**九Unit 9 基础精粹100题**



1.\_\_\_\_ that case, I won't buy the car. After all, it is too expensive for me

A. On B. For C. In D. With

（固定搭配）

2. Jack is\_\_\_\_ and he often tells us jokes and makes us laugh.

A. confident B. strict C. serious D. funny

（词义辨析）

3. The light went out suddenly. It was very dark and \_\_\_\_ could be seen

clearly.

A. anything B. something C. nothing D. everything

（不定代词用法）

4. My best friend Alan prefers\_\_\_\_ books rather than\_\_\_\_ computer

games to relax himself in his spare time.

A. to read; to play B. to read; play

C. read; play D. reading; playing

（固定搭配）

5. Look at the old couple. They are leading a happy life. They\_\_\_\_

for sixty years

A have married B. have been married C. were married D. got married

（动词时态）

6. Tony helped an old woman walk across the street. The teacher\_\_\_\_

him for what he did. She also asked us to learn from him.

A. punished B. praised C. stopped D. prevented

（词义辨析）

7. He looks unhappy. Let's do something to\_\_\_\_.

A. put up him B. cheer up him C. put him up D. cheer him up

（词义辨析）

8. I'm so tired that I just want to\_\_\_\_ my brain and think about nothing.

A. shut off B. put off C. set off D. give off

（词义辨析）

9. \_\_\_\_ You can't go to the movie with me. The movie is so perfect.

A. Good luck! B. What a pity! C. No way! D. Congratulations

（交际用语）

10. You should be thankful to the people\_\_\_\_ helped and supported you.

A. which B. whom C. who D. whose

（定语从句）

11. Tom\_\_\_\_ to call me last night, but he didn't.

A. supposed B. supposes C. was supposed D. is supposed

（固定搭配）

12. He talked about the teachers and schools\_\_\_\_ he had visited.

A. that B. who C. whom D. one

（定语从句）

13. Taking a walk after supper\_\_\_\_ me feel relaxed.

A. are making B. makes C. make D. is making

（动词时态）

14. I bought my son\_\_\_\_ electronic watch for his birthday.

A. a B. an C. the D. /

（冠词用法）

15. Guo Jingming\_\_\_\_ is good at making films is liked by the young.

A. what B. so C. who D. watch

（定语从句）

16. I preferred\_\_\_\_ to\_\_\_\_.

A. running; swimming B. to run; to swim

C. running; swim D. to run; swim

(固定搭配)

17. These songs are great because many people can sing along \_\_\_\_\_\_

them.

A. for B. to C. in D. with

（固定搭配）

18. I like writers \_\_\_\_ books are funny and meaningful.

A. whose B. who C. whom D. that

（定语从句）

19. Anyone who is a server（服务员） or\_\_\_\_ has been one knows that

customers always come first.

A. which B. whom C. who D. whose

（定语从句）

20. When I am\_\_\_\_ or tired, I prefer watching movies that have a happy

ending.

A. up B. along C. down D. off

（固定搭配）

21. \_\_\_\_your dream and go for it! I believe you can succeed in the end.

A. hear from B. take after C. stick to D. depend on

（词义辨析）

22. \_\_\_\_， it’s not the end of the world. Let's try again.

A. Cheer up B. Set up C. Put up D. Pick up

（词义辨析）

23. To protect the environment, some factories will \_\_\_\_ soon .

A. shut off B. be shut off C. be shut D. be shutted off

（动词语态）

24. Kelly and Sandy are good friends. They share everything with each

other — happiness and \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. fairness B. kindness C. sadness D. shyness

