2019中考英语模拟试题



**一、选择填空。（共15小题，计15分）**

从A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

1. —Have you seen *wolf warriors II*(《战狼II》)?

—Yes. This is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_educational film and it has become one of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ most

popular filmsin the world.

A. a; /    B.a; the C. an; the      D. /; the

2. —Hi, Cathy! I saw MissZhang in the meeting room just now.

―No, it \_\_\_\_\_\_ be her. She wentto Nanjing two days ago.

A. must            B. may              C.can’t           D. needn’t

3. —Did you watch 2018 CCTVSpring Festival Evening Gala in Taian?

—Certainly. That night the skyover Taian was as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as that in the day with thelight.

A. bright          B.brightly        C. brighter  D. more brightly

4. — What about going to thecinema on foot with me, Wei Ming?

   — I prefer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a bike to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there.

A. ride; walk  B. riding; walk C.ride; walking   D. riding; walking

5. China’sfirst home-built aircraft carrier(航空母舰) hit the water in Dalian \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

the morningof April 26, 2017.

A. in                     B. on                C. at                D.to

6. When we see any waste lyingon the ground, we should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. pick it out      B. point at it  C. pick it up      D. kick it out

7. —It’s said that the TV program *Readers*was quite popular.

   —Yes. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my little sister likeswatching it very much.

A.Neither;nor B.Both;and   C.Either; or  D. Not only; but also

8. — Do you know China’sfamous scientist Pan Jianwei?

— You mean “the father of quantum”(量子之父)? Yes, he is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of our country.

A. pride     B. prize              C. proud           D.heart

9.—We’llstudy in different schools next term. I hope you’ll enjoy your time in the newschool!

— \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. I’ll takeyour advice．                    B.The same to you．

C.Congratulations!                               D. Me, too.

10. — Will Sally come heretomorrow?

   — I don’t know if she\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here tomorrow. If she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here, I will tell you.

A. comes; comes                   B. willcome; comes

C. comes; will come               D. willcome; will come

11. —The 24th Winter Olympics will be held in China in2022.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ exciting news it is!

A. How          B. What an         C. What               D. How an

12. Everyday, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people waitto watch the raising of the national flag at Tian’anmen Square.

A.thousands        B. two thousands

C.thousand of      D. thousands of

13. —Wechat is an invention \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can help people talk to friends, share photos, ideas andfeelings freely.

   —I think it’s very useful in our life.

 A. which      B. whom         C. where           D. whose

14. — Would you mind my usingyour camera?

   — Sorry, there’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with it.

      A.wrong something                  B. wronganything

C. anything wrong                     D.something wrong

15. —Many people talk about “Didi”. I really wonder \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.[

—Just call to order a taxi through it on your mobile phone.

A. how I can use it            B. whouses it most

C. why people use it           D. whatit is used for

**二、完形填空。（共10小题，计10分）**

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出一个能填入文中相应空白处的最佳答案。

Young Chinese would like to wear sweaters with messages. They expect to  stop family members from nagging(唠叨) in the   16   traditional Chinese Spring Festival period,beginning on Feb, 16.

One such sweater features(特载)messages such as “Please don’t ask me the grades infinal examinations”, “Your child is really great” ,“No 17  salary, “I am on a diet, I can’t eat too much” and so on.

Sweaters with these messages become  18  becausethey provide answers to nagging questions from some youths’ parents or relatives.

During the Spring Festival, familymembers gather together and some of the elder ones always ask the  19  membersof the family questions which they feel unhappy to answer. For example, “Howmany points did you get in final examinations?” or “When will you be  20  ?”.

Many internet users  21  thelogo sweaters are lovely, and help them not need to answer questions if theywear the clothes during the holiday.

  22  , someinternet users are not that optimistic (乐观) about the sweaters.

There are alsomany  23   methods to keep people from family naggingduring the Spring Festival holidays. For example, some netizens(网民) suggest we can please our parents or other elderrelatives by  24  their words and doing what they want usto do.

Other internet users hoped they couldshare with their family members a song 25 What I Do is for Your Own Good, with the lyrics “My dear familymembers, I have my own life.”

