

# 北京理工附中新初一分班考试英语

## 时态

### 一、用所给词的适当形式填空

1. Tom \_\_\_\_ (be) ill last week, he \_\_\_\_ (be) much better now.
2. Jimmy and his sister \_\_\_\_ (be) here several days ago. They \_\_\_\_ (leave) for Beijing yesterday.
3. He \_\_\_\_ (have) a bath when the telephone \_\_\_\_ (ring).
4. While I \_\_\_\_ (cook) the dinner, he \_\_\_\_ (read) the paper.
5. He arrived just as I \_\_\_\_ (answer) the phone.
6. After I heard the news, I \_\_\_\_ (hurry) to see him.
7. We \_\_\_\_ (be) disappointed if there is no snow for Christmas.
8. You \_\_\_\_ (lie)! Stop it, and tell the truth like a man.
9. I \_\_\_\_ (be) hungry since five o'clock this morning.
10. His hair is long; he \_\_\_\_ (have) a haircut tomorrow.
11. A: \_\_\_\_ Mr. Smith \_\_\_\_ (leave) for Beijing today or tomorrow?  
B: Oh, he \_\_\_\_ (go) already. He \_\_\_\_ (take) the morning train yesterday.
12. \_\_\_\_ the rain still \_\_\_\_ (fall), or \_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_ (stop)?  
I want to go shopping today.
13. No one \_\_\_\_ (watch) the television, so Father turned it off.
14. He usually \_\_\_\_ (get) up at 6 o'clock in the morning, but he \_\_\_\_ (have) to get up very early yesterday morning, because he wanted to catch a train.
15. This big car \_\_\_\_ (drive) by a 19-year-old girl in the car race yesterday.
16. The boy \_\_\_\_ (not invite) to the party yet, but I think he will be invited soon.

## 形容词

### 一、适当形式填空

1. There is \_\_\_\_ rain this year than last year. (much)
2. I'm not as \_\_\_\_ (careful) as he.
3. The panda has been \_\_\_\_ (die) for about two months.
4. I like her dress. It looks very \_\_\_\_ (China).
5. I'm not as \_\_\_\_ (careful) as he.
6. Summer is the \_\_\_\_ (hot) season of the year.
7. The blue one is \_\_\_\_ of all. (cheap)
8. English is one of \_\_\_\_ languages. (useful)

### 二、单选

- ( ) 1. The housework needs \_\_\_\_ time to finish.  
A. much    B. many    C. lot    D. a lot
- ( ) 2. The coat is \_\_\_\_ than the cap.  
A. Cheap    B. Cheapest    C. much cheaper    D. the cheapest
- ( ) 3. When spring comes, days are getting \_\_\_\_ .  
A. warm and warm    B. warmer and warmer    C. more warmer    D. more and more warm

( )4.Come here, please. I'll tell you \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. anything important                      B. important anything  
C. something important                      D. important something

( )5.I think it is too small. I want a \_\_\_\_\_ one.

- A. bigger                      B. biggest    C. bigger                      D. more bigger

### 三、汉译英

- 1 你的女儿已够上小学的年龄了。
- 2 谁更高一点，李明还是王涛？
- 3 他是十三个男孩子中最壮的一个。
- 4 那三张漂亮的，褐色的，旧的大方桌是我的。

### 四、单句改错

- 1.Shanghai is bigger than any other city in Japan.( )
- 2.I have many more books than you. ( )
- 3.John's hair is longer than Mike. ( )
- 4.The Changjiang River is the first long in China. ( )
- 5.It's enough easy for me to work out the problem. ( )

### 五、根据所给中文完成下列各句：

- 1.本书跟那本书一样有趣。

This book is \_\_\_\_\_ that one.

- 2.你游泳没有你弟弟好。

3.You can't swim\_\_\_\_\_your brother.

- 3.这个故事比另一个有趣的多。

4.This story is \_\_\_\_\_ than that one.

- 4.她的身体状况一天天好起来。

5.He is getting \_\_\_\_\_ every day.

- 5.他吃的越多，人越胖。

6.The\_\_\_\_\_ he eats, the \_\_\_\_\_ he gets.

- 6.请问，有更便宜的东西吗？

Excuse me, do you have \_\_\_\_\_?

