

Module 9 检测卷

(本卷满分 120 分, 100 分钟完卷)

卷 I

第一部分 听力部分

一、听力(25 分)

(一)听句子,选择一个你所听到的单词(听一遍)(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

- (B) 1. A. excuse B. explain C. know
 (A) 2. A. treats B. trips C. trains
 (C) 3. A. refused B. record C. regrets
 (B) 4. A. encourage B. introduce C. enjoy
 (B) 5. A. play B. patient C. happy

【听力原文】

1. Could you explain what happened yesterday?
 2. Do you know why she treats you like that?
 3. I'm sure she regrets hurting you.
 4. Try to introduce her to them.
 5. So be patient with her.

(二)听对话,根据对话内容选择正确的答案(听两遍)(每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

- (B) 6. A. Li Ming. B. Lingling. C. Jack.
 (A) 7. A. Yes, she did. B. No, she didn't.
 C. The dialogue doesn't tell us.
 (B) 8. A. Yes, she does. B. No, she doesn't.
 C. The dialogue doesn't tell us.
 (B) 9. A. Jim. B. Tom. C. Jack.
 (B) 10. A. Four. B. Five. C. Six.

【听力原文】

6. A: Hello, Friendship Helpline. Who's calling, please?

B: Hello. This is Lingling speaking.

Q: Who's calling?

7. A: Could I ask if you've mentioned this to her?

B: Yes, but she refused to listen.

Q: Did she refuse to listen?

8. A: Can you tell me how she's different?

B: She doesn't like me to see my other friends.

Q: Does she like me to see my other friends?

9. A: Tom will feel lonely if you are not with him.

B: I see.

Q: Who will feel lonely?

10. A: We've been friends for five years.

B: It's good for you.

Q: How many years have they been friends?

(三)听短文,根据短文内容选择正确的答案(听两遍)(每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

- (A) 11. Where did the dog stay when the two children got home?
 A. At the gate. B. On the grass.
 C. In the school.
 (B) 12. What happened to the children?
 A. They were ill.
 B. Their house was on fire.
 C. Their dog ran away.
 (A) 13. Why was the dog worried?
 A. Because he couldn't see the children.
 B. Because many people were in the street.
 C. Because the firemen were busy working.
 (C) 14. Who took the dog to the children?
 A. A friend. B. A neighbour. C. A fireman.

- (B) 15. What was the little dog like according to the story?
 A. Lazy. B. Kind. C. Strong.

【听力原文】

There was a little dog in the street. He liked watching the children play. One day, he followed two children home from school. He stayed at the gate. Suddenly, he saw the children's house was on fire. He knew he needed to help them right away, so he ran down the street to the fire station, barking all the way.

When he arrived at the fire station, he saw the firemen leaving. He tried to run after them, but he could not keep up. When he got back to the house, the street was filled with people. He looked for the children but could not see them. He was very worried.

The firemen worked very hard till the fire was put out. A fireman named Jack noticed the little dog under a tree, looking across the street at the burned house.

Jack thought, "The dog could cheer up the kids." So he brought the little dog to the children. The little dog could not believe his eyes! The children were safe! He rushed to them. The children held the little dog and felt a little bit better.

第二部分 笔试部分

二、完形填空(每小题 1 分,共 15 分)

I was living in a house with a long history in Halifax, Nova Scotia five years ago. One day one of my friends from the West Coast came out to visit me. He was 16 for 3 weeks so he brought a lot of bags and suitcases, and other things like a 17. I told him he could sleep on the bed in the front living room.

One morning after a late night of drinking, my friend ran into my room shouting "Fire, Fire". Without 18, I jumped out of bed. The floor was 19 against my feet as I ran into the hallway, right behind my friend. I couldn't see the fire anywhere, 20 as we ran towards the front door, I could hear the 21 making a loud noise all around me. It was inside the 22. We ran out into the front yard and looked 23 at the house, seeing black smoke coming out of the 24 house.

