杭州市大关中学2018学年第二学期阶段性测试



九年级 英语 试题卷

命卷人WXF 审卷人CFM

第I卷

第一部分 听力(共两节，满分30分)

第一节 听短对话，回答问题(共5小题，每小题2分，满分10分)

听下面5段小对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What's the woman's ticket number?
2. Car 10 Seat 12A B. Car 11. Seat 10A C. Car 11, Seat 12A
3. What did the boy use to be like?
4. He used to be shy. B. He used to be friendly. C. He used to be outgoing.
5. How will the man go to New York?
6. By car. B. By plane. C. By train.
7. Why was the man surprised at the game?
8. Because the Lion Team lost.
9. Because the Lion Team won.
10. Because one player got hurt.
11. How long will Mr. Black stay in Hangzhou?
12. For three days. B. For five days. C. For seven days.

第二节 听较长对话和独白，回答问题(共10小题，每小题2分，满分20分)

听下面2段对话和1段独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷相应位置。听完每段对话后，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟。听完后，各小题给出5秒钟的做答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第6至第8三个小题。现在，你有15秒钟的时间阅读这三个小题。

1. What did the woman think of her job at the supermarket?
2. Tiring. B. Exciting. C. Boring.
3. How many jobs did the woman do before
4. 1. B. 2. C. 3.
5. What does the woman want to be?
6. A traveler. B. A guide. C.A dishwasher.

听下面一段对话，回答第9至第11三个小题。现在，你有15秒钟的时间阅读这三个小题。

1. Why does the man talk to the woman?
2. To ask about her holiday.
3. To ask about hotels.
4. To ask about the city.
5. What does the man want to do in the city?
6. To see some places of interest.
7. To visit friends.
8. To do business.
9. What’s the relationship between the two speakers?
10. Old friends. B. Strangers. C. Traveler and guide.

听下面一段独白，回答第12至15四个小题。现在，你有20秒钟的时间阅读这四个小题，独白连续两遍。

1. Why was the girl named Alice?
2. Because of a movie. B. Because of a book. C. Because of a song.
3. What’s the date today?
4. September 10th . B. September 3rd. C. September 1st.
5. How long has Alice’s father worked in China?
6. For only a year. B. For nearly three years. C. For over four years.
7. What does Alice’s father hope Alice could do?
8. See some places of interest.
9. Study Chinese.
10. Call up her grandparents.

1. 阅读理解（共20小题，满分40分）
2. 阅读下列短文（图表），从每题所给的四个选项（A， B， C， D）中选出最佳选项。

A

Read the following poems.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Stopped by Woods on a Snowy Evening   ---By Robert Frost  Whose woods these are I think I know,  His house is in the village though.  He will not see me stopping here,  To watch his woods to fill up snow.  My little horse must think it queer（奇怪的）,  To stop without a farmhouse near.  Between the woods and frozen lake,  The darkest evening of the year.  He gives his harness（马具）bells a shake,  To ask if there is some mistake.  The only other sound’s the sweep,  Of easy wind and downy flake(雪片).  The woods are lovely, dark and deep,  But I have promises to keep,  And miles to go before I sleep,  And miles to go before I sleep. | 1. Hope is the Thing with Feathers   ---By Emily Dickinson  Hope is the thing with feathers  That perches(栖息) in the soul  And sings the tune without the woods  And never stops at all  And sweetest in the gale(狂风)is heared  And sore must be the storm  That could abash(使局促不安)the little bird  That kept so many warm  I’ve heared it in the chilliest(最寒冷的)land  And on the strongest sea  Yet, never, in extremity  It asked a crumb(少许)of me |

1. In poem, the story probably happened in ?
2. spring B. summer C. autumn D. winter
3. From paragraph 2 of Poem 1, we can imagine .
4. a man ridding a horse is near a farmhouse in the dark
5. a man and a horse are between the woods and frozen lake
6. a horse is looking at a man strangely on the darkest evening
7. a horse is standing between the woods and frozen lake alone
8. Poem 2 mainly describes .
9. hope B. a bird C. nature D. a horse

B

I’m Alfred. I was born with a problem in my backbone and mobility(行走能力)was a big challenge for me, but thanks to my teachers and friends, my school life was excellent.

My friends and I used to sit together and have lots of fun. Whenever we got a free period, we used to start shouting or play games. I took part in all competitions, such as poetry writing, story writing, painting and all activities on Teachers’ Day or somebody’s birthday and had much fun.

