**UNIT 6 TEST**



**姓名 分数**

**一、单项选择（30分）**

1. —It’s awful today! ---Yes.It’s windy and it’s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A .snow B.snows C .to snowing D.snowing

2.Don’t forget \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_your key here tomorrow.

A.to bring B.bringing C.taking D.to take

3.The old man has a big house \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a garden.

A. and B. of C. with D. in

4.Jack is very funny. He always makes us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. laugh B. laughing C.to laugh D.laughs

5.Tigers like to eat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_,but koalas like to eat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.meat;leaf B.meats;leaf C.meat;leaves D.meats;leaves

6.We are very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to hear the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_news.

A.surprise;surprised B.surprised;surprising C. surprising; surprised D. surprise; surprising

7. —What about your new job? —It is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_．I always do the same thing every day.

A．interesting B．fun C．bright D．boring

8.I have to get up early tomorrow, please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A .wake up mine B. wake mine C. wake up me D.wake me up

9.We wait \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the winter.

A .for B. at C. from D.on

10.My father often \_\_\_football games on TV and my brother often\_\_\_\_\_comics(漫画).

A. reads;watches B.sees;watches C. watches;reads D.watches;watches

11.As good exercise, 　　　　is becoming more and more popular in some coastal(临海的)cities.

A.surf B.surfer C.surfing D.surfboard

12.Seasons in Shijiazhuang are 　　　　seasons in Sanya.

A.same B.the same as C.different D.different from

13.—What is the weather like there? —Terrible.It is 　　　　and windy.

A.rainy B.warm C.sunny D.cool

14.—What’s the 　　　　outside?  — It’s 38 degrees.

A.weather B.date C.temperature D.website

15.Don’t 　　　　the baby.He went to sleep five minutes ago.

A.get up B.stay up C.wake up D.cut up

16.I hope Tina 　　　　to my birthday party on time next Wednesday.

A.to come B.come C.came D.will come

17.I was doing my homework then and I didn’t notice the teacher 　　　　beside me.

A.stand B.to stand　 C.standing D.stood

18.—Let’s go surfing 　　　　a windy day. —That sounds great!

A.on B.at C.in D.during

19.The teacher stands 　　　　me 　　　　a book in his hand.

A.in the front of, have B.in the front of, has C.in front of, with D.in front of, has

20.Steven went to the farm and helped his uncle 　　　　the apples this autumn.

A.pick B.picks　　　 C.picking D.picked

21.The girl’s dress looks 　　　　.

A.well B.nice　 C.beautifully D.badly

22.—Dad, I finished my homework in two hours. —　　　　!

A.No problem B.Good luck C.Good work D.Of course

23. The weather suddenly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cold.

A. became B. went C. turned D. grew

24. It’s a great season \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ planting trees.

A. at B. to C. for D. with

25. The room is \_\_\_\_\_\_ to hold 100 people.

A. enough big B. too big C. big enough D. big too

26. \_\_\_\_\_\_ delicious the soup is! I’d like some more.

A. How B. How a C. What D. What a

27. Look! They are playing soccer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. happy B. happily C. sad D. unhappy

28. Lisa is a little poor at Chinese. I think she needs \_\_\_\_\_\_ it every day.

A. practice to speak B. to practice speaking C. practice speaking D. practicing speaking

29. Do you have \_\_\_\_\_ to tell us?

A. something important　B. important something C. anything important　D. important anything

30.She lived \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a small village, but she didn't feel\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. lonely；lonely B. alone; lonely C. lonely；alone D. alone; alone

**二、完形填空（10分）**

In Britain, winter is not very cold 1 summer is not very hot. There is not a great difference 2 summer and winter. 3 is this?

Britain has a warm winter and a cool summer because it is an island country. In winter the sea is warmer than the land. The winds from the sea 4 warm air to Britain. In summer the sea is cooler than the land. The winds from the sea bring 5 air to Britain. The winds from the west blow 6 Britain all the year. They blow from the southwest. They are wet 7 . They bring rain to Britain all the year. Britain has 8 rain all the year. The west of Britain is wetter than the east. The winds must blow over the highland in the west. They drop more rain there. The east of Britain is drier(更干) than the west.

The four seasons are 9 three months long. Winter is in December, January and February. Spring lasts 10 March to May. Summer is in June, July and August. Fall is in September, October and November.

( )1.A.or B. but C. and D. so

( )2.A.between B. from C. with D. in

( )3.A.What B. Why C. How D. Where

( )4.A.carry B. take C. bring D. get

( )5.A.cool B. cooler C. warm D. warmer

( )6.A.over B. under C. at D. on

( )7.A.rain B. rains C. wind D. winds

( )8.A.many B. a lot C. a lot of D. a few

( )9.A.every B. both C. all D. between

( )10.A.from B. in C. at D. on

**三、阅读理解(每小题2分，共30分)**

There are four seasons in a year in China. February, March and April make the spring season. May, June and July make the summer season. August, September and October make the cool autumn season. November, December and January make the winter season. Near the North Pole(北极)there are only two seasons. They are winter and summer. The nights in winter are very long. For more than two months you can’t see the sun, even at noon. In summer the days are long. For more than two months the sun never sets, and there is no night. In the tropics(热带)there are also two seasons: a rainy season and a dry season.

