

准考证号

姓名

学校名称

区县(自治县)

密

封

线

考生答题不得超过此线

2019 年重庆市初中毕业生学业水平暨高中招生考试 科研测试英语试题(三)

(全卷共九个大题,满分:150 分 测试时间:120 分钟)

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	总分
得分										

第 I 卷(共 95 分)

I. 听力测试。(共 30 分)

第一节(每小题 1.5 分,共 9 分)

听一遍。根据你所听到的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最恰当的答语。

- | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| () 1. A. Me, too. | B. Of course. | C. The same to you. |
| () 2. A. Good idea. | B. Never mind. | C. Don't worry. |
| () 3. A. Sure. | B. Sounds great! | C. What a pity! |
| () 4. A. That's right. | B. It's nothing. | C. Here we are. |
| () 5. A. Thank you. | B. Good luck! | C. All right. |
| () 6. A. With pleasure. | B. I agree with you. | C. No problem. |

第二节(每小题 1.5 分,共 9 分)

听一遍。根据你所听到的对话和问题,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案。

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| () 7. A. To Cuba. | B. To Canada. | C. To India. |
| () 8. A. Dangerous. | B. Boring. | C. Useful. |
| () 9. A. This Sunday. | B. This Friday. | C. This Thursday. |
| () 10. A. Listening to music. | B. Doing his homework. | C. Sleeping. |
| () 11. A. Mike. | B. Jane. | C. His uncle. |
| () 12. A. It's 6 : 20. | B. It's 6 : 40. | C. It's 7 : 00. |

第三节(每小题 1.5 分,共 6 分)

听两遍。根据你所听到的长对话,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案。

听第一段材料,回答第 13~14 小题。

- () 13. How does Tony look?
- | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| A. Happy. | B. Excited. | C. Worried. |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|

- ()14. When did Tony buy the dictionary?
A. Two days ago. B. Three days ago. C. Four days ago.
- 听第二段材料,回答第 15~16 小题。
- ()15. Who cleaned the rooms for the old?
A. Lin Li. B. Lin Li's mother. C. Lin Li's father.
- ()16. What will Tang Tao do for the old?
A. Dance. B. Cook. C. Sing some songs.

第四节(每小题 1.5 分,共 6 分)

听两遍。根据你所听到的短文内容,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案。

- ()17. Michael lives in a _____.
A. city B. town C. village
- ()18. Some people planned to _____ on the grass.
A. build houses B. plant trees C. drive cars
- ()19. The name of the activity is “_____”.
A. Protect the Environment
B. Save the Green
C. Stop the Pollution
- ()20. _____ changed their mind at last.
A. People B. Michael C. Michael's friends

II. 单项选择。(每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

- ()21. —Look, _____ building over there looks really great!
—Yes, it's Chongqing Raffles City. It's another symbol of Chongqing.
A. / B. a C. an D. the
- ()22. —Chongqing Noodle is the most delicious food I've ever had!
—I think so, But I can't cook it well. What a _____!
A. decision B. secret C. chance D. shame
- ()23. —Excuse me, madam. You _____ park here! Look at the sign No Parking!
—Sorry, sir! I will drive it away at once.
A. must B. need C. mustn't D. needn't
- ()24. —Dear, the meat smells _____. You'd better throw it away.
—OK, Mum.
A. good B. bad C. well D. badly

- ()25. —How does your father usually go to work?
—He used to go to work in his car, but now he _____ by bike.
A. is used to going B. is used to go
C. used to go D. get used to going
- ()26. —The scientists have discovered something new on Mars. _____ is it from the earth?
It takes a spaceship about eight months to reach Mars.
A. How far B. How often C. How soon D. How long
- ()27. After I _____ the subway, I found there were so many people in it.
A. put on B. got on C. held on D. tried on
- ()28. —Your robotic cleaner makes your room so clean! Did you buy it yesterday?
—No. I _____ it for a month.
A. have bought B. bought C. have had D. had
- ()29. —Would you please walk _____, Nick? It's a little late.
—I'd like to, but the traffic light is red. Safety must come first.
A. more slowly B. more quickly C. more carefully D. more excitedly
- ()30. A strange man asked me _____.
A. (what often happens over there
B. how he can get to the bus stop
C. where was my school
D. if he could borrow my mobile phone

III. 完型填空。(每小题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

根据短文内容,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个能填入相应空格内的最佳答案。

Not long ago, I made a mistake that caused a friend of mine to end our friendship. At first, I didn't take it seriously because I thought I could say 31 and then we could be friends again. But I was wrong.