My English teacher was very tall. The moment she entered the class, we would all sit quietly and open the books. She would encourage me by giving me important assignments and also morning news to read during the assembly. She would come down and listen to my English debate, which made me participate in all debate competitions.

The same was true of my biology and science teacher. She was very nice and sweet. She would always give me extra information on the biology project. I could not go to the lab for practicals(lessons or exams in science, cooking, etc. in which you have to do or make something yourself rather than write or read about it), so she would bring down the lab and help me with the biology and science practicals and would give me excellent marks.

My friends made me monitor and the naughty boys listened to me. My friends used to help me with my notes when I was absent. My teachers always gave me important project work and I felt proud when they patted me on the back after I finished it quickly and correctly. I was never shouted at or scolded by any of my friends or teachers.

Today I often see the terrible punishments given to students on TVs. I feel very sad.

I really want to express my love and thanks to all my wonderful teachers and friends, without whom my school life would not have been so excellent and unforgettable. I really pray to God that catch child in the world is blessed with caring teachers and friends.

1. Alfred’s problem on his backborn .
2. made him have fewer friends than others
3. prevented him from enjoying an excellent school life
4. made him feel down all the time in his life
5. made it impossible for him to move quickly
6. How many Alfred’s teachers are mentioned in the passage?
7. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.
8. The underlined part “patted me on the back”is the closest in meaning to “ ”.
9. scolded and hit me B. touched my backbone   
   C. encouraged and praised me D. made me calm down
10. By writing the passage, Alfred mainly aims to .
11. express his thanks to his teachers and friends
12. tell us how lucky he is
13. get understanding and care from many people
14. show us his great school achievements

C

It’s Friday evening. My daughters 3 and 9, sign(叹息)when I gentlely take the iPads away from their laps. One by one, our screens are turned off. We light the candles and sit down to have a big meal.

Most people in our lives know they will not be able to contact us by using computer or mobile phones for 24 hours. And so it has gone, every week for three years. We call it our “Technology Shabbat(科技安息日)”which lasts from sunset on Friday to sunset on Saturday.

I first understood the importance of disconnecting in 2008, when my father was told that he had got brain cancer. Some days he would have only one good hour, and I wasn’t willing to be disturbed when I was with him, so I’d turn off my mobile phone.

Soon after, encouraged by Nationsl Day of Unplugging(全国断网断电口) on March 1st , my husband and I decided to unplug for one full day every week.

During our “Technology Shabbat(科技安息日)”, time slows. Our Saturdays now feel like mini-vacations. We drive our car or ride our bike. We, with our kids, work in the garden, play board games and cook meals. I feel more balanced. I feel like a better mother, wife and person.

Keeping a balance between the good and the bad of technology is my lasting state. The technology we’ve created makes it possible for us to share knowledge and take in carious ideas all over the world. But the technology also take something away from us. When we stay up late at night linking from website or sending messages or e-mailing, we click again, and again, and again until we’ve overloaded.

When we rush into the time full of high technology, it’s necessary for us to pay attention to what we are doing online and when we should go off.

I will always remember the most important thing in my family: “Technology Shabbat”.

1. When is “Technology Shabbat” in the writer’s family?
2. Only on Sunday.
3. From sunset on Friday to sunset on Saturday.
4. Only on Friday.
5. From sunset on Saturday to sunset on Sunday.
6. The writer’s family have “Technology Shabbat” every week mainly because they hope to .
7. save money B. enjoy life together   
   C. stay away from others D. follow National Day of unpluging
8. What do the writer’s family not do during their “Technology Shabbat” ?
9. They drive their car or ride bikes for mini-vacations.
10. They light the candles and sit down to have a big meal.
11. They work in the garden, play board games and cook meals.
12. They stay up late at night linking from website to website.
13. What’s the main idea of this passage?
14. Every family must have “Technology Shabbat”.
15. A woman should learn to be a good mother or wife.
16. People need to stay away from technology properly.
17. People had better not send messages, e-mail or chat online.

D

Why are dogs our best friends? Maybe because they can understand our words much better than we thought, according to a study in Hungary. It found that dogs understand not only what we say, but also how we say it.

“The results were very exciting and very surprising.”said the researcher Attila Andies, from Eotvos Lorand University in Budapest.

For the study, the researchers first trained 13 dogs for months. The dogs had to sit quietly inside machine, so that the researchers could check their activities.

Then the researcher put headphones on dogs and played people’s voice to them. There were four different voices. Some were positive words, such as “well done”, or neutral（不带感情色彩的）words like “however”. The words were also in different tones. Some were positive and some were neutral.

