**初三英语模拟试卷**



**本卷满分：100分 考试时间：120分钟**

**第Ⅰ卷 选择题 （共60分）**

1. **单项选择（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

1. —What do you think of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ film *The Wandering Earth*(《流浪地球》)?

—Well. I’ve never seen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ more exciting one. It’s worth \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ again.

A. a; a; to watch B. the; the; to be watched

C. the; a; watching D. the; the; watching

2. — Is this photo taken at Qinhu Lake?

—Of course. You can see so many people racing boats on the lake in the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the photo.

A. form B. shape C. background D. size

3. Which of the underlined(下划线) part is different in pronunciation ?

A. planned B.controlled C. cancelled D. regretted

4. People have a party \_\_\_\_\_\_ the morning \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 31 October.

A. in ;of B. on;of C. in;on D. on;in

5. — Can children under the age of 12 go to school by electrical-bicycle themselves in Suqian?

— No, according to the law, they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. may not B. needn’t C. mustn’t D. shouldn’t

6. —I’m afraid the little boy can’t work out such a difficult maths problem on his own.

—Me too. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, he is only 8 years old.

A. In general B. Above all C. After all D. In all

7. —\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ exciting news! We will have a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ holiday after the exam.

—Sounds great!

A. What an; two month’s B. What a; two months’

C. What; two-month D. How; two months’

8. —Sandy, don’t let \_\_\_\_\_\_ in. I’m too busy to see \_\_\_\_\_\_ all the afternoon.

—OK, I won’t.

A. anybody; everybody B. anybody; anybody

C. no one; somebody D. somebody; anybody

9. The time he has devoted in the past years \_\_\_\_\_ poor children is now considered to be \_\_\_\_\_

great value \_\_\_\_\_\_ him.

A. to help; of; for B. to helping; /; to

C. to help; in; of D. to helping; of; to

10. — Chinese people \_\_\_\_\_\_ use chopsticks while Americans \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ knives and forks.

— Different cultures make it.

A. would rather; prefer B. prefer; would rather

C. favourite; prefer D. would rather; favourite

11. The number of the tourists to Sihong \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and a number of them \_\_\_\_\_their holiday

during their stay.

A. is getting larger and larger; enjoy B. are getting more and more; enjoys

C. is getting more and more; enjoy D. are getting larger and larger; enjoys

12. —My father works in Suqian. He spends much time driving home every day.

—Don’t worry about that. It’ll be easier when Suqian Expressway \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. builds B. will build C. is built D. will be built

13. —I think David has made little progress in his lessons this year.

— \_\_\_\_\_. We haven’t tried hard enough.

A. Neither do I B. Neither have I C. So do I D. So have I

14. — I’m looking forward to the film *Transformer 6(变形金刚6)*. \_\_\_\_\_ will it begin?

— \_\_\_\_\_\_ the 28th June, 2019.

A. When; Until B. How long; Not until

C. When; Not until D. How long; Until

15. Just as the saying goes, “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.” My cousin has made his dream come true after years of

hard work. Life is like a farm.

A. Practice makes perfect B. No pain, no gain

C. Every dog has its day D. Actions speak louder than words

二、完形填空 阅读短文, 从每题所给选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分)

I never saw my father come home from work late or ill, nor did I ever see my father take a “ night out with the boys”. He had no 16 but just took care of his family.

For 22 years, since I left home for college, my father called me every Sunday at 9:00 am. He was always 17 in my life－how my family was doing. The 18 even came when he and my mother were in Australia, England or Florida.

Nine years ago, I bought my first house. My father, 67 years old, spent eight hours a day for three days, 19 my house. He would not allow me to 20 someone to have it done. All he asked, was a glass of iced tea, and that I hold a paintbrush for him and talk to him. But I was too 21 with work, and I could not spend the time holding the paintbrush, or talk to my father.

Five years ago, my 71-year-old father 22 five hours putting together a swing set(秋千) for my daughter. 23 , all he asked was that I get him a glass of iced tea, and talk to him. But again, I had 24 to do and the house to clean.