When I found her, I asked, "Can't we just let it go and be 32 like before?" She shouted, "No matter how hard you try, you'll never 33 the thing you have done!"

What she said hit me. I always thought that doing something wrong did not matter as I could just put it right later. In the same way, I 34 worried about making mistakes when writing with a pencil, because I always had the chance to start again with an eraser. My friend's words made me 35 that I could erase the wrong words

I'd written, but I couldn't always erase the wrong things I'd done.

"Happened" is the most terrible word, because no power could ever turn back the 36 of the clock to change a mistake you have made. I thought about my life and was very 37 to find that so many mistakes, big or small, were caused by my over-optimistic attitude(过度乐观的态度).

Always leaving a way out for 38 can only make your spirit weaker and weaker. Sometimes, it is the pressure (压力) of only having one chance that makes you successful. So I've decided to make a change. I should leave my "pencils" alone and tell myself: Try to make 39 perfect the first time!

No matter whether my friend comes back to me or not, I should 40 her for helping me learn this lesson and wish her all the best.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| () 31. A. no | B. yes | C. sorry | D. hello |
| () 32. A. friends | B. brothers | C. classmates | D. teachers |
| () 33. A. discuss | B. provide | C. change | D. repeat |
| () 34. A. always | B. usually | C. sometimes | D. never |
| () 35. A. understand | B. remember | C. forget | D. explain |
| () 36. A. sound | B. shape | C. hands | D. sizes |
| () 37. A. afraid | B. glad | C. sure | D. surprised |
| () 38. A. myself | B. yourself | C. himself | D. herself |
| () 39. A. everybody | B. nobody | C. everything | D. nothing |
| () 40. A. ask | B. pay | C. thank | D. choose |

VI. 阅读理解。(41~43 小题,每小题 1 分,44~59 小题,每小题 2 分,共 35 分)

阅读下列材料,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳答案。

A

Good habits die hard. And one habit that we all should develop early in life is exercise. Most of the Chinese leaders are interested in doing exercise. Some choose to play ping-pong, and others like playing basketball in their free time. Here are some of the examples.



President Xi Jinping is a sports lover. He enjoyed playing football when he was young. And now, although he is busy with his work, he can still find time to take part in sports activities.

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Zhou Enlai is also our former Premier. When he was in Yan'an, he usually took part in physical training. He liked playing table tennis and played quite well.



Our former Premier Wen Jiabao showed great interest in doing sports. He can do different kinds of sports. On May 31st, 2010, he tried his best to play baseball with Japanese students in Japan.

- () 41. Present Xi Jinping enjoys playing _____ when he was young.
A. basketball B. table tennis C. football D. baseball
- () 42. On May 31st, 2010, Wen Jiabao tried his best to play baseball with students _____.
A. in Japan B. England C. in China D. in America
- () 43. From the passage, we know that _____ played ping-pong quite well.
A. Xi Jinping B. Zhou Enlai
C. Wen Jiabao D. Li Keqiang

B

Dear Chris,

I dreamed about the Beatles last night. I woke up with Rocky Raccoon playing in my head. And my dear wife, standing beside the bed, looked worried and sad. She told me my friend had just passed away. Thoughts of you flooded my mind and tears ran down from my eyes. I'm still crying, with sadness, as well as thankfulness for having shared some very special moments with you and your beautiful family. You have encouraged me in many ways you could never have known. Your musical ability was so amazing. Your voice was joy and pain, anger and forgiveness, love and heartache all wrapped up into one. I suppose that's what we all are. You helped understand that. I just watched a video of you singing "A day in the life" by the Beatles and thought of my dream. I'd like to think you were saying goodbye in your own way. I can't imagine a world without you in it. I pray you find peace in the next life. I send my love to your wife and children, friends and family. Thank you for allowing me to be a part of your life.

With all of my love.

Your friend,
Chester

- ()44. The tone(基调、语气) of the passage is _____.
A. sad B. angry C. playful D. worried
- ()45. According to the passage, _____ passed away.
A. Chris B. Chester C. the children D. the wife
- ()46. Chester thought Chris _____ him in many ways.
A. hated B. thanked C. understood D. encouraged
- ()47. The writer wrote the passage because _____.
A. he missed his friend very much
B. he said goodbye to his family
C. he watched a video of his friend
D. he couldn't live without music

C

What if you fall out of a boat and can't swim? Don't be frightened. Remember, your body is full of air. Learn to bounce(弹跳) in the water. Bouncing can save your life.

First take a deep breath and hold it. Then stand up in the water. You really can do it! The water will cover your eyes, but the top of your head should reach out. Relax your arms and legs. Put your chin(下巴) on your chest.

