**2017-2018一中第一次月考试解析卷（10月）**



VI.单项填空（共15小题，每小题1分，满分15分）

1. This is grammar book. It was written by Mark.

A./ B. the C. a D. an

【答案】C 考查冠词用法 表泛指，由Mark所著的一类语法书，不具体指；grammar 以辅音音素开头，用a，故C

1. Whether I’ll go to Shanghai the result of the examination.

A.belongs to B. looks up C. looks for D. depends on

【答案】D 考查动词短语，“我是否去上海，取决于这次考试的结果”，A 属于 B 查找；拜访，看望 C 寻找 D 依赖；取决于 故D.

1. You might failing the exam unless you study hard.
2. look up B.get up C. end up D. put up

【答案】C 考查动词与相同小品词搭配，“除非你刻苦学习，否则本次考试你将可能以失败告终”A.查找；拜访，看望B. 起立；起床；穿衣打扮 C.结果是……； 以……告终 D.建造，搭建；张贴，公布 故C。

1. I nervous when I wasn’t sure of the correct answer.

A. may be B. used to C. used to be D.use to be

【答案】C 考查use的用法，“当我不确定正确答案的时候，我会陷入紧张”，由wasn’t知句子是过去时态，used to be 后接形容词，表示处于某种状态，故C.

1. —What did your father say?

—He asked us

1. how to fix up the bicycles B. why we fix up the bicycles

C. that we fixed up the bicycles D.where did we fix up the bicycles

【答案】A 考查宾语从句，“你父亲说了些什么？ 他问我们怎样修理这些自行车”how疑问词后接to do sth. 故A.

36.Frank’s grandmother for two years.

1. died B.dies C.has died D. has been dead

【答案】D 考查时间状语，“弗兰克的祖母已经去世两年了” ，由 for two years可知是一种持续的状态，用be dead形式，故D

1. Marcus will invite some foreign guests to have dinner tonight. It’s necessary for him to know how to them at the party.
2. steal B. punish C. spread D. treat

【答案】D 考查动词，“对于Marcus 来说，知道如何去招待客人们是非常必要的”，treat有“招待，款待”意，故D

1. —How does your father make money?

—

1. By sells fruit B. Sell fruits C.Sells fruit D. By selling fruit

【答案】D 考查by的用法，by此处表“方式”，后接doing，故D

1. The guard warned me my car at the gate.
2. not to park B. don’t park C. not park D. not parking

【答案】A 考查固定搭配，“门卫告诫我不要把车停止门口”，warn sb.not to do sth. 故A

1. Most young people find exciting to watch a football match.
2. one B. it C. that D. this

【答案】B 考查it的用法，it做find的形式宾语，真正的宾语是to watch a football match

故B

1. —What do you usually do in the morning?

—I often practice badminton.

1. play B. to play C. playing D. to playing

【答案】C 考查practice的用法，practice doing sth. 练习做某事，故C

1. — Listen! Someone is playing the piano.

— Wow! beautiful music! I like it very much.

1. How a B. How C. What a D. What

【答案】D 考查感叹句，此处是what +adj+n 的结构，省略主谓部分，故D

1. —What did your teacher say to you just now?

—He asked me .

1. how could I work it out B. when did I go to the library

C. why I was late for school D. if I am ready for the exam

【答案】C 考查宾语从句，ask后接双宾语，且从句用过去时态的陈述语序，故C

1. Your writing is hers. I’m afraid you copied hers.
2. different from B. similar to C. good for D. not the same as

【答案】B 考查形容词词组，“你的作文和她的很相似，恐怕是你抄袭她的吧”，A. 不同于…… B.与……相似 C.有益于…… D.不与……相同，故B

1. —Excuse me, mom. Could I use your mobile phone now?

— ? I can’t hear you clearly.