The morning on Sunday, January 16, 2005, my father telephoned me as usual, this time he had seemed to have 25 some things we had discussed the week before. I had to get to church, and I cut the conversation short.

The call came at 4:40 am which said my father was sent to hospital in Florida. I got on a plane 26 . I vowed (发誓) that when I arrived, I would 27 for the lost time, for I owed him a nice long talk.

I arrived in Florida at 1:00 am, but my father had 28 at 9:12 pm. This time 29

was he who did not have time to talk, or time to wait for me.

In the years 30 his death I have learnt much about my father, and even more about every single day.

16. A. relatives B. time C. hobbies D. freedom

17. A. interested B. surprised C. excited D. confused

18. A. emails B. calls C. letters D. messages

19. A. repairing B. keeping C. building D. painting

20. A. make B. teach C. explain D. pay

21. A. pleased B. busy C. bored D. angry

22. A. used B. wasted C. spent D. took

23. A. Again B. Besides C. First of all D. Afterwards

24. A. laundry B. bed C. housework D. clothes

25. A. left B. forgotten C. replied D. laid

26. A. immediately B. rarely C. fluently D. carelessly

27. A. put up B. make up C. hang up D. lift up

28. A. passed away B. gave away C. put away D. throw away

29. A. that B. this C. it D. one

30. A. unless B. since C. though D. until

三、阅读理解 阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容选择最佳答案。(共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分)

A

What is the most popular body building in 2018? Plogging(慢跑拾垃圾),which is a mash-up of jogging and the Swedish "plocka upp", meaning pick up, has come into our eyes. Plogging,the latest Scandinavian lifestyle,trends(倾向) to rock your world. It has also been the popular new eco-friendly fitness across the world.

The idea of plogging was created by Erik Ahlstrom, a Swedish. He was shocked by the amount of rubbish there in nature. The same debris could remain in the road for several weeks without anyone picking it up. So he made up his mind to do something to change it. He started

picking it up. He felt good in his heart to clean up a small place. To his surprise, stopping to clean up trash became a habit then a part of his exercise routine as he put the activity into his runs. By 2016 other people were joining in, and logging runs, with groups of couple coming together to run and pick up rubbish,became official events In Sweden. They run with trash bags and gloves. After running, they will have a competition to see who picks up the most rubbish. Nowadays, plogging has attracted more people to take part in.

According to fitness app Lifesum, which allows users to input and track calories burned while plogging, the eco-friendly work- out is significantly(明显地) more effective(有效的) than just jogging. As plogging requires some bending and some strength to hold all the rubbish, a half hour of plogging will burn 288 calories on average,compared to just 235 calories from regular jogging.

31. According to the passage, plogging is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a kind of charity work which is popular in 2018

B. a new fitness that is friendly to the environment

C. the latest Scandinavian lifestyle but not suitable for us

D. a newly-created word from Chinese and Swedish

32.The underlined word"debris" means"\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_".

A. plogger B. cleaner C. lifestyle D. junk

33. The writer writes the passage to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. ask more people to take part in plogging B.introduce a new kind of body building

C. tell people how to take part in plogging D. show his great admiration to Erik Ahlstrom

B

Children in England will no longer be able to buy energy drinks. The UK government has made plans to ban the sale of energy drinks to kids. It is now asking for public suggestions as to what age the ban should start at (16 or 18), the BBC reported.

An energy drink is a type of drink that contains stimulants(兴奋剂), such as

caffeine( 咖啡因). Red Bull is one of the most famous energy drinks. The makers of

these drinks say that they can give you energy when you feel tired.

However, these drinks have very high levels of sugar and caffeine. Energy drinks have 65 percent more sugar than normal soft drinks. This may explain why obesity( 肥胖) rates have risen among children.

Too much caffeine can lead to health problems, such as headaches and sleeplessness. A

250 ml can of Red Bull contains about 80 mg of caffeine, three times the level of a can of Coca-Cola, The Guardian noted.