（词义辨析）

25. The garden is very beautiful, you can see\_\_\_\_ flowers.

A. a lot B. much C. a little D. plenty of

（数词用法）

26. Please\_\_\_\_ the water tap（水龙头） when you brush your teeth?

A. look up B. take off C. shut off D. close

（词语辨析）

27. I live far away from my parents so I have to visit them\_\_\_\_ .

A. in time B. once in a while C. in plenty of time D. on time

（词语辨析）

28. Stick to\_\_\_\_ swimming and you will be a super swimmer.

A. practicing B. practice C. to practice D. practices

（固定搭配）

29. I like singers who sing \_\_\_\_.

A. clearlier B. clearer C. clear D. clearly

（副词用法）

30. The story was so \_\_\_\_ that all of us were \_\_\_\_ deeply.

A. moved; moving B. moving; moved

C. moving; moving D. moved; moved

（形容词用法）

31. Huang He River is the second\_\_\_\_ river in China.

A. longest B. the longest C. most longest D. longer

（形容词用法）

32. The story \_\_\_\_\_\_ I have just read is about a Gaokao top scorer

from Hebei Province.

A. who B. what C. which D. whose

（定语从句）

33. I have a collection of 100 train tickets \_\_\_\_ now.

A. in common B. in total C. endanger D. in silence

（词义辨析）

34. Liang Zhu is the one of\_\_\_\_ pieces of music I have ever heard.

A. the most moving B. most moving

C. the most moved D. moving

（形容词用法）

35. I prefer classical music \_\_\_\_ pop music.

A. from B. on C. of D. to

（固定搭配）

36. I prefer\_\_\_\_ the failure rather than\_\_\_\_ my dream

A. experience; to give up B. to experience; give up

C. experience; giving up D. to experience; to give up

（固定搭配）

37. There are \_\_\_\_ books on the shelf, you can choose one to read.

A. many B. any C. much D. a lot

（数词用法）

38. Don't be afraid of new words. you can\_\_\_\_ in the dictionary.

A. look at them B. look for them

C. look them up D. look them over.

（词义辨析）

39. Xi Jinping is highly\_\_\_\_ from the people all over the world.

A. praised B. praise C. praising D. progress

（动词语态）

40. Tom still can not believe it. His bike\_\_\_\_ last night.

A. is stolen B. was stole C. was stolen D. stolen

（动词时态）

41. A kid needs\_\_\_\_ from parents to become more and more excellent.

A. ability B. to praise C. proposed D. energy

（固定搭配）

42. When he is sad or tired, he often listens to music that can\_\_\_\_.

A. cheer me up B. cheer up me C. pick me up D. pick up me

（词义辨析）

43. We get knowledge\_\_\_\_ from books \_\_\_\_ from life.

A. as; as B. neither; nor C. not only; but also D. not; but

（连词用法）

44. --The music in the movie is so wonderful.

--\_\_\_\_ . I just think the music is too noisy.

A. I can't agree more B. That's what I think

C. I have the same feeling D. That's your opinion

（交际用语）

45. People remember the first travelers from England\_\_\_\_ came to live in

America.

A. which B. where C. who D. whom

（定语从句）

46. --There is\_\_\_\_ room for improvement in your work.

--Thank you , I must work harder.

A. few B. a lot C. plenty of D. lot of

（数词用法）

47. They\_\_\_\_ for ten years.

A. have married B. got married C. have been married D. married

（动词时态）

48. Let me\_\_\_\_ my keys everywhere again.

A. look at B. look for C. look after D. look up

（词义辨析）

49. —Tomorrow is Saturday. What are you doing?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_. Just stay at home and relax.

A. Not at all B. No way C. Not much D. No problem

（交际用语）

50. Dr. Lee\_\_\_\_ working in spite of cutting his hand during an operation.

A. stopped B. continued C. forgot D. enjoyed

（词义辨析）

51. A real loser is a person\_\_\_\_ is afraid of failure without having a try.

A. whom B. who C. which D. what

（定语从句）

52. We still have\_\_\_\_ bread. Don't worry too much.

A. many B. any C. much D. a little

（数词用法）

53. I send e-mails to my parents several times a week. But my best friend

prefers \_\_\_\_\_\_ telephone calls \_\_\_\_\_\_ e-mails.

