**滨城区2019年初中学生学业水平模拟考试英语试题**www.czxxw.com



**温馨提示：**

**1. 本试卷分第Ⅰ卷和第Ⅱ卷两部分，共12页。满分150分。考试用时120分钟。考试结束后，将试题卷和答题卡一并交回。**

**2．答卷前，考生务必用0.5毫米黑色签字笔将自己的姓名、准考证号、座号填写在试题卷和答题卡规定的位置上。**

**3．第Ⅰ卷每小题选出答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。答案不能答在试题卷上。**

**4. 第Ⅱ卷必须用0.5毫米黑色签字笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应的位置，不能写在试题卷上；如需改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案；不准使用涂改液、胶带纸、修正带。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。**

**第I卷（选择题 共100分）**

**一．听力选择（共20小题，计30分。每小题约有8秒钟的答题时间）**

**（一） 录音中有五个句子，听句子两遍后，从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能对每个句子做出适当反映的答语。**

　　1. A. Well done! B.I hope so. C. That’s all right.

　　2. A. Yes, I do. B.I like winter best. C. Yes, I like winter.

　　3. A. No, she isn’t. B. Yes, she is. C. No, she doesn’t.

　 4. A. It’s the 17th of April. B. It’s Thursday. C. It’s on the 17th of April

5. A. Yes, he does. B. Yes, he was. C. Yes ,he is.

**(二) 录音中有五组对话和五个问题，听对话和问题两遍后，从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答所提问题的正确答案。**

6. Whom does Wu Dong speak to?

A To his father B To his classmate C To his teacher

7 . How old is your teacher?

A Twenty-four years old B Twenty-nine years old C Twenty-eight years old

8. Why did Jane get up early this morning?

A Because she wanted to go on a holiday. B Because she was ill

　　C Because she didn't like to stay in bed.

9. What will the two speakers do?

A Go to the cinema B Listen to the radio C Get new glasses

10. What are they talking abou

A They are talking about how to learn better.

　 B They are talking about how to become healthier.

C. They are talking about how to be clever.

**(三) 录音中有一组对话和五个问题，听对话和问题两遍后，从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答所提问题的正确答案。**

11. Why does Julia want to leave her present job?

A Because she doesn't like her job.

B Because she wants to do something different.

C Because she wants to travel and teach English.

12. Which of the following countries is Julia most likely to go if she is given a job there?

A Canada B America C Italy

13. Tom is most likely Julia's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　　A husband B boss C boyfriend

14. How long has Julia worked in London?

A Four years B Three years C Two years

15. Hasn't Julia been to other countries, has she?

A Yes, she hasn't B No, never C No, she has.

**四、 录音中有一篇短文和五个问题，听对话和问题两遍后，从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答所提问题的正确答案。**

16. Alice was a (an)\_\_\_\_\_film star.

A. Chinese B. English C. American

17. Alice was famous because\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. she acted very well B. she was young C. she was beautiful

18..\_\_\_\_\_knew Alice's real age.

A. Everybody B. No one C. A film fan

19. When Alice read the letter in the magazine, she became \_\_\_\_\_.

A. excited B. sad C. angry

20. The story told us that\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. Alice told her real age in the magazine herself

B. Alice didn't want others to know her real age

C. people didn't like Alice in the film

1. **选择填空 (共15小题计15分)**

**从A、B、C、D中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。**

21. — \_\_\_\_\_\_ are you going to Guangzhou?

— I’m taking the plane.

A. What B. Why C. When D. How

22. — Mary, is that umbrella \_\_\_\_\_\_?

— No. It belongs to Jane.

A. your B. yours C. her D. she

23. — Can I help you, boy?

— Yes. There is \_\_\_\_\_\_ wrong with my bike.

A. something B. anything C. everything D. nothing

24. — Why are you so happy, Henry?

— My old friend David is coming to visit me. We haven’t seen each other \_\_\_\_\_\_ five years.

A. since B. after C. for D. in

25. — What are you going to do this weekend?

— I’m not sure \_\_\_\_\_\_. Maybe I am going swimming.

A. also B. too C. ever D. yet

26. — May I \_\_\_\_\_\_ the book from you?