### 六、根据提示填空.

- 1.There are not \_\_\_\_\_(不少于)five hundred people present at the New Year party.
- 2.The grain in their barn is\_\_\_\_\_(差不多)that of ours.
- 3.I waited for you far\_\_\_\_\_(超过，不止)two hours.
- 4.He is cleverer than\_\_\_\_\_(其他所有的)boy in the class.
- 5.今天比昨天冷的多。It is \_\_\_\_\_ today\_\_\_\_\_ it was yesterday.
- 6.他对英语越来越感兴趣。He is becoming \_\_\_\_\_ English.
- 7.你的问题是两个中比较难的那个。Your question is \_\_\_\_\_ of two.

## 词汇

一、读单词，在括号中写出每组画线部分发音不同的单词的序号。

- ( ) 1. A. under B. mum C. student D. Study
- ( ) 2. A. five B. four C. off D. of
- ( ) 3. A. these B. help C. bed D. get
- ( ) 4. A. please B. sweater C. seat D. teacher
- ( ) 5. A. book B. good C. look D. too
- ( ) 6. A. zero B. old C. home D. clock
- ( ) 7. A. maps B. beds C. doors D. apples
- ( ) 8. A. where B. pear C. there D. here
- ( ) 9. A. fine B. five C. sit D. kite
- ( ) 10. A. thirteen B. they C. think D. Thank
- ( ) 11. A. banana B. cap C. glass D. father
- ( ) 12. A. happy B. any C. hurry D. yellow
- ( ) 13. A. much B. bus C. mug D. ruler
- ( ) 14. A. seat B. see C. the D. evening
- ( ) 15. A. pen B. great C. desk D. leg

二、英汉互译。

- 1.两杯咖啡\_\_\_\_\_
- 2.一个菠萝\_\_\_\_\_
- 3.做游戏\_\_\_\_\_
- 4.在星期三\_\_\_\_\_
- 5.回头见\_\_\_\_\_
- 6.what else \_\_\_\_\_
- 7.look after \_\_\_\_\_
- 8.thank goodness \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. make the bed \_\_\_\_\_
- 10.do one's homework \_\_\_\_\_
- 11. 6:50 \_\_\_\_\_
- 12.老师的房间 \_\_\_\_\_
- 13.看起来像 \_\_\_\_\_
- 14.a quarter to seven \_\_\_\_\_
- 15.放风筝
- 16.踢足球

- 17.一次重感冒\_\_\_\_\_
18. 四点一刻\_\_\_\_\_
- 19.跟我学英语 \_\_\_\_\_
20. 扫地\_\_\_\_\_
- 21.一个有趣的中国人 \_\_\_\_\_
- 22.值日\_\_\_\_\_
- 23.a camping trip \_\_\_\_\_
- 24.surf the Internet\_\_\_\_\_
- 25.lie on one's back \_\_\_\_\_
26. at once\_\_\_\_\_

### 三、写出复数

- |           |              |             |            |            |
|-----------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 1. radio  | 2. knife     | 3. glass    | 4. Shelf   | 5. boss    |
| 6. dress  | 7. Housewife | 8.postman   | 9. leaf    | 10. church |
| 11. mouth | 12. family   | 13. tie     | 14. tomato | 15. piano  |
| 16. baby  | 17. tooth    | 18. country | 19. key    | 20. potato |
| 21. match | 22. box      | 23. hour    | 24. hero   | 25.Greman  |

### 冠词、介词

一、用冠词 **a, an, the** 或 **some, any** 填空, 如果不需要, 则用 / 代替.

- 1.Alice is \_\_\_\_ air-hostess. Her father is \_\_\_\_ engineer and her mother is \_\_\_\_ housewife. They all play \_\_\_\_\_ tennis very well.
- 2.He has \_\_\_\_ uncle and his uncle lives in \_\_\_\_ United Kindom. He first saw him in\_\_ autumn of 1978. 7. We need \_\_\_\_ ink, is there \_\_\_\_ left?
- 3.It is better to tell \_\_\_\_\_ truth than to tell \_\_\_\_\_ lies.
- 4.Will you have \_\_\_\_ more tea? There's plenty in the pot.
- 5.There is \_\_\_\_university near my home. Every Saturday evening,\_\_\_\_ students hold\_\_ party. \_\_\_\_ are dancing, \_\_\_\_ are singing. They make a lot of noise.
- 6.Get me \_\_\_\_\_ cigarettes, please. \_\_\_\_\_ kind will do.

