

2012年苏州外国语学校 IGCSE、特长生综合能力调研 英 语

2012/5/1

一 单项选择 (每题 1 分, 共 20 分)

- () 1. --- When did he lose that nice watch?
--- _____ the morning of December 25th.
A. On B. In C. At D. During
- () 2. My grandpa is 67 years old, _____ he looks young.
A. so B. but C. and D. however
- () 3. Jack _____ his thick coat because it was snowing.
A. puts on B. put on C. takes on D. took on
- () 4. --- _____ beautiful dress you've got! --- _____
A. What; Really? B. How; I'm afraid not.
C. What a; Thank you. D. How; Oh, not really.
- () 5. --- Whose trousers _____? --- I guess they are _____.
A. is this; hers B. are these; her C. is this; her D. are these; hers
- () 6. --- What's in the bottle? _____ a little water.
A. It is B. There has C. They are D. There is
- () 7. Please pass me _____.
A. some pieces of chalk B. some chalks
C. some pieces of chalks D. some piece of chalk
- () 8. It is an _____ story; we are all very _____ in it.
A. interested; interesting B. interesting; interesting
C. interesting; interested D. interested; interested
- () 9. _____ me carefully, then you'll _____ me.
A. Hear; listen B. Listen; hear C. Hear; listen to D. Listen to; hear
- () 10. China is one of _____ in the world.
A. a biggest country B. the biggest countries
C. a big country D. the biggest country
- () 11. -- Would you like a cup of tea? -- _____
A. I'd like to. B. Yes, please. C. No. D. That's right.
- () 12. My friend, Jack, is from _____. He speaks _____.
A. America; American B. American; English
C. America; English D. American; American
- () 13. There are so many people in the shop. You must _____ your things.
A. look at B. look after C. take care D. look for
- () 14. The box is small, but it isn't _____.
A. old B. light C. empty D. new
- () 15. His family _____ a large one. The whole family _____ watching TV.
A. is, is B. are, are C. are, is D. is, are
- () 16. New York is _____ important city in _____ America.
A. an... the B. the... / C. a... / D. an... /
- () 17. Could you help _____?
A. making dinner B. make dinner C. made dinner D. with make dinner
- () 18. Stanley feels much _____ today.
A. good B. well C. better D. nice
- () 19. This machine is very easy to use. _____ can learn to use it in a very short time.
A. Somebody B. Anybody C. Nobody D. Few people
- () 20. There is _____ milk in my cup than in yours.
A. little B. few C. fewer D. less

二 完型填空 (每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

When Mary Smith was a 21, she wanted to be a teacher, 22 she liked children. When she was twenty, she began teaching in a small school. She was a good teacher, and she 23 a lot with the children in her class. They 24 her teaching. One day 25 of the girls in her class said to her, "Miss Smith, 26 does a man's hair become grey before his beard(胡子) does?"

Mary laughed and answered, "I don't know. Helen, do you know?"

"I don't know 27, Miss Smith," said Helen, "but it happened to my father." The 28 children in the class laughed when they heard this.

Then a boy said, "I 29, Miss Smith! A man's hair becomes grey 30 because it's sixteen years older than his beard."

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| () 21. A. woman | B. student | C. teacher | D. wife |
| () 22. A. so | B. but | C. that | D. because |
| () 23. A. cried | B. shouted | C. learned | D. laughed |
| () 24. A. refused | B. enjoyed | C. thought | D. wanted |
| () 25. A. one | B. a | C. an | D. two |
| () 26. A. when | B. how | C. why | D. whether |
| () 27. A. too | B. either | C. also | D. neither |
| () 28. A. some | B. few | C. other | D. another |
| () 29. A. think | B. know | C. guess | D. sure |
| () 30. A. fast | B. slowly | C. first | D. quickly |

三 阅读理解 (每题 2 分, 共 30 分)

A

On Christmas Eve ---- the night before Christmas Day children are very happy. They put their stockings at the end of their beds before they go to bed. They want Father Christmas to give them some presents.

Mr Green tells his children that Father Christmas is a very kind man. He comes on Christmas Eve. He lands on top of each house and comes down the chimney into the fireplace and brings them a lot of present.

Christmas Day always begins before breakfast. The children wake up very early. They can't wait to open the presents in their stockings. Then they wake up their parents and call: Merry Christmas!

Do you know what Christmas means? Christmas Day is the birthday of Jesus Christ (基督). When Christ was born, many people gave him presents. So today, people still do the same thing to each other.

- () 31. Father Christmas often puts the presents .
- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A into children's hats | B into children's stockings |
| C under children's beds | D into children's shoes |
- () 32. Father Christmas comes into the house through the .
- | | | | |
|----------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| A window | B front door | C chimney | D back door |
|----------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
- () 33. On Christmas Day, people often to each other.
- | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| A give money | B ask for money | C ask for present | D give presents |
|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|

B

Most English people have three names: a first name, a middle name and the family name. Their family name comes last. For example, my full name is Jim Allan Green. Green is my family name. My parents gave me both of my other names.

People don't use their middle names very much. So John Henry Brown is usually called John Brown. People never use Mr, Mrs or Miss before their first names. So you can say John Brown, or Mr Brown; but you should never say Mr John. Sometimes people ask me about my name. "When you were born, why did your parents call you Jim?" they ask. "Why did they choose that name?" The answer is they didn't call me Jim. They called me James. James was the name of my grandfather. In England, people usually call

me Jim for short. That's because it is shorter and easier than James.