A. to make; to send B. making; to sending

C. to make; to sending D. making; to send

（固定搭配）

54. You were\_\_\_\_ to close the Windows, why were you so careless

A. allowed B. supposed C. believed D. caused

（固定搭配）

55. I like music\_\_\_\_ I can dance to.

A. because B. when C. who D. that

（定语从句）

56. It’s really\_\_\_\_ that a tortoise can live to 150 years old.

A. amazed B. amazing C. boring D. bored

（形容词用法）

57. Marry has got \_\_\_\_ electronic dictionary, but the teacher didn’t

allow her to use it during the exam.

A. a B. the C. an D. /

（冠词用法）

58. The meat is\_\_\_\_ dear and eating\_\_\_\_ meat is bad for your health.

A. too much; much too B. much too; much too

C. much too; too much D. too much; too much

（词语辨析）

59. I have no money. I have \_\_\_\_ my handbag at home.

A. missed B. put C. forgotten D. left

（词义辨析）

60. When you're \_\_\_\_, you should listen to music that can make you

excited and happy.

A. shy B. afraid C. strict D. down

（固定搭配）

61. Emily is growing fast. She is \_\_\_\_ taller than her mother.

A. very B. even C. so D. quite

（副词用法）

62. --Excuse me, could you tell me\_\_\_\_？

--It's over there.

A. when the train leaves B. how I can finish the work

C. where the bus stop is D. who she is

（宾语从句）

63. This is one of \_\_\_\_ pieces of music that I have ever listened to.

Every time she listens to it, she can't help crying.

A. more moving B. the more moving

C. most moving D. the most moving

（形容词用法）

64. As a teacher, you should pay attention to the students’ progress and

\_\_\_\_ them in time.

A. recall B. praise C. suppose D. sense

（词义辨析）

65. I prefer\_\_\_\_ some shopping to\_\_\_\_ climb since the weather isn't

lovely.

A. do; going B. doing; go C. do go D. doing ;going

（固定搭配）

66. \_\_\_\_ a foreign language well takes a long time. You should be

patient enough.

A. Learning B. To learning C. Learn D. Learnt

（动词用法）

67. Brian likes reading a lot. Every year plenty of his pocket money

\_\_\_\_in buying books.

A. were spent B. are spent C. was spent D. is spent

（动词时态）

68. Do you know the man\_\_\_\_ talked with me just now.

A. whom B. who C. which D. what

（定语从句）

69. It's \_\_\_\_ late \_\_\_\_go for a walk now. And it's dark.

A. too; to B. enough; to C. so; that D. such; that

（固定搭配）

70. Tom \_\_\_\_ the electricity as quickly as possible when he saw the fire

on the machine.

A. got off B. took off C. shut off D. set off

（词义辨析）

71. —The new T-shirt and the trousers look beautiful on me. How much

are they?

—50 dollars \_\_\_\_.

A. in fact B. in total C. at first D. at least

（词义辨析）

72. The room\_\_\_\_ as a study when I was a little girl.

A. used to being used B. used to be used

C. was used to be used D. was used to being used

（固定搭配）

73. There\_\_\_\_ sheep\_\_\_\_ with the tourists on the hill.

A. are a number of ;playing B. are a number of; play

C. is a number of; playing D. is a number of; plays

（词语辨析）

74. Now many old people prefer\_\_\_\_ in the peaceful countryside.

A. live B. lives C. to live D. lived

（固定搭配）

75. The concert this evening is sure to be exciting, but it's a\_\_\_\_ that I

can’t go with you.

A. joy B. wonder C. pity D. wound

（词义辨析）

76. I will have to\_\_\_\_ my restaurant for several hours to buy some

vegetables.

A. shut off B. put off C. take off B. set off

（词义辨析）

77. Hurry up, the concert has begun. No one\_\_\_\_ to enter the music hall.

A. allowing B. allowed C. is allowed D. was allowing

（动词语态）

78. Our teacher often\_\_\_\_ help \_\_\_\_ me .

A. offer; of B. provided; with C. provide; for D. offer; to

（固定搭配）

79. Lucy got married \_\_\_\_ a policeman 7 years ago.

A. of B. for C. with D. to

（固定搭配）

80. The policeman has caught the thief \_\_\_\_stole Mr. Lee's wallet.

A. whom B. who C. which D. whose

（定语从句）

81. The charity provides homeless people\_\_\_\_ food and clothes .

A. with B. for C. as D. from

（动词短语）

82. I was expected to continue\_\_\_\_ further before\_\_\_\_ a job as an

engineer.