— Sorry. I have promised to \_\_\_\_\_\_ it to Tom.

A. borrow; lend B. keep; lend

C. lend; borrow D. keep; borrow

27. — \_\_\_\_\_\_ you visit Beijing during your holiday?

— No. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to Hong Kong.

A. Will; go B. Will; went C. Did; went D. Did; go

28. Turn the computer off, Peter! You \_\_\_\_\_\_ play games so late any more.

A. mustn’t B. needn’t C. have to D. might

29. It began to rain \_\_\_\_\_\_ I was walking in the park.

A. until B. because C. while D. although

30. — What’s wrong with you, sir?

— My flight \_\_\_\_\_\_ ten minutes ago. What should I do?

A. took up B. took off C. got on D. got off

31. — What nice coffee!

— But I think it will taste \_\_\_\_\_\_ with sugar.

A. well B. bad C. worse D. better

32. Teachers will hardly use chalk in the future, \_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. will he B. won’t he C. will they D. won’t they

33. — Everyone should help save the planet.

— Yeah. I’ve stopped \_\_\_\_\_\_ plastic bags when shopping.

A. to use B. using C. use D. used

34. — Can you sing this song in English?

— Of course I can. It \_\_\_\_\_\_ often \_\_\_\_\_\_ by us kids.

A. is; singing B. does; sing C. has; sung D. is; sung

35. — I hear Miss Wang will go boating with us this Sunday.

— \_\_\_\_\_\_ We will have a good time.

A. Good news! B. Thanks a lot.

C. What a pity! D. Don’t mention it.

**三、完形填空（本大题满分10分，每空1分）**

阅读下面的短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出一个可以填在空白处的最佳选项。

Long ago there was a boy who was hungry for success. For him winning was 36 .One day the boy was to run in a race in his village. Many people got together to 37 . Among the crowd was a wise old man.

The race began. All the runners ran very fast, but the boy 38 at the last minute. The crowd cheered and waved at the boy. The wise man said nothing. The little boy felt 39 and important.

“Another race, another race!” cried the little boy. The wise old man came over and presented ( 交给 ) the little boy with two new runners, an old woman and a blind man. “This is no race!” the little boy shouted.

“Race!” ordered the wise man. The boy won again. The crowd, 40 , was silent this time.

“ 41 don’t the people cheer for my success?” he asked the wise old man.

“Race again!” replied the wise man, “But this time, finish 42 .” The little boy thought a little, and then took the hands of the blind man and the old woman. The race began and the little boy walked 43 to the finishing line. The crowed 44 . The wise man smiled.

“Who is the crowd cheering for?” asked the little boy. The wise old man, putting his hands on the boy’s shoulders, replied softly, “Little boy, for this race you have won 45 than in any race you have ever run before, and for this race the crowd cheer not for any winner!”

36. A. something B. nothing C. anything D. everything

37. A. join B. run C. watch D. hear

38. A. failed B. beat C. won D. lost

39. A. angry B. sad C. proud D. surprised

40. A. therefore B. however C. rather D. although

41. A. What B. How C. When D. Why

42. A. well B. together C. away D. off

43. A. easily B. quickly C. slowly D. hardly

44. A. shouted B. cheered C. talked D. cared

45. A. even less B. much C. much more D. Little

**四、阅读理解（共20小题，计40分）**

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A,B,C,D四个选项中，选出能正确回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。