() 34. Most English people have _____ names.

- A one B two C three D four

() 35. _____ is Jim's family name.

- A Jim B Green C Allan D James

() 36. The teacher's name is Mary Joan Shute. Her students call her _____.

- A Miss Mary B Miss Joan C Miss Mary Joan D Miss Shute

() 37. People usually call the writer Jim instead of James because _____.

- A It's the name of his grandfather B It's easier for people to call him
C It's the name that his parents chose for him D It's more difficult than James

C

"Cool" is a word with many meanings. Its old meaning is used to express a temperature that is a little bit cold. As the world has changed, the word has had many different meaning. "Cool" can be used to express feelings of interest in almost anything.

When you see a famous car in the street, maybe you will say, "It's cool." You may think, "He's so cool;" when you see your favourite footballer.

We all maximize (扩大) the meaning of "cool". You can use it instead of many words such as "new" or "surprising". Here's an interesting story we can use to show the way the word is used. A teacher asked her students to write about the waterfall they had visited. On one student's paper was just the one sentence, "It's so cool." Maybe he thought it was the best way to show what he saw and felt.

But the story also shows a scarcity (缺乏) of words. Without "cool", some people have no words to show the same meaning. So it is quite important to keep some credibility (可信性). Can you think of many other words that make your life as colourful as the word "cool"? I can. And I think they are also very cool.

() 38. In the passage, the word "express" means _____.

- A. see B. show C. know D. feel

() 39. If you are _____ something, you may say, "It's cool."

- A. interested in B. angry about C. afraid of D. unhappy with

() 40. The writer takes an example to show he is _____ the way the word is used.

- A. pleased with B. strange to C. worried about D. careful with

() 41. In the passage, the writer suggests (暗示) that the word "cool" _____.

- A. can be used instead of many words B. usually means something interesting
C. can make your life colourful D. may not be as cool as it seems

D

A judge was working in his room one day when a neighbor ran in and said, "If one man's cow kills another's, is the owner of the first cow responsible (需承担责任的)?"

"It depends", answered the judge.

"Well", said the man, "your cow has killed mine."

"Oh", answered the judge. "Everyone knows that a cow cannot think like a man, so a cow is not responsible, and that means that its owner is not responsible, either."

"I am sorry, Judge," said the man. "I made a mistake. I meant that my cow killed yours."

The judge thought for a few seconds and then said, "When I think about it more carefully, this case is not as easy as I thought at first." And then he turned to his clerk and said, "Please bring me that big black book from the shelf behind you."

() 42. The neighbor asked the judge _____.

- A. whether the first cow was responsible.
B. whether the owner of the first cow was responsible.
C. whether both cows were responsible.
D. whether both the owners were responsible.

() 43. When the neighbor reported that the judge's cow had killed his, the judge answered that _____.

- A. his cow was not responsible B. its owner was not responsible
C. neither a cow nor its owner was responsible D. his cow was responsible
- () 44. When the judge heard that his cow had died, he _____.
A. got angry B. said nothing
C. put his neighbor into prison D. changed what he had said at first
- () 45. In this story the judge was _____.
A. a clever judge B. a humorist(有幽默感的人) C. unfair D. Foolish

四. 句型 (共 15 分). (45-50 每空 0.5 分, 51-55 每题 2 分.)

46. He is thirty kilos. (对划线部分提问)
_____ his _____?
47. I was born on the fifth of June. (同义句)
My _____ on the fifth of June.
48. The woman with a small nose is my teacher. (对划线部分提问)
_____ woman is _____ teacher?
49. She is a woman doctor. (改为复数句)
_____ doctors.
50. The headmaster has been to New Zealand only once. (对划线部分提问)
_____ many _____ has the headmaster been to New Zealand?
51. 他正在问本一些关于公共标志的问题。
He _____ public signs.
52. 孩子们正忙着打扫教室。
The children _____ their classroom.
53. 要保持体形你最好多吃蔬菜, 少吃肉。
You'd better _____ and _____ to keep fit. (每空 1 分)
54. 通过电子邮件跟外国人交朋友是个好方式。
It is a good way to _____ foreigners by e-mail.
55. 你可以跟他一起去也可以待在家里。
You can _____ home.

五. 词汇 (每题 1 分, 共 15 分)

根据所给动词适当形式填空:

56. Can you finish _____ (work) out the program in a month?
57. Why not _____ (listen) to light music?
58. My parents don't know how _____ (use) computers.
59. The trip was pleasant and all the people _____ (enjoy) themselves.
60. We'll have to clean the room before mother _____ (come) home.

根据首字母写出正确单词:

61. People read n _____ every day to know what happens around them.
62. This book l _____ interesting.
63. Do you like p _____ baseball?
64. Turn o _____ the lights before leaving the classroom.
65. There a _____ any birds in the sky.

根据所给中文写出正确单词:

66. How many _____ are there in this zoo? (猴子)
67. The old man lived in a _____ street. (繁忙的)
68. He never _____ a kite because he doesn't like it. (放)
69. Please write a short passage about your dog at _____ 100 words. (至少)
70. It's not _____ to climb over the wall. (安全的)

六. 书面表达 (10 分)

以 My favourite teacher 为题, 用一段话介绍你最喜欢的老师, 可以描述一下他/她的外貌, 性格, 习惯等, 以及你为什么喜欢他/她的原因。字数大约 60 字。
