**山东平邑第一中学文化路校区2019中考英语仿真试题及答案**



**注意事项:**

**1. 本试卷分第I卷 (选择题) 和第Ⅱ卷 (非选择题) 两部分,共10页。满分100分,考试时间100分钟。答卷前,考生务必用0.5毫米黑色签字笔将自己的姓名、准考证号、座号填写在试卷和答题卡规定的位置。考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。**

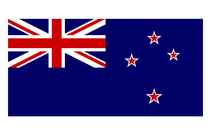
**2. 答题注意事项见答题卡,答在本试卷上不得分。**

**第I卷(选择题 共55分)**

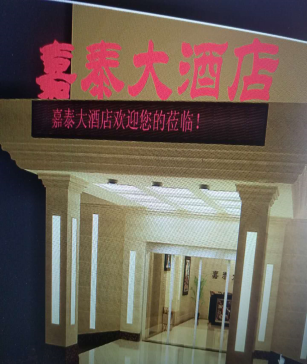
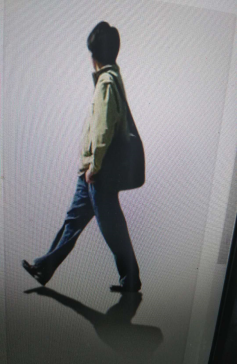
**一、听力测试(共15小题,计15分)**

**注意: 听力测试分四部分,共20小题。做题时,请先将答案画在试卷上,录音内容结束后,将所选答案转涂到答题卡上。**

**(一) 听句子, 选择与句子内容相对应的图片。每个句子读两遍。**

A B C

IMG_256

D E F

1. \_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_ 3.\_\_\_\_ 4.\_\_\_\_ 5.\_\_\_\_

( )6.A.Play games B. Read books C. Watches movies

( )7.A.Wash the dishes B.Wash the clothes C. Play the drums

( )8.By bike B. By car C. On foot

( )9.A.On Thursday B. On Wednesday C. On Friday

( )10.A.She usually play chess

B.She usually cooks dinner

C.She usually goes swimming

(三)听短文，根据短文内容，判断下列句子正误，正确的用 “A”表示，不正确的用 “B”表示。短文读两遍。听短文前，你们有20秒钟的时间阅读下列句子。

11.There were three kinds of rules in the speaker’s family when she was a kid.

12.The speaker paid more attention to the rule “Don’t play with fire!”

13.The accident happened on Saturday.

14.The speaker’s father called 122 after the accident.

15.The speaker had to stay in bed for half a month.

请考生们翻到第II卷第四大题。你们将有5秒钟的准备时间。

**二、单项填空(共15小题，计15分)**

1. —Can I help you? —Yes, Please.I need \_\_\_\_sweater.

A.a B. an C. the

1. I can’t watch TV during weekdays,\_\_\_\_I can watch TV on weekends.

A.but B. so C. because

1. —What does your grandfather usually eat \_\_\_\_dinner?

—Some vegetables and some porridge.

A.with B. to C. for

1. My brother is as\_\_\_\_as me.We are both 1.80 meter.

A.tall B. taller C. long

1. —English is too difficult. —Yes, it’s difficult but useful,don’t \_\_\_\_.

A.give out B. give up C. give away

21.—Dad, I had a fight with my best friend, Tom.What should I do?—Well, you should call him \_\_\_\_you are very sorry to him

A.in order to B. because C. so that

22.The train \_\_\_\_. Hurry up,or we will be late.

A. left B. is left C. will leave

23.—My sister always does her homework \_\_\_\_.

—Yes, that’s why she always got good grades.

1. carefully B. careful C. hardly
2. I want a computer and a smart phone.But My parents don’t have enough money.So they will buy\_\_\_\_a computer\_\_\_\_a smart phone for me.
3. not only;but also B.both; and C. either;or
4. —Kate,how do you \_\_\_\_with your parents?

—Very well.