1. Yes B. Really C. Pardon D. Why not

【答案】C 考查情景交际，“抱歉，妈妈，我现在可以用你的手机吗?”“你说什么？我没听清” ，pardon表示自己不能理解对方的话，期望对方再说一次。

VII.完形填空（共20小题，每小题1.5分，满分30分）

阅读下列短文，从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

A

Learn a Foreign Language

1)Spend the time!

The more time you spend with the language, the \_\_46\_\_ you will learn. This means listening, reading, writing, speaking, and studying words and phrases. This does not mean sitting in class \_\_47\_\_ the window, or listening to other students who do not speak well. This means you can \_\_48\_\_ your time happily on the language you are learning.

2)Listen and read every day!

Listen to your MP3 player. Read what you are listening to. Listen to and read things that you like, things that you can \_\_49\_\_ understand, or even partly understand. If you \_\_50\_\_ listening and reading you will get used to the language.

3)Focus on words and phrases!

Build up your vocabulary. Start to notice words and \_\_51\_\_ they come together as phrases. Learn these words and phrase\_\_\_52\_\_\_\_ your listening and reading. Read online, use online dictionaries, and make your own vocabulary \_\_53\_\_ for review. Soon you will be able to use them.

4)Relax and enjoy yourself!

Do not worry about what you cannot remember, or cannot yet understand, or cannot yet say. It does not matter. You are learning and \_\_54\_\_. The language will gradually become clearer in your brain, just \_\_55\_\_ you spend enough time with the language. That is the greatest guarantee of success.

答案46-50ABDBD 51-55CBCBD

【解析】

46. A faster B. less C. slower D. harder

【题目46】“The+比较级，the+比较级，表示越来越怎么样”，根据句义答案是A

47. A.taking out of B. looking out of C. taking care of D. getting out of

【题目47】动词短语辨析

A.取出;除去 B.向外看 C. 照顾 D. 摆脱，逃避

根据句义是“往窗外看”,所以答案是 B

48. A.cost B. pay C. take D. spend

【题目48】四个花费的区别

A.cost主语是物， B. pay... for付款 C. it takes sb+时间to do sth，D. spend主语为人，sb spend+时间或金钱（in) doing sth，故答案为D

49. A. finally B. mostly C. hardly D. slowly

【题目49】副词辨析

A.最后，最终 B. 大部分，多半 C. 几乎不 D.缓慢地

根据句义答案为B

50. A. like B. hate C. finish D. keep

【题目50】动词词义辨析

Keep doing sth，持续做某事，故答案为D

51. A. why B. what C. how D. when

【题目51】根据句义可知是“这些单词如何组成词组的”，故连词要用“how”，答案为B

52. A. with B. through C. about D. between

【题目52】介词辨析

through表示凭借或者通过，故答案为B

53. A. numbers B. answers C. lists D. names

【题目53】名词词义辨析

A.数字 B.回答 C.列表，清单 D.名字

根据句义可知是“做词汇列表”，故答案为C

54. A. losing B. improving C. missing D. moving

【题目54】动词辨析

A.丢失 B. 提高，改善 C.错过，想念 D.移动

根据句义可知是“学习着而且提高着”，故答案为B

55. A. take part B. compare with C. think of D. make sure

【题目55】动词短语辨析

A.拆开拆卸 B.与....作比较，后跟名词代词 C. 想起，后跟名词，代词，V-ing D.make sure确保，后跟that从句，而且that可省略,故答案为D

B

Thanksgiving Day was near.The first grade teacher asked \_\_56\_\_ students to

draw a picture of something that they were thankful for.People celebrated the holiday \_57\_\_\_ turkey and other traditional foods of the season.So，most of

her students' pictures were about them.   
\_\_58\_\_，Lily drew a different kind of picture.Lily was a different kind of girl.She always looked sad.When asked to draw a picture of something for which she was thankful，she drew a \_59\_\_\_．Other students were all very interested

in the picture.Whose hand could it be？One child guessed it was the hand of a farmer，because farmers feed \_\_60\_\_．Another thought it was the hand of a policeman, because the police \_\_61\_\_ and care for people.Still others guessed

it was the hand of God...The discussion went on until the teacher almost \_\_62\_\_ the young artist.   
During the break，all children ran out of the classroom except Lily.The teacher

came to Lily's \_\_63\_\_，bent(俯身) down，and asked her whose hand it was.

