**2017—2018学年杭六中初三第二次模拟试题 英语试卷**



**笔试部分(满分120分）**

**第Ⅰ卷  选择题（满分65分）**

1. **阅读理解（共三节，满分40分）**
2. **(共4小题；每小题2分，满分8分)**

**阅读下面材料，为Kate，Lily，Molly和John选择他们感兴趣的信息，并将答题卡上相应的字母标号涂黑。**

**21.Kate likes to buy a house to live with her family in Guangming Road. Which message is she interested in?**

**22.Lily wants to have a pen pal in China. Which message will draw her attention?**

**23.Molly wants to learn French. Which message will interest her?**

**24.John loves animals. Which information will draw his attention?**

**A. Do you like animals? We have all kinds of animals here. Come and see for yourself.**

**B. Do you want to learn English? Do you want to learn Chinese? Do you want to learn**

**Japanese? We have very good language teachers here. Come and have a look.**



**C. Hello, my name is Chen Lina. I am Chinese. I want to have a pen pal.**

**D. I need to go to the United States for my further study. Anyone who interested in my**

**house in Guangming Road can call me at 13938705671.**

**第二节 (共12小题；每小题2分，满分24分)**

**阅读下列短文，掌握其大意，然后从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项，并将答题卡上相应的字母标号涂黑。**

**(A)**

**We all heard of stress. And many of us are in the face of stress.**

**Some of the stresses are good and can actually be helpful-they give you the energy you need to start your day, to face problems or even to prepare for good things( such as vacations).[来源:Z\_xx\_k.Com]**

**On the other hand, some stresses last for a long time, and make it hard for people to deal with their problems. These are bad stresses. People who are dealing with bad stresses often need help to face their problems, illnesses and even the influence on their family or social life.**

**But what many people don’t realize is that a life without stress can be possible, if dealt with it correctly.**

**Here are some ways that have been shown：**

**Realize that you can’t avoid stress, but you can learn how to deal with it.**

**•Find out where your stresses come from.**

**•Pay attention to your self-control and feelings.**

**•Choose exercises you like, three or four times a week.**

**•Eat healthily.**

**•Sleep well.**

**•Use social support.**

**•Think positively(积极地).**

**•Learn how to think about something seriously for a long time.**

**•Manage your time.**

**•Make a diary for your doctor-visit, MRI, blood examination, etc.**

**•A stress specialist can create a professional program for you.**

**Stress doesn’t have to be your enemy, and getting ready to deal with it can be the first step in the right direction. Remember that you do have a choice in the matter. As William James, an American philosopher, once wrote,“The greatest against stress is our ability to choose one thought instead of another.”**

**25.What can we get from good stresses?**

**A . Energy B. Support C. Choice D. Direction**

**26.We can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to deal with stress.[来源:学科网ZXXK]**

**A . do exercise as much as possible B. go to see a doctor**

**C. sleep well and eat less D. think positively**

**27.Which of the following sentences is TRUE according to the passage?**

**A . All stresses are harmful to you.**

**B. You can avoid stress as long as you learn some ways.**

**C. The first step in the right direction is getting ready to deal with your stress.**

**D. Stress must be your enemy.**

**(B)**

**Homework is a problem for students all over the world. As a student, you have a lot of homework to do every day. It’s a major part of going to school. It’s the best way to learn what you have learned in class. Luckily, there’re several things you can do to make homework less difficult.**

**•Be sure you understand your homework.**

**Write your homework down in your notebook if you need to. Don’t be afraid to ask questions about it. It’s much easier to ask the teacher during or after class than to try to remember later that night!**

**•Use any small pieces of time at school.**

**Many schools have study halls. They are designed to allow students to study there. It’s more interesting to play with your friends. But the more homework you finish at school, the less you’ll have to do that night.**

**•Take a break.**

**It’s difficult to hold your attention for too long. So take some breaks while doing your homework. Sitting for too long without relaxing will make you feel tired. Taking a 15-minute break every hour is a good idea for most people.**

**•Make a plan.**

**If you don’t finish your homework at school, think about how much you have left. Most students have between 1and 3 hours of homework a night. If it’s a heavy homework day, you’ll need to spend more time on it. It’s a good idea to make a homework timetable, especially when you want to enjoy sports or other activities.**



1. **What’s the best way to review what you have learnt in class?**

**A. Ask the teacher after class B. Do your homework**

**C. Try to remember later that night D. Make a plan for your homework**

1. **How many suggestions does the passage give to make homework less difficult?**