We were standing there watching the house when I looked down and 25 all of my friend's bags and suitcases 26 lined up on the front grassland, including his basketball. 27 he noticed the house was on fire, he took all of them out to the grassland before coming back to 28 me about it. That fire had started in the basement (地下室), and it spread up into the walls and was burning the 29 we were standing on. The floor and much of the house fell down not long after we came out. The firemen said we were very 30.

Of course, we are not friends anymore.

- (B) 16. A. working B. staying C. waiting D. resting

【解析】根据下文他带了很多东西可推知,他要在这里住三周。故选 B。

- (D) 17. A. baseball B. volleyball C. football D. basketball

【解析】根据第三段第一句中的 including his basketball 可知,“我”的朋友带着一个篮球。故选 D。

- (A) 18. A. thinking B. sleeping C. looking D. drinking

【解析】根据 I jumped out of bed 可推知,“我”没多想就从床上跳下来。故选 A。

- (C) 19. A. wet B. soft C. hot D. dirty

【解析】根据常识可知,发生火灾时,地板应该烧得很热。故选 C。



- (D) 20. A. so B. and C. or D. but

【解析】前半句“我到处都看不到火”和后半句“当我们跑向前门的时候,我能听到火在我周围发出的巨大噪声”是转折关系。故选 D。

- (A) 21. A. fire B. door C. wind D. yard

【解析】根据上文可知,“我”家发生了火灾。“我”虽然看不到火,但能听到火发出的噪声。故选 A。

- (B) 22. A. rooms B. walls C. kitchen D. yard

【解析】根据 I couldn't see the fire anywhere 可推断,火在墙壁去。故选 B。

- (C) 23. A. up B. down C. back D. forward

【解析】根据 We ran out into the front yard 可推知,“我们”从房子里跑到前院去,再回头看房子,因此用 back。故选 C。

- (A) 24. A. old B. big C. red D. stone

【解析】根据第一段第一句“I was living in a house with a long history in Halifax, Nova Scotia five years ago.”可知,这栋房子有悠久的历史,是一栋老房子。故选 A。

- (D) 25. A. remembered B. made
C. expected D. noticed

【解析】remember 意为“记住”;make 意为“使,让”;expect 意为“期待”;notice 意为“注意到”。根据 I looked down 可推知,“我”注意到“我”朋友的包和行李箱。故选 D。

- (A) 26. A. tidily B. suddenly C. differently D. naturally

【解析】句意为:“……当我向下看时,我注意到我朋友所有的包和行李箱整齐地排列在前面的草地上……”与 line(排成行)对应,应该用 tidily(整齐地)。suddenly 意为“突然地”;differently 意为“不同地”;naturally 意为“自然地”。

- (C) 27. A. Unless B. If C. When D. Before

【解析】根据语境可知从句表示时间,排除 A、B 两项;根据常识可知,人不可能在火灾发生之前就把东西收拾好。故选 C。

- (A) 28. A. warn B. show C. ask D. phone

【解析】warn 意为“警告,提醒注意”;show 意为“展示”;ask 意为“询问”;phone 意为“打电话”。当“我”朋友察觉到房子着火时,他先把所有的行李从房子里搬到了前面的草地上,然后回来通知“我”。故选 A。

- (D) 29. A. sofa B. bed C. table D. floor

【解析】根据 standing on 可推知,火从地下室蔓延到墙壁里,然后烧着我们脚下的地板。故选 D。

- (B) 30. A. brave B. lucky C. nervous D. scared

【解析】根据“The floor and much of the house fell down not long after we came out.”可推知,消防员认为我们是幸运的。故选 B。

三、阅读理解(每小题 2 分,共 30 分)

A

In life there are regular friends and special friends. I have two special friends, Scott and Andrew.

I first met Scott in the second grade, and we became friends. Scott has blue eyes, golden hair, and freckles(雀斑) across his nose. I remember that he always talked about a show called “Code Lyoko”. He talked about it at lunch, at break, and even in class! But no one else liked the show, and they were angry. Poor Scott!