1. get on B. get off C. get to
2. We believe if we \_\_\_\_,our China Dream will come true soon.
3. have a point B. pay attention to C. pull together
4. You should\_\_\_\_ with your children.Don’t push them too hard.
5. be worried B. be similar C. be patient
6. If it \_\_\_\_rain tomorrow, we \_\_\_\_\_a picnic in the mountains.
7. will not rain; will have B. will rain; will be C.doesn’t rain;will have
8. \_\_\_\_\_weather today!
9. What a bad B. What bad C. How a bad
10. Can you tell me\_\_\_\_?

A.How I get to the bank B. How can I get to the bank

C.how I got to the bank

**二、阅读理解(共25小题，计25分)**

A

根据短文内容，判断下列句子正误，正确的用 “A”表示，不正确的用 “B”表示。

Mexico is the fifth largest country by area in the Americas. Its neighbors are the United States to the north and Guatemala and Belize to the southeast.

The capital Mexico City is the oldest city in the Western Hemisphere(半球),and it has the largest population in the Americas.

Mexico has mountains in the eastern and northern parts of the country, rainforests in the southern and eastern parts and deserts in the west. Most of the big cities are in the southern parts of the country.

Mexico also has its special plants.Many of the foods we eat started in Mexico.Foods like beans, tomatoes and chocolate come from the country.It is also famous for its cactus plants.A cactus named “cadon cactus”is the biggest one in the world.It is 21 meters in height and lives in the deserts of Baja California.It can live up to 300years.

1. Mexico is to the south of the United States.
2. Mexico City is the capital of Mexico.
3. Mexico City is the largest city in the Western Hemisphere.
4. There are mountains in all parts of Mexico.
5. A cactus is a kind of plant.

B

If you are looking for a special gift in Turkey to take home and you are a good bargainer(还价者), the Grand Bazaar is where you will want to go.

It is one of the oldest and largest covered markets in the world. It dates back to the fifteenth century.And it has 58 covered streets and hundreds of *domes*(穹顶).4,000shops are selling almost everything you can imagine.It is huge like a covered city which houses two *mosques*(清真寺),workshops,money changing *booths*(岗亭), four *fountains*(喷泉), two Turkish Baths,banks,police stations and several cafes and restaurants. It is such a colorful and busy place that attracts more than 300,000visitors daily.The bazaar can be very crowded so don’t forget to pay attention to **pickpockets** and keep an eye on your things.

The grand Bazaar is around 15minutes’ walk from the Haghia Sophia area. You can pay a visit to it during its opening time:Monday to Saturday between 9:00-19:00;closed on Sundays and bank holidays.

根据短文内容，选择最佳答案。

1. How many covered streets are there in the Grand Bazaar?
2. 40,000 B. 58 C. 31
3. The underlined word “pickpockets”means “\_\_\_\_” in Chinese.
4. 扒手 B.商贩 C.僧侣
5. When can Tom and his friends visit the Grand Bazaar?
6. At 10:00 a.m. on Sunday
7. At 8:00a.m. on Monday
8. At 4:00p.m. on Friday
9. What can we learn from the passage?
10. The Grand Bazaar is the largest and oldest covered market in the world.
11. There are a lot of shops but few people in the Grand Bazaar.
12. It takes about a quarter to walk from the Haghia Sophia area to the Grand Bazaar.
13. The reading above is most probably from a \_\_\_\_.
14. travel guide B. notice board C. storybook

C

根据短文内容，从方框中选出恰当的单词填空，使语意通顺完整。每个选项只能使用一次，第一框供41-45选用，第二框供46-50选用。每框有一项剩余。

A.sent B. count C. or D. always E. below F. talking

When you are out, pay attention to your around. And 41 how many people are using their phones. Whether you are on the train,in a restaurant 42\_\_\_\_simply walking down the street.

I’m not saying that I am not an example of this, but it 43\_\_\_\_mazes me how people can spend too much time on their phones without 44\_\_\_\_to others. Has it gone too far?

Recently, my smart phone broke and had to be 45\_\_\_\_off for repair for a week or so.