**A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four**

1. **Why do some schools have study halls?**

**A. To let students study there. B. To allow students to relax there.**

**C. To allow students to play with their friends. D. To let students do sports.**

1. **How to relax yourself when you are doing your homework?**

**A. Taking a deep breath B. Eating some snacks**

**C. Sleeping for a little while D. Taking a break**

**(C)**

**When people talk to each other, write letters or make phone calls, words of the spoken form or the written form, can send any messages they want to pass on.**

**But besides words, do you know any other ways you can use to communicate with people? Rich expressions on your face can be one of them. A smile on your face shows that you're happy. Tears in your eyes tell others that you are sad or excited. Body languages can do the same job. When you put your hand up in class, the teacher knows that you want to say something or you may have some questions to ask. You shake your head from side to side and people know you are saying "no" or refuse others' requirements. When you nod, people will understand that you're saying "yes" or agree to others' opinions or suggestions.**

**Other forms can also carry different messages. For example, a sign at the bus stop gives passengers instruction on which bus to take. The flag language made by soldier can pass a different orders. Sound from the school bell tells the students and teachers when to begin or end a class. A photographer can use the photos he has taken to tell others about what he thinks of the world around him. Music and films also can convey the feelings and the ideas of musicians and the directors. So next time when you see a piece of art or listen to some music, take it as communication with its creator and try to get the meaning behind it.**

**32.When people want to use words to communicate with others, they \_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A. write letters B. cry aloud C. keep silent D. make friends**

**33.According to the passage you just need to\_\_\_\_\_\_ if you agree to others’ suggestions.**

**A. close your eyes B. put up your hand**

**C. move your head up and down D. shake your head from side to side**

1. **Through a photo we may know\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A. which bus can be taken B. what the orders mean for soldiers**

**C. how the photography sees the world D. when the students should have a class**

**35.The underline word “convey” probably means\_\_\_\_\_\_in the passage.**

**A. 掩饰 B. 传递 C. 克制 D. 爆发**

**36.The best title for the passage may be\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A. Spoken and Written Languages B. Forms of Communication**

**C. Facial Expressions and Gestures D. Suggestions on Communication**

**第三节 (共4小题；每小题2分，满分8分)**

**根据短文内容，从短文后的五个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项（选项中有一项为多余选项），并将答题卡上相应的字母标号涂黑。**

**One is not born able to speak a language．One is born able to make a noise．I have heard babies cry in America and in China．\_\_\_37\_\_\_\_ But when I hear someone from America speak English and hear someone speak Chinese, I can tell you there are a lot of differences．**

**When Chinese students are learning English ,they often have a common problem. \_\_\_\_38\_\_\_\_They have an idea spoken in English and want to translate the idea into Chinese, Then they think in Chinese of the proper reply and translate it into English．You should speak more English. In fact, after a long period of speaking the language, one begins to think in the foreign language naturally．You will learn faster if you begin to think in English at the very beginning of your study．**



**\_\_\_\_39\_\_\_\_ Of course, the best way is to live where English is spoken as a language of the country. Many students ask me, \_\_\_40\_\_\_\_ My reply is: The more English you speak, the better English you will speak．I don’t think there is any easier and quicker way to learn a language well than speaking.**

1. **The problem is that they were not taught to think in English.[来源:学\*科\*网Z\*X\*X\*K]**
2. **What can I do to improve my spoken English?**
3. **I can’t tell any difference at all.**



1. **There are many things you can do to improve your spoken English.**
2. **I believe it’s easy to deal with it if you speak more English.**
3. **语言知识运用（共三节，满分41分）**
4. **单项选择（共10小题；每小题1分，满分 10分）**

**从下列A，B，C，D四个选项中选出最佳选项，并将答题卡上相应的字母标号涂黑。**

**41.My classroom is 3 times \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my bedroom.**

**A . as big as B. as bigger as C. so big as D. bigger than**

**42. I want to read all the books \_\_\_\_\_\_ were written by Lu Xun.**

**A . which B. that C. who D. whose**

**43. It’s two years \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he came here.**

1. **when B. since C. after D. until**

**44. -–Mom, I don’t know if Mike \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to my birthday party.**

**-–I think he will come if he \_\_\_\_\_ free.**

1. **comes, is B. comes, will be C. will come, is D. will come, will be**

**45.All the students in the classroom do their homework \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**A. enough careful B. careful enough C. enough carefully D. carefully enough**

**46. This pair of shoes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me well, but the shoes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ expensive.**