I first met Andrew at a summer camp. Everyone made fun of him.



I decided to try to get to know him a little better. I started to talk to him. I found out that we both loved trains. We became friends. But after some time we fought and became enemies(敌人). Then we forgave each other and became friends again. This continued until the fourth grade and we've been friends ever since. Later Andrew, Scott and I all became good friends.

- (A) 31. The writer met Scott _____.

- A. in the second grade B. at a summer camp
C. in the fourth grade D. on their way to school

【解析】细节理解题。文章第二段提到了“I first met Scott in the second grade, and we became friends.”,由此可知,作者是在二年级的时候遇到了 Scott,后来两个人成了朋友。故选 A。

- (B) 32. _____ has golden hair and freckles.

- A. The writer B. Scott
C. Andrew D. One of their classmates

【解析】细节理解题。文章第二段提到了“Scott has blue eyes, golden hair, and freckles(雀斑) across his nose.”,由此可知,Scott 长着蓝眼睛,留着金头发,鼻子上还有雀斑。故选 B。

- (B) 33. People didn't like Scott because _____.

- A. he was a lazy boy
B. he talked a lot about one show
C. he was not outgoing
D. he worked so fast

【解析】推理判断题。文章第二段提到了“I remember that he always talked about a show called ‘Code Lyoko’. He talked about it at lunch, at break, and even in class! But no one else liked the show, and they were angry.”,由此可知,没有人喜欢他,是因为他总是谈论一个名叫 Code Lyoko 的节目。故选 B。

- (C) 34. What does the underlined word “forgave” mean in Chinese?

- A. 忘记 B. 打架 C. 原谅 D. 争吵

【解析】词义猜测题。上文提到了“But after some time we fought and became enemies(敌人).”,下文又提到了 became friends again,由此可推断他们“原谅”了对方。故选 C。

- (A) 35. From the story we can see _____.

- A. sometimes good friends have a fight
B. good friends never fight with each other
C. good friends don't have the same interest
D. Andrew doesn't like trains at all

【解析】推理判断题。文章第三段提到了“But after some time we fought and became enemies(敌人).”,由此可推断,好朋友有时也会打架。故选 A。

B

Who do you think are the most important people in your life, your parents, your sisters or brothers, or your friends? I think your answer must be “my friends”. Some teenagers often say their parents don't understand them. In large families, brothers and sisters often argue with each other. So most of us think friends are the most important people in our lives.

It is very important for teenagers to have one good friend or a group of friends. Because we can discuss some private things with friends. Of course we won't tell these things to our family members.

However, parents often try to choose friends for us. They may even stop us from meeting some of our best friends. In fact, they do



it just because they care for us too much. But they often neglect our real feelings. How can we solve this problem? I think the best way is to find a right time to talk with our parents about our real feelings.

- (A) 36. Many teenagers think _____ are the most important people in their lives.

A. friends B. parents
C. brothers and sisters D. family members

【解析】细节理解题。由第一段的描述可知,大多数青少年觉得“朋友”在他们的生活中最重要。故答案为 A。

- (D) 37. It's important for teenagers to have good friends because _____.

A. friends are better than family members
B. friends can help them with their lessons
C. they have the same interests
D. they can discuss some private things with friends

【解析】细节理解题。结合第二段的第一、二句“It is very important for teenagers to have one good friend or a group of friends. Because we can discuss some private things with friends.”可知,青少年拥有朋友很重要,因为他们可以和朋友讨论一些私事。故答案为 D。

- (B) 38. The underlined word “private” means “_____” in English.

A. public B. personal
C. difficult D. interesting

【解析】词义猜测题。根据画线词的后一句“Of course we won't tell these things to our family members.”可推断,private things 意为“私事”。public 意为“公共的”;personal 意为“私人的”;difficult 意为“困难的”;interesting 意为“有趣的”。只有选项 B 符合文意。

- (C) 39. Why do our parents even stop us from meeting friends?