In the UK, more than two-thirds of 10-to-17-year-olds buy energy drinks, according to government data. “Childhood obesity is one of the greatest health challenges( 挑战) this country faces. It's important that we do all we can do to make sure children have the best start in life,”UK Prime Minister Theresa May said in a statement.

The ban would apply to( 应用于) drinks containing more than 150 mg of caffeine per liter. Under the ban, shops in England that sell the drinks to children would face fines of up to

$2, 500(22, 070 yuan).

34. From the first paragraph, we can learn that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Britain has banned the sale of energy drinks to kids

B. the UK government hasn't decided what age the ban should start at

C. kids of all ages will no longer buy any energy drinks

D. children in the UK can't buy energy drinks at the moment

35.Which of the following mainly leads to children's obesity according to the passage?

A. Stimulants. B. Caffeine. C. Sugar D. Energy.

36. According to the ban, what kind of drinks are allowed to sell to children?

A. Drinks that contain 80 mg of caffeine.

B. Drinks that contain 65 mg of caffeine.

C. Drinks with less than 150 mg caffeine per liter.

D. Drinks with more than 150 mg caffeine per liter.

37. What can we learn from the passage?

A. The ban will be carried out around the world.

B. Energy drinks do a lot of harm to children's health.

C. The UK will ban the sale of all drinks to children.

D. Shops that are against the ban would not be punished.

**C**

It seems food deliverymen (送货员) are always in a hurry. They wear blue, red or yellow helmets (头盔) and many of them don’t follow traffic rules. They drive on the wrong side of the road and run red lights. They use mobile phones while driving. These reckless (鲁莽的) behaviors have caught the public’s attention.  
 In the first half of 2017, food deliverymen had 76 traffic accidents in Shanghai, according to Shanghai Public Security Bureau. That means every two and a half days, a food deliveryman will die or get hurt on the road.  
 What makes deliverymen take such risks? The strict rules of the food delivery service companies and the anxious (焦急的) customers may be the answer.  
 Many companies will fine a deliveryman up to 2,000 yuan, if he fails to deliver an order on time, reported China Daily. Fines also go to those who get bad reviews from customers.  
 To solve the problem, food delivery service companies need to improve their incentive systems (激励制度), noted CRI Online.  
 Some cities are also taking action. Shanghai has asked companies to train their deliverymen on traffic rules and safety. Now in Shenzhen, if a deliveryman gets caught breaking traffic rules more than twice, then he will be banned from driving food service delivery vehicles (交通工具) for a whole year .

38. The first paragraph mainly tells us that many food deliverymen \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. work very hard B. are good at driving

C. break traffic rules D. use mobile phones too much

39. How many traffic accidents did food deliverymen in Shanghai cause in the first half of 2017?

A. 76. B. 38. C. 152. D. 2,000.  
40. If a food deliveryman \_\_\_\_\_, the companies will fine him.  
 A. drives too slowly B. delivers food on time

C. obeys traffic rules D. gets bad reviews

41. Which of the following statements is TRUE according to the passage?

A. It’s a pity that all food deliverymen don’t follow traffic rules.

B. If a deliveryman can’t deliver an order on time, he will be fined up to 200 yuan.

C. It matters a lot to a deliveryman if he gets bad reviews from customers.

D. The deliveryman isn’t allowed to send food for a whole year if he breaks traffic rules more than twice.

42. What is the main idea of the last paragraph?

A. Companies are improving their review systems.

B. Some cities are working to improve the situation.

C. To drive safely, food deliverymen will obey more traffic rules.

D. Food deliverymen cannot drive on important roads in the future.

D

(*One day, Gulliver was caught in a storm and his ship hit a rock, then damaged. He was washed to the beach by sea wave. He walked and walked to find a city, but he was too tired and felt asleep. When he woke up, he found himself in Lilliput and a lot of tiny people were around him*)

The Emperor spoke in a high voice but I could not hear all the words clearly. His followers and all the ladies wore rich and beautiful clothes. The ground where they were standing looked like gold and silver cloth.