A

Mr. Brown was going away for a week. Before he left, he said to his son, "if anyone asks for me, you can tell him that your father has been out for doing something, and will be back in a week, then be sure to ask him to sit down for a cup of tea."  
　　"OK, Dad," said his son. But he was afraid his son couldn't remember this, he wrote these words down on a piece of paper and gave it to him. His son put it into his small pocket, took it out and looked at it every now and then.  
　　Four days passed, but no one came to see his father. The boy thought that there was no man to come and that the piece of paper was of no more use for him, so he burnt it that evening.  
　　The next afternoon, someone knocked at the door. The boy opened it. A man was standing at the door and said, "Where is your father?" The boy put his hand into his pocket at once and looked for the piece of paper. He could not find it. He suddenly remembered he had burnt it, so he shouted, "No more."  
　　The man was very surprised. He asked, "No more? I met your father last week. When did it happen?"  
　　"Burnt yesterday evening."  
　　46. Mr. Brown told his son that \_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A. he would be away from home for four days  
　　B. he would be back in seven days  
　　C. he would be back in a month  
　　D. he liked a cup of tea  
　　47. Mr. Brown wrote the words down on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A. the wall B. the door  
　　C. a piece of paper D. his son's pocket  
　　48. A man came to visit the boy's father on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A. the second day B. the third day C. the fourth day D. the fifth day  
　　49. The man was very surprised because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A. he thought the child's father was dead  
　　B. the child didn't ask him to sit down  
　　C. the child gave him a cup of tea  
　　D. he couldn't find that piece of paper  
　　50. What was burnt? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A. The piece of paper B. Mr. Smith C. The visitor D. The boy  
 B

　One of the things to be learnt in a foreign language is guessing all the time what kind of thing to come when listening to someone talking. People do this all the time in their own language, so it is necessary (必要的) to do this in a foreign language, too. Here are some examples.  
　　1. "What's the matter？" "I went to a party last night, so I…"  
　　2. "I feel so tired these days."" I think you'd better…"  
　　3."Of course, she never stops talking. She is one of the most…"  
　　You can see from the above three examples that the context (上下文) helps a lot in understanding what is being talked about. So "guessing "is very important in understanding English, especially (尤其)spoken English.  
　　51.This passage tells us mainly about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A. the importance of "guessing " in learning a foreign language  
　　B. how to guess what one is going to talk about  
　　C. some examples of right guessing  
　　D. how important it is to guess all the time  
　　52.from the context, we can see maybe the finished answer in EXAMPLE I is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A. "… so I didn't have a good time." B. "…so I went to bed very late."  
　　C. "…. So I felt unhappy." D. "… so I got up very early."  
　　53. Maybe the finished answer in EXAMPLE 2 is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A. "I think you'd better have a good rest and take good care of yourself."  
　　B. "I think you'd better have something to drink."  
　　C. "I think you'd better get some help from your friends."  
　　D. "I think you'd better be more careful."  
　　54. Maybe the finished answer in EXAMPLE 3 is \_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A. "… she is one of the most famous film stars."  
　　B. "…she is one of the most beautiful women."  
　　C. "… she is one of the most famous speakers."  
　　D. “.. She is one of the most talkative women."  
　　55. From the passage we can infer (推断) that guessing is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_in learning a foreign language.  
　　A. the only way  
　　B. more important in spoken English than in written English  
　　C. more important than any other way  
　　D. more important in written English than in spoken English  
 C.

Most dictionaries will tell you a number of things about a language. There are three important things. These three things are spelling, pronunciation and meaning.

First, a dictionary will tell you the spelling of a word. If you are not sure about the spelling of a word, you can try to find the correct spelling in a dictionary. Words are listed in an alphabetical order--- a, b, c and so on. For example, on a dictionary page the “poor” comes before “poverty” and the word “poverty” comes before the “power”. The words are always given in alphabetical order.

The second thing, a dictionary will tell you the pronunciation. Most dictionaries give phonetic (语音的), or sound alphabet.Most dictionaries use the International Phonetic Alphabet shows pronunciation.

The third thing, a dictionary will tell you the meaning of words. You can look up a word and find out what it means. Many words have more than one meaning, and a good dictionary will tell you all of the word’s meanings. For example, in English the common word “get” has over 20 different meanings.

( ) 56.Which of the following is not one of the important things dictionaries will tell you?

　　 A. How to spell the words. B. How to pronounce the words..

　　 C. How tolook up the meanings of the words. D. How to read in the alphabetical order..

( ) 57. In adictionary,of the three words”suply”,”success”,”suggestion”, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. “success”comes first and “suggestion ”comes last

B. “success”comes first and “supply ”comes last

C. “suggestion”comes first and “supply ”comes last

D. “supply”comes first and “suggestion ”comes last

( ) 58. The International Phonetic Alphabet can help you\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.find the correct spelling B. learn the meanings of the words

C.read the words correctly D. look up the words quickly

( ) 59. In the dictionary,many words .