16. A. sevendays          B. seven day

C. seven-day      D.seven-days

17. A.talking about        B. to talk about

C. talk about     D.talked about

18. A.safe               B. polite         C. important      D.popular

19. A.taller             B. happier        C.younger      D. stronger

20. A.married          B. marrying     C. to marry      D.marry

21. A.know              B. agree        C. wonder         D.decide

22. A.But                B. So           C.However            D. Though

23. A.another         B. others         C. theother            D. other

24. A. listeningto    B.hearing of   C. saying to       D.looking at

25. A.calling           B. to call         C.call                D. called

**三、阅读理解。（共20小题，计40分）**

**A**

WorldBook Day is coming. What’s your favorite book? Here are the answers of fourstudents in Sunshine Middle School.

|  |
| --- |
| My favorite book is *A Friend like Henry*. It’s about how a family dog helps a boy deal  with his autism(自闭症). When I felt sad,  my best friend gave me this book. It cheered me up.  —David |
| Reading in the holiday is an interesting  thing. *Twenty Thousand Leagues Under  the Sea* is my favorite book. It’s about a captain’s travels under the  sea. The story is very interesting and the pictures are fantastic. This book  can make you relaxed.  —Tony |
| I like reading the Four Great Classical  Novels of China although I’m a foreigner from Sydney. I can’t wait to tell  the book *Romance of the Three Kingdoms*(《三国演义》).  I learned a lot about the three kingdoms of Wei, Shu and Wu. If you are  interested in history, don’t miss it.  —Bob |
| In my opinion, *The Little Prince* is the best one. In this book, a young prince  falls to the Earth from a small planet and experiences a lot. It’s not just a  fiction, and it also tells us about the correct values.  —Mary |

26. Why does David think *A Friend like Henry* is his favoritebook?

A.Because it can cheer him up.              B.Because it is fiction.

C.Because it is a gift from his father.            D.Because it is about travels under the sea.

27. If Sarah likes books withfantastic pictures, which book should she choose?

A.*A Friend like Henry*.

B. *TwentyThousand Leagues Under the Sea*.

C.*Romance of the Three Kingdoms*.

D. *The Little Prince*.

28. As for the book *Romance of the Three Kingdoms,*which ofthe following is **NOT TRUE?**

A.It can make people feel relaxed.

B.It is one of the Four Great Classical Novels of China.

C.It talks a lot about the three kingdoms in China.

D.It will be loved by the people who are interested in history.

29. We can learn about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_from *The Little Prince*.

A.Chinese history                                       B. correct values

C.making friends                                        D. keeping dogs

30. What do you think the passageprobably is?

A.A letter.                                                  B. A notice.

C.A story.                                                  D. A report.

**B**

Asan old Chinese saying goes, Spring Festival comes right after the LabaFestival, so get ready for a bowl of porridge while looking forward to thelong-awaited family get-together.

Today, people across China are celebrating the Laba Festival. It is a traditionalChinese festival. It’s on the eighth day of the 12th lunar month. What doesthis festival mean to Chinese people? OK, It just tells people to prepare forcelebrating the coming New Year’s Day and for **wanderers**to return home to get together with their family.

Long long ago, Laba Festival was a day of thanks for a good harvest. Onthis day, people usually eat Laba porridge, a porridge with eight kinds ofmixed grains（谷物）. Many templestoday have the tradition ofgiving out Laba porridge to the public. The sweet, red porridge is believed tobring luck and joy.

The festival is also the day for people to put garlic in vinegar（醋）. The garlic turns green, and this Laba garlic will beeaten with dumplings on Chinese New Year’s Day. While in the past, It was usedto let people remember to pay back the money they had borrowed, as Laba is nearthe end of the year and ‘garlic’ (suàn, 蒜 in Chinese) sounds the sameas ‘calculate’(suàn, 算).

Customs are quite different across the country. People in Qianxian, eastChina’s Anhui Province, will eat the Laba tofu a few days before. In XiningCity, northwest China’s Qinghai Province, people will eat porridge with beefand mutton.