A. people B. and C. free D. around E. friends F. me

I had to use my old one,basic phone just to keep me in touch with my family and 46\_\_\_\_.All I could do on this phone was to send text massage, make calls and play games. And I love it. I love being 47\_\_\_\_from the Internet, and I really didn’t mind not having updates about what my friends were doing. It allowed 48\_\_\_\_to spend more time enjoying my time in London and watching the people49\_\_\_\_me and really see what was going on.

However, I knew that as soon as I got my smart phone back I would be one of those 50\_\_\_\_once again. Perhaps I should just go back to using the basic phone and forget I ever got my smart phone back.

1. \_\_\_\_ 42.\_\_\_\_ 43.\_\_\_\_ 44.\_\_\_\_ 45.\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_ 47.\_\_\_\_ 48.\_\_\_\_ 49.\_\_\_\_ 50.\_\_\_\_

D

Once upon a time, there was a rich businessman named Jveerna. One year, heavy rains caused a heavy loss to him. 51\_\_ Before he left, he took a heavy iron balance (秤)to his friend Janak. It belonged to his ancestors.Janak said Jveerna could take it back after he returned home.

A few years passed. 52\_\_He returned to his village, and went to Janak’s house.He wanted to take his iron balance back. Janak looked sad and said, “Jveerna,I am sorry that I don’t have your balance with me any more. 53\_\_\_They ate up your balance.”

Jveerna was surprised to hear that. “How can mice eat iron?” he thought. Then he realized Janak didn’t tell the truth. 54\_\_When he left, Jveerna asked Janak’s son to go with him and take some food back. However, Jveerna took Janak’s son to a nearby hill, tired him to a tree and went home.

When Janak didn’t see his son return, he asked Jveerna where his son was. “I’m sorry,” said Jveerna. “While we were on the way, a bird flew down and carried him away.”

Janak could say nothing after hearing that. 55\_\_Jveerna also returned the boy to Janak.

A.And then he returned the iron balance to Jveerna.

B.So he came up with an idea.

C.Jveerna had made a lot of money.

D.There are a lot of mice in my house.

E. Jveerna gave up taking the iron balance back.

F.He decided to go to another town for business.

根据短文内容，从方框中选出五个句子填入文中空缺处，使短文内容完整通顺。

第II卷(非选择题 共45分)

1. 听写（共5小题，计5分）

听对话，根据对话内容完成下列句子，每空词数不限。对话读三遍。听对话前，你们有20秒钟的时间阅读下列句子。

1. What are the plates made of?

They are made of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. How much is the green plate?

It is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. How much need the woman pay at last?

The woman needs pay\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. Where does the conversation most probably take place?

The conversation most probably take place \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. When does it close?

It closes at\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**五、词形转换(共8小题，计8分)**

用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空，每空一词。

61.You will feel happy when you are \_\_\_\_(friend) to others.

62.Miss Green lives the \_\_\_\_(five)floor and she often walks up and downstairs every day.

63.In Linyi,summer is the hottest and winter is the\_\_\_\_(cold).

64.We often cook meals by\_\_\_\_(we) at home.They are healthy.

65.We are going hiking if it is \_\_\_\_(sun) tomorrow.

66.Trust me, I told you the \_\_\_\_(true).

67.To ask a stranger about something about\_\_\_\_\_(person) life is not polite.

68.My parents don’t allow me to go out with my classmates on schooldays.That makes me \_\_\_\_(happy).

**六、动词应用(共7小题，计7分)**

根据短文内容，用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空， 必要时可加助动词或情态动词。

Leung Waiming was a headmaster from Hong Kong. He visited a village school in Hunan Province in 2007 by accident. The first thing he 69\_\_\_(notice)there was that the children couldn’t read. “What future could they expect in the modern society ?He wondered.

When Leung aske dto visit the school library, he 70\_\_\_\_(take)to a small room where books sat on a narrow shelf, covered in dust.He was shocked.