　　 A. have more than one meaning B. have more than 20 different meanings

　　 C. have no meaning D. have the same meaning

( ) 60. Which of the following is TRUE?

　　 A dictionary can’t tell you a number of things about a language

　　 B.No dictionaries give phonetic or sound alphabet

　　 C. A good dictionary will tell you all of the word’s meanings.

D. The words are always given in alphabetical order

D.

You may hear about earthquakes, but do you know what to do before , during and after an earthquake ? Here is some advice for you :

**Before an earthquake**  It is necessary to prepare yourself and your family .all family members should know how to turn off gas , water and electricity and know useful telephone numbers ( doctor ,hospital ,police and 119 etc. ) never put heavy things over beds.

**During an earthquake**  it is important for each of you to stay calm . If you are indoors, quickly move to a safe place in the room such as under a strong desk or table . The purpose is to protect yourself from falling objects . Stay away from windows ,large mirrors heavy furniture and so on. If you are cooking ,turn off the gas . If you are outdoors , move to an open area like a playground . Move away from buildings ,bridges and trees . If you are driving , stop the car as soon as possible ,staying away from bridges and tall buildings , stay in your car .

**After an earthquake** ONCE the shaking has stopped , DO NOT run out of the building at once . It is better to wait and leave when it is safe. Check around you and help the people who are in trouble . If your building is badly broken , you should leave it . If you smell or hear a gas ,get everyone outside and open windows and doors . If you can do it safely , turn off the gas . Report it to the gas company .

( ) 61. Which of the following is mentioned in the second paragraph? \_\_\_\_\_

A. People should know how to turn on gas.

B. People should know how to save water .

C. People should not put heavy boxes over beds.

D. People should not forget the phone numbers of others .

( ) 62. When an earthquake happens ,\_\_\_\_\_\_can help you deal with it.

A. standing still B. staying calm C. looking outside D. moving indoors.

( ) 63. During an earthquake.if you are driving in an open area, you should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. speed up (加速）your car B. stop your car and stay in .

C. slow down your car D. stop your car and run out

( ) 64. When the earthquake stops shaking, you should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. check around you first. B. run out the building at once

C. break the windows and doors D. write a report to the company

( ) 65. You can learn \_\_\_\_\_\_ after reading the passage.

A. what an earthquake is like B.what to do to avoid(避免）an earthquake

C. how an earthquake happens D. how to protect yourself in an earthquake

**五、口语交际（共5小题，计5分）**

**根据对话内容，从方框内选择恰当的句子填 入对话相应的空白处，使对话完整，合乎情景(有两个多余选项)。**

A: Sally, are you free tomorrow evening?

B: (66)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A: Why not go to the movies?

B: (67) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . I like seeing movies very much.

A: 68)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

B: Well, I like comedies because they are funny. What about you?

A: I like them, too. I hear Mr. Bean is on. (69) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

B: Sure. Let’s meet at seven o’clock tomorrow evening.

A: Oh, it’s a little earlier.

B: (70) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A: OK. See you tomorrow evening.

B: See you.

A.That’s a good idea.

B.Yes, I am.

C.I’m afraid I have no time.

D.How about half past seven?

E.What kind of movies do you like?

F.Where will we meet?

G.Would you like to go to the movies with me?

**第Ⅱ卷(非选择题 共50分)**

1. **词汇应用 (共10小题，计10分)**

Doing home[work n](http://www.21cnjy.com)ot only can help children master the knowledge they have learnt but also can train their abilities of finishing the work alone, 71 (plan) the time and doing the 72 (duty). But some children don’t like to complete the work .Why? There are some reasons.

Some children fe[el it](http://www.21cnjy.com) is very difficult 73 (do) their homework, because they can’t understand their teacher 74 (clear), and can’t follow their teacher’s teaching process. Maybe there is something wrong with their intelligence.

But some childre[n’s in](http://www.21cnjy.com)telligence is normal. They are even 75 (clever), but they don’t listen to the teacher 76 (careful). It is hard for them 77 (sit) well and pay attention to anything. It needs to carry on the attention centralized(集中注意力) training 78 (help) the children.

