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| 八年级上册·英语( YL ) |

**Unit 5**　**单元检测卷**

( 120分　100分钟 )

　　　　　　第一部分　听力( 共四大题,满分**20**分 )

Ⅰ**.**关键词语选择( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

你将听到五个句子。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个你所听到的单词或短语。每个句子读两遍。

( C )1.A.lied B.tried C.died

( A )2.A.means B.meets C.matches

( B )3.A.vacation B.action C.station

( A )4.A.thick B.thin C.thirsty

( B )5.A.live in B.live on C.live for

Ⅱ**.**短对话理解( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

你将听到五段对话,每段对话后有一个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

( C )6.What animals are the speakers talking about?

A. B. C.

( C )7.What kind of animals are they talking about?

A. B. C.

( A )8.What animals does Sam like best?

A. B. C.

( B )9.What TV programme( 节目 ) does the woman like?

A.*Readers*.

B.*Top* *News*.

C.*Animal* *World*.

( A )10.What will Bob do first?

A.Watch the show.

B.Do his homework.

C.Take the dog for a walk.

Ⅲ**.**长对话理解 ( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

你将听到两段对话,每段对话后有几个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第11至12小题。

( B )11.What does the man think of cats?

A.Clean. B.Lazy. C.Quiet.

( B )12.What animals does the man like best?

A.Cats. B.Dogs. C.Ducks.

听下面一段对话,回答第13至15小题。

( B )13.Who did David go to the zoo with?

A.Ann. B.Frank. C.We don’t know.

( A )14.How did David visit the zoo?

A.By car. B.By bike. C.By bus.

( C )15.What did David think of the animal show?

A.It was noisy. B.It was boring. C.It was great.

Ⅳ**.**信息转换( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容,写出下面表格中所缺的单词,每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| My cat | |
| Name | Mimi. |
| Age | 16.　Three/3　 years old. |
| Looks | It has a short and white 17.　tail　.  Its eyes are green.  It 18.　weighs　 about two kilograms. |
| Food | Its favourite food is fish.  It also likes 19.　milk　 if it is not too cold. |
| Habits | It sleeps in a 20.　basket　.  When it is not sleeping,it often plays with balls. |

第二部分　英语知识运用( 共两大题,满分**30**分 )

Ⅴ**.**单项填空( 共**15**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**15**分 )

从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

( D )21.—There was a basketball match between our class and Class 3 yesterday.

—　　　　I missed it!

A.Sure! B.I’m sorry. C.What fun! D.What a shame!

( D )22.—Did you get any information about this test?

—Well,I was trying to,but found　　　　.

A.nothing B.no one C.some D.none

( B )23.Could you please speak a little more　　　　?I can’t follow you.

A.quietly B.slowly C.loudly D.quickly

( B )24.—Where is Linda now?

—I’m not sure.She　　　　stay in the teachers’ office.

A.can B.may C.need D.must

( A )25.He spent a lot of time on English.　　　　,he got the most points in the English test.

A.As a result B.Because of C.So D.Because

( C )26.What’s the weight of your daughter when she was　　　　birth?

A.in B.on C.at D.for

( D )27.He was badly ill last winter,but now he is out of　　　　.

A.space B.sense C.fact D.danger

( C )28.We must take action　　　　this kind of birds.

A.protect B.protecting C.to protect D.protected

( A )29.With the help of his classmates,he　　　　the difficult Maths problems easily.

A.worked out B.acted out C.put out D.gave out

( C )30.There were so many interesting animals in the zoo.I couldn’t decide　　　　first.

A.to watch which B.which to watch one

C.which one to watch D.to watch which one

( C )31.—　　　　did Xi Wang weigh at four months old?

—About eight kilograms.

A.How heavy B.How long C.How much D.How many

( C )32.My parents lent me the money.　　　　,I couldn’t pay for the trip.

A.And B.But C.Otherwise D.However

( D )33.The poor man really wanted a person to give him a room　　　　.

A.to live B.live C.live in D.to live in

( B )34.Some animals have　　　　areas to live,so we should do something to protect them.

A.larger and larger B.fewer and fewer

C.less and less D.more and more

( D )35.—My mother was ill in hospital last week.

—　　　　.

A.What a shame B.It doesn’t matter

C.That’s right D.I’m sorry to hear that

Ⅵ**.**完形填空( 共**10**小题;每小题**1.5**分,满分**15**分 )

阅读下面短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

The lion is called the king of all animals.Once it was also called as the king of the desert( 沙漠 ).However,lions　36　live in any desert now.Their　37　may be different from yellow to brown and males( 雄性动物 ) can be from blond( 金色的 ) to black.The male lions　38　up to 190 kg and are about 1.20 metres tall while the females( 雌性动物 ) weigh nearly 130 kg and are 1 metre tall.They　39　beautiful fur,strong legs with sharp claws and a long tail.