## 二、用适当介词填空.

- 1.Can you see the words written \_\_\_\_\_ \_ the blackboard? (in, on, by, with)
- 2.She is taking the children out \_\_\_\_\_ a walk. (in, on, for, by)
- 3.You can choose the best one \_\_\_\_\_ \_ them. (in, on, among, by)
- 4.Jack broke the chocolate \_\_\_\_\_ \_ several pieces. (in, on, with, into)
- 5.There are two bridges \_\_\_\_\_ the river. ( in, on, with, into)
- 6.There is a slogan(标语) \_\_\_\_\_ the wall. (on, in, over, above)
- 7.He sits \_\_\_\_\_ his desk all day \_\_\_\_\_ his head \_\_\_\_\_ his hands. He is deep in thought. (on, in, at, with)
- 8.\_\_\_\_\_ the help \_\_\_\_\_ the teachers, the students have made great progress \_\_\_\_\_ their study.  
(on, in, of, with)
- 9.He will be back \_\_\_\_\_ a minute. ( on, in, for, by)
- 10.The teacher is standing \_\_\_\_\_ the class. (on, before, to, in)

## 参考答案

### 时态

1. was, is
2. were, left
3. was having, rang
4. was cooking, was reading
5. was answering
6. hurried
7. will be
8. are lying
9. have been
10. is going to have
11. Is, leaving, has gone, took
12. Is, falling, has, stopped
13. was watching
14. gets, had
15. was drove
16. hasn't been invited 形容词

### 一. 适当形式填空

1. more
2. careful
3. dead
4. Chinese
5. careful
6. hottest
7. cheapest
8. the most useful

### 二. 单选

1. A 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. A

### 三. 汉译英。

1. Your daughter is old enough to go to primary school.

2. Who is taller, Liming or Wangtao?

3. He is the strongest one of the thirteen boys.

4. The three beautiful brown old big square tables are mine.

四. 单句改错。

1. 去掉 other

2. many 改成 much

3. Mike 改成 Mike's

4. long 改成 longest

5. enough easy 改成 easy enough

五. 根据所给中文完成下列各句。

1. as interesting as

2. as well as

3. much more interesting

4. more, fatter

5. something cheaper

六. 根据提示填空。

1. less than

2. more or less

3. more than

4. any other

5. much colder, than

6. more and more interesting in

7. the harder one

词汇

一. 读单词, 在括号中写出每组画线部分发音不同的单词的序号。

1-5 CDABD

6-10 DBDCB

11-15 BDDDB

二. 英汉互译。

1. two cups of coffee

2. a pineapple

3. play games

4. on Wednesday

5. See you later.

- 6.还有什么
- 7.照顾
- 8.感谢上帝
- 9.铺床，整理床铺
- 10.做。。。的家庭作业
- 11.ten to seven(间接表达 法)
- 12.the teacher's room
- 13.look like
14. 六点四十五
- 15.fly kites
- 16.play football
- 17.have a bad cold
- 18.a quarter past four
- 19.learn English from me
- 20.sweep the floor
- 21.an interesting Chinese
- 22.on duty
- 23.一次野营旅行
- 24.网上冲浪
- 25.仰卧
26. 立刻，马上

### 三. 写出复数。

- |               |              |             |
|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. radios     | 10.churches  | 19.keys     |
| 2. knives     | 11.mouths    | 20.potatoes |
| 3. classes    | 12.families  | 21.matches  |
| 4. shelves    | 13.ties      | 22.bboxes   |
| 5. bosses     | 14.tomatoes  | 23.hours    |
| 6. dresses    | 15.pianos    | 24.heroes   |
| 7. housewives | 16.babies    | 25.Germans  |
| 8. postmen    | 17.teeth     |             |
| 9. leaves     | 18.countries |             |

### 冠词、介词

一. 用冠词 **a, an, the** 或 **some, any** 填空，如不需要，则用 **/** 代替。

1.an, an, a, /

2.an, /, /, some, any

3.the, /

4.some

5.a, some, a, Some, Some,

6.some, any

二. 用适当介词填空。

1.on

2.for

3.among

4.into

5.on

6.on

7.on, with, on

8.With, of, in

9.In

10.Before