“Can I help the school make a change?” he asked himself.Then he had an idea.He would 71\_\_\_\_(help) build a library to deal with the problem. Before 72\_\_\_\_(leave) the school,Leung promised to the headmaster, “I will return before Chinese New Year and help you build a new library.”

Returning to Hong Kong,Leung started the Reading Dream Program.A few days before Chinese New Year, he kept his promise and returned to the school with 30,000yuan in his pocket.

So far, the program 73\_\_\_\_(build)more than 300school libraries and offered a large number of new books to local students.

Leung now 58, has always wanted the program to move faster. “The school year 74\_\_\_\_(be)quite short for a child.I’m taking time 75\_\_\_\_(make)sure that they can read at any time and any place,” he said.

1. \_\_\_\_ 70.\_\_\_\_ 71.\_\_\_\_ 72.\_\_\_\_ 73.\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_ 75.\_\_\_\_
3. **阅读表达(共5小题，计10分)**

Last month, heads of state from 29 foreign countries came to Beijing to attend the Belt and Road Forum(论坛)for International Cooperation(合作). The main goal of it is to make the countries work together in more areas. It has won the support of more than 130 countries and international groups.

As a Chinese student, you must know something about the Silk Road.

Long ago, traders brought treasures from the East to West Trips to the East became more favorable when traders found silks and spices(香料).These treasures were not ordinary goods that were easy to get.Many people wanted them and it was a good way to become wealthy.

The Silk Road was not a real road. It was a route(线路)between the East and West.It went through China. Turkey,and Greece.Some traders traveled over land and others sailed across the sea.There was danger along both routes.

Traders who went over the land used camels and horses.First, the traders crossed the desert.Then,they climbed over mountains.After that, the traders still had hundreds of miles to go. Bad weather was often a problem.Robbers who stole the silks and spices also caused trouble.

Traders who crossed the sea faced some of the same problems. There were storms on the sea. Water and winds could push the boats in the wrong directions. Pirates(海盗)also chased the ships and they stole the goods and took control of the ships.

Over time, the Silk Road changed people in both East and West.Traders shared stories about faraway lands. They brought back drawings of the places and things they had seen,which helped people learn about new cultures. As a result of the Silk Road, the world seemed much smaller.

76.What’s the main goal of the Belt and Road Forum for the countries?

77.Why did the traders travel a long way to the East?

78.How many routes were there in the Silk Road?

79.What was one of the same problems traders over land and across the sea faced?

80.What’s the title for the passage?

八、书面表达(15分)

假如你叫魏丽，是某学校九年级的一名学生，最近你发现你们学校的卫生越来越差，因此你决定写一篇号召全校师生保护学校环境的倡议书。以 “Let’s protect our school environment together”为题写一篇不少于60词的英语短文。

参考答案

：

1-5 AEDBC 6-10CAACC 11-15AAABB

16-20 AACAB 21-25CCACA 26-30CCCBA

31-35AABBA 36-40BACCA 41-45BCDFA 46-50ECFDA

51-55FCDBA 56.glass 57.＄40 58.＄25 59.in a shop 60.7:00p.m.

1. friendly 62.fifth 63.coldest 64.ourselves 65.sunny 66. truth 67. personal 68.unhappy
2. noticed 70. was taken 71.help 72. leaving 73. has built 74. is 75. to make

76. To make the countries work together in more areas.

77.Trade for making more money.

78.Two.

79.Bad weather/Storms.

1. Silk Road/One Belt and One Road.

书面表达

Dear teachers and students,

I have been worried these days because I have noticed that our school environment is becoming worse and worse. It’s important for us to have a clean school,so we all should do something for our school.

First, do not litter. And if we see rubbish, we should pick it up and throw it into the dustbin.Second, do not bring any food into our classroom because the food may make our classroom smell bad.Third, protect school public facilities and keep away from the grass. Last but not least, do not park our e-bikes and bikes everywhere but park them tidily.

Let’s take actions from now on,I’m sure we will make a big difference.