The little girl \_\_64\_\_ and said in a low voice，“It's yours，teacher.”  The

teacher remembered the times she took her hand and walked with her here or there. The teacher \_\_65\_\_ said，“Take my hand，Lily. Let's go outside” or

“Let me show you how to use your pencil.”Lily was very thankful for her

teacher.

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| 56. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A．his | B．her | C．our | D．my | |

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| 57. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A．at | B．in | C．for | D．with | |

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| 58. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A．Anyway | B．Then | C．However | D．Instead | |

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| 59. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A．head | B．farmer | C．hand | D．Policeman | |

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| 60. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A．sheep | B．cows | C．pigs | D．turkeys | |

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| 61. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A．punish | B．protect | C．catch | D．call | |

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| 62. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A．admired | B．noticed | C．forgot | D．found | |

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| 63. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A．desk | B．classroom | C．house | D．school | |

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| 64. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A．gave up | B．dressed up | C．looked up | D．stayed up | |

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| 65. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A．still | B．even | C．often | D．Never | |

答案

【答案】56-60 BDCCD 61-65 BCACC

解析

【解析】  
试题分析：这篇短文中的老师要求孩子们在感恩节画出自己想要感恩的东西，结果丽莉画的是只手。这引起了同学们的讨论，最后才知道这原来是老师的手，在丽莉心目中老师的手她最想感恩的东西，因为这只手曾经给了她很大的勇气。  
【小题56】B考查代词与语境理解。A.his他的；B．Her她的；C．Our我们的；D．My我的，句意：一年级的老师让她的学生画一张他们曾经感恩的东西的画。根据文中最后一段She remembered the times she took his hand and walked with him here or there.可知这位老师是女的，故选B。  
【小题57】D考查介词与语境理解。A.at在某一点；B．In在……里面；C.For为了；D．with用，句意：人们用火鸡和这个季节的传统食物来庆祝这个节日。根据句意及题干分析此空是“使用”的意思，故选 D。  
【小题58】C考查副词与语境理解。A.Anyway 无论怎样； B．Then然后；C．However然而；D．Instead代替，句意：然而，丽莉画了一张不同种类的画。根据语境及上下文是说丽莉与其他学生画的不同，所以此处是转折，故选C。  
【小题59】C考查名词与语境理解。A.head头；B．Farmer农民；C．Hand手；D．Policeman警察，句意：他画了一只手。根据上下文可知丽莉画的是一只手，故选C。  
【小题60】D考查名词与语境理解。A.sheep绵羊；B．Cows奶牛；C．Pigs猪；D．Turkeys火鸡，句意：因为农民用手喂火鸡。根据上下文学生们猜测这是农民的手，因为他们用手喂庆祝感恩节用的火鸡，故选D。  
【小题61】B考查动词与语境理解。A.punish惩罚；B．protect 保护；C．Catch抓；D．Call叫，句意：因为警察保护和关心人们。根据语境是警察保护人们，故选B。  
【小题62】C考查动词与语境理解。A.admired崇拜；B．Noticed注意；C．forgot 忘记；D．Found发现，句意：讨论继续着直到老师几乎忘记了这个小画家。根据句意是老师几乎忘了丽莉。故选C。  
【小题63】A考查名词与语境理解。A.desk课桌；B．Classroom教室；C．House房子；D．School学校，句意：老师来到了丽莉的课桌旁边。根据语境是课桌旁边，故选A。  
【小题64】C考查动词短语词与语境理解。A.gave up放弃；B．dressed up打扮；C．looked up抬头向上看；D．stayed up熬夜，句意：这个孩子抬头看看低声地说。根据语境是孩子抬起头看看，故选C。  
【小题65】C考查副词与语境理解。A.still仍然；B．Even甚至；C．Often经常；D．Never从不，句意：她经常说：“抓住我的手，丽莉。我们出去。”根据语境是老师经常说，故选C。

1. 分 阅读理解（共两大题，满分45分）

VIII.补全对话（共5小题，每小题1分，满分5分）

A: Li Mei, as a ninth-grade student, you must be very tired, right?

