 30. How will the speakers get more information about the travel?
 A. By going to the travel agency.
 B. By reading newspapers.
 C. By watching TV.

A. runny or stuffy nose.

B. extreme weakness and tiredness after doing sports.

C. wash your hands often.

D. brushing your teeth regularly.

★ 阅读一段短文，回答下列各题。

One day, a teacher told the students a lot of stories about dreams. Then, he asked his students to write about their dreams. Everyone got very excited and began to write down their dreams--- scientist, doctor, engineer and so on. One boy wrote seven pages. He wanted his own farm and a large house on it.

But his teacher told him, “you are daydreaming. Do it again.” He felt blue after hearing what the teacher said.

Several days later, the boy handed in the same article, “I don’t want to give up my dream even if you don’t agree with me.”

Years later, he made his dream come true.

One day, the same teacher took some students to the boy’s farm for camping. When he saw the big farm, the teacher felt sorry, “I once told you not to daydream. Luckily, you never gave up.”

One should never give up his or her dream so easily regardless of others’ words.

() 47. The teacher asked his students to _____.

- A. dream to own a farm B. write about dreams C. daydream

() 48. The second time, the boy handed in the same article because _____.

- A. he wanted to make his teacher angry.
B. he didn’t know how to write.
C. he wouldn’t give up his dream.

() 49. The story tells that _____.

- A. your dream may come true if you don’t give it up
B. dreaming in the day is not good
C. daydreaming can make you rich

★ 阅读下面材料，将短文中的三句话用阿拉伯数字 1、2、3 进行排序。

When Italians talk about their cooking to most foreigners, they always think of pizza first. But today’s pizza is different from the old ones. In the past, it was hard to make pizza.

Long time ago, there were several kingdoms in Italy. Later, they became one country. During this time, Italians got some new ideas on cooking. The most interesting idea was to make pizza. The first pizza was not so delicious and did not look nice.

() 50. Then this kind of food began to look nice and tasted delicious.

() 51. So the cooks in Italy tried to make it better.

() 52. Soon it became popular around the country.

Most people liked it because it was cheap, nourishing(有营养的), simple to make and nice to eat.

Section Two Development (满分 30 分)

六、根据题意，选择最佳答案。(每小题 2 分，满分 30 分)

() 53. Which one is different from the others?

- A. Paris. B. Ottawa. C. New York.

() 54. What does “Adam’s Apple” mean?

- A. 掌上明珠 B. 喉结 C. 幸运之神

() 55. H7N9 is a name of a _____.

- A. country B. software C. disease

() 56. I hope to see Niagara Falls in _____ some day. It’s said to be wonderful.

- A. Europe B. Africa C. North America

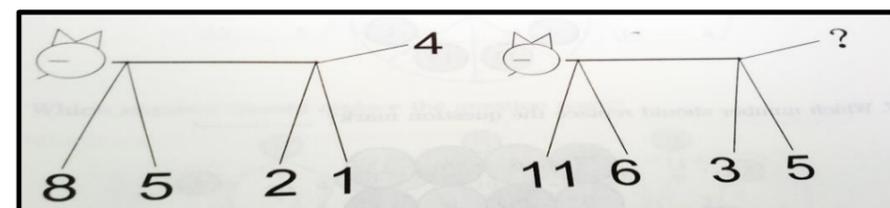
() 57. Li Yundi, took part in the 14th Chopin International Piano Competition in _____ and won the first prize in his group.

- A. Germany B. Australia C. Poland

() 58. What part do we eat from sunflowers?

- A. Seeds. B. Roots. C. Stems.

() 59. Which number should replace the question mark?



- A. 5 B. 6 C. 7

(C卷)

一、选择题 (每题2分, 共4分)

1、一次聚会中, 大家的年龄分别为12岁, 10岁, 13岁, 8岁, 17岁, 10岁, 21岁, 这组数据的中位数比众数大()。

- A. 30% B. $\frac{1}{12}$ C. $\frac{1}{6}$ D. 20%

2、下列说法: ①全世界胡杨90%在中国, 中国胡杨90%在新疆, 新疆胡杨90%在塔里木, 塔里木的胡杨占全世界的72.9%; ②一公顷土地上种了6000斤粮食, 则平均每平方米产量6千克; ③1000千克青菜早晨测得它的含水量为90%, 这些菜到了下午测得含水量为80%, 则这些菜的重量减少了100千克。其中说法正确的有()。