His Majesty(陛下) and I often spoke to each other but neither of us understood a single word. I tried words from many languages—Dutch, French, Spanish, Italian and Latin. No one could understand my words, not even the cleverest of the Emperor’s followers.

After about two hours the Emperor left. His wife, children and their servants went also. There were strong guards around me. This was to stop the crowd of people from hurting me.

An officer told the guards to hold six men who made me angry. These men were given to me and I had to choose their punishment. I put five of **them** in my pocket. Then I pretended(假装) to eat the sixth man.

The poor man screamed terribly. The guards were worried when they saw my knife in my hand. Was I going to cut up the man? But I only cut the binding(捆绑物) round his hands. Then I put him on his feet and let him go. I lifted the other five men out of my pocket and put them gently on the ground too.

The people and the soldiers were very pleased with my great kindness. They told the Emperor about it at once. Emperor ordered his men to make a bed for me and they had to join six hundred of their little beds together to make one bed for me.

At the same time the Emperor asked all his advisers for their advice on how to deal with. They were very worried. If my binding was cut, I might be dangerous. I was eating so much food that soon all the people would be very hungry. The farmers could not grow enough food to feed all of us.

The wise men thought that they should kill me. But they would not be able to bury(埋葬) me. My dead body would smell. This might cause much illness all over the country.

43．The underlined word**"them"**in Paragraph 4most probably refers to\_\_\_\_.

1. the guards B．the officers C．the six men D．the soldiers

44．Why didn't the tiny people in Lilliput kill Gulliver finally？

1. He was so strong that he would work for them．

B．He was so big and they didn't have the weapon to kill him．

C．The king and his family liked him so much that they didn't agree．

D．His dead body would smell and cause much illness in their country

45．Put the following statements in the correct order according to the story．

①Emperor ordered his men to make a big bed for Gulliver．

②They couldn't understand each other．

③The emperor spoke．

④Gulliver didn't punish the six tiny people and let them go．

⑤A crowd of people hurt Gulliver．

A．③⑤②①④ B．③②⑤④① C．⑤①④③② D．②⑤①③④

**第Ⅱ卷 非选择题 （共40分）**

**四、词汇运用** (共20小题；每小题0.5分；计10分)

A) 根据句意及所给中文提示、首字母与英文解释，写出句中所缺单词。每空限填一词。

46. —Will you please come for dinner this Friday, Billy?

—Thanks a lot. But every day is OK (除……以外) Wednesday.

47. The calligraphy and painting works will help foreigners have a better understanding of traditional Chinese culture and its (现代的) development.

48. The robot caught a virus and no longer worked \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (in a correct way).

49. We are going to take an important exam in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (六月).

50. Most students seem confident before the big exam because they believe all the review work is

going on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.（顺利地）

51.Every year the poor people receive m \_\_\_\_\_\_ treatment with the help of the charity.

52.People, e\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ teenagers,don’t seem to be polite enough these days.

53. On New Year’s Day people wear new clothes and visit friends and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(亲戚).

54. Jim, listen carefully and (重复) what I say.

55.There was a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (very large) stone lying on the road.

B）根据句意或句子的语法要求，用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空。

56.To tell you the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (true), milk tea is not that healthy.

57.The poor woman had all her money \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (steal). She couldn’t afford to see the doctor.

58.If you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (not be) careless tomorrow, you will get a good grade in the exam.

59.US President Donald Trump \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (make) many surprising decisions since he took office.

60.Teddy can’t stand up straight because he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (lie) in bed for days with a bad cold.

61.—What does he use his computer for ?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (receive) emails.

1. —Sorry ,Linda. I have to go to Mr Brown’s office.

— It doesn’t matter. I don’t mind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (wait) a little longer.

63. Wang,principal of Sihongjiangyan experimental school only \_\_\_\_\_ (relax) half a day every week.

64.In order to improve my English skills, I bought some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (copy) of China Daily from a street-corner machine.