Some chi[ldren](http://www.21cnjy.com) love their teacher and then they like the subject. Their interest depends on the teacher who 79 (teach)them. So every teacher should be 80 (help) and kind. It can make children love you and the subject you teach. So they can do their homework happily.

1. **翻译句子（共5小题，计10分）**
2. 将下列汉语句子译成英语，英语句子译成汉语。

81. We believe that our good wishes will come true. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。

82. Teachers are trying their best to stop the students from going to the internet cafes(网吧). \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。

83. 保护环境是我们的职责。 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

84.她要求我们每天至少花一小时学习英语。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

85. 这棵树一定属于我们。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**八、阅读表达（共5小题, 计10分）**

Mike was a good and well-trained boy. His parents loved him very much. He did everything well, but Mike had one bad habit. He ate a lot of sweets and chocolates. Those were his favorite. He just couldn’t give up. His mother always told him, “Mike doesn’t eat so many sweets. You will get toothaches.”

His mother used to keep all the sweets in a glass jar(罐子). One day when his mother went to the market, Mike saw that his father was asleep. So he walked carefully and slowly to the kitchen and got the sweet jar. Finally, he opened it and put his hand in narrow mouth. Mike picked a fist(拳头) full of sweets. But when he tried to pull his hand out, it got stuck(卡) in the jar.

Mike’s father was awake and watching. He said to Mike, “You have picked up too many sweets in your fist. It’s more than your little hand can keep. Your fist cannot come out of the jar. Let go off the sweets and pick only one sweet in your two fingers and you can pull your hand out easily. Always take as much as you can control.”

Mike pulled out his hand from the jar easily and he learned a lesson for his life, too.

86.What was Mike’s had habit?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

87.Did his mother use to keep the sweets in a glass jar?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

88.Where was the sweet jar?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

89.How many sweets did his father ask him to get?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

90. What lesson did Mike learn?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**九、书面表达（共1题，计20分）**

健康一直是人们关注的焦点，最近在我国部分省区爆发的流感疫情，又为人类的健康敲响了警钟，请你以“关爱健康”为话题，写一篇80字左右的文章。 要点包括：1.保持健康的重要性；2.保持健康的方法；3.保持健康的结论；4.你的观点。

注意：1.短文须包括要点提示中所有信息，可适当发挥；

2.文章中不得出现真实的人名、校名和地名。

**2019年初中学生学业水平模拟考试英语试题参考答案及评分标准 第I卷（选择题共100分）**

**第一至五题（100分）**

（一）答案：

1-5 BBCAA 6-10 BBABB 11-15 BCBAA 16-20 BABCB

21-25 DBACD 26-30 ACACB 31-35 DCBDA 36-40DCCCB

41-45 DBCBC 41-45 CDBCA 46-50 BCDAA 56-60 DBCAD

61-65 CBBAD 66-70 BAEGD

（二）评分说明：

1－20题，每小题1.5分；21－45题，每小题1分；46－65题，每小题2分；66—70题，每小题1分。与答案不符不得分。

**第II卷（非选择题共50分）**

**六、词汇应用 (10分)**

（一）答案：

71. planning 72. duties 73 to do 74 clearly 75. cleverer 76. carefully 77. to sit 7 8. to help 79. teaches 80. helpful

（二）评分说明：

1．本题共10分，每小题1分；

2．与答案不符不得分。单词大小写错误每两处扣0.5分。

**七、翻译句子（10分）**

（一）答案：

81. 我们相信美好的愿望一定会成为现实。

82. 老师们在尽力阻止学生进网吧。

83. It’s our duty to protect our environment.

84. She asks us to spend at least an hour a day learning English.

85. This tree must belong to us.

（二）评分说明：

1．本题共10分，每小题2分；

2．虽然与答案表达方式不同，但与参考答案意思一致，无语言错误，也可酌情给分。

**八、阅读表达（10分）**

（一）答案：

86.He ate a lot of sweets and chocolates.

87.Yes, she did.

88.It was in the kitchen

89.Only one.