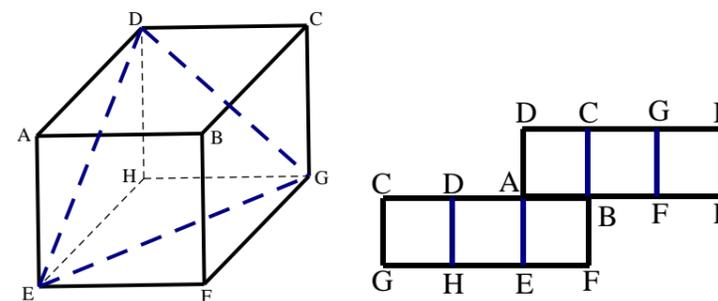
- A. 0个 B. 1个 C. 2个 D. 3个

二、填空题 (每题2分, 共12分)

3、(1) $1.6 : x = 0.125 : 0.5$, 则 $x =$ _____

(2) $\left[10\frac{1}{20} + (3 - 85\%) \div \frac{5}{6}\right] \div 126.3 =$ _____

4、如图, 立方体被一平面所截, 请在这个正方体的展开图中画出相应的截线。



5、某支球队现在胜率是45%, 接下来的8场比赛若有6场获胜, 则胜率将提高到50%。那么现在这支球队共取得了_____场胜利。

6、把除2外的所有偶数依次按一项, 二项, 三项, 四项循环的方式进行分组:

(4), (6, 8), (10, 12, 14), (16, 18, 20, 22), (24), (26, 28), (30, 32, 34), (36, 38, 40, 42), (44), ... 那么, 第2013个括号内的各数之和是_____。

7、学生的学业负担过重会严重影响学生对待学习的态度。为此武汉市教育部门对部分学校的六年级学生, 对待学习的态度进行了一次抽样调查。调查把学习态度分为三个层级, A级: 对学习很感兴趣; B级: 对学习较感兴趣; C级: 对学习不感兴趣, 并将调查结果绘制成图①和图②的统计图 (不完整)。

() 60. Jack is twice as old as Jill, but in five years time he will only be one and a half times as old as Jill. How old is Jack now?

- A. 6 B. 8 C. 10

() 61. If two typists can type two pages in two minutes, how many typists will it take to type 18 pages in six minutes?

- A. 4 B. 6 C. 16

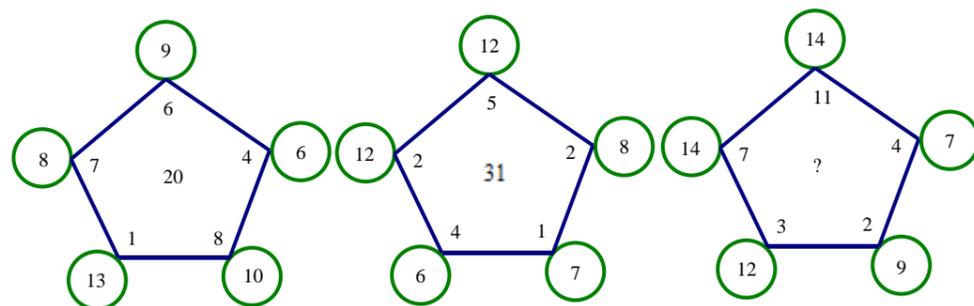
() 62. Which of the following are fish?

- A. Octopuses. B. Sharks. C. Whales.

() 63. The earth moves around the sun once a _____.

- A. year B. month C. day

() 64. Which number should replace the question mark?

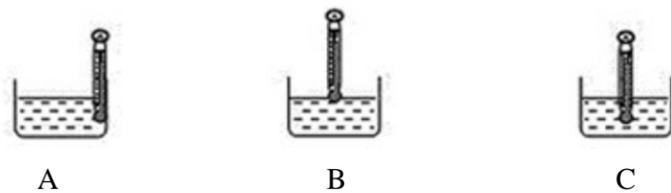


- A. 29 B. 30 C. 31

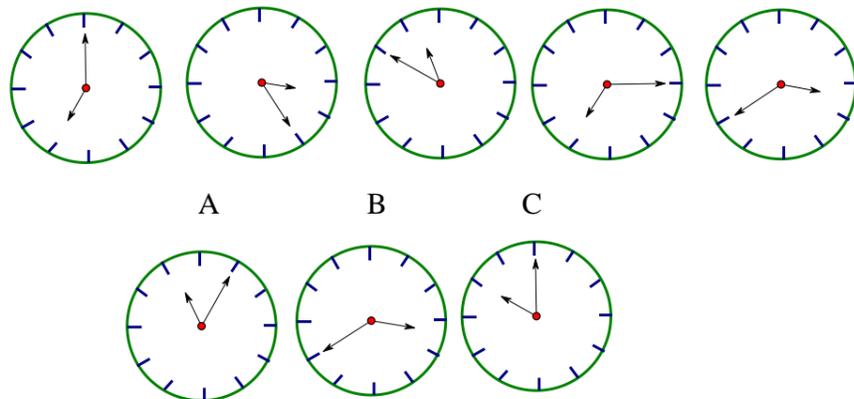
() 65. What kind of vitamin is rich in pineapple?

