

2019 年天津市初中毕业生学业考试试卷

英 语

本试卷分为第 I 卷（选择题）、第 II 卷（非选择题）两部分。第 I 卷为第 1 页至第 8 页，第 II 卷为第 9 页至第 12 页。试卷满分 120 分。考试时间 100 分钟。

答卷前，请你务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考点校、考场号、座位号填写在“答题卡”上，并在规定位置粘贴考试用条形码。答题时，务必将答案涂写在“答题卡”上，答案答在试卷上无效。考试结束后，将本试卷和“答题卡”一并交回。

祝你考试顺利!

第 I 卷

注意事项:

1. 每题选出答案后，用 **2B** 铅笔把“答题卡”上对应题目的答案标号的信息点涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号的信息点。

2. 本卷共五大题，共 80 分。

一、听力理解（本大题共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

A) 在下列每小题内，你将听到一个或两个句子并看到供选择的 A、B、C 三幅图画。找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。

1.



A.

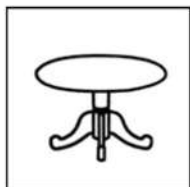


B.



C.

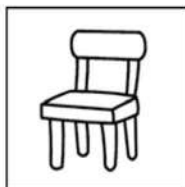
2.



A.



B.

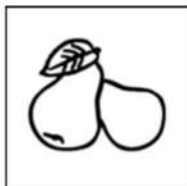


C.

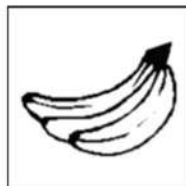
3.



A.



B.

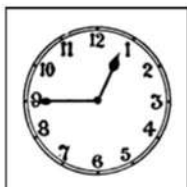


C.

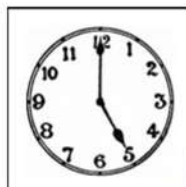
4.



A.



B.



C.

B) 下面你将听到十组对话，每组对话都有一个问题。根据对话内容，从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找出能回答所提问题的最佳选项。

5. Who is the woman looking for?

A. Tom.

B. Mike.

C. Peter.

6. What does Betty like doing in her free time?

A. Playing basketball.

B. Listening to music.

C. Playing the piano.

7. When did the girl go to the new museum?

A. Three days ago.

B. Two days ago.

C. Yesterday.

8. What does the man want to eat?

A. Noodles.

B. Bread.

C. Dumplings.

9. Whose book is this?

A. Bob's.

B. David's.

C. John's.

10. Where does the man want to go?

A. The library.

B. The cinema.

C. The stadium.

11. Which festival does the boy like?

A. Christmas.

B. May Day.

C. Children's Day.

12. How will the woman get to the train station?

A. On foot.

B. By bus.

C. By taxi.

13. Which is Daming's favourite subject?

A. Maths.

B. History.

C. Physics.

14. How long does Bruce play football every day?

A. An hour.

B. Two hours.

C. Three hours.

Not only do all of us like Miss Chan, but Miss Chan also likes my class because she thinks all of us are 43. She always says she thinks herself very 44 to be the teacher of my class. In fact, Miss Chan is the most thoughtful (体贴的) teacher I have ever met. She always thinks about our feelings. I hope I will go to a high school with 45 as good as Miss Chan.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| 36. A. leave | B. know | C. meet | D. choose |
| 37. A. spell | B. train | C. ask | D. remember |
| 38. A. surprised | B. humorous | C. strange | D. kind |
| 39. A. chance | B. problem | C. advantage | D. skill |
| 40. A. them | B. you | C. us | D. him |
| 41. A. gift | B. mark | C. smile | D. joke |
| 42. A. seldom | B. often | C. never | D. hardly |
| 43. A. difficult | B. careless | C. unable | D. excellent |
| 44. A. lucky | B. silly | C. angry | D. worried |
| 45. A. stars | B. tourists | C. teachers | D. scientists |

四、阅读理解 (本大题共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

阅读下面的材料, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Dear Lucy,

How are you? It has been a month since my family left Hong Kong for England and we are fine.