B: Yes. We’re going to take the most important examination and we must review every subject.

A: 66 \_\_\_\_\_\_

B: No. I have to get up at a quarter past six every morning and go to bed very late.

A: Why do you get up so early?

B: 67\_\_\_\_\_\_

A: Does your mother also get up so early?

B: Yes. She cooks breakfast for me. 68 \_\_\_\_\_\_

A: Your mother is so kind. Well, how do you memorize English words?

B: 69\_\_\_\_\_\_

A: Sounds great. 70 \_\_\_\_\_\_ I want to learn from you.

B: OK, if you think it will help.

|  |
| --- |
| A. By making word cards.  B. I have trouble learning new words.  C. Do you feel tired?  D. Can you get enough sleep every day?  E. She wants me to keep healthy.  F. What did you do?  G. Because I have to memorize English words. |

【答案】：

1D  2G  3E  4A  5B

【解析】 试题分析：短文大意：这篇短文中两个人主要谈到了九年级的学习生活。黎明每天都要起得很早，睡得很晚，导致睡眠不足。母亲为了他的健康，天天早起为他做饭。他通过制作单词卡片来学习英语单词。

1. 根据下文，不，我每天早晨必须在6:15起床，并且睡觉特别晚。可知选D，你每天能得到足够的睡眠吗？
2. 根据上文，你为什么要起这么早？可知选G，因为我要记英语单词。
3. 根据前一句，她为我做早饭。可知选E，她想让我保持健康。
4. 根据上文，你如何记住英语单词？可知选A，通过制作单词卡片。

5．根据后一句，我想向你学习。可知选B，我学习新单词有点困难。

IX.阅读理解（共20小题；每小题2分，满分40分）

阅读下列短文，从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

A

The wagon train (马拉篷车队) traveled for weeks, and Emily was bored and tired — tired of not having a real bed to sleep in. She was bored because there was nothing fun for a girl her age to do. Mom promised it wouldn’t be too much longer, but the trip seemed to take a very very long time.

       Then, one day, a rabbit caught Emily’s eye. Maybe she could catch it, and then she’d have a pet! Emily ran after the rabbit into a small forest behind the wagons, but it disappeared (消失). Emily looked and looked for it, but at last she gave up. She turned to go back, but nothing looked familiar (熟悉的). She started in one direction, but it was the wrong way. Emily tried another direction, but soon found that was wrong, too.

       Emily was scared. What if she couldn’t find the wagons? What if they didn’t realize she was lost and just kept moving farther and farther away from her? What if some wild animals hurt her?

       Emily sat on the ground and started to cry ... but wait ... did she hear voices? She stood up and ran towards them. As she got closer, she heard her mom’s voice and the voices of some of the men from the train. Then she could see them. Emily ran as fast as she could, right into her mom’s welcoming arms.

       Mom carried Emily back to their wagon and put her to bed. Emily was glad she was home. Home was wherever Mom was. She’d never say she felt bored again.

71. According to Paragraph 1, we can know that Emily wanted to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. take a long trip              B. sleep in a real bed

C. remember something fun  D. play with her mom

72. Emily tried to catch a rabbit to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. take it to school               B. give it to her mom

C. play with it               D. compete with it

73. Paragraph 3 mainly talks about \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. how Emily got lost         B. what Emily saw

C. how Emily hurt herself     D. what Emily feared

74. Emily found her mom \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. by her voice B. by her smell

C. with the help of the rabbit  D. with the help of the men from the train

【解析】：

71.B,从文中Emily was bored and tired — tired of not having a real bed to sleep in.可以看出。

1. C,从文中Maybe she could catch it, and then she’d have a pet!可以看出。
2. D,细节理解题，段落描述Emily担心的事情，所以选D。
3. A,从文中As she got closer, she heard her mom’s voice 可以看出。

B

When Vivienne Harry was 8 years old, she saw a photo she would never forget. It was a photo of two young boys carrying large, heavy rocks on their backs. These children were the same age as Vivienne. But they did not have the same freedom and opportunities (自由和机会) that she has.

