

九年级英语试题

听力部分(20 分)

I. 听句子,选答案。(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

第一节 听下面 5 段对话,每个对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。

- | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. Rainy | B. Fine | C. Cloudy |
| 2. A. On foot | B. By train | C. By car |
| 3. A. Three times a day | B. Twice a day | C. Once a day |
| 4. A. Chinese | B. French | C. Japanese |
| 5. In the health club | B. At home | C. In the library |

第二节 听下面两段对话,每段对话后有几道小题,请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。每段对话读两遍。

听第 6 段对话,回答第 6、7 小题。

6. Where is the bank?

- A. Next to a bookstore. B. Next to a supermarket.
C. Across from a supermarket.

7. How many times has the woman visited New York before?

- A. Never. B. Once. C. Twice.

听第 7 段对话,回答第 8 至 10 小题。

8. How long does it take to walk to the library?

- A. About 30 minutes B. About 13 minutes C. About 20 minutes

9. What does the woman go to the library for?

- A. Borrowing some books B. Returning some books C. Visiting her friend

10. Which bus will the woman take?

- A. No. 1. B. No. 2. C. No. 3.

II. 听短文,选答案。(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一篇短文,读两遍,请从每个小题的三个选项中,选出最恰当的一项。

11. What's Thailand famous for?

- A. Its beautiful views. B. Its beautiful beaches. C. Its cool weather.

12. When you say Hello to a Thai person, it is polite to use his or her _____.

- A. last name B. first name C. full name

13. Which part of the body should not be touched in Thailand?

- A. The hand. B. The shoulder. C. The head.

14. We should _____ when being invited to a Thai person's home.

- A. take off our shoes B. take out of our hats C. take off our coats

15. While eating a meal with Thai people, you'd better use _____.

- A. hands B. chopsticks C. forks

笔试部分(80分)

I. 完形填空(共20小题,计20分)

第一节 阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。(共10小题,计10分)

A king was old and he knew it was time to choose a new king. He told all the young people in his country, "I will give 16 of you a seed(种子). Plant it and bring it back one year later. Show me the plants that you bring, 17 I'll choose a new king from you."

A boy 18 Peter got a seed, too. He planted it 19. But the seed didn't grow at all. A year later, Peter had to take his 20 box the palace. Others all brought beautiful plants there and Peter felt 21.

The king 22 the palace and looked around. When he found there was noth-

ing in Peter's box, the king smiled and said to the others, "One year ago, I gave everyone a seed 23 couldn't grow. But all of you, 24 Peter, have brought me plants and flowers. Peter was the only one with the honesty and courage to bring 25 a box. So he will be the new king!"

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| 16. A. neither | B. both | C. each | D. every |
| 17. A. but | B. and | C. although | D. so |
| 18. A. helped | B. asked | C. wanted | D. called |
| 19. A. carefully | B. careful | C. careless | D. carelessly |
| 20. A. empty | B. full | C. beautiful | D. new |
| 21. A. excited | B. happy | C. sad | D. good |
| 22. A. reached | B. got | C. arrived | D. came |
| 23. A. who | B. which | C. whose | D. what |
| 24. A. besides | B. except | C. with | D. and |
| 25. A. such | B. with | C. as | D. so |

第二节 阅读下面短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。(共10题,计10分)

It's widely known that the Chinese invented chopsticks. It is believed that chopsticks have a long history of at least 3,000 years, but it remains unknown when they were 26 invented.

Chopsticks are used for eating in China. When having dinner with Chinese friends, it is always better for foreigners to try to know 27 to use chopsticks. Using chopsticks to eat rice is a problem for most foreigners. My 28 on eating with chopsticks is to bring your rice bowl 29 to your mouth and quickly scoop the rice into it with your chopsticks.

Chinese people think you can't enjoy the 30 of Chinese food if you don't

use chopsticks. Using two chopsticks to 31 rice and little pieces of meat and vegetables is actually not a difficult thing. In fact, there are foreigners who can use chopsticks as 32 as Chinese.