A. to study; to find B. studying; finding

C. with studying; I find D. study; I found

（动词短语）

83. The watch\_\_\_\_ you gave me keeps perfect time.

A. who B. what C. that D. whose

（定语从句）

84. My friend and I didn’t go to the park because neither of us \_\_\_\_.

A. invited B. was invited C. is invited D. was inviting

（动词语态）

85. They’ll try\_\_\_\_ their best to solve the problems .

A. them B. they C. their D. theirs

（固定搭配）

86. I'll ask someone who\_\_\_\_ educational movies.

A. like B. likes C. liked D. is liking

（动词时态）

87. Yesterday, I went to his hometown and visited the old house

\_\_\_\_he used to live.

A. which B. it C. what D. where

（定语从句）

88. I am sure Tom will be able to find the hotel-she has a pretty good

\_\_\_\_ of direction.

A. idea B. feeling C. experience D. sense

（固定搭配）

89. This morning I\_\_\_\_ some new restaurants on the Internet, for I

wanted to take Anna to a nice restaurant for her birthday.

A. picked up B. looked up C. cleaned up D. gave up

（词义辨析）

90.--Tom, you look so happy. Why?

--Because my teacher\_\_\_\_ me for my good grades

A. processed B. punished C. required D. praised

（词义辨析）

91. Mr. King \_\_\_\_ Marry in October, 2018.

A. married B. married with C. got married D. got married with

（词语辨析）

92. A student\_\_\_\_ is always helping others is worth praise.

A. whom B. which C. who D. whose

（定语从句）

93. There were 50 children\_\_\_\_ on Bob’s birthday party yesterday so his

parents were busy.

A. in person B. in fact C. in silence D. in total

（词义辨析）

94. We really like the stories about Mao Zedong \_\_\_\_was told by my

grandma.

A. who B. which C. whom D. whose

（定语从句）

95. Laughing is a good way\_\_\_\_ .

A. relaxed B. relax C. relaxing D. to relax

（固定搭配）

96. Please speak louder, I can't hear you \_\_\_\_.

A. clear B. clearly C. clearer D. clearest

（副词用法）

97. I prefer the music that has a happy\_\_\_\_.

A. ending B. end C. ends D. endes

（词性判别）

98. Most people in this country don't want to have a(n)\_\_\_\_. They love

peace.

A. earthquake B. drama C. picnic D. war

（词义辨析）

99. \_\_\_\_ a foreign language is not easy, you must work hard at it.

A. forgetting B. must C. mastering D. forget

（动词用法）

100. They can provide a movie chance\_\_\_\_ people cannot get at home .

A. that B. who C. whom D. what

（定语从句）

**答案：1—5:CDCBB 6—10: ADABC 11-15 : CABBC**

**16---20: ADABC 21-25: CABCD 26-30:CBADB**

**31-35 : ACBAD 36-40: BACAC 41-45: BACDC**

**46-50: CCBCB 51-55: BCBBD 56-60: BCBDD**

**61-65: BCDBD 66-70: ADBAC 71-75: BBACC**

**76-80: ACDDB 81-85: ABCBC 86-90: BDDBD**

**91-95: ACDAD 96-100 BADCA**

1. C 解析：固定搭配。in that case/既然那样。

2.D 解析：词义辨析。根据句意“杰克经常给我讲笑话让我们笑”

证明杰克是个有趣的人。

3. C 解析：不定代词的用法，也根据句意“很黑”所以什么都看不

见。故选nothing .