England is very different from Hong Kong. The weather is terrible and it rains a lot. The buildings are funny. They are in rows and not high. I love them because the rooms are much larger. I'm having a wonderful time at my new school and my new home!

Mum and Dad are happy with their new jobs. But my brother Jack doesn't like moving to England because he misses his friends so much.

I've made lots of new friends at school. My teachers are really nice too and my English has improved a lot. After school, we can take part in relaxing activities such as sport, watching films or playing computer games. There's a park near the school where I often go with the other students at the weekend.

We are travelling back to Hong Kong for the summer holiday. I will visit you and bring you a present!

Write back soon!

Love,
Sandy

46. Where did Sandy's family live before?
A. Hong Kong. B. Sydney. C. New York. D. London.
47. Sandy loves the buildings in England because their rooms are _____.
A. cheaper B. warmer C. newer D. larger
48. How many people are there in Sandy's family?
A. 2. B. 4. C. 6. D. 8.

49. Who does not like moving to England?
A. Dad. B. Mum. C. Jack. D. Sandy.
50. What is the letter mainly about?
A. Sandy's summer holiday. B. Sandy's parents.
C. Sandy's new classmates. D. Sandy's new life.

B

One day, Tom's teacher, Miss Mak, held a class meeting. "There will be a flag day next Saturday. Does anyone want to join this meaningful event (活动)?" asked Miss Mak. Tom was interested in raising money for homeless children, but he was not brave enough to talk to the strangers, so he kept quiet in his seat.

"Tom, you haven't sold flags before," said Miss Mak suddenly. "Would you like to have a try?" Tom was hesitant (犹豫的), but he finally nodded.

On the flag day, Tom and Angela sold flags in a busy street. "Excuse me. Could you please buy...?" said Angela softly to the first person she met. The man smiled and put a five-dollar coin into Angela's collection bag. Then she said thanks and put a flag under his shoulder. "I did it!" said Angela happily. "It's your turn now."

Feeling nervous, Tom began to shake. Soon, he saw a young lady walking towards him. The lady was smiling and holding a few coins in her hand. She asked, "Are you selling flags for Fund for the Homeless Children?" Tom's face became red and said yes. Then the lady made the donation (捐赠) and Tom gave her a flag. "You made it!" laughed Angela.

In the next couple of hours, Angela and Tom sold flags quickly and bravely. At last, their collection bags were so heavy that they had to hold them with both arms. They felt very proud.

51. Why did Tom keep quiet in his seat?
A. He had other plans.
B. He didn't like Miss Mak.
C. He was not interested in the activity.
D. He was not brave enough to talk to the strangers.
52. When Miss Mak asked Tom to have a try, he finally _____.
A. laughed B. nodded C. refused D. cried
53. Where did Tom and Angela sell flags?
A. In a busy street. B. In their school.
C. In a tall building. D. In a small garden.
54. How much did the first man pay Angela for the flag?
A. Five dollars. B. Ten dollars.
C. Fifteen dollars. D. Twenty dollars.
55. How did Tom and Angela feel after they sold the flags?
A. Bored. B. Shy. C. Confident. D. Sad.

C

There are many ways to help improve your health like eating healthy food, taking exercise and getting medical help. But the easiest and cheapest way to improve your health is just to sleep eight hours or more every night. The general sleeping rule is that the younger you are, the longer sleep you need. But regardless of (不管) age, some people need to sleep more while for some a few hours is enough.

The problem with sleep is that more and more people in the world are not sleeping enough. According to the World Health Organization, over half the people in the world may be **sleep-deprived**. Having less sleep not only makes people feel tired but also causes accidents. In the United States alone, sleepy drivers cause at least 100,000 traffic accidents a year. Also sleep problems can cause medical problems such as high blood pressure (血压).

Why are so many people sleep-deprived? Part of the reasons may be cultural. In the American culture, people put a higher value on work than on sleep. In fact, people who sleep a lot are usually seen as “lazy”. Also, you can sometimes hear some people say proudly that they don’t have much time to sleep, they only sleep four or five hours a night. It seems that the less you sleep, the more work you’ll do.