According to superstition(迷信), if you are given a pair of chopsticks, and the two chopsticks are not the same size 33, it means you are going to miss a boat, a plane or a train. Besides that, 34 chopsticks may bring bad luck, so try to hold your chopsticks steadily(稳当地) 35 you are eating.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| 26. A. nearly | B. exactly | C. simply | D. clearly |
| 27. A. when | B. how | C. where | D. why |
| 28. A. reply | B. activity | C. advice | D. action |
| 29. A. high | B. deep | C. close | D. height |
| 30. A. taste | B. sound | C. smell | D. feel |
| 31. A. take up | B. make up | C. pick up | D. dress up |
| 32. A. well | B. often | C. early | D. quickly |
| 33. A. for fun | B. by accident | C. on show | D. for sure |
| 34. A. breaking | B. beating | C. dropping | D. making |
| 35. A. until | B. since | C. unless | D. while |

II. 阅读理解(共10小题,计10分)

第一节 阅读下面一篇短文,判断下面是否符合短文内容,符合的用“A”表示,不符合的用“B”表示。(共5小题,计5分)

A

Josh's family used to lived in a small town. Their house was on a quiet street with lots of trees. There was a yard where Josh and his sister often played. Josh's mom had a flower garden and she took good care of the flowers.

Josh went to middle school in the small town. The town had a primary school, a

middle school, and a high school. Josh's family shopped in small stores.

One day, Josh's mom got a new job in the city. Then the family moved to an apartment in the noisy city. There isn't a yard anymore. Josh and his sister have to go to the park to play. And Josh's mom has to grow flowers in a window box.

The city has many schools for children. Josh's parents have chosen a school for him near their apartment. It is larger than Josh's old school. There are many supermarkets in the city. The family enjoys shopping there. Josh likes to visit different museums and libraries in the city.

Josh's life in the city is different from that in the small town. He knows more people, goes to more places and learns more! But some things are the same. He is with his family. And it is still his job to learn at school and help at home. He makes new friends here and sends e-mails to the old ones.

36. Josh and his sister used to play in the street.

37. There are three schools in the small town.

38. Josh's mom likes to grow flowers very much.

39. Josh's family likes shopping in the supermarket.

40. Josh keeps in touch with his old friends on the phone.

第二节 阅读下面短文,从各小题所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。(共5小题,计5分)

B

Mr Guo is a teacher from Xi'an. He asked his students to hand in their homework through a QR code (二维码). "We spent an hour or two in class learning how to generate (使产生) the codes, and in the end everything gets easier," said Guo. "When students finish the homework, they keep it on WeChat (微信). Then, each student makes his own QR code and gives it to me. So I can check their work every-

where using my computer or telephone.”

The QR codes can be sent to Mr Guo by e-mail, QQ and WeChat. When Guo scans (扫描) his students' QR codes, their homework appears on his phone. He finds that their homework becomes more creative, with many pictures, music and even videos.

Guo's students like the new way and think it is interesting. “We are living in the information age. Many students like to work with computers, which makes learning more fun,” said Tingting, a student of Guo's.

“The paper is not easy to keep, but the code is easy to keep and share,” Guo said. “It is worth trying to use new technology in education. Education itself is a kind of creation. I don't want my students to fall behind the times.”

However, some parents are worried. They are afraid that their children will spend too much time on computers and less time communicating with teachers. But in fact, it's unnecessary. Students still need to look up information in books and write it down when they do their homework. They only use the code when they hand in their work, which doesn't take them too much time. Also for teachers, it allows them to check the students' work at any time. And it's also an easy way to share homework with other students.

41. According to the passage, students can keep their homework on _____.

- A. QQ B. WeChat C. email D. blog(博客)

42. Guo's students think the new way is _____.

- A. strange B. interesting C. boring D. unnecessary

43. What does “it” in Paragraph 4 refer to (指代)?

- A. The paper is not easy to keep
B. Keeping and sharing the code easily.