Stay under the water until you need a breath. Then bounce out of the water to get one. Bouncing is very easy to do. Bring your arms up in front of you, with your hands facing down. Keep them just under the top of the water. Then bring up one leg. Pretend you're trying to walk. Now push your hands down and step. After you do this, your head will come out of the water. Blow out all your air, and shout for help.

Now take a breath of air and hold it. Go down under the water again. Relax your arms and legs. When you need more air, bounce up again. Keep doing this until people come to help you.


Anyone can learn bouncing. It doesn't take long to learn. The man who thought of bouncing shows it to little children. Bouncing is easy. And it has saved many lives.

- ()48. The text is written _____.
A. to tell a story B. to introduce a book

- C. to teach something D. to describe an experience
- () 49. The underlined word “ one ” refers to _____.
A. a rest B. a breath C. a shout D. a walk
- () 50. The best title of the passage is “ _____ ”.
A. How to Breathe in Water B. How to Swim in the Right Way
C. How to Bounce in Water D. How to Save People From Water
- () 51. If we put the passage into three parts, which of the following is the best?
(①= Para. (自然段) 1 ②= Para. 2 ③= Para. 3 ④= Para. 4 ⑤= Para. 5)
A. ①; ②③④; ⑤ B. ①②; ③; ④⑤
C. ①②; ③④; ⑤ D. ①; ②; ③④⑤

D

The traditional Chinese lunar calendar divides the year into 24 solar terms(节气). Winter Solstice (冬至) is the twenty-second of them.

On the first day of Winter Solstice, the Northern Hemisphere(北半球) experiences the shortest day and the longest night in the year, as the sun shines directly at the Tropic of Capricorn(南回归线). , the days become longer and the nights become shorter. The Winter Solstice also marks the arrival of the coldest season in the year. Here is something you should know about Winter Solstice.

There was a saying that went in ancient China, “The Winter Solstice is as important as the Spring Festival.” As early as Zhou Dynasty, people worshipped the gods(祭神) on the first day of the Winter Solstice, which was also the first day of the new year. The Winter Solstice became a winter festival during the Han Dynasty. On this day, both officials and common people would have a rest.

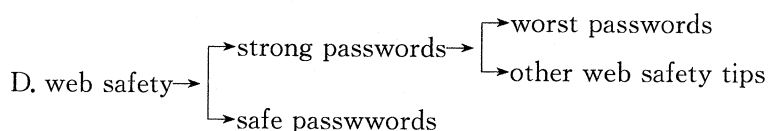
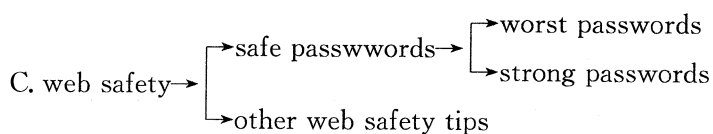
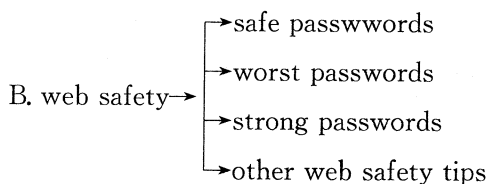
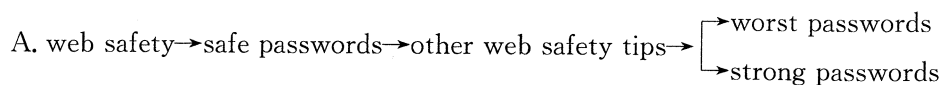
During Winter Solstice in North China, people often eat dumplings. There is a saying that goes “Have dumplings on the first day of Winter Solstice and noodles on the first day of Summer Solstice.” In places such as Shanghai, people eat tangyuan, a kind of small dumpling ball made of glutinous(黏性的) rice flour to celebrate Winter Solstice.

- () 52. Winter Solstice is the _____ solar term of the year.
A. twenty-first B. twenty-second
C. twenty-fourth D. twenty-fifth
- () 53. After Winter Solstice, the days become _____.
A. longer and longer B. shorter and shorter
C. the shortest D. the longest

()58. The worst and most common password is “_____”.

- A. abc123 B. monkey
C. password D. 123456

() 59. Mind-map _____ shows the right structure of the passage.



V. 口语应用。(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

阅读下面对话,从方框内 7 个选项中选择 5 个恰当的句子完成此对话。

- A. Yes, he is.
- B. Thanks, Mom.
- C. What should I do?
- D. Were you ill, dear?
- E. Where have you been?
- F. When was the hospital built?
- G. What was the matter with him?