31. The Laba Festival is on\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. The eighth day of December

B. The eighth day of January

C. The eighth day of the twelfth month

D. The eighth day of the twelfth lunar month

32. The underlined word “**wanderers”**probably means\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. 奇迹          B. 怀疑者            C. 流浪者            D. 离家者

33. The writer does NOT tellus that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about Laba Festival.

 A. Laba Festival is the start forpeople to prepare for the coming New Year

 B. Laba Festival means it’s time tothink about returning home

 C. the festival was a day of thanksfor a good harvest in the old days

 D. customs about Laba Festival arealmost the same across the country

34. What can we learn fromParagraph 4 according to this passage?

   A. The garlic will turn green and be eatenwith noodles.

B. Laba garlic will be eaten before Laba Festival.

C. People usually put garlic in vinegar on New Year’sDay.

D. ‘garlic’ sounds the same as ‘calculate’ in Chinese.

35. What’s the best title forthe passage?

A. The Laba Festival.

B. The beginning of Laba Festival.

C. The customs of Laba Festival.

D. Laba Festival is different in different parts ofChina.

**C**

     OuPingqin was a teacher in a special school (for deaf and mute（聋哑）students）,who has recently been considered the MostBeautiful Teacher in China.

Aftergraduating from a college, she went to this school alone and worked there fornearly twenty years. The headmaster of the school said, “She worked hard andtaught well. She was a backbone teacher in our school. She was also themost welcome teacher among the students. For students, she was like a mother.They called her Little Mother.”

One day, whenshe was talking with her students in the dormitory. It looked as if somethingheavy would fall off. It was dangerous. At that time, without any hesitation（犹豫）, she pushed two students away, but she was hitheavily. However, she continued working with great pain later.

One of her officemates （同事） said, “Ou Pingqin was not only a teacher but alsoa mother to her students in her class. She cared about their studies and eventheir life. She was very strict in her work.”

A student’sparent said, “She was very warm-hearted. My son lost his father who supportedthe family. Every month, the teacher gave him 100 yuan to buy books from herown income.” She gave all her life to the teaching and her students, but shedidn’t marry when she died at the age of 36.

Ou Pinqin’sdeeds have drawn much attention in the country. She was the students’ LittleMother, but gave them great love.

36. From the report we know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_．

A. Ou Pingqinwas born in Yangxin

B. Ou Pingqinwas old

C. Ou Pingqinhad a son

D.Ou Pingqin didn’t marry

37. The underlined word “backbone” in the passagemeans \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in Chinese．

A．驼背               B．中枢                     C．骨干            D．脊椎

38. Which of the following is NOT TRUE according tothe report?

A. She saved the students in danger.

B. She bought books for herself everymonth.

C. Shegraduated from a college.

D.She helped the poor student.

39. In the report, Ou Pingqin was praised by manypeople except \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. her mother                                     B.her student’s parent

C. herofficemate                                 D. her headmaster

40. The best title of the report is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. SaveStudents                                     B.A Teacher’s Life

C. LittleMother, Great Love                      D.Beautiful Mother

**D**

Sophia is a robot in Saudi Arabia. She made history at ameeting that was held in the country on Oct 25. On that day, she became thefirst robot in the world to get citizenship (公民身份), according to The New York Times.

     In the future, Sophia may have the same rights as ahuman Saudi Arabian citizen.

     Sophia looks like a human woman. In 2015, a US companybuilt her and gave her an artificial intelligence system (人工智能系统). This meansSophia can talk and act like a human. She also has the ability to learn frompeople, books and the Internet.

“I will do mybest to make the world a better place,” Sophia said at the meeting.

 But not everyone is happy with Sophia’scitizenship. Some think robots like her could be dangerous. They could becomeenemies of humans if they go out of control.

    For this, Sophia said she also had values like wisdomand kindness. “Don’t worry, if you’re nice to me, I’ll be nice to you,” shesaid.

41. Who is Sophia?

A. She is a scientist who invented a robot.

B. She is a woman from Saudi Arabia.

C. She is a robot who looks like a humanwoman.

D. She is the same as a humanwoman.  
42. What special thing did the robot get on Oct25?  
   A. Shegot her name.             B.She was made into a woman.  
   C. Shegot citizenship.         D.She got the same rights as humans.  
43. With her AI system, Sophia can do all of thefollowing EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
   A. talkwith people                  B. dothe same things people do  
   C.learn from books or the Internet        D. control the world  
44. Some people are not happy about the robot’scitizenship, because they think \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
   A. arobot is just a robot, not a real human

B. the robot may bring danger to humans  
   C. therobot may help humans’ enemies

D.humans can’t be smarter than robots  
45. The last paragraph tells us that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
   A. therobot can be as nice as anyone else

B. the robot is not as active as youthink  
C. the robot will treat you badly if you do badthings  
D. the robot doesn’t have citizenship

**四、口语交际。（共5小题，计5分）**

根据对话内容，从方框内选择恰当的句子填入对话相应的空白处，使对话完整，合乎情景 (有两个多余选项)。

A: Elizabeth, help me!（46）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Hey, Xiaowei. Although you may be unhappy with your parents, you shouldtalk to them. Ask them why they give you so much pressure.