65.Those talented \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (music) works sound really great.

1. 根据所给汉语完成下列句子，每空词数不限。（共5小题，每小题1分；计5分）
2. 安迪拾起这只小猫然后去找米莉和埃米了。

Andy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the little cat and went to find Millie and Amy.

1. 我们所有人都迫不及待地要下公交车。

All of us couldn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the bus.

1. 这将导致野生生物的空间越来越少。

This will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for wildlife.

1. 对我们来说，能和这些特殊运动员密切合作真的很棒。

It’s great for us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_these special athletes.

1. 他训练更加刻苦，并使教练改变了他的想法。

He practised even harder and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

六、任务型阅读，每空一词（共10小题，每小题1分；计10分）

The population of the world is increasing rapidly. By 2020, there could be 7.5 billion

people on the earth. Will there be enough food for all these people, or will we have a food

shortage? Some scientists think fish farming could solve this problem. However, other

scientists worry that fish farming could cause serious environmental problems.

Fish farming is not a new thing. There were fish farms in China 3, 000 years ago. Today, about one-third of the fish we eat comes from fish farms.

Most fish farms raise plant-eating fish. Popular kinds. of plant-eating fish are carp, tilapia, and catfish. Unfortunately, many fish farms are starting to raise meat-eating fish. A popular type of meat-eating fish is salmon. These meat-eating fish live on processed food made from wild fish. However, it takes up to 5 tons of wild fish to produce just I ton of farm-raised salmon. The supply of wild fish Is already decreasing. Eventually, many types of wild fish could become extinct(消失). What will we do then?

Critics of fish farming also say that farm-raised fish is unhealthy for humans. They say the fish contains dangerous chemicals. They also criticize fish farming because it pollutes the water. Another criticism is that farm-raised fish can spread disease to wild fish.

Some people say that the farming methods being used now won't produce enough fish anyway. Instead of putting fish farms in lakes or near the coast, they say that the fish farms should be moved far out into the ocean. Several countries are already experimenting with deep-ocean farms. In the future, fish farms might be large cages that move across the ocean.

Like most things, there is both a good and a bad side to fish farming. Fish farming may help to feed millions of people.At the same time, however, fish farming may damage the environment.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Title | The Blue Revolution |
| The cause of  food shortage | Because of the 71 increase of the population around the world, people will be in short of food. |
| Different 72  about fish farming | Some scientists are sure that fish farming could solve the food shortage problem.  Some scientists are 73 about the serious environmental problems that fish farming might cause. |
| 74 of fish  farming | Many types of wild fish would finally 75 because meat-eating fish mainly live on processed food made from them.  Farm-raised fish contains dangerous chemicals which will do 76 to human health.  Fish farming pollutes the water. As a 77 , farm-raised fish can spread disease to wild fish.  It's said that it's 78 to provide people with enough fish using the fish farming methods. |
| In conclusion | As the saying goes,"Every coin has two 79 .” Fish farming may be  80 to people. However, it may also damage the environment. |

71. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 72. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 73. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 74. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 75. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 77. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 78. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 79. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 80. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

七、书面表达（计15分）

“美丽中国”是我国生态文明建设的第一目标。时下，一些地区污染严重，作为中学生，我们应该做什么来保护环境呢？请你以 Building a beautiful China 为题，用英语写一篇范文，倡议大家立刻行动起来，保护我们的环境。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 现状 | 空气污染，水质恶化 |
| 措施 | 绿色出行；节约水电；循环利用；（再自拟一点） |
| 展望 | ……（请自拟至少一点内容） |

注意：

1. 词数90左右，短文的开头已为你写好，不计入总词数。
2. 把表格中的内容表达完整，可以适当发挥，使条理清晰，内容完整，意思连贯。
3. 句式规范，字迹工整，文中不得出现真实的姓名与校名等信息。

Building a beautiful China

As we know, the environment around us is getting worse and worse.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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