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| 八年级上册·英语( YL ) |

**Unit 4**　**单元检测卷**

( 120分　100分钟 )

　　　　　　第一部分　听力( 共四大题,满分**20**分 )

Ⅰ**.**关键词语选择( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

你将听到五个句子。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个你所听到的单词或短语。每个句子读两遍。

( A )1.A.crazy B.lazy C.easy

( C )2.A.spend B.end C.attend

( B )3.A.soft B.secret C.smart

( C )4.A.speaking B.smelling C.spelling

( B )5.A.stands on B.stands for C.stands by

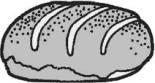
Ⅱ**.**短对话理解( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

你将听到五段对话,每段对话后有一个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

( A )6. What’s the weather like in Kate’s city?

A. B. C.

( B )7.What are the speakers going to make?

A. B. C.

( A )8.What is Kate doing?

A.She is asking Tony for help.

B.She is helping Tony.

C.She is repairing the computer.

( B )9.Who will decorate the new house?

A.The man. B.The woman. C.The man’s sister.

( B )10.What will the two speakers do first?

A.Find the new shirt and tie.

B.Clean the wall.

C.Paint the wall.

Ⅲ**.**长对话理解 ( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

你将听到两段对话,每段对话后有几个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第11至12小题。

( B )11.Where are the speakers talking?

A.In a park. B.In a bookshop. C.In a swimming pool.

( A )12.Who will cook dinner this evening?

A.Mary. B.Mary’s father. C.Mary’s mother.

听下面一段对话,回答第13至15小题。

( A )13.Where was the watch made?

A.In Switzerland. B.In Britain. C.In China.

( B )14.Who invented( 发明 ) the watch?

A.A Swiss person. B.A British person. C.A Chinese person.

( C )15.How is Joe’s shirt?

A.Bad. B.Cheap. C.Comfortable.

Ⅳ**.**信息转换( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容,写出下面表格中所缺的单词,每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Instructions | |
| First | Choose a 16.　large　 potato. |
| Second | Wash it. |
| Third | 17.　Cut　 it in half with a knife. |
| Fourth | Draw a 18.　design　 on the end of the potato with a pen. |
| Fifth | Put the cut end into the 19.　paint　. |
| Finally | Put the potato onto a piece of 20.　paper　. |

第二部分　英语知识运用( 共两大题,满分**30**分 )

Ⅴ**.**单项填空( 共**15**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**15**分 )

从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

( C )21.—Can you help me repair my bike?

—　　　　.I am coming.

A.Of course not B.Thank you

C.No problem D.You are welcome

( C )22.—Tom,please read the first story to us.

—I’m sorry,Mr Wang.I　　　　my storybook at home this morning.

A.forgot B.took C.left D.brought

( D )23.—Could you tell me how to use the new washing machine?

—Sorry.I don’t know,either.Let’s read the　　　　first.

A.messages B.notes C.advice D.instructions

( B )24.—I want to know more　　　　about how to use this word?

—You can look it up in your dictionary.

A.mainly B.exactly C.really D.quickly

( B )25.The English word “survive”　　　　“stay alive”.

A.stands B.stands for C.instead of D.instead

( D )26.Daniel is　　　　about playing football.He even plays it when it rains.

A.interested B.fond C.afraid D.crazy

( A )27.You　　　　tell him the result right away.

A.shouldn’t B.couldn’t C.may not D.wouldn’t

( C )28.Don’t　　　　the pictures on the blackboard!

A.put on B.put away C.put up D.put in

( A )29.You had better　　　　in class without permission( 允许 ).

A.not talk B.don’t talk C.talk D.talking

( A )30.　　　　good advice you gave us!Thank you very much.

A.What B.What a C.How D.How a

( C )31.Make sure　　　　the work before 6 o’clock this afternoon.

A.finishing B.to finishing C.to finish D.finished

( D )32.Not only Henry but also Li Lei　　　　English.They can talk with Americans very well.

A.is speaking B.speak C.spoke D.speaks

( B )33.Whenever I failed to do something,my mother　　　　me to have a try again.

A.let B.advised C.made D.worried

( D )34.—What do you think of my new skirt,Mary?

—It’s more beautiful than　　　　.

A.else anyone’s B.anyone else

C.anyone’s else D.anyone else’s

( A )35.—Don’t eat junk food.It’s bad for you.

—　　　　.