How do we teach these people to learn the value of sleep? Perhaps they may listen to the advice of Dr. James Maas, an expert (专家) in sleep. He says, “Sleep is like a credit (信用) card. When you sleep less, you are only borrowing time. You always have to pay it back. The more hours you don’t sleep, the more hours you should sleep to ‘pay back’ the hours on your ‘sleep credit card’.”

For those who value work more than sleep, they should listen to what a famous person once said, “Don’t think you will be doing less work because you sleep during the night. That is a foolish (愚蠢的) idea which is held by people who have no imagination. You will be able to do more.”

56. According to the writer, the easiest and cheapest way to improve health is to ____.

- A. eat healthy food every day
- B. take exercise as much as possible
- C. get medical help whenever necessary
- D. sleep eight hours or more every night

57. What does “**sleep-deprived**” mean in Paragraph 2?

- A. Having a good sleep.
- B. Excited about sleep.
- C. Having less sleep.
- D. Interested in sleep.

58. According to Dr. James Maas, what is sleep like?

- A. An hour.
- B. A report.
- C. A credit card.
- D. A piece of paper.

59. What do the words of the famous person mean in Paragraph 5?

- A. Sleeping during the night is foolish.
- B. Sleeping during the night is helpful.
- C. People have no courage.
- D. People always do less work.

60. What is the best title of the passage?

- A. The Value of Sleep
- B. The Value of Study
- C. The Ways of Eating Less
- D. The Ways of Making Money

五、补全对话（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

根据对话内容，从方框内选择恰当的句子将对话补充完整。（选项中有两项是多余的）

- A. Are they yours?
 - B. Where are you going?
 - C. Have you lost anything?
 - D. Tony is looking for his gloves.
 - E. Look! Here's my name "Tony"!
 - F. When do people often lose things?
 - G. They're green.

A: Tony, you're in a hurry. 61

B: Hello, Ms Li. I'm going to the Lost and Found Office.

A: 62

B: Yes, I've lost my gloves.

A: What colour are they?

B: 63 My aunt gave me as a birthday present.

A: Look! I found a pair on the floor just now. 64

B: Let me see ... Oh, they're mine. 65 Thank you, Ms Li.

A: You're welcome! Look at this nice watch. Is it yours too, Tony?

B: No, it isn't.

A: Please be careful with your things.

B: OK, I will.

机密★启用前

2019 年天津市初中毕业生学业考试试卷

英 语

第 II 卷

注意事项:

1. 用黑色字迹的签字笔将答案写在“答题卡”上。

2. 本卷共四大题, 共 40 分。

六、完成句子(本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据所给中文意思完成句子, 每空限填一词。

66. 他拿出相机开始拍照。

He took out his camera and started to _____.

67. 上周, 我的朋友大卫带着一本新书到我家来访。

Last week, my friend David _____ with a new book.

68. 火车再一次晚点。

_____, the train was late.

69. 很高兴收到你的来信。

It's great to _____ you.

70. 奶奶喜欢缝制衣服而不是去服装店里买。

Grandmother likes making clothes _____ buying them in the shops.

七、任务型阅读（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容完成句子。

Friends are an important part of our lives. We spend time with them, have fun together, and share our opinions, feelings and even secrets. Life would be boring without friends. Friends influence who we are, help us learn, support (支持) us in good and bad times, and care for us even when we are not happy.

Often, we have many happy moments with our friends. We need someone to share things with to make them more enjoyable. Being lonely for long periods of time is not a great feeling. That is why it is important to spend time making friends and nurturing (维持) a close group of friends.

It is important to have a friend to talk to, whether (不论) it is about a sad or happy subject. In good times, it is wonderful to be able to celebrate with someone. It is also important to have someone support you if you have just had an unpleasant experience. Friends are important pillars (中心人物) of support.