Mom: Bob, you said you would not stay out late after school, didn't you?

Bob: Yes, Mom, I did.

() Mom: But it's nearly 11 o'clock now. 60

Bob: Sorry. I've been to the hospital.

() Mom: What? 61

Bob: No. I sent Jeff to the hospital.

() Mom: Oh, really? 62

Bob: He had a terrible headache on the way home.

Mom: Is he better now?

() Bob: 63

Mom: Proud of you, my dear! I'm very glad you can help others.

() Bob: 64

第Ⅱ卷(共 55 分)

VI. 任务型阅读。(65~67 题,每小题 2 分,68 题 3 分,共 9 分)

阅读下文并回答问题。

I'm Linda Smith. Let me tell you my story.

My family and I love going to the beach. We live in Florida, and it feels like summer all year. We go to the beach every weekend. I love to walk on the beach and swim in the water. But last August, something really scary happened.

It was a sunny day. My friend, her six-year-old cousin and I were swimming. Suddenly, I felt something on my right leg. I thought it was a little fish. But I was wrong. It was a shark(鲨鱼)! And I saw it was swimming near me.

I was very afraid and shouted to my friend, "Get out of the water! It's a shark!" She ran onto the beach towards our parents. I started running, too. But then I realized my friend's little cousin was still in the water.

I ran back, took her hand and turned to leave. At that time, I felt a great pain. I was really afraid. We ran to the beach and I was sent to a hospital at once.

In the hospital, I got 90 stitches(缝线) in my right leg. They are in the shape of a shark bite(咬). The doctors thought the shark had bitten me twice because there was a smaller bite inside the big bite.

This has been one of the most unforgettable experiences in my life. I was badly hurt, but it hasn't changed how much I love going to the beach. What's more, for the first time, I knew how great I could be!

65. Does Linda love going to the beach?

66. How was the weather when the story happened?

67. What does Linda mean by saying “for the first time, I knew how great I could be”?

68. If you have the same experience as Linda, will you still go to the beach and swim in the water? Why or why not?

Ⅶ. 完成句子。(每空 1 分,共 10 分)

根据所给提示,完成句子。每空一词,含缩略词。

69. Paper-making was invented by the ancient Chinese. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ paper-making _____ by the ancient Chinese?

70. Gina has been in Chongqing for five years. (对划线部分提问)

_____ Gina been for five years?

71. Because of the new policy, I have a cute younger sister. (改为同义句)

_____ the new policy, I have a cute younger sister.

72. 当我们说英语时,不要害怕犯错误。(完成译句)

Don't be afraid of _____ when we speak English.

73. 据报道,重庆将再建八条高铁。(完成译句)

_____ that another eight high-speed railways will be built in Chongqing.

Ⅷ. 短文填空。(每空 2 分,共 16 分)

根据下面短文内容,在短文的空格处填上一个恰当的词,使短文完整、通顺。

Several years ago, a television reporter talked to three of the most important people in America. One was a very rich banker, another owned one of the largest companies in the world, and the third owned many buildings in the center of New York.

The reporter talked to them 74 being important.

At first, the reporter asked the banker, “75 do we know if someone is really important?”

The banker thought for a few moments and then said, “I think anyone who is invited to the White House to meet the President of the United States is really important.”

The reporter then turned to the 76 of the very large company. “Do you agree with that?” she asked.

The man shook his head, “No, 77 I think the President invites a lot of people to the White House. You'd only be important if while you were visiting the President, there was a telephone call from the president of another country, and the President of

the United States said he was 78 busy to answer it.”

The reporter turned to the third man. “Do you think so?”

“No, I don’t” he said. “I don’t think that makes the 79 important. That makes the President important.”

“Then what would make the visitor important?” the reporter and the 80 two men asked.

“Oh, I think if the visitor to the White House was talking to the President and the phone rang, and the President 81 up the phone, and then said, ‘It’s for you.’”

74. _____ 75. _____ 76. _____ 77. _____

78. _____ 79. _____ 80. _____ 81. _____

IX. 书面表达。(20 分)

平民化的跑步热潮(jogging craze)席卷全国,很多人觉得跑步不仅是一种锻炼方式,也是一种流行的社交方式(social way)。请你就跑步热这一话题为一家英语网站写一篇文章。

参考要点:

1. 跑步热潮的兴起;
2. 跑步流行的原因(健康、环保、交友等……);
3. 对中学生跑步的倡议。

要求:

1. 80~120 词,可适当发挥,开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数;
2. 文中不能出现自己的姓名和所在学校的名称。

The jogging craze