Brain scans(扫描)showed that the dogs could recognize words, as well as the tone of words, much like people do. The positive words with a positive tone brought the stronger activity in their brain’s reward centers(反应中枢).

“It shows that for dogs, a nice phrase can word very well as a prise, but it words best if both words and tones match.” said Andies.

They also found that dogs deal with meaningful words with the left side of the brain and tones with the right. Human brains work in the same way.

It gave us a new understanding of language, said Andies. That is, not only do humans understand the meaning in words, other spacies do too.

1. What was found according to the study in Hungary?
2. Dogs can’t understand people words.
3. Dogs can only understand what we say.
4. Dogs can understand what we thought better than our words.
5. Dogs understand not only what we say, but also how we say it.
6. Which of the following is not mentioned in the study?
7. Researchers played with the dogs.
8. Researchers made dogs sit inside machine.
9. Researchers scans the dogs’ brain.
10. Researchers played people’s voice to the dogs.
11. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?
12. Human brains don’t work in the same way as dogs do.
13. Dogs deal with meaningful words with the left side of the brain.
14. The researchers trained dogs for years to check their brain activities.
15. Researcher Attila Andies was disappointed at the result of the study.
16. What is the main idea of this passage?
17. Dogs are as clever as humans.
18. Dogs are good at learning human’s language.
19. Dogs can understand the meaning in words.
20. Dogs can do what human do.
21. （共5小题，每小题2分， 满分10分）

下面文章中有五处（第31-35小题）需要添加标题，请从选项（A， B， C， D， E和F）中选出符合各段意思的小标题。选项中有一项是多余选项。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Eat more healthy foods. | 1. Choose different foods in season. |
| 1. Reduce stress. | 1. Get help. |
| 1. Get out in the sun. | 1. Get some exercise. |

Does your mood changes with the seasons?

Some people find that when the temperature goes down, so do their spirits. Those people sometimes feel sad for no reason. They eat more and gain weight. They have trouble sleeping. They can’t think clearly. This is the winter blues.

Here are some ways you can beat the winter blues:

31. Some experts say that winter blues happen because we get less sunlight in the winter than we do in other seasons. Some say that the decrease in sunlight can make us feel sad. Getting more sunlight each day can help you feel better.

32. A walk or other exercise will make chemicals called endorphins(内啡肽)flow through your body. Endorphins are natural “feel good” chemicals.

33. Avoid having too much sugar. If you crave sugary foods(like cookies or candy), it may be a sign that you need more protein(蛋白质), like meat, chicken, or fish.

34. Cut back if you have too many things to do. Make sure you have some quiet time to yourself. Get some rest. Studies show that most teens need about nine hours of sleep each night. The average teen, though, gets only about six or seven hours sleep per night.

35. If you feel sad all the time and the feeling won’t go away, you may have a bigger problem than the winter blues. Talk to an adult who you trust or get help from a doctor.

第三部分 英语知识应用（共25小题，满分25分）

第一节 完形填空（共15小题，每小题1分，共15分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项A， B， C， D中， 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该选项涂黑。

There was a rich couple who wanted to hold a big new year party. They went shopping at the market where everything was of high 36. . They wanted to show off their life standard so they didn’t 37. paying for it. After buying all they needed, they called a porter to carry everything to their home. The porter was of an old age, not very 38. looking and looked as if he wasn’t even able to meet his daily needs with broken clothes.

They asked the porter about the charges for delivering their goods to their home. The old porter asked for just $20, much 39. than the market price. Yet, the couple bargained with the porter and 40. paid $15. The couple was very happy and left after giving their 41. for delivery. They reached their home and an hour passed, two hours passed, but the porter still hadn’t delivered their goods.

The wife started to get angry at her husband, “I always tell you not to 42. such a person but you never listen to me. For such a person who is not even able to feed himself, you handed him 43. we bought. I’m sure instead of delivering at our home, he must have 44. with everything. We must immediately go back to the market to ask and then to the police station to file the complaint against 45. .”

On their way near the market, they saw another porter. They 46. him to ask about the old porter. And the angry wife asked him, “Where is the old thief ? It seems he is stealing our 47. and going to sell them.”

The porter replied, “Madam, please 48. . that poor old man was hungry and poor, but he was honest. He has been sick 49. last month. On the way to deliver your goods, he couldn’t gather the strength to go any further in this heat of the noon. He 50. and while handing me $15, his last words were, ‘ I had taken an advance for this delivery and you take this and please deliver to this address.’”