（ ）1. There are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ seasons in a year in China.

A. two　　 　　 B. four C. three　 　　　D. one

（ ）2. In the tropics(热带)there are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ seasons.

A. two　　 　B. four　　 C. three　 　D. one

（ ）3. The two seasons near the North Pole are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. spring and autumn　B. winter and summer C. rainy season and dry season D. spring and winter

（ ）4. Autumn in China \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. is cool　　B. lasts from September to November C. is hot　　D. comes after spring

（ ）5. Near the North Pole \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in summer.

A. the days aren’t long B. the days are long

C. there is no night D. the days are less than two months

It is a beautiful spring morning. There isn’t a cloud, and the sun is warm but not too hot. So Mr. Green is surprised when he sees an old man at the bus stop with a big strong black umbrella in his hand. Mr. Green says to him, “Do you think we are going to have rain today?” “No,” says the old man，“I don’t think so.” “Then are you carrying the umbrella to keep the sun off you?” “No, the sun is not very hot in spring.” Mr. Green looks at the big umbrella again, then the man says, “I am an old man, and my legs are not very strong. So I really need a walking stick(拐杖). When I carry a walking stick, people will say, ‘Look at that poor man.’ And I don’t like that. When I carry an umbrella in fine weather, people only say, ‘Look at that foolish man.’ ”

( )6.Where does Mr. Green meet the old man?

A. In the bus. B. Near the bus stop. C. At the bus stop. D. In a big shop.

( )7.How does Mr. Green feel when he sees the old man with an umbrella in his hand?

A. He feels worried. B. He feels surprised. C. He feels happy. D. He feels sad.

( )8.What colour is the old man’s umbrella?

A. Black. B. Blue. C. Brown. D. White.

( )9.What is the weather like?

A. Cloudy. B. Rainy. C. Fine. D. Windy.

( )10.What do people think of the old man when he carries an umbrella in fine weather?

A. He is very strong. B. He is very foolish. C. He is very poor. D. He is healthy.

With July coming, the summer holidays begin. Boys and girls in England will have a two­month holiday. The holidays are the best time of the year for most children. They can spend most of their time in swimming, camping, and travelling with their parents.

The most enjoyable place is the seaside. Some children are lucky enough to live near the sea, but for those who live far from the sea, their parents will take them to the seaside for the holidays.

Why do children like spending their holidays at seaside? It's because they like the sand, the sun, the cool wind and the salty water there more than anything else. Of course, there are lots of new things to see, nice things to eat and exciting things to do.

11—12题完成句子；13题简略回答问题；14题找出并写下第2段的主题句15题将文中画线句子译成汉语。

11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the most enjoyable place in summer holidays.

12. The summer holidays will last(持续) for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_．

13. Why do the children like spending their holidays at seaside?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

14. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**四、词汇考察（20分）**

1. When did you w\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up this morning?

2. The weather t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hot and I can go swimming.

3. The English teacher is very p\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the students.

4. F\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the harvest season.

5. What a c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ day it is!

1. I was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (surprise) to see him there.

2. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (become) a doctor when he grew up.

3. What a 　　　　(love) girl she is!

4. The students are playing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (happy).

5. We should eat more vegetables to keep \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (health).

6. Often, the temperature\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (reach) 40 degrees!

7.Did you notice the man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(get) on the bus just now?

8. The meat smells \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(good).

9. I hope　　　　(be) a good teacher one day!

10. China is a country with a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (colour) history.

11.There are so many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (cloud)in the sky。

12. Winter is a great season for 　　　　(ski).

13. He is always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (friend) to others. We all like him.

14. Sam enjoys collecting(收集)．He has collected over three\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(hundred)stamps.

15.The bag is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(fill) with presents

**五、句型转换（20分）**

一、将下列句子改为感叹句

1.The boy swam very fast. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the boy swam!

2.The school trip is very exciting. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the school trip is !

3. Hei Longjiang looks very beautiful in winter.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Hei Longjiang looks in winter!

4.It is a very useful dictionary.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ dictionary it is ! \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ dictionary is !

5.The students are listening very carefully.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_The students are listening!

二、根据汉语意思完成句子

6.我喜欢的季节是冬季 My \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is winter

7.现在轮到你值日了。 It’s your \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be on duty

8.多有趣的故事啊！\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the story is !

9.那个小女孩会弹钢琴。 The little girl \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the piano

10.他每周去看一场电影 He goes to see a film \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**六. 书面表达**：（10分）

请以Seasons为题，用自己的话描述一下四季的特点，60词左右。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_