A.Sorry,I won’t B.Sure,I will

C.I don’t agree D.Never mind

Ⅵ**.**完形填空( 共**10**小题;每小题**1.5**分,满分**15**分 )

阅读下面短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

The DIY is very popular with us today.But what’s DIY?DIY　36　“do-it-yourself”.It is very new and fashionable.In my opinion,I believe it is a very　37　thing.First,it can give you real　38　in doing something or making something and this experience( 经验 ) is very helpful.It is　39　a good way to express( 表达 ) your own idea.You can make your idea come true by DIY.　40　,you can make a cake or dish by your own idea.What’s more,today,by DIY,we can　41　the happiness from it and get the　42　of success( 成功 ) or achievement( 成就 ) by DIY.When you　43　some time doing DIY,you can have fun doing it and when it is finished,you will be very　44　.Finally,DIY is a good way to reduce( 减少 ) cost when we make　45　.All in all,it is a very good thing and suitable for many youths.

( B )36.A.cares about B.stands for C.puts in D.takes place

( A )37.A.good B.bad C.daily D.terrible

( D )38.A.chance B.choice C.abilities D.experience

( D )39.A.too B.as C.either D.also

( C )40.A.In fact B.On time C.For example D.Of course

( A )41.A.enjoy B.learn C.choose D.change

( A )42.A.sense B.look C.meaning D.joke

( B )43.A.cost B.spend C.take D.pay

( B )44.A.interested B.excited C.bored D.tired

( A )45.A.something B.anything C.nothing D.everything

第三部分　阅读理解( 共两大题,满分**35**分 )

Ⅶ**.**补全对话( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

根据对话内容,从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,其中有两个为多余选项。

A:Hi,Sally.Let’s make fruit salad.

B:46.　A　How many apples do we need?

A:47.　D　And we also need honey and bananas.

B:48.　F

A:About two teaspoons.

B:49.　G

A:One is enough.

B:Then what should we do?

A:First peel the banana.Next cut up the banana and apples.50.　E　Finally mix them all up.

B:OK.It’s easy.

A.Good idea.

B.Two cups.

C.Let me think.

D.We need two.

E.Then pour two teaspoons of honey.

F.How much honey do we need?

G.How many bananas do we need?

Ⅷ**.**阅读理解( 共**15**小题;每小题**2**分,满分**30**分 )

阅读下列短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

**A**

As prices and building costs keep rising,the DIY in big cities of China becomes more popular.

“We needed furniture for our living room,” says Li Ling,“and we just didn’t have enough money to buy it.So we decided to try making a few tables and chairs.” Li Ling got married six months ago,and like many young people these days,they tried their best to make a home by themselves because the cost of living is very high.Li Ling and his wife took a 2-week course for 1,280 *yuan* at a training school.Now they build all their furniture and make repairs around the house.

Mr Wang has three boys and his wife has died.He has a job in a shoe making factory.Last month,he received a car repair bill for 900 *yuan*.“I was deeply upset( 沮丧 ) about it.Now I’ve finished a car repair course.I should be able to fix the car by myself.”

Li Ling and Mr Wang are common people( 普通人 ).Most families in our country are doing everything they can to save money so they can fight the high cost of living.If you want to become a “do-it-yourselfer”,you can go to DIY classes.And for those who don’t have time to take a course,there are books that tell you how you can do things by yourselves.

( A )51.Why did Li Ling and his wife try to make a home by themselves?

A.Because of the high cost of living.

B.Because of a car repair bill.

C.Because of their hobbies.

D.Because of their much spare time.

( D )52.What course did Mr Wang take?

A.A two-week course. B.A furniture repair course.

C.A shoe making course. D.A car repair course.

( C )53.How many examples are given to prove the DIY becomes more popular?

A.None. B.One. C.Two. D.Three.

( D )54.What can you do if you have no time to take a course?

A.Ask your neighbour for help. B.Look up information online.

C.Listen to the course on the radio. D.Buy some books about DIY.

**B**

This spring,we have four kinds of field trips for families.The price of each field trip is $50 for a group of four people or less.You may choose from the following.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Farm Tour | Come to the farm,meet those lovely animals and take a walk in the garden. |
| Planting | Do some planting with your children in the garden and enjoy the pleasure of it. |
| Honeybee  Field Trip | Come and take a look at the honeybees.Learn more about these busy animals and maybe even taste some honey. |
| Life on the Farm | Learn about the farm life in spring!Enjoy watering,harvesting( 收割 ) and other activities about farm work,local food and something else on the farm. |

( C )55.How many kinds of trips are offered?

A.Two. B.Three. C.Four. D.Five.

( A )56.If you choose Farm Tour,you will　　　　.

A.see a lot of cute animals B.plant some crops in the garden

C.have some honey D.eat some local food

( D )57.If you want to experience farmers’ life,you can choose　　　　.

A.Farm Tour B.Planting

C.Honeybee Field Trip D.Life on the Farm

( C )58.What’s the best title for the passage?

