2019江苏省牛津译林版初二英语下册U2综合检测



一、根据首字母或中文提示完成下列单词。

1.All the students were c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their hands when they saw their teacher came in.

2.The girl danced so b\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that everyone screamed.

3.My father went to buy some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(文具 ) as souvenirs for my cousin.

4.We are going to t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the city center of Beijing to tomorrow.

5.It was a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_( 愉快的) holiday. All of us had a nice time.

6.I’d like three air \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(票 ) to Japan next Tuesday morning.

7.The next day we went \_\_\_\_\_\_( 观光 ) . We went to the Summer Palace.

8.Our Plane landed \_\_\_\_\_\_( 安全 ) in Japan after about four hours.

9.It was a happy \_\_\_\_\_\_(经历 ) and I hope to visit the country again very soon.

10.It was fun to see so many elephants \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(前进 ) and dancing .

二、同义句转换。

1.I was so excited that I couldn’t stop clapping my hands.

I was so excited that I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clapping my hands.

2.The Blacks were visiting Japan.

The Blacks were on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Japan.

3.Would you like to show me your ticket?

Would you like to show your ticket \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_?

4.The book is very interesting, all of us like to read it.

The book is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ interesting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all of us like to read it.

5.The boy turned on TV at once when he got home.

The boy turned on TV \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ as he got home.

三、选择。

1.Next week Li Lei is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. going a field trip
2. going to a field trip
3. going on a field trip
4. went on a field trip

2.Children often go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in rivers and lakes in summer.

A. to swims B. to swimming C. Swimming D. Swim

3.It was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to spend the whole day in Sanrio Pwroland.

A. real fun B. really fun C. a real fun D. a really fun

4.My father likes vegetables \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I like meat very much.

A. when B. while C. before D. after

5.I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a lovely Hello Kitty Purse fore two mouths.

A. have bought B. have had C. have brought D. have sold.

6.Hello Kitty was so \_\_\_\_\_\_ that everyone screamed.

A. beautiful

B. beautifully

C. more beautiful

D. more beautifully

7.Thank of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to write about.

A. something interesting B. interesting something

C. anything interesting D. interesting anything

8.My mother was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that she couldn’t move.

A. very surprised B. so surprised

C. very surprising D. so surprising

9.We will begin our meeting as soon as the head masten .

A. arrived B. arrives C. arrive D. will arrive.

10.She \_\_\_\_\_\_ TV when I got to her house.

A. is seeing B. are watching

C. were watching D. was watching.

11.She was cooking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she heard a knock at the door.

A. after B. as C. when D. while

12.The sign of “ No photos” means” \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. There’re no photos B. Don’t take photos any more

C.You can’t take photos here D. photos are bad for your health.

13.Yes, but it’s \_\_\_\_\_\_ that we can’t miss it.

A. so an important B. such an important match

C. so important match D.such important match

14. The film \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me. I’m \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in it.

A. interesting, interested B. interested, interested

C. interests, interested D. interested, interesting.

15.Han long have you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the dictionary?

A. borrowed B. bought C. had D.taken

1. 所给动词的适当形式填空。

1.China \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (change) a lot since 1978

2.Look at the dark clouds . It \_\_\_\_\_\_ (rain) soon.

3.When Kate came in, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( write) a letter.

4.We’ll go to visit the Great Wall, if it \_\_\_\_\_\_ (not rain) tomorrow.

5.Listen! Who \_\_\_\_\_\_ (sing) as English song in the room?

6.Li Ping \_\_\_\_\_\_ ( do) his homework at six yesterday evening.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_( have) your lunch?

7.The Greens \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (live) in the city since 1945.

8.I want to buy some presents for all my family, but I \_\_\_\_\_\_(not choose) any yet.

9.Tom \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV while his father was reading.

五、完形填空10分。

Mr White is a farmer. Last month he 1 his truck to town and on the way his truck knocked down a 2 and hurt him. He sent the boy to a 3 at once. He paid a lot of money for that, but the boy’s 4 wanted to get more money for him. So they said their son could no longer lift his 5 arm above his head.