Panthera Leo( 非洲狮 ) lives in Sub Saharan Africa and Asia.　40　it feeds on many kinds of animals.When it’s chasing( 追逐 ) its food,it can reach the speed of 60 km per hour and　41　even 12 metres.The lion likes to eat its food at once,　42　sometimes it has to hide the food because of hyenas( 土狼 ).Hyenas are the only animals which kill lions for food.

The lion lives in small families　43　up of 20 to 30 members.In each family there is usually one grown male with two or three females with　44　baby lions.　45　,the lion population is in great danger mainly because of people’s hunting.

( A )36.A.never B.always C.sometimes D.usually

( D )37.A.food B.shape C.looks D.colour

( B )38.A.eat B.weigh C.grow D.hold

( C )39.A.want B.need C.have D.like

( B )40.A.Where B.Here C.There D.Which

( A )41.A.jump B.run C.stand D.walk

( B )42.A.so B.but C.and D.because

( C )43.A.took B.cut C.made D.got

( D )44.A.healthy B.beautiful C.active D.small

( C )45.A.Luckily B.Suddenly C.Unluckily D.Cheerfully

第三部分　阅读理解( 共两大题,满分**35**分 )

Ⅶ**.**补全对话( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

根据对话内容,从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,其中有两个为多余选项。

A:Hello!May I speak to David,please?

B:Hello!46.　C　Who’s that?

A:Peter speaking.What are you going to do this Saturday?

B:I have no idea.47.　D

A:Yes.Shall we go to the zoo?

B:Good idea.48.　G　Among them,I like pandas best.

A:So do I.I can’t wait to see the pandas.

B:Is the zoo far from here?

A:Not very far.49.　F

B:How can we get there?

A:The No.8 bus can take us there.

B:50.　A

A:Let’s make it half past eight in the morning.

B:All right.See you then at the school gate.

A:See you.

A.When shall we meet?

B.Where shall we meet?

C.This is David speaking.

D.Do you have any plans?

E.What about going to the zoo?

F.It is about five kilometres away.

G.We can see various kinds of animals there.

Ⅷ**.**阅读理解( 共**15**小题;每小题**2**分,满分**30**分 )

阅读下列短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

**A**

Do you think of white when someone talks about a polar bear?In fact,the polar bear does not have white fur.It just appears to be white.Polar bears have a very good sense of smell.It helps them to find food.During summer,polar bears sleep longer,because they are able to find their food more easily at night.Usually,after a meal,polar bears have a short sleep.A polar bear can have 2-3 babies at a time.They live with their mother until they are about two-and-a-half years old.

However,polar bears will die out soon because of people.There are only 20,000 to 25,000 polar bears in the world.The ones that are left are trying to survive today.The number of polar bears is becoming smaller and smaller because of the loss of sea ice—polar bears mostly inhabit( 居住于 ) the sea ice,not the land ice.This is happening because of global warming( 全球气候变暖 ),pollution,hunting and so on.

Ordinary( 普通的 ) people don’t care,but great people have the power and want to save tigers,fight for giant pandas and save polar bears.Ordinary people will wait,but great people will find a new world.For me,I will not wait.I will take the bus more often from now on.Join me and save the polar bears,and,of course,the tigers,the giant pandas and...

( A )51.According to the passage,which of these answers doesn’t make sea ice less?

A.Travelling. B.Pollution.

C.Hunting. D.Global warming.

( B )52.What can we learn from the passage?

A.Polar bear fur is white.

B.Perhaps the writer will drive his car less.

C.It’s harder for polar bears to find food in summer.

D.Polar bears left have a good,happy life.

( D )53.What is the main idea of this passage?

A.To show that the number of polar bears is getting smaller.

B.To tell people that polar bears will soon have nowhere to live.

C.To let people know why polar bears are in danger.

D.To talk about polar bears and suggest that people protect animals.

( A )54.Where can this passage come from?

A.A magazine about animals. B.A book about greetings.

C.A poster about working plans. D.An instruction book.

**B**

Most animals on land are known to us,but many living things underwater are not.Now let’s get to know some of them.

**Sea** **cucumber**

Sea cucumbers are strange animals with many sticks( 刺 ) up.When summer comes,they stay deep to sleep because they are afraid of heat.And when it is autumn,they move to shallow( 浅的 ) water and get their food.

**Pike**

The pike is a kind of freshwater fish.They are good swimmers and like swimming near boats,waiting to be fed.They have sharp teeth to catch fishes.When they are young,they live in groups.However,when they grow up,they prefer to live alone.

**Cuttlefish**

A cuttlefish can swim quite fast,so it is also called rocket( 火箭 ) fish.It has eight arms and two feelers on its head,just around its mouth.It ejects ink( 喷墨 ) when it is in danger.Its meat is delicious,and it is often the first choice for many people.

**Octopus**

An octopus has long arms,with which to catch food and protect itself.When it is sleeping,one or two of its arms are still on duty,keeping moving.Once it feels something dangerous,it can wake up at once to take action.

( A )55.Sea cucumbers stay deep to sleep in summer because they　　　　.