A.Life on the farm B.Animals in the garden

C.Field trips D.Travellers to the farm

**C**

“Mum,” said Trevor,as he watched his mother washing the old cans( 罐 ),“why are you washing these old cans?”

“I’m getting them ready for being put into the recycling box,” said Mum.

“Well,they are rubbish to us,because we don’t need them anymore.I wash the cans out so that they won’t attract( 吸引 ) insects,” said Mum.“We don’t use some things,but it doesn’t mean they have no value.These cans can be melted down to make new cans or other things.”

“I didn’t think of that,” said Trevor.“Is that why you save all the cardboard( 纸板 ) or newspapers too?”

Mum nodded,“That is also why I save all those vegetable bits.I use them all in our garden.”

“Our teacher told us about projects other classes had done for Earth Day,and she asked for suggestions for our class projects.I can’t think of anything.Do you have any good ideas,Mum?” asked Trevor.

Mum wiped( 擦 ) her hands with a towel( 毛巾 ) and thought for a few minutes.“I saw an article in a magazine about wise ideas about recycling.It must be something you will be interested in.”

( B )59.What was Trevor’s mother doing?

A.She was reading a magazine.

B.She was washing some old cans.

C.She was cooking in the kitchen.

D.She was packing some old newspapers.

( B )60.What does the underlined word “melt” mean in Chinese?

A.打碎 B.熔化 C.改造 D.折叠

( D )61.Trevor’s teacher wants to get　　　　for her class projects.

A.some old cans B.some recycling boxes

C.some towels D.some suggestions

( C )62.What will Trevor and his mother probably do after the conversation?

A.They will write a new article.

B.They will throw the cans away.

C.They will look for the magazine.

D.They will wash more cans together.

阅读下面短文,并用英语回答问题( 请注意每小题后面的词数要求 )。

**D**

Toothpaste( 牙膏 ) does more than just keep our teeth bright and white.It can be used wisely in many other ways.Here are some useful tips that can save us time and money.If you follow them,you will have a fresh smell of using toothpaste!

**Clean** **a** **dirty** **mirror**

If you want to clean a dirty bathroom mirror,try to put a bit of toothpaste on the mirror and wipe it dry.The glass can be cleaned up beautifully.And doing this can also stop the mirror from fogging.Then you can still see yourself in the mirror after taking a shower.

**Remove** **the** **unpleasant** **food** **smell**

Have some bad food smell,like the smell of onions or fish,on your hands?You can remove it by washing your hands with toothpaste.You’ll be fresh-smelling in no time.

**Make** **your** **sports** **shoes** **whiter**

This time,clean your sports shoes by yourself,not by your mother.Wipe some toothpaste around your shoes and then clean it with a wet cloth.See?Your shoes are white as new!

63.How many ways can you save your time and money by using toothpaste?( 不超过5个词 )

Three.

64.What can you do if there is some smell of fish on your hands?( 不超过5个词 )

Wash our hands with toothpaste.

65.What does the passage mainly tell us about?( 不超过5个词 )

How to use toothpaste wisely.

第四部分　写( 共两大题,满分**35**分 )

Ⅸ**.**单词拼写( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

根据首字母及汉语提示,完成下列单词的拼写,使句意明确,语言通顺。

66.Make sure you have enough paint on your　brush　( 画笔 ).

67.We can　stick　( 粘住 ) these pictures into the book with glue.

68.While you’re smoking in front of the children,you are setting them a bad　example　( 榜样 ).

69.The teacher plays a very　active　( 积极的 ) part in this type of classroom activity.

70.Can you tell me the meaning of this　sentence　( 句子 )?

Ⅹ**.**书面表达( 共**1**小题;满分**30**分 )

假设你是李华,你的美国笔友Peter向你请教水果沙拉的做法。请你根据以下提示用英语给他回一封邮件,简单介绍水果沙拉的制作过程。

1.准备一个大碗;

2.把苹果洗净切成小块,放入大碗;

3.把其他你喜欢吃的水果( 如梨、葡萄、菠萝等 )切成小块,放入大碗;

4.取一瓶奶油,倒入大碗,与水果搅拌均匀。

要求:1.词数80左右;

2.要点齐全,语句通顺,意思连贯;

3.邮件的开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

Dear Peter,

You say you want to learn how to make fruit salad.Now I will tell you how to do it.

First,you have to get a big bowl ready.Wash up the apples,and cut them into small pieces.Next,put them into the big bowl.You can also add some more fruit you like,such as pears,grapes,pineapples,etc.Cut them into small pieces too,and put them into the bowl.Take out a bottle of cream and pour it in the bowl.Mix the fruit and cream together.Now the fruit salad is finished!

You can have a try by yourself.

Yours,

Li Hua