

① 考生要写清校名、姓名和班级
② 不在试卷上做任何标识
③ 字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁

注意事项

姓名

班级

年级

学校



Unit 1 综合测试卷

(时间: 120分钟 分数: 120分)

人教经典·上册
八年级·英语

得分: _____

听力部分 (25 分)

一、情景反应。听句子, 选择正确的答语。(5 分)

- (B) 1. A. It was wonderful. B. I went to the beach.
C. By train.
(A) 2. A. Yes, they did. B. On Monday. C. His father.
(C) 3. A. It's an umbrella. B. I was very hungry.
C. It was very delicious.
(A) 4. A. She went shopping. B. She was bored.
C. It's beautiful.
(B) 5. A. Take photos. B. Last month. C. Very tired.

二、听对话, 选择正确的答案。(5 分)

- (A) 6. What was the weather like yesterday?
A. Sunny. B. Rainy. C. Windy.
(C) 7. What did Lucy do last Sunday?
A. She visited her uncle.
B. She visited her friends.
C. She went to the beach.
(B) 8. When did Mary go to the mountains?
A. Last Friday. B. Last Saturday. C. Last Sunday.
(C) 9. What does Nancy think of Japanese food?
A. Delicious and cheap.
B. Delicious and expensive.
C. Awful and expensive.
(A) 10. What did Julie do for vacation?
A. She went to the summer camp.
B. She visited new friends.
C. She stayed at home.



Unit 1 综合测试卷
听力音频

三、听长对话, 选择正确答案。(5 分)

- (A) 11. Where will Rick go on vacation?
A. To Beijing. B. To Shanghai. C. To London.
(B) 12. Who did the girl go to Beijing with?
A. Her friends. B. Her family. C. Her classmates.
(A) 13. What did the girl eat in Beijing?
A. Beijing duck. B. Yellow noodles. C. Fish.
(A) 14. What did the girl buy for her grandfather?
A. A T-shirt. B. A hat. C. A sweater.
(C) 15. What did the girl think of Beijing?
A. Boring. B. Not very good. C. Wonderful.

四、短文理解。(10 分)

- (B) 16. It's _____ in winter in England.
A. warm B. cold C. hot
(C) 17. The land was _____ when I got up this morning.
A. yellow B. green C. white
(C) 18. We made a snowman _____.
A. at breakfast B. at lunch C. after breakfast
(A) 19. We made the snowman's nose _____.
A. red B. black C. white
(B) 20. When it snows we can have a fight with _____.
A. snowmen B. snowballs C. water

笔试部分 (95 分)

五、单项选择。(15 分)

- (A) 21. (大庆市中考) —Would you like _____ to eat?
—No, thanks. I'm not hungry.
A. something B. nothing
C. some things D. any things
- (B) 22. What bad weather it was! We decided _____.
A. to go out B. not to go out
C. to not go out D. not going out
- (D) 23. —What a nice watch! When _____ you _____ it?
—Three days ago.
A. do; buy B. did; bought
C. were; buy D. did; buy
- (C) 24. The club provides(提供) different kinds of _____ like tennis, ping-pong and swimming.
A. bicycles B. mountains
C. activities D. buildings
- (C) 25. (大连市中考) —Are you free this Sunday?
—Yes, I am. I have _____ to do.
A. anything special B. special anything
C. nothing special D. special nothing
- (B) 26. —Did you have a sports meeting yesterday?
—No, we didn't. It was put off(延期) _____ the heavy rain.
A. instead of B. because of
C. as for D. across from
- (D) 27. —Where did you go on _____ vacation?
—I went to London.
A. a B. an
C. the D. /
- (B) 28. (天水市中考) —_____ did you go there with?
—I went there with my parents.
A. Where B. Who
C. When D. How
- (A) 29. I went to my old house last month. It looked the same _____ before.
A. as B. quite
C. either D. below
- (D) 30. —I'm afraid I don't have _____ money to pay for the meal.
—Don't worry. This is my treat(请客).
A. wonderful B. right
C. natural D. enough
- (C) 31. My brother decided _____ money to buy a new car.
A. save B. saves
C. to save D. saving
- (A) 32. —It was _____ to listen to the stranger's talk.
—I felt _____, too.
A. boring; bored B. bored; boring
C. boring; boring D. bored; bored
- (B) 33. —The vegetable salad tastes delicious. Would you like to _____ some?
—Of course.
A. grow B. try
C. pick D. blow
- (D) 34. Basketball is popular with boys. _____ of them like playing it.