A:（47）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: But life shouldn’t just be about grades. Free time activities likesports and hanging out with friends are important, too.

A: I totally agree. I needmore free time to do activities I enjoy.（48）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Yes, you won’t get goodgrades if you’re stressed out all the time.

A: I also keep worrying aboutgetting better grades than my classmates.

B:（49）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ You should all be helping eachother to improve.

A: You’re right.（50）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Elizabeth.

**五、单词拼写。(共10小题，计10分)**

（一）  根据句意，用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空。

|  |
| --- |
| remain    nine    happy   different    friend |

51.Teachers’ Day is in the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ month of the year.

52. Many people don’t alwayssee things the same way so they may describe the same person \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

53. Althoughbike-sharinghassomeproblemssuchasdisorderlyparking,it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_popularinShenzhen.

54.You treat the environmentwell, and it will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

55. Giving others flowers astheir birthday gifts is seen as bright symbols of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and good wishes.

（二）根据句意及汉语提示，填写句中所缺的单词。

56. Youngpeople in the 21st \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(世纪) are full of hope andchallenge.

57. I won’t go to Liu’s house-warming party \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(除非) she invites me.

58. China is no longer the UK’s \_\_\_\_(塑料)rubbish ground as China bans ‘foreign waste’.

59. On \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(十一月)11, there isa special day created by Chinese people for singles.

60.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(透过)the window, we can see the bright moon on Mid-autumn Day.

**六、动词应用。（共10小题，计10分）**

阅读下面短文，用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空, 必要时可加助动词或情态动词。

Inearly January this year, a Chinese boy’s fate has caught millions of people’sattention. The boy  1  (name )Wang Fuman is known to people as “frost boy”（冰花男孩）.

On a very cold winter morning, Wang spent more than an hour   62  (walk)4.5 kilometers to school. Wearing a thin jacket, he braved -9°cweather 63 （take）an exam in Shaotong, southern China’s Yunan Province. When he arrived, hishair and eyebrows   64  (cover) completely by frost. As soon ashis classmates saw him entering the classroom, they gave a loud laughter. AndWang   65  ( make) a funny face to his classmates.

Seeing the lovely boy, Headmaster Fu took a photo of him and put it on theInternet. The picture quickly became popular, and Wang became an overnight staronline. “So far, over 300,000 netizens 66  (share) his picture.” Saida reporter.

The name Fuman translates as “full of happiness”, but Wang does not comefrom a wealthy family. He   67  (live) in a mud hut with his grandmotherand elder sister, and hardly sees his parents because they work in othercities. A reporter said, “The people are very warm-hearted, and now his family  68  (get)help to build a new house close to the school.”

After the Chinese Lunar New Year, a private school offered the boy and hissister a chance of free boarding education. Mr. Yang, the headmaster said,“Although they come from poverty, they      69  (change) their fate(命运) through hard work” .

“I   70   (leave) the mountains for sure,” he saidduring one appearance, according to news reports. “I’ll study hard and become apolice officer.”

**七、英汉互译。（共5小题，计10分）**

将下列英语句子译成汉语,汉语句子译成英语。

71. The Belt and Road has increased the communication among the countriesin a rapid way.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

72. No matter how hard your situation is, you had betternot lose heart.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

73. 春天一到，鸟儿就飞回北方。(as soon as)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

74. 去年暑假他教会了爷爷如何用新手机。 (how to do)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

75. 有时作业太难，许多学生不会做。(too...to...)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**八、阅读表达。（共5小题, 计10分）**

阅读下面的短文，并根据短文后的要求答题。

Zhuge Liang lived during the Three Kingdoms period. Hewas famous for his talent and loyalty (忠诚).  
    When Zhuge Liang was young, he livedthe life of a farmer in Nanyang . Liu Bei visited him three times. Finally,Zhuge Liang promised to do his best to help Liu Bei. A few years later, theybuilt the state of Shu.