- C. Trying to use new technology in education.
- D. Education itself is a kind of creation.
44. Some parents are worried, because they think their children will _____.
A. talk with teachers face to face
B. find the QR codes too difficult to use
C. not like the new way of handing in homework
D. spend too much time on computers or phones
45. What's the main idea of the passage?
A. Teachers needn't check homework any more.
B. Students needn't hand in homework any more.
C. Using QR codes makes checking homework easier.
D. Some parents are worried about their children.

III. 完成句子(共5小题,计10分)

根据所给汉语意思,用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。

46. 只有那样,我才有实现梦想的机会。
Only then will I _____ to achieve my dream.
47. 一定有什么东西在我们社区光顾住户的家。
There _____ something _____ the homes in our neighbourhood.
48. 我妈妈偶尔在广场上跳舞。
My mother dances in the square _____.
49. 他们尽力使我感到宾至如归。
They go out of their way _____ make me _____.
50. 当我到了外面时,公共汽车已经离开了。
By the time I got outside, the bus _____ already _____.

IV. 短文填空(共10小题,计10分)

用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文完整正确。(每个单词用一次。每空只填一个单词。)

meet	effort	important	expect	late
polite	call	avoid	plan	after

In Switzerland, it's very 51 to be on time. We're the capital of watches and clocks, 52 all! If someone invites you 53 him at 4:00, then you are 54 to be there at 4:00. If you're even fifteen minutes 55, your friend may get angry. So I make an 56 to be on time when I meet my friends. I always leave the house early to 57 heavy traffic because I think it's 58 to keep others waiting. Also, we never visit a friend's house without 59 first. We almost always make 60 to see friends. We usually plan to do something interesting, or go somewhere together.

V. 任务型阅读(共5小题,计10分)

阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。

Dave is my friend. His family is rich. His parents always give him lots of pocket money(零花钱). But Dave thinks his parents work very hard and it's not easy for them, so he always tries his best to save money. He has some good ways to do it.

Dave likes reading. He has lots of books. He tells me he often buys books online, because they are cheaper. And when he has free time, he often goes to the bookstores or libraries to do some reading.

Dave has a bike. He usually goes to school by bike instead of taking a bus. Sometimes when it rains or snows, he walks. These two ways help Dave keep healthy and save some money.

Dave brings a bottle of water to school every day. When other students drink juice, he enjoys his water. He thinks water is the cheapest but the best drink.

Some students think Dave is mean. But I don't think so. I think he is right. What do you think of him?

61. What do Dave's parents always give him?

62. Does Dave try his best to save money?

63. Where does Dave often go when he has free time?

64. How does Dave usually go to school?

65. What does word "mean" mean in Chinese?

VI. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据对话内容,将方框内符合对话情境的句子序号写在对话空白处,使对话恢复完整。选项中有两项是多余的。

A: Hello, Jim! Have you seen Eric?

B: No, I haven't. What's up?

A: I found a yellow jacket on the playground. (66) _____

B: It can't be his. The jacket is much too small for him.

A: (67) _____. I saw Tony on the playground just now.

B: But Tony's jacket is black.

A: (68) _____. I saw Tony on the playground just now.

B: Let me have a look. Oh, it must be John's.

A: (69) _____ .

B: Look! I found his school ID card in one of the pockets.

A: (70) _____ . Let's go and give it to him.

B: OK. He must be in the library. Let's go.

A: It can't be his.

B: You are right.

C: I don't think so.

D: Then it must be Tony's.

E: Why do you think so?

F: I think it belongs to Eric.

G: Whose do you think it could be?