A. Because they don't think it's the right time to meet friends.
B. Because they want us to stay at home all day.
C. Because they care for us too much.
D. Because our friends are not friendly.

【解析】细节理解题。结合第三段第三句“In fact, they do it just because they care for us too much.”可知,父母那样做是因为他们太关心我们了。故答案为 C。

- (B) 40. The writer thinks the best way to solve the problem is _____.

A. to make more friends
B. to tell our parents about our real feelings
C. to avoid meeting friends
D. to let parents choose friends for us

【解析】细节理解题。根据最后一段的最后两句“How can we solve this problem? I think the best way is to find a right time to talk with our parents about our real feelings.”可知选 B。

C

Everyone needs friends. Friends bring us happiness and hope. But the ability to make friends changes from person to person. To some people, making friends is easy, but to others it's very difficult.

Making friends is a skill, and the first thing is to know how to get along with others.

If you have trouble in making friends, maybe I can tell you how

to do it.

★ Realize your own good points. You have skills and talents that others will like.

★ Believe that you are a good person and have something nice to share with others.

★ Be humorous. Learn to laugh at yourself and your weakness. Remember to smile at others.

★ Respect the others. Everyone has his own idea. Learn how to listen to others' ideas without trying to make them accept yours.

★ Be kind. If you are kind to others, they will usually be kind to you. There are hundreds of little things you can do to show kindness. Open the door for someone, wave to a friend and so on.

★ Don't complain. Learn to accept what you can't change, and work hard to change what you can. No one is willing to hear you complain all the time.

★ Never give up. Even if you are faced with some closed-minded people, never give up. And try to find someone who will understand you.

- (D) 41. Which of the following is true?

A. It's easy for everyone to make friends.
B. Just wait for your friends to come.
C. Friends are useless.
D. To be kind is helpful for making friends.

【解析】细节理解题。根据第八段可知 D 项是正确的。

- (B) 42. Why do we need friends according to the passage?

A. Because friends can do everything for us.
B. Because friends can bring us happiness.
C. Because friends accept our ideas all the time.
D. Because without friends we could not live.

【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段前两句“Everyone needs friends. Friends bring us happiness and hope.”可知选 B。

- (C) 43. What's the first thing we should learn in order to make friends?

A. To help others.
B. To smile at others.
C. To get along with others.
D. To listen to others' complaints.

【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段可知交朋友的第一件事是了解如何与他人和睦相处。故选 C。

- (C) 44. Which of the following shows a sense of humour?

A. Opening the door for someone.
B. Complaining to others all the time.
C. Laughing at ourselves and our weakness.
D. Finding someone who will understand us.

【解析】细节理解题。根据第六段可知,幽默是学会嘲笑自己和自己的不足。故选 C。

- (B) 45. How many pieces of advice does the writer offer when we have trouble in making friends?

A. Five. B. Seven. C. Nine. D. Eleven.

【解析】细节理解题。作者在文章中提到了交朋友的七条建议。故选 B。

卷 II

四、词汇运用(每小题 1 分,共 15 分)

A. 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空。每词仅用一次,每空一词。

refuse silent her patient suggest

46. My little sister is so young that she can't look after herself.

47. He will be angry if you refuse his invitation.

48. Can you give me some suggestions on learning English?

49. For a while, they all kept silence.



50. He is a helpful and patient person.

B. 根据短文内容和所给中文提示,在空白处写出单词的正确形式。

Everyone needs friends. We all like to feel close to someone. We can share 51. secrets (秘密) with our friends and turn to them for help when we are in trouble. In a word, it is nice to have friends. And we would feel 52. lonely (孤独的) if we never had a friend.

To make friends, you must be 53. friendly (友好的). A cheerful person smiles. A smile always makes others like you. Smile at 54. someone (某人) and you are sure to get a smile back from him.