    After the death of Liu Bei, his son LiuShan became the emperor of Shu. Zhuge Liang helped him rule the state. He wasthe prime minister, but he took care of everything, no matter how small it is.(3)Because of his hard work, the state became much stronger than before.

 At that time, the state of Wei was an enemy ofShu. Zhuge Liang led the army to fight Wei many times. Before he left,(4) ZhugeLiang wrote a letter to the emperor. At the end of the letter, he said, “Iwill give myself to the people and the country until the last day of my life.”The war between Shu and Wei lasted for a long time. Finally, Zhuge Liang becamesick and died.

   It tells us …  
   （5）Zhuge Liangspent all his time working for his people and country. A great manlike him will always be remembered.

76, Did Zhuge Liang live in the Spring and Autumn period?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_77.How many times did Liu Bei visit Zhuge Liang?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_78.将(3)改为because引导的复合句。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_79.将(4)改为被动语态。\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

80. 将(5)用take改为同义句。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**九、书面表达（共1题，计20分）**

假如你是李明，你的英国笔友Jack来信询问你的家乡是否有雾霾天气，情况如何。请你按照以下提示给他回一封e-mail。

内容如下：

1. 由于大气污染程度十分严重，去年已发生数次雾霾天气；

2. 人们已经意识到雾霾天气的危害，正在采取各种措施减少其发生；

3. 你在日常生活中打算为此做些什么。

参考词汇：雾霾haze

**注意：**

1. 文中不得出现真实姓名和学校名称；

2. 语言通顺，句子连贯，条理清楚，书写规范；

3. 词数80左右，信件的开头与结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Jack,

    I’m glad to receive your letter, and thankyou for your caring for the weather and my health. Now I’d like to tell yousomething about the haze.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

                                                       Yours,

                                                       Li Ming

**参考答案**

**第一至四题（90分）**

1－5 CCADB             6－10 CDABB             11－15CDADA            16－20 CADCA

21－25 BCDAD         26－30ABABD            31－350DDDDA          36－40DCBAC

 41－45  CCDBA         46—50 DBAGC

**五、单词拼写。(10分)**

51.ninth52. differently      53.remains     54.friendly        55. happiness

56. century       57. unless          58.plastic      59. November      60. Through

**六、动词应用。（10分）**

61. named   62. walking     63.to take   64.werecovered

65. made

66. have shared       67.lives        68. is getting  69. can change         70.will leave

（二）评分说明：

1．本题共10分，每小题1分；

2．未用所给动词者不得分。与答案不符，但只要形式正确，符合题意也可得分。单词大小写错误每两处扣0.5分。

**七、英汉互译。（10分）**

71.“一带一路”以很快的速度增进了国家间的交流。

72. 不论你的处境有多难，你最好别灰心。

73. Birds will fly to the north as soon as spring comes.

74. He taught his grandpa how to use the new mobile phone last summerholiday.

75. Sometimes the homework is too difficult for many/some/a lot ofstudents to do.

**八、 阅读表达。（10分）**

76. No, he didn’t.

77. Three times.

78. Because he workedhard, the state became much stronger than before.

79. A letter was written to the emperorby Zhuge Liang.

80. It took Zhuge Liang all his time towork for his people and country.

**九、书面表达。（20分）**

（一）One possible version:

Dear Jack,

    I’m glad to receive your letter, and thankyou for your caring for the weather and my health. Now I’d like to tell yousomething about the haze.

    The hazy weather has occurred a lot oftimes in my hometown since last year. It was bad for our daily life. More andmore people have to go to see the doctor due to the serious diseases caused bythe haze. A great number of people have to stay at home .

People all over the countryare taking measures to reduce the hazy weather now. The government suggeststhat people go to work or school by public transport, such as the bus and thesubway.

    As for me, I will go to school by bike oron foot. In addition, I will tell the people I meet to protect the environment.Would you like to tell me some good ideas? I’m looking forward to your reply.

                                                 Yours,

                                                 Li Ming