- ### 六、完形填空。(10 分)

We arrived 38 New York on the morning of July 23rd. It was sunny and hot. First, we 39 our bikes to the mountains. I really enjoyed 40 the mountains.

(B) 36. A. and B. with C. or D. of
(C) 37. A. boring B. interested C. enjoyable D. bored
(A) 38. A. in B. at C. of D. on
(C) 39. A. ride B. by C. rode D. on
(D) 40. A. climb B. climbed C. climbs D. climbing
(A) 41. A. Because B. Because of C. So D. And
(D) 42. A. decide B. try C. wonder D. wait
(D) 43. A. some B. any C. a little D. enough
(B) 44. A. beautiful something B. something beautiful
C. beautiful anything D. anything beautiful
(C) 45. A. I B. my C. myself D. me

七、阅读理解。(20 分)

A

1. Budget: Know how much you want to spend on your vacation. Then you can know how far you can travel and what kind of activities you can enjoy.

2. **Family Likes & Dislikes:** You don't want to visit the sea if your family are afraid of water, so you need to know what their likes and dislikes are.

3. Activities: Know about activities around the vacation destination. For example, if you want to go swimming, can you? If you want to go to parks, are they open?

4. Accommodations(住宿): Hotels are expensive. Look for vacation home rentals(出租的房屋). You can get so much more that you would never get at a hotel. You can also cook by yourselves to save money from eating out.

- (A)48. You don't need to think about _____ according to(根据) the passage.
A. what food you can eat

- B. what activities you can do
 C. what your family like
 D. how much you have to spend
- (B)49. Which is NOT the reason(理由) why people look for vacation home rentals?
 A. Hotels are expensive.
 B. There are not enough hotels.
 C. People can enjoy so much more that they can't get in hotels.
 D. People can cook by themselves.
- (C)50. Which is the best title(标题) for the passage?
 A. What You Can Do During the Winter Vacation
 B. Why People Like Going on Winter Vacations
 C. How to Pick a Winter Vacation Destination
 D. How to Rent(租) a Vacation Home

B

Why are people willing to travel on National Day? Have you heard there is a saying that “You can either travel or read, but either your body or soul(精神) must be on the way”. As the living standard is becoming better, more and more people have time and money to travel. During traveling, one can meet many kinds of people, make new friends and experience many kinds of lifestyles of different places. This can not only open people's eyes but also make people know more.

Nowadays the living standard is becoming better and it means more Chinese can travel in other countries. In 2014, Chinese people traveled abroad 30% more than in 2013. Chinese people usually join large tourist groups and visit several countries in one trip. Chinese people don't just travel for sightseeing. Shopping in Europe and the United States is popular. Stores offered(提供) discounts during that time.

But many people don't do well in public manners(礼貌). A report by Living Social website even listed Chinese as the world's second worst tourists, after Americans. If you want to change those bad behaviors(举止) and become a civilized(文明的) visitor, remember to make sure the following won't happen:

- Don't spit in public or throw away trash(垃圾) here and there.
- Never cut in line or take bus seats.
- Don't laugh or speak loudly.
- Don't take off shoes or smoke in public.

Wherever you go on National Day, you need to protect the environment(环境) and respect customs.

- (C)51. Why do more and more Chinese people travel?
 A. Because Chinese people want to see more of the world.
 B. Because traveling is more and more popular around the world.
 C. Because the living standard is becoming better.
 D. Because Chinese people do better and better in public manners.
- (B)52. How do Chinese people usually travel now?
 A. They usually join small tourist groups and visit one place in one trip.
 B. They usually join large tourist groups and visit several countries in one trip.
 C. They usually travel alone.
 D. They usually travel by plane.
- (B)53. People from _____ are the worst tourists.
 A. China B. America C. Europe D. Japan

- (C)54. The underlined word “discounts” means “_____” in Chinese.
A. 免费 B. 食宿 C. 折扣 D. 利润
- (D)55. Which of the following is NOT true?
A. More and more Chinese people would like to travel abroad.
B. Four pieces of advice are mentioned to become a civilized visitor.
C. Chinese travelers should stop speaking loudly in public.
D. More than 30% of Chinese people traveled abroad in 2012.