A.are afraid of high temperature B.want to get strong and fat

C.are afraid of their enemy D.want to live alone

( B )56.According to the passage,　　　　 likes to swim near boats.

A.the sea cucumber B.the pike

C.the cuttlefish D.the octopus

( D )57.What happens if a cuttlefish meets its enemy?

A.It rushes at the enemy at once. B.It cuts off one of its arms.

C.It bites with its sharp teeth. D.It ejects ink to the enemy.

( B )58.The 　　　　of an octopus can help protect itself when in danger.

A.colour B.arms C.sound D.smells

**C**

It is people who make many of the problems that animals face.We change and pollute their habitats( 栖息地 ).We hunt them for skins,furs,and horns( 触角 ).We kill animals that get in the way of farming or building.And we drive them away from their natural habitats and take them home as pets.

What can you do to help endangered( 濒危的 ) animals? Learn as much as you can about them.The more you know,the more you can help.Try your best to support zoos and wildlife group.Many zoos keep endangered animals,helping to make sure that they can live on.Work with wildlife protection groups that work hard to protect animals.You can also be a smart shopper and never buy a pet that has grown up in the wild.

The world is made up of many living things,and each thing is dependent on the others to live on.If we make even one species on earth become extinct,it will influence other living things and change our world.When we talk about any endangered wild animals,let’s hope we never again have to say,“Gone forever.”

( C )59.What’s the first paragraph mainly about?

A.The importance of animals. B.The lifestyle of animals.

C.What people do to animals. D.Animals in the world.

( A )60.What do many zoos do?

A.Make sure that animals can live on.

B.Collect money for wildlife protection group.

C.Search for endangered animals.

D.Raise animals in the wild.

( B )61.The underlined word “extinct” means “　　　　” in Chinese.

A.出现 B.消失 C.离开 D.增长

( D )62.To help endangered animals,we should not　　　　.

A.get information about animals

B.support zoos and wildlife groups

C.send money to wildlife protection groups

D.raise wild animals as pets

阅读下面短文,并用英语回答问题( 请注意每小题后面的词数要求 )。

**D**

The kangaroo is the world’s largest living marsupial( 有袋动物 ).It was first found on the island of South-western Australia.The animal was given its name by a famous English tourist in the 18th century.

The kangaroo may be 7 feet( 2.1 m ) tall when standing upright and the male can weigh as heavy as 200 pounds( 90 kg ).The female is smaller and lighter than the male.The kangaroo’s head is small, but its ears are large, and its fore feet are really small.The animal has strong back legs and long tail.

The kangaroo usually covers from 5 to 10 feet( 1.5 to 3 m ) with each jump.The female is usually faster than the male.The mother kangaroo has a pouch( 育儿袋 ) in its abdomen( 腹部 ).The baby kangaroo grows up in the mother’s pouch slowly.

The kangaroo lives on grass and other plants.It is always moving from one place to another, lying down to sleep on the ground during the night.It likes to enjoy the warm sunshine.When it’s in danger, it can use its back legs and strong tail to protect itself.

63.Who gave the kangaroo its name in the 18th century?( 不超过5个词 )

A famous English tourist.

64.What does the kangaroo eat?( 不超过5个词 )

Grass and other plants.

65.What does the kangaroo use to protect itself in danger?( 不超过10个词 )

Its back legs and strong tail.

第四部分　写( 共两大题,满分**35**分 )

Ⅸ**.**单词拼写( 共**5**小题;每小题**1**分,满分**5**分 )

根据首字母及汉语提示,完成下列单词的拼写,使句意明确,语言通顺。

66.Mr Wu received many presents on Teachers’ Day,but he　accepted　( 接受 ) none.

67.Usually　wolves　( 狼 ) catch small animals for their food.

68.The little girl got　lost　( 迷路的 ) when she went out to play yesterday.

69.The man said he　sold　( 卖 ) a tiger’s fur to make a lot of money.

70.Many animals’　living　( 生存 ) areas are becoming farmland.

Ⅹ**.**书面表达( 共**1**小题;满分**30**分 )

动物是我们人类的好朋友,可是近年来由于人类频繁的活动和大肆砍伐树木,越来越多的动物面临灭绝的危险。我们应该怎样保护动物呢? 假设你校正在举行以“Let’s protect wild animals”为题的英语征文比赛。请根据以下提示,适当发挥想象,写一篇80词左右的英语短文,参加此次比赛。

要点提示:1.野生动物越来越少的原因;

2.保护野生动物的方法。

**Let’s** **protect** **wild** **animals**

Animals are people’s friends.However,the number of wild animals is getting smaller and smaller because wild animals’ living places are becoming fewer and fewer.Also,many wild animals now can’t find enough food to eat.At the same time,people are killing animals for their fur,teeth,bones or other parts of the body.And people keep on cutting down lots of trees.What should we do to protect wild animals?We should stop killing them,set up more reserves for them and plant more trees.