Mr White’s lawyer came and asked the boy a few questions in the court.

“Now, my boy,” he said, “you were hurt 6 , weren’t you?”

“Yes, sir,” said the boy.

“And you can’t lift your right arm now, can you?”

“ 7 , sir.”

“Could you 8 us how you can lift your right arm?”

Slowly the boy lifted his right arm before his nose.

“Poor boy,” said the lawyer. “And how 9 could you lift it before the accident?”

“Oh, very high,” said the boy proudly and the arm went up right over his 10 .

1. A. took B. brought C. made D. drove

2. A. girl B. parent C. boy D. farmer

3. A. hospital B. home C. farm D. court

4. A. grandfather B. father C. parents D. mother

5. A. left B. right C. both D. one

6. A. last month B. this month C. yesterday D. last week

7. A. Yes B. Of course C. Yes, I can’t D. No

8. A. show B. tell C. say D. ask

9. A. low B. high C. far D. near

10. A. nose B. arm C. head D. right arm

六、阅读理解。

根据短文内容，选择正确答案。

A lot of boys and girls in America are wearing the same clothes, and many of them have long hair, so it is often difficult to tell whether they are boys or girls.

One day, an old man went for a walk in a park in Washington, and when he was tired he sat down on a chair. A young person was standing on the other side of the lake.

“excuse me,” the old man said to the person next to him on the chair. “ Do you see the person with red trousers and long hair? Is it a girl or a boy?”

“A boy,” said the neighbor, “he is my son,”

“Oh!” the old man said quickly. “I am sorry, but I didn’t know that you were his mother.”

“I’m not,” said the other man, “ I am his father!”

1.In America it is often difficult to tell boys from girls because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.they are wearing the same clothes

B.they often wear red trousers

C.many of them have long hair

D.Both A and C

Washington is a city in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Chain B. America C. Canada D. France

2、The old man sat down on a chair because\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.he was walking in a park

B.he wanted to ask the person next to him a question

C.he was very tired

C.he wanted to know something about the young man

3.The person next to the old man and the young person were\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. father and son B. mother and son

C. neighbor and son D. neighbor and father.

4.When the old man said, “but I didn’t know that you were his mother,”\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.he knew the person next to him was the young person’s father

B.he thought that the person next to him was a woman

C.he thought that the person next to him was a man

D.he was quite right

七、根据短文内容，选择合适的答案填空。

We each have a memory ( 记忆力). That’s why we can still remember things after a long time. Some people have very good memories and they can easily learn many things by heart, but some people can only remember things when they say or do them again and again. Many of the great men of the world have got surprising(惊人的 ) memories.

A good memory is a great help in learning a language. Everybody learns his mother language when he is a small child. He hears the sounds, remembers them and then he learns to speak. Some children are living with their parents in foreign countries. They can learn two languages as easily as one because they hear, remember and speak two languages every day. In school it is not so easy to learn a foreign language because the pupils have so little time for it, and they are busy with other subjects, too.

But your memory will become better and better when you do more and more exercises.

1. Why can some people easily learn many things by heart? Because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. they always sleep very well

B. they often eat good food

C. they read a lot of books

D. they have very good memories

1. When does everybody learn his mother language?
2. At the age of six

B. When he is a small child

C. After he goes to school

D. When he can read and work.

1. Before a child can speak, he must \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. read and write

B. think hard

C. hear and remember the sounds

D. make sentences

1. Why is it not easy for the pupils to learn a foreign language? Because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. they have no good memories

B. they have no recorders

C. they have too much time for it

D. they are busy with other subjects

1. Your memory will not become better \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. if you don’t have a lot of good food

B. if you don’t do more and more exercises

C. if you don’t do morning exercises every day

D. if you don’t get up early

八、写作训练。

描述一下昨天八点钟你家的情况，用上下列短语。

Do one’s homework, watch TV, play computer games, read newspapers, chat with friends, It was eight yesterday evening,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_