1. **fit, are B. fits, are C. fits , is D. fit, is**

**47. A new road \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ near my school so far.**



**A. builds B. is building C. has been built D. has built**

**48. Would you like to tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?**

1. **how can I learn English better B. how I can learn English better**

**C. why can I learn English better D. why I can learn English better**



**49.The old man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for five years.**

**A. died B. has died C. has been dead D. is dead**

**50.There are several women teachers modeling traditional costumes.**

1. **/ / B. / / C. / / D. / /**

**第二节 完形填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

**阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项，并将答题卡上相应的字母标号涂黑。**

**It was a sunny and enjoyable day. Everyone in the \_\_51\_\_\_station was waiting for the train to arrive. Among the crowd, there was a group of young friends who were on board for vacation.  
It was a \_\_52\_\_\_ station with a lot of people and some juice shops, coffee and tea stalls, newspaper shops, etc. The train was arriving and everyone prepared to\_\_53\_\_\_the train to their seats.  
 The group of friends made loud noise to \_\_54\_\_\_ the train as it moved into the station. They ran to get their seats \_\_\_55\_\_ anyone entered the train.  
 The empty seats were \_\_56\_\_and the train whisded (鸣汽笛) to move. An old man with a young boy aged around 15 had their seats just next to the friends' group. The young boy was so \_\_\_57\_\_\_to see everything. He cheered, "Dad, the train is moving and the things are moving backward."  
 His father \_\_\_58\_\_ and nodded his head. 6+**



**As the train started moving fast, the young boy again screamed (尖叫) , "Dad, the \_\_59\_\_\_are green in color and run backward very fast. " His father said, “ Yes, dear," and smiled.**

**Just like a kid, he was watching everything with great \_\_60\_\_\_.  
 A fruit seller passed selling apples, bananas and oranges. The young boy asked his dad, "I want to eat \_\_61\_\_\_. " His father bought some for him. He said, "Oh, this apple looks a lot sweeter than it tastes. I love this color. " The group was watching all the \_\_62\_\_\_of this boy and asked the boy's father, "Is your son having any problem? Why is he behaving so \_\_63\_\_\_ ?"  
 " His son is mad, I think," a friend from the group made fun of him and shouted.  
 The father of the young boy, with patience, \_\_\_64\_\_ the friends' group, “My son was born \_\_\_65\_\_ . Only a few days ago he was operated. He is seeing different things in his life for the first time. "  
 The young friends became very quiet.  
51. A. railway B. bus C. police D. television  
52. A. dark B. silent C. busy D. lonely  
53. A. get off B. get down C. get out D. get into  
54. A. break B. welcome C. push D. leave  
55. A. after B. until C. before D. as  
56. A. washed B. moved C. filled D. carried  
57. A. surprised B. afraid C. sorry D. proud  
58. A. shouted B. smiled C. cried D. refused  
59. A. skies B. trees C. rivers D. houses  
60. A. interest B. doubt C.courage D. sadness  
61. A. apples B. bananas C.oranges D. strawberries  
62. A. fruits B. words C. clothes D. activities  
63. A. happily B. differently C. quietly D. quickly  
64. A. quarreled with B. waited for C. replied to D. pointed at  
65. A. normal B. deaf C. mad D. blind**



**第II卷  非选择题（满分55分）**

**注意：将答案写在笔试答题卡上,写在本卷上无效。**

**第三节 语法填空 （共8小题；每小题2分，满分16分）**

**阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容或括号内单词的正确形式，每空一词。**

**A: What do you want for breakfast?**

**B: I want \_\_\_\_66\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A: If you don’t eat anything, you’ll be\_\_\_67\_\_\_\_ at school.**