In some parts of the world, children have to work hard long days and they can’t go to school. Vivienne wanted to change this. “I want all kids to be able to go to school and play,” said Vivienne, now“I want them to be happy.”

To help raise money for children like the two boys in the photo, Vivienne started a lemonade stand (柠檬汽水摊位) near her home in Marin County, California. She promised to work every day for a year, rain or shine. “Sometimes, it was hard for me, when the weather was bad or I wasn’t feeling well,” said Vivienne. “But I knew that some children were having a harder time than I was.”

Vivienne’s goal (目标) was to raise $100,000 in 365 days. On Day 175, she reached her goal. But that didn’t stop Vivienne from working. With the help of her family, she started Make a Stand. The company(公司) now puts Vivienne’s lemonade into bottles (瓶子) and sells it in 130 stores around the US. A small part of sales goes to help achieve (实现) Vivienne’s dream — to make the world a better place for all children.

75. The underlined word “this” in Paragraph 2 refers to the fact that \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. some children have to work all day and can’t go to school

B. some children don’t have clean water to drink

C. some children don’t have enough food to eat

D. some children have no home

76. We can learn from the passage that Vivienne \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. is 8 years old

B. is from California

C. has two brothers

D. mainly worked in good weather

77. Vivienne reached her goal of raising $100,000 \_\_\_\_\_\_ after she started the lemonade stand.

A. 130 days B. 175 days

C. 10 months D. a year

78. Make a Stand is the name of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a kind of lemonade B. a kind of bottle

C. a store D. a company

【解析】：

75.A,从文中In some parts of the world, children have to work hard long days and they can’t go to school可以看出。

1. B,从文中Vivienne started a lemonade stand (柠檬汽水摊位) near her home in Marin County, California可以看出。
2. B,从文中Vivienne’s goal (目标) was to raise $100,000 in 365 days. On Day 175, she reached her goal可以看出。
3. D,从文中With the help of her family, she started Make a Stand. The company(公司) now puts Vivienne’s lemonade into bottles (瓶子) and sells it in 130 stores around the US可以看出是一家公司的名字。

C

There are many different kinds of festivals around the world. Here are four of them.

Saint Patrick’s Day in Ireland

Ireland is an island country. It’s in the west of Europe. There are wide green fields (田野).

Saint Patrick’s Day is on March 17. It’s an important holiday in Ireland. This holiday is to remember Saint Patrick. He did good things for the people of Ireland.

During the holiday, there are parades (游行) and lots of green. You can see people in green clothes, and you can even see green buildings.

Red Wednesday in Iran

Red Wednesday is a fire jumping festival in Iran. It is on the eve of the last Wednesday of the year. People jump over the fire. They hope that it will take all the bad things away.

The Winter Carnival in Canada

When winter comes, it’s party time in Quebec City, Canada. The Quebec Winter Carnival is all about outdoor fun. It starts from the first Sunday in February and lasts for 10 days.

One of the most popular events is the dog sled (雪橇) race. It has more than 30 teams and the race goes on for 6 kilometers. You can see joy and happiness on every face.

The Desert Festival in Tunisia

Tunisia is a very important country in North Africa. Every year on the last Sunday in December, the Desert Festival is held in Tunisia. As “ships of the desert”, camels (骆驼) have the leading role in the festival. There are camel racing and camel wrestling (摔跤).