Friends teach us important lessons. No one person is the same. As time goes by, we learn to respect one another's differences. This acceptance of others' differences is important as we meet more and more people in our lives, such as new family members, neighbours and new friends.

71. Life _____ without friends.
72. Being lonely for long periods of time _____.
73. It is important to have a friend to talk to, whether _____.
74. You need someone to support you if _____.
75. No one person is the same, so we should _____.

八、综合填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容及首字母提示，填写所缺单词，使短文意思完整。每空限填一词。

The villagers in Mhangeni, Africa, faced a very big challenge (挑战). They didn't have a school for their kids.

Then the village elder thought of an i 76. He said that there was an old, abandoned (废弃的) farmhouse. It could be changed into classrooms after cleaning and furnishing (装设备) it. All the villagers were p 77 with his suggestion and started the project immediately.

The parents repaired the broken walls. Some villagers d 78 the house into three classrooms by using pieces of wood. The others helped make desks and chairs for the students. Still, there was much more work to do. But the rains were coming. They had to s 79 working for the school as it was now the best time for them to plant.

So the children of Mhangeni decided to finish the house by t 80. They had to hurry as summer had ended and other schools had already opened. They didn't want to delay (耽搁) their studies. Every day they were busy with work like cutting the grass and clearing the bushes (灌木).

The news about the project s 81 and many people knew it. Two teachers who worked for the country's Department of Education arrived to help out, and two foreign visitors were also touched (感动) by the children's a 82. They donated money for them to buy textbooks and stationery.

After 10 days of hard work, the new school was r 83. The kids were very happy but a bit worried—they were behind in their studies.

Besides (除...之外) this, they also faced many d 84. There were not enough classrooms to hold all the students. And two or three students had to share one book.

However, the children are happy to study in school—e 85 in their new school which they helped to build. Though their school might not be modern, their dream of having a school near their homes has come true.

九、书面表达（本大题共 15 分）

86. 假如你是晨光中学的学生李华，平时坚持用英语写日记。请根据以下要点，描述你星期三放学乘地铁回家路上看到的事情，并表达自己的想法。

- (1) 一个男孩不舒服，开始呕吐，一位穿着漂亮的女士帮着擦拭地面，男孩表达感谢。
- (2) 地铁到站，有人挤向座位，有人下不去车，有人因此争吵。
- (3) 你认为……

参考词汇： 开始呕吐 begin to vomit
 挤向座位 push towards the seat
 争吵 have a quarrel

要求：

- (1) 词数：80~100 个。
- (2) 日记格式和开头已给出，不计入总词数。
- (3) 要点齐全，行文连贯，可适当发挥。

Wednesday

When I took the underground back home after school, I noticed _____



2019 年天津市初中毕业生学业考试

英语参考答案

一、听力理解（本大题共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A 6. B 7. C 8. C 9. A 10. B
11. B 12. C 13. A 14. A 15. C 16. C 17. A 18. A 19. B 20. B

二、单项填空（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

21. C 22. D 23. B 24. A 25. D 26. C 27. B 28. D 29. C 30. A
31. C 32. B 33. C 34. D 35. A

三、完形填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

36. A 37. C 38. D 39. B 40. C 41. A 42. B 43. D 44. A 45. C

四、阅读理解（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

46. A 47. D 48. B 49. C 50. D 51. D 52. B 53. A 54. A 55. C
56. D 57. C 58. C 59. B 60. A

五、补全对话（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

61. B 62. C 63. G 64. A 65. E

六、完成句子（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

66. take photos 67. came round 68. Once again 69. hear from 70. instead of

七、任务型阅读（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

71. would be boring
72. is not a great feeling
73. it is about a sad or happy subject
74. you have had an unpleasant experience
75. (learn to) respect one another's differences

八、综合填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

76. idea 77. pleased 78. divided 79. stop 80. themselves
81. spread 82. actions 83. ready 84. difficulties 85. especially

每空（横线上）只能填写一个英语单词，凡多填的（即使其中一个是正确的）一律不给分。

九、书面表达（本大题共 15 分）

86.

（略）