**B: I’ve got some chocolate in my bag.**

**A: Oh,Sam, if you don’t eat properly, you’ll get sick.**

**B: I’ll eat an apple as well.**

**A: \_\_\_68\_\_\_ (eat) an apple is not enough. It’s a long time until lunch.**

**B:But Mom, I’m not hungry.**

**A: It \_\_\_69\_\_\_\_\_(not) matter. You must eat something. It’s good for you.**

**B:OK, but it must be quick.**

**A:Here’s a sandwich and a glass of milk.**

**B:OK, I’ll drink the milk. My teacher often says milk must be \_\_70\_\_\_(drink) every day.**

**A: Tomorrow you must get up \_\_\_71\_\_\_(early).**

**B: OK. Tomorrow is also my \_\_\_72\_\_\_\_(nine) birthday. I’m old enough to look after**

**\_\_\_\_73\_\_\_\_**

**第三部分 写作（共三节，满分39分）**

1. **阅读表达（共5小题; 每小题2分，满分10分）**

**阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。**

**Honesty of American students  
 When I first arrived in America, I was surprised by the honesty of my classmates. Over my first month at school, I didn’t see or hear anyone cheating. I found two reasons for this.  
 First, if any student cheats, he or she will get punished. My school has a rule called the Honor Code. It asks students not to steal, lie or cheat. If someone goes against the code, he or she will have to leave the school. During my first year in the school, seven students left the school because of cheating.  
 Second, American students don’t care about scores as much as Chinese students do. They know that colleges will look at their all-round abilities instead of only scores. So they have fewer reasons to cheat.  
74. Why was the writer surprised when he first arrived in America?  
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
75. What is the Honor Code about?  
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
76. What will happen if students go against the code?  
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
77. Who does the writer think care more about scores, American students or Chinese students?  
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
78. Do American colleges all-round abilities are important for students?**



**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**第二节 翻译（共3小题; 每小题3分，满分9分）**

**阅读短文，并将划线部分译成英文或中文。**

**Forests are the lungs of the earth. 79.没有它们，地球不能呼吸。 It needs its forests to remove carbon dioxide from the air and to make oxygen. In many countries, such as New Zealand, Canada, and Brazil, forests were cut down to provide wood to build houses. many young volunteers around the world are working in their holidays to plant new trees to replace them. These young men and women face many difficulties when they plant new trees. The weather may be very hot and dry or it may be very cold and wet. There are often many insects that bite these planters on their legs, arms, and faces while they work. They carry heavy bags of small trees, and working in the mountains can be dangerous. Tree planters are changing the world. They plant different types of trees so that birds and animals can live in the forests. 81.虽然种树很难，但是它们热爱他们的工作。They believe that in 50 years their little trees will become beautiful forests.**

1. **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**
2. **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**
3. **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**第三节 书面表达 （满分20分）**

**课堂是教育我们做人、传授我们知识、培养我们能力、促进我们成长的重要场所。在你的课堂生活中，一定有许多难忘的瞬间。请以“An unforgettable class”为题，写一篇英语短文，向大家介绍一下你难忘的一节课。**

**习作要点：[来源:学科网ZXXK]**

1. **When did it happen and what subject was it ?**
2. **What unforgettable activities or events happened during the class ?**
3. **How did you feel about the class ?**

**写作要求：1.语言流畅，意思连贯，可围绕要点适当增加情节**

**2.字数100字左右**

**(请把作文写在答题卡上)**

**听力部分（满分30分）**

**听力（满分30分）**

**做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。听力部分结束前，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。**

**Ⅰ.听句子，选择符合句意的最佳图片,每个句子读两遍.（7.5分）**

**1.**

**2.**

**[来源:Zxxk.Com]**

**3.**

**4.**

**5.**

**Ⅱ.听小对话，选择最佳答案,每段小对话读两遍.(7.5分）**

**6.How is Peter today ?**

**A. He’s not happy. B. He’s fine. C. She’s happy.**

**7.When will Andy come back ?**

**A. After Christmas B. On New Year’s Day C. Next month**

**8.What is the girl interested in ?**

**A Singing. B .Dancing C.Both A and B**

**9.Who will speak at the graduation ceremony ?**

**A. The girl. B. The boy C.Both A and B**

**10.Where will the boy probably go for the summer vacation ?**

**A.To the beach . B.To the countryside. C.To the museum**



**Ⅲ.听长对话，根据对话内容，选择最佳的答案。每段长对话读两遍。（7.5分）**

**请听下面一段对话，回答第11至12小题。**

**11.Who is going to No.1 High School?**

**A. Peter. B. Linda. C. Helen**

**12. Which high school do Linda’s parents think is the best in their city?**

**A . No.1 High School B. No.15 High School C. We don’t know**

**请听下面一段对话，回答第13至15小题**

**13. Who is the woman ?**

**A . The man’s daughter B. The man’s wife C. The man’s student .**

**14. How long will it take to get to Blue Sky Water World by car ?**

**A.About half an hour B.About one hour C. About one and a half hour.**

**15. Where will they probably go this weekend?**

**A.Sunshine Park. B. A small zoo C.Blue Sky Water World**



**Ⅳ.听短文，填写下面表格中所缺的信息。短文读两遍（7.5分）**

**Something about the accident**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Place** | **In front of a 16.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shop** |
| **Bicycle rider** | **A boy about 17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years old** |
| **Color of the bicycle** | **18.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** |
| **Results** | **An old man was hurt badly. But the boy 19.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ away . The twins and their parents sent the old man to the 20.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hospital.** |