- A. Vitamin A. B. Vitamin B. C. Vitamin C.

() 66. Which one is the right way to use a thermometer (温度计)?



() 67. Which picture can be the following one?



准考证号

姓名

所在学校

所在年级

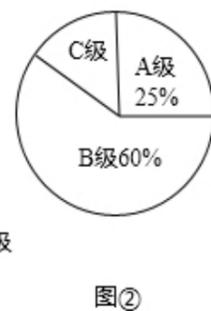
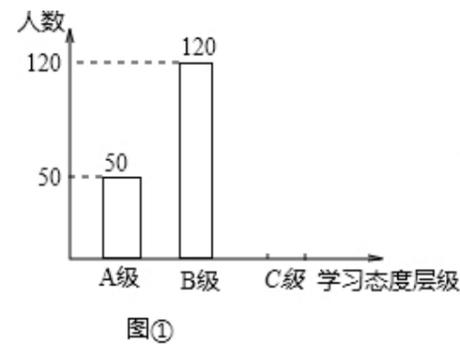
密封线内不要答题

※※※※※※

根据以上信息，下列判断：

- (1) 此次抽样调查中，共调查了 200 名学生；
- (2) 图②中 C 级所占的圆心角的度数为 54°；
- (3) 根据抽样调查结果，估计我市近 80000 名八年级学生中大约有 68000 名学生学习态度达标（达标包括 A 级和 B 级）。

正确的是_____（填写序号）



8、某次聚餐有男有女，每一位男宾付 130 元，每一位女宾付 100 元，每带一个孩子付 60 元，现在有 $\frac{1}{3}$ 的成人各带一个孩子，总共收了 2160 元，则这个活动共有_____人参加(成人和孩子)。

三、解答题（共 22 分）

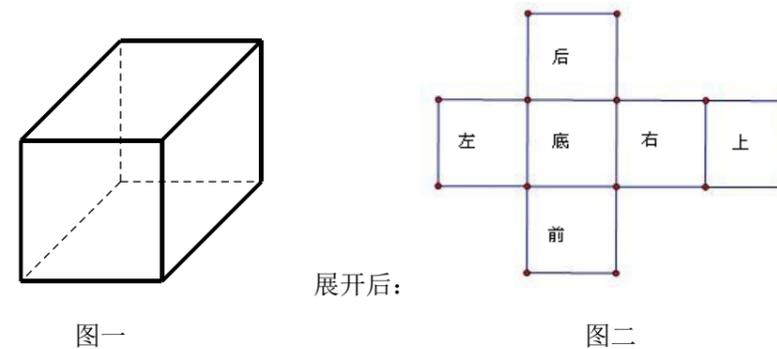
9、计算（每题 3 分，共 6 分）

(1) $[3\frac{1}{5} - (\frac{3}{5} \div 5 + 2\frac{3}{5})] \times [2.7 \div (\frac{31}{100} - \frac{1}{4}) \times 35]$

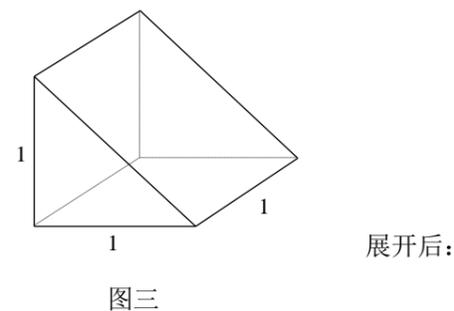
(2) $[(1\frac{2}{25} - 0.28) \times \frac{5}{13} + 1 \div (0.75 + \frac{1}{3})] \times 1\frac{9}{20}$

10、（本题 4 分）小智、小康两人星期天一起上街买东西，两人身上所带的钱一共 167 元。小智买了一双打八折的运动鞋，然后将身上剩余的钱全部借给了小康，结果小康买了一件衬衫，还剩 5 元。已知运动鞋的原价是衬衫价格的 $\frac{5}{14}$ 。问运动鞋原价、衬衫各多少钱？

11、（本题 6 分）如图一，这是一个正方体，当展开后，如图二。



请画出下图三这个立体图形的展开图。并计算其体积。



12、（本题 6 分）W 市电力公司为鼓励居民节约用电，采用分段计费的方法计算电费，每月用电不超过 50 度时，按每度 0.58 元计费；每月用电超过 50 度时，其中的 50 度仍按原标准收费，超过部分按每度 0.98 元计费。下表是小康家第一季度用电和交费的部分信息：

月份	一月份	二月份	三月份	合计
用电数	108			
交费金额		66.24		179.92

- 请问：（1）小康家三月份交费金额为多少元？
 （2）小康家第一季度共用多少度电？