79. On Saint Patrick’s Day, you can see the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. camels B. parades

C. people in green D. green buildings

80. What do people do on Red Wednesday in Iran?

A. They run in the snow.

B. They wear red clothes.

C. They jump over the fire.

D. They watch the camel racing.

81. Which of the following is TRUE about the dog sled race according to the passage?

A. The race happens on March 17.

B. The race goes on for 6 kilometers.

C. The race has a history of about 10 years.

D. About 30 people go to the race every year.

82. When is the Desert Festival in Tunisia every year?

A. On the first Sunday in February.

B. On the last Sunday in December.

C. On the eve of the last Friday of the year.

D. On the eve of the last Wednesday of the year.

【解析】：

79.A,从文中During the holiday, there are parades (游行) and lots of green. You can see people in green clothes, and you can even see green buildings可以看出。

1. C,从文中People jump over the fire可以看出。
2. B,从文中It has more than 30 teams and the race goes on for 6 kilometers可以看出。
3. B,从文中Every year on the last Sunday in December可以看出。

D

On a warm day in 2050, Frank and Mary Smith wake up in their comfortable house and turn on the computer in their bedroom to get the latest (最新的) news. They used to read *The Guardian*, but changed to electronic (电子的) newspapers many years ago.Frank first reads some news about space: another space flight has returned from Mars. Then they turn to sport news. As they watch the screen, Mary pays for a robot to make coffee for them.

Then Frank disappears into another room to join a video meeting with his business partners around the world. Frank is a computer engineer. Mary is still in their bedroom. She picks up the video phone to talk to her assistant (助理). Mary also has a job and she is doing medical research. Both she and Frank used to have office jobs in London, but in 2040 they decided to move to the seaside and work from home.

Frank and Mary have one daughter, Louise. She goes to school only one day a week, mainly to play with other students. Classrooms disappeared in 2035 because there was no longer any need for them: the Internet had made it much easier to learn at home.

Louise, now thirteen, is studying Chinese at present, which has become a world language as important as English. Louise has many Chinese friends. They share many things online.

According to the family doctor, Louise will live to be at least 130. Her wish is to work for a few decades (十年) and then spend her time studying music and painting.

83. *The Guardian* is probably \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. science fiction                 B. a magazine

C. a book                          D. a newspaper

84. Frank reads news about \_\_\_\_\_\_ first.

A. travel                             B. space

C. music                             D. sport

85. How many people are there in the family?

A. Five.                               B. Four.

C. Three.                            D. Two.

86. Which of the following is TRUE about Louise?

A. She doesn’t often go to school.

B. She doesn’t have any Chinese friends.

C. She wants to work from home in the future.

D. She spends her time studying music and painting.

87. We can learn from the passage that in 2050 \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. China plays a very important part in the world

B. there are some classrooms in schools

C. more people work in offices

D. people don’t enjoy their life

【解析】：

83.D,从文中They used to read *The Guardian*, but changed to electronic (电子的) newspapers many years ago可以看出。

1. B,从文中Frank first reads some news about space可以看出。
2. C，从文中Frank and Mary have one daughter, Louise可以看出有三个人。
3. A,从文中 She goes to school only one day a week可以看出。
4. A,从文中Louise, now thirteen, is studying Chinese at present, which has become a world language as important as English可以看出。

E

Who wants to spend *24 Hours in the Desert*? It’s the name of an unusual book. At the beginning, this book describes what a desert is, and then it explains the different kinds of deserts. This book mainly talks about the Sahara Desert, because it is the world’s largest desert. It has an area of about 3.5 million square miles in northern Africa!

Morning life in a desert is described next. In this part, wind, sand, water, and plants relative (有关的) to the desert are discussed. Afternoon life, evening life, and nightlife in a desert are also described. Did you know that the Sahara Desert holds the record for the highest air temperature? Did you also know that sand from the Sahara Desert can ride the winds all the way across the Atlantic Ocean and IMG_256reach a beach in Florida, USA?

Near the end of the book, one page gives some facts about the Sahara Desert. In the rest of the book, you can find a glossary (术语汇编), a “find out more” part and an index (索引). The “find out more” part gives some books and websites to find out more information about the Sahara Desert.