90. He learned a lesson for his life.

（二）评分说明：

1．本题共10分，每小题2分；

2．与所给答案不符，只要意义正确，且符合题意要求，也得分。

3．语法、单词拼写错误，评分时视其对阅读表达的影响程度酌情扣分（应以理解和表达意义正确性作为评分的主要依据）。

1. **书面表达（20分）**

（一）One possible version:

**How to keep healthy?**

Here is my advice about how to keep healthy. As a middle shool student. first you'd better do more exercise such as playing ball games ，running and swimming .Then you should pay attention to your diet or meals. Don't eat too much meat or suger，but more vegetables and fruit. Third you need enough sleep or rest . Next keep yourself happy. As people often say smiling makes younger. Last you mustn't drink wine or smoke .They are bad for your health. I hope you are healthy and enjoy your life。Healthy eating habits are very important for our health. We should build healthy eating habits. We should eat fresh vegetables and fruits everyday. And we had better drink a glass of milk in the morning or at night.

（二）评分说明：

要求考生用适当的时态、语态、句式和词语，完整准确地表达所提示的内容。本题共20分，分四档评分：

1．短文通顺完整，表达清楚，语言基本无误，16－20分；

2．短文较通顺完整，表达基本清楚，语言有少量错误，11－15分；

3．能写明基本要点，短文不够通顺完整，语言有较多错误，但尚能达意，6－10分；

4．仅能写明部分要点，短文不完整，语言错误多，影响意思表达，0－5分。

注意：

1．内容要点可用不同的方式表达；

2．对紧扣主题适当发挥的应予以鼓励；

3．卷面整洁，书写美观，可适当加1－2分。

听力录音稿

一、 录音中有五个句子，听句子两遍后，从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能对每个句子做出适当反映的答语。

1. I think you’ll get stronger soon..

2. Which season do you like best?

3. Does your sister dance better than you

4. What’s the date today?

5. Does he come from Africa?

(二) 录音中有五组对话和五个问题，听对话和问题两遍后，从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答所提问题的正确答案。

1. W: Don't talk to your classmates in class, Wu Dong.

M: Sorry, Miss Li. I won't do that again.

Q: Whom does Wu Dong speak to?

2. W: How long has your teacher been at your school?

M: He has been there for about 5 years.

W: And when did he go there?

M: He went there when he was twenty-four.

Q: How old is your teacher?

3. M: Jane. Why don't you stay in bed? You are not all right today.

W: Oh, no. I'm feeling well this morning. I'll go on a holiday.

Q: Why did Jane get up early this morning?

4. W: My glasses are broken. I can't go to the cinema with you today.

M: Never mind. Let's listen to the radio at home instead.

Q: What will the two speakers do?

5. W: Oh, I want to learn how to run quickly and to eat healthily.

M: I want to bike more carefully and to speak Chinese more clearly.

Q: What are they talking about?

(三) 录音中有一组对话和五个问题，听对话和问题两遍后，从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答所提问题的正确答案。

W: Can I talk to you for a moment, Tom?

M: Of course, Julia. Sit down. What is it?

W: I've decided to leave.

M: Leave?

W: Yes.

　　M: Oh, no. Is it because we're moving out of London?

　 W: Well, yes. But there are other reasons.

M: I see. You never liked working here.

W: No, no. I've enjoyed working here. But ...

M: But what?

W: Well, I haven't had time for other things. I've worked here for four years. And I'd liked to do something different

M: What do you mean, something different?

W: I want to travel. You know, I have never been to other countries.

M: Haven't you?

W: No, I haven't. I want to live abroad and learn to speak a different language, for example, especially Italy.

M: Well, what can I say? I'm really sorry. But I understand.

四.录音中有一篇短文和五个问题，听对话和问题两遍后，从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答所提问题的正确答案。

Once there was a famous film star called Alice Brown in England. She was in a lot of films. People could easily remember a film if she was in it. However, nobody knew how old she was. Then in a film magazine, someone guessed that her age was 42. The next week, one of her fans wrote a letter to the magazine and said she was at least 50. Alice was very angry and wrote a letter to the magazine herself. It said, "I am 39 years old and have been for several years."