VII. 书面表达 (共 1 题, 计 15 分)

在成长的历程中, 每个人都有开心和糟糕的时候, 在你的记忆中, 所经历的让你印象最深刻的一天是什么样的? 写出你的经历过程和感受。

要求: 1. 题目自选。My pleasant day/ My bad day

2. 语句通顺, 语法正确, 不少于 80 词。

2017——2018 学年度第一学期期末质量检测

九年级英语参考答案

听力部分(20 分)

I. 听对话,选答语(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

1-5 BCABA

6-10 BAACC

II. 听短文,选答案(共 5 小题,计 10 分)

11-15 ABCAB

笔试部分(80 分)

I. 完形填空。(共 20 小题,计 20 分)

16-20 CBDAA

21-25 CABBA

26-30 BBCCA

31-35 CABCD

II. 阅读理解。(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

36-40 BAAAB

41-45 BBCDC

III. 完成句子。(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,计 10 分)

46. have a chance

47. must be; visiting

48. once in a while

49. to; feel at home

50. had; left

IV. 短文填空。(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

51. important

52. after

53. to meet

54. expected

55. late

56. effort

57. avoid

58. impolite

59. calling

60. plans

V. 任务型阅读。(共 5 小题,计 10 分)

61. His parents always give him lots of pockets money/ lots of pockets money.

62. Yes, he does.

63. When he has free time, he often goes to the bookstores or libraries to do some reading. / Bookstores or libraries.

64. He usually goes to school by bike/ By bike.

65. 吝啬的

VI. 补全对话。(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

66-70 FDGEB

VII. 书面表达。(15 分)

答案(略)

九年级英语听力材料

I. 听句子,选答案(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

第一节 听下面 5 段对话,每个对话后有一个问题,读两遍,请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。

1. W: What's the weather like today?

M: It's a sunny day. I think we can go cycling now.

Q: What's the weather like today?

2. W: Susan said that she would probably arrive today.

M: Well, I hope she will drive carefully.

Q: How will Susan arrive here today?

3. M: What should I do, doctor?

W: Don't worry. Take this medicine three times a day, and you'll get better soon.

M: Thank you.

Q: How often should the man take the medicine?

4. W: Mr. Green speaks French well and now he's studying Chinese.

M: He knows a little Japanese.

Q: Which language does Mr. Green speak best?

5. M: Maria, you haven't come to the health club for many weeks.

W: I was in the library studying for my final exams, Now they're all over and I am again.

Q: Where is Maria now?

第二节 听下面两段对话,每段对话后有几道小题,请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。每段对话读两遍。

听第 6 段对话,回答第 6、7 小题。

W: Excuse me. Could you tell me the way to the bank? I want to exchange some money.

M: Of course. Walk down the street and turn left at the first crossing. It is next

to a supermarket.

W: Thank you very much. Is it far from here?

M: No, it isn't. And you can walk there.

W: OK, thank you.

M: By the way, is this your first time to come to New York?

W: Yes. As a Canadian, everything is strange to me. Thanks for your help.

听第7段对话,回答第8至10小题。

W: Excuse me, sir. Could you tell me the way to the People Library?

M: Certainly. Go along this street, turn right into Guangming Street, and the library is on your right. It's about thirty minutes' walk. By the way, you can't borrow any books from it. It is closed now.

W: I see. My friend works there, and I want to visit him. Can I take a bus?

M: Yes. The bus stop is on the other side of the street, just across from you. And the No. 3 bus will take you there.

W: Thank you very much.

M: You're welcome.

II. 听短文,选答案 (共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一篇短文,读两遍,请从每个小题的三个选项中,选出最恰当的一项。

Have you ever been to Thailand? As we know, Thailand is famous for its beautiful views. The people in Thailand are very friendly. The following advice may be useful for foreign visitors. First, when you say hello to a Thai person, it is polite to use his or her first name. You are not supposed to shake hands when you meet a Thai person. You should put your hands together and lower your head. Besides, the head is important for Thai people. You should never touch another person's head. Second, if you are invited to someone's house, you should take off your shoes. Third, when eating a meal with Thai people, you should expect the food to be served in large bowls in the center of the table. Everyone helps themselves, using chopsticks. Finally, couples should be careful when they are walking in the street.