Try to 55. remember (记住) names. It makes your new friends feel happy when you call them by their names, 56. because (因为) you don't forget them.

No two people are just the same. If you don't 57. agree (同意) with other people, you should still be friendly. Do not argue, but 58. discuss (讨论). You will lose your friends if you argue too much. And you should think more of others than of yourself.

If you follow these, you will find it easy to make friends and keep lasting friendships.

It's necessary for teenagers to have one or a group of good friends. This is very 59. important (重要的) in children's growing up, because friends can discuss things which are too difficult to say to their family 60. members (成员).

五、语法填空(每小题1分,共10分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入一个适当的词,或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

(2016·浙江金华)I was looking through my old photos last Sunday. One photo 61. caught (catch) my eye. In the photo, I was sitting in a chair, hugging Duke, my best friend in the whole world.

Duke was an interesting name for such 62. a little dog. But he was my friend from the moment I could walk. He stayed with me in that chair when I read 63. books (book). When I went outside 64. to play (play) games, he would drive our cats up to the trees and then walk off feeling proud of 65. himself (him). When he was hungry he would carry his food dish in his mouth and drop 66. it at my mom's feet. When I was sick, he refused to leave my bed until I got 67. better (well) than before.

I learned a lot from Duke. I learned that a short sleep at noon could be good 68. for you. I learned that the simplest dinner can be delicious 69. if/when you eat it with great enjoyment. I learned that life can be good when you live it with love and joy. 70. Sadly (sad), I also learned that life is short, especially if you are a dog.

To me, Duke is like a teacher who has taught me how to love and to be loved.

六、任务型阅读(每小题1分,共5分)

阅读短文,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项(有两个多余选项)。

71. F

Friends are important in our life, because no one wants to be lonely. However, some people have difficulty in making friends and they often feel lonely. 72. D According to a new study from Chicago University, the reason is that this kind of people have

brains(脑) different from common people. And they often feel unsafe when facing strangers.

Does that mean they have no way to become happy again?

73. G

Scientists of this study have thought up ways to help these people deal with their loneliness. They provided four steps for getting out of loneliness.

The first step is to accept social invitations even if you don't want to go. "It's not enough for people just to get in touch with others online. That's because most people don't show their true selves there," said Dr. Cacioppo, one of this study's scientists.

74. B As "actions speak louder than words", people need to be active to communicate with others. They also need to meet people with the same interests. Also, they should try to expect the best from each activity. 75. C Who knows what good things are waiting for us?

- A. People who feel lonely
- B. Another step is to get an action plan.
- C. After all, "tomorrow is another day".
- D. What's the reason behind that?
- E. Why don't we like them?
- F. New ways to deal with loneliness
- G. No, don't worry.

七、书面表达(20分)

假如你是李华,在三年的初中生活中,给你留下深刻印象的人是你最好的朋友 Ann。现在请你根据以下内容提示,给你的网友 Cindy 发一封电子邮件,向她介绍 Ann 的基本情况。

Ann	年龄	15岁
	生日	10月8日
	外貌	中等身材
	性格	开朗的
	爱好	收集硬币,到目前为止已收集三千多枚
	学习方法	小组合作
	为人处事	与人相处融洽,乐于助人,……

- 要求:1. 必须用上所给的内容提示,可适当发挥;
- 2. 语句通顺,意思连贯,语法正确,书写规范;
- 3. 词数80左右。开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

【范文】

Dear Cindy,

How are you recently? Now let me tell you something about my best friend Ann. Ann is 15 years old and her birthday is October 8th. And she is of medium build. Ann is an outgoing girl and you can make friends with her easily. Do you know her hobby? Maybe you can't believe; her hobby is collecting old coins and she has collected more than three thousand coins so far.

Ann is a good learner. Teamwork makes her succeed. She is a kind girl and she likes helping others. If you have problems, you can ask her for help. She can get on well with others and we all like her.

Could you please introduce your best friend to me? I'm looking forward to your reply.

Yours,
Li Hua