八、任务型阅读。(10 分)

Dear John,

Thank you very much for your letter. I am glad that you enjoyed our holiday with me. We enjoyed having you and your sister here. We hope that you both will be able to come again next year. Perhaps you'll be able to stay longer next time. A week is not really long enough, is it? If your school has five weeks' holiday next year, perhaps you will be able to stay with us for two or three weeks.

We have been back at school for three weeks now. It feels like three months! I expect that you are both working very hard now because you are in Grade Two now. Tom and Ann won't be in Grade Two until 2018. They went for a picnic yesterday but I didn't go with them, because I hurt my foot and I couldn't walk very well. They went to an island and enjoyed themselves there.

Tom, Ann and I send our best wishes to you. We hope to see you soon.

Yours,

Michael

根据上面信的内容, 回答下列问题。

56. Who stayed with Michael for a holiday?

John and his sister.

57. How long did their holiday last for?

A week.

58. From the sentence “It feels like three months!”, we know that Michael has no interest in learning, right?

Yes.

59. Who will be in Grade Two next year?

Tom and Ann.

60. Why didn't Michael go to the island for a picnic yesterday?

Because he hurt his foot and he couldn't walk very well.

九、词语运用。(10 分)

A) 根据句意及首字母提示填写单词。

61. I want to go on vacation but I can't d ecide when to go.
62. We must keep d ifferences to improve our writing skills (写作技巧).
63. I d islike the sweater because it is out of style (过时).
64. Can you find some d ifferences between the twin brothers?
65. There are many outdoor (户外的) a ctivities in spring.

B) 用括号里所给单词的适当形式填空。

66. —Where did Tina go on vacation?
—She stayed (stay) at home.
67. Lisa didn't buy anything (something) for her best friend.
68. Don't worry! I'm old enough to look after myself (me).
69. I felt (feel) like I was a bird.
70. It's very interesting to feed (feed) the pets.



十、补全对话。(5分)

A: Hi, Vera. How was your vacation?

B: It was great.

A: Where did you go?

B: 71

A: Really? Wow! What did you do there?

B: Well, we went to a lot of museums.

A: Oh, how were they?

B: They were really interesting. 72

A: Did you go shopping?

B: Yeah, I did.

A: 73

B: Oh, they were very expensive.

A: And how were the people? 74

B: Yeah, the people were really friendly. My parents have some Japanese friends, and we had dinner at their houses.

A: 75

B: It was delicious. I love Japanese food!

71. D 72. G 73. C 74. A 75. E

十一、短文填空。(10分)

travel, play, wonder, sun, work, eye, enough, swim, I, be

I often 76 by train to some places of interest. This summer I decided a train trip to the countryside. Because the air there is fresh (新鲜的) 77 and I needed to relax 78.

Then one day, I got on a train and began my trip. It was a 79 day and the scenery (风景) outside was 80. Green was everywhere. Farmers 81 and some children 82 under the trees. The train ran across a bridge. Under the bridge a group of ducks enjoyed 83 in the river. They heard the noise of the train and hurried off. The birds sang in the trees. At that time, I just wanted to 84 a bird.

I looked out of the window. After a while, I closed my 85 and thought about my next vacation.

76. travel 77. enough 78. myself
79. sunny 80. wonderful 81. worked
82. played 83. swimming 84. be
85. eyes

十二、(株洲市中考改编)书面表达。(15分)

假如你是王娜,今天你去学校英语角练习口语,英语角讨论的话题是“My Summer Vacation”。请你根据以下提示,向同学们介绍一下你的暑假生活。

- 提示: 1. 在家待了一周: 做作业、练习钢琴。
2. 去看望祖父母: 陪他们聊天、帮他们做家务(housework)。
3. 去北京旅游: 游泳、购物。

要求: 1. 语句通顺、逻辑连贯。
2. 不少于60词。开头已给出,不计入总词数。

I had an interesting summer vacation. I stayed at home for a week.

I did my homework and practiced playing the piano at home. Then I visited my grandparents. I talked with them and helped them do some housework. At last, I went to Beijing with my father. We had a good time there. The weather in Beijing was fine. We went swimming and shopping. I also bought delicious food for my grandparents. I felt very happy.