This book is full of interesting pieces of information. It would be perfect for middle school students.

根据材料内容简要回答下列问题。

88. What does the book *24 Hours in the Desert* describe first?（不超过5个词）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

89. Why does the book mainly talk about the Sahara Desert?（不超过10个词）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

90. What is the “find out more” part about? （不超过15个词）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】：

88.What a desert is.

89. Because it is the world’s largest desert.

90.Books and websites to find out more information about the Sahara Desert.

【解析】

88.细节题 从文中第一段第三句“At the beginning, this book describes what a desert is”可知答案。

89.细节题 从文中第一段第三行“This book mainly talks about the Sahara Desert, because it is the world’s largest desert. ”可知答案。

90.细节题 从文中倒数第二段最后一句“The “find out more” part gives some books and websites to find out more information about the Sahara Desert.”可知答案。

1. **分 写作（共两大题，满分30分）**

**X.**单词拼写（共5小题，每小题1分，满分5分）

根据首字母及汉语提示，完成下列单词的拼写，使句意明确，语言通顺。

1. I often practice spoken English with my partners （同伴）

【解析】考察名词以及复数变化。

1. The population in our city has increased (增长) fast in the past few years.

【解析】考察动词及时态，根据“in the past few years”可知用现在完成时，所以increase用过去分词形式。

1. Visitors admire （仰慕）Beijing for its beauty.

【解析】考察动词及时态，根据句意且无特殊时间标志词可知是一般现在时，又因主语visitors 是复数，所以动词用原形admire。

1. The news spread (传播) all over the world fast. It caused panic.

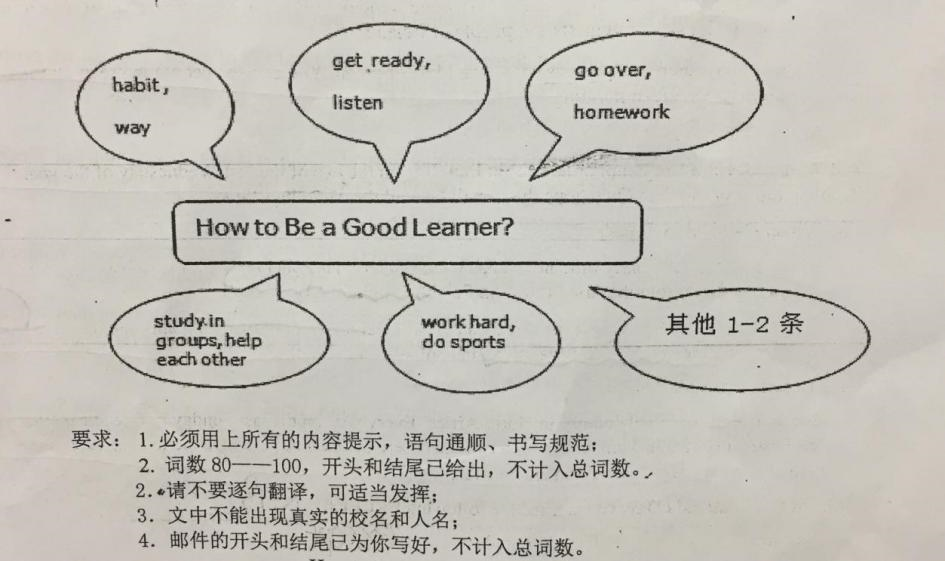
【解析】考察动词及时态，根据后一句的caused可知是过去时，所以传播也应是过去时，spread 的过去时就是其本身，所以填原形。

1. Please connect（连接）what you need to learn with what you are interested in.

【解析】考察动词，please 后接动词原形，直接填connect即可。

XI.书面表达（共1小题，满分25分）

为了交流学习经验，提高学习效率，《新世纪英文报》正在举办以“How to Be a Good Learner?”为题的征文比赛，请你踊跃投稿。



How to Be a Good Learner?

As a good learner, we should

I hope all these will be helpful to us.