Hearing this, the husband had tears in his eyes, and the wife felt so ashamed.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. technology | 1. cost | 1. size | 1. energy |
| 1. A. mind | 1. stand | 1. enjoy | 1. keep |
| 1. A. good | 1. healthy | 1. bad | 1. happy |
| 1. A. more | 1. worse | 1. higher | 1. lower |
| 1. A. clearly | 1. completely | 1. finally | 1. actually |
| 1. A. address | 1. truck | 1. telephone | 1. stamp |
| 1. A. watch | 1. trust | 1. interview | 1. introduce |
| 1. A. something | 1. nothing | 1. anything | 1. everything |
| 1. A. disappeared | 1. came | 1. rested | 1. regretted |
| 1. A. me | 1. her | 1. him | 1. you |
| 1. A. cheated | 1. left | 1. accepted | 1. stopped |
| 1. A. money | 1. goods | 1. food | 1. clothes |
| 1. A. cheer up | 1. stand up | 1. calm down | 1. lie down |
| 1. A. before | 1. since | 1. after | 1. until |
| 1. A. fell down | 1. showed up | 1. set out | 1. ran away |

第二卷 语法填空（共10小题，计10分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当内容（括号内单词的适当形式）。

One weekend, I went to visit my grandparents in the countryside. On my way home a car ran over me 51. cut off my arms because of it’s high speed.

Several days later when I woke up at the hospital, I realized I had to spend the rest of my life 52. arms. How sad I felt at that time! But 53. (slow)I knew I had to face the fact and get it over. I 54. (can) get my arms back even though I cried every day.

However, It’s 55. (easy)said than done. It took me nearly half a year to get out of the 56. (sad)completely. I got so much from my past story. From then on, I could treat my life with 57. normal mind. But in my daily life, I often see my classmates get 58. (worry) about little things:they got a bad grade on the test; their bus comes late; they don’t have a mobile phone but others have, and so on. But I only enjoy my life. I was lucky to realize it from an accident, it’s a waste of our life to focus on what we have lost. We should always think of 59. we have. So why are so many people unhappy? Someone may say, “my whole life would improve if I had a new car.” But when you get the car, what happens? For a whole week you are walking on air. Then you go right back to being unhappy.

Happiness 60. (depend)on what we have! It’s in our heart. It’s a state of mind:even though you own the whole world, you may still feel unhappy. Happiness comes from mastering the art of appreciation and taking in pleasure in what you really have.

第四部分：写作（共二节， 满分25分）

1. 单词拼写（共10小题， 计10分）

根据下列句子及所给单词的首字母， 在答题卷上按题号写出各单词的完整形式（每空限填一词）。

1. When I was a child, my mother always w me not to watch TV too much or my eyes would become weak.
2. It’s a p conversation. It’s none of your business.
3. Baidu is a famous w which is widely used to search information on the internet.
4. Great changes have t place in our school in the last few years.
5. Let’s go and find a quieter place to discuss the plan. It’s too n 65. here.
6. It’s a p that the weather is wet and cold. Our picnic has to be put off again.
7. Erquan Yingyue is the most moving piece of music that I’ve ever heared r .
8. Although n of her parents had gone to college, she was really a top student in her class.
9. I’m sorry to keep you w for so long, but I really have much work to do.
10. Our grandmother is going to have her e birthday this year.
11. 书面表达（共1题，满分15分）

假定你是李华， 你想邀请Sam 参加你家的除夕晚会， 请你写一封电子邮件告诉他聚会的时间、地点， 聚会上准备做些什么以及他所需要做哪些准备。

提示词语： decorate, enjoy dinner, CCTV New Year’s Gala, firework, wish

提示问题： 1. when and where will you have your family party?

2.What will you do at the family party?

3. What do you advise him to prepare for the party?

注意：

1. 词数80左右；
2. 可适当增加细节，使行文连贯；
3. 信中不能出现本人真实的信息；
4. 开头和结尾已为你写好，不计入总词数。

Dear Sam,

How is everything going?

I am writing to invite you to my family party on the Spring Festival Eve.

I’m looking forward to your reply.

Yours,

Li Hua

参考答案

听力部分：

1-5 CAABB 6-10 CBBBA 11-15 BABBB

阅读理解：

16-20 DBADB 21-25 CABBD 26-30 CDABC 31-35 EFACD

完形填空：

36-40 BABDC 41-45 ABDAC 46-50 DBCBA

语法填空：

and without slowly couldn’t easier sadness a worried what depends

单词拼写：

warned private website taken noisy pity recently neither waiting eightieth