4. B 解析：固定搭配。prefer to do A rather than do B/比起做B

来更喜欢做A。

5. B 解析：动词时态。已经结婚五年了是现在完成时态，而且句中

有段时间 ，所以要用have been married。

6. A 解析：词义辨析。根据句意托尼帮助了别人，老师肯定是表扬

了他，所以选A。

7. D 解析：词义辨析。“他看起来不高兴，让我们做些事让他高兴

起来。”故选D。

8. A 解析：词义辨析。句意“我太累了，只想关闭我的大脑什么都

不想。”A关闭、停止运转B推迟C出发D发出、长出。故选A。

9. B 解析：交际用语。后面说不能和我一起去看那么好看的电影，

肯定是遗憾的事儿，所以选B。

10. C 解析：定语从句。先行词是人用who 或者that，而且在定语

从句中做主语，所以选C。

11. C 解析：固定搭配。be supposed to do sth. /应该做某事。

12. A 解析：定语从句。句中的先行词既有人又有物，关系词应该

用that，所以选A。

13. B 解析：动词时态。“晚饭后散步使我觉得放松”是一般现在

时态，主语是动名词短语充当的，看作第三人称单数，所以用

makes 。

14. B 解析：冠词用法。“买了一本”表示泛指，用不定冠词，

electronic是以元音开头的，所以用an 。

15. C 解析：定语从句。先行词是人，所以用who。

16. A 解析：固定搭配。prefer doing A to doing B/比起B来更喜欢

做A。

17. D 解析:固定搭配。sing along with …/伴唱、随着唱。

18. A 解析：定语从句。这个关系代词需要的是“…的…”所以应

该用whose。

19. B 解析：定语从句。先行词是人，且与前边的who 并列，所以

还用who。

20. C 解析：固定搭配be down/情绪低落。

21. C 解析：词义辨析。根据句意是要表达“坚持你的梦想并为之

努力，我相信最终你会成功的”，所以选C。

22. A 解析： 词义辨析。根据句意“加油，这不是世界末日，让我

们再试一次”，故选A。

23. B 解析：动词语态。本题说为了保护环境，一些工厂被关闭，

是被动语态，所以选B。

24. C 解析：词义辨析。根据句意好朋友共同分享快乐与悲伤，故

选C。

25. D 解析：数词用法。A是副词应该修饰动词，B和C后跟不可

数名词， plenty of 后跟可数不可数的名词都可以，故选D。

26. C 解析：词语辨析。刷牙时应关闭水龙头为了节约用水，而关

闭开关、阀门等用shut off,所以选C。

27. B 解析：词语辨析。根据句意“因为离父母很远”所以不能经

常、及时或者按时，而是偶尔去看望父母，所以选B。

28. A 解析：固定搭配。stick to doing sth. /坚持做某事。

29. D 解析：副词用法。本题说的是唱的清晰，需要副词来修饰动

词唱，所以选D。

30. B 解析：形容词用法。第一个空用来修饰故事用ing形式的，第

二个空用来修饰人的用ed形式的，所以选B。

31. A 解析:形容词用法。the +序数词 +形容词最高级 +名词单数/第

几个最…的名词。

32. C 解析：定语从句。先行词是物 关系词用which 或that，故选C。

33. B 解析：词义辨析。根据句意“到现在为止我已经收集了一百张

火车票”，所以选“一共”B。

34. A 解析：形容词用法。one of +the +adj.(最高级)+名词复数，所

以先A。

35. D 解析：固定搭配prefer A to B/比起B来更喜欢A，故选A。

36. B 解析：固定搭配。prefer to do A rather than do B/比起做B

来更喜欢做A。

37. A 解析：数词用法。many+可数名词复数，any 表示“一些”

时通常用语疑问和否定，much+不可数名词，a lot 是副词修饰动

词用的，故选A。

38. C 解析：词义辨析。不要害怕有生词，你可以查字典，A

“看”;B“寻找”；C“查找；”D“检查”；故选C。

39. A 解析：动词语态。句中表示“被赞扬”用be+v.（过去分词），

故选A。

40. C 解析：动词时态。本题意为汤姆不相信昨晚自行车被盗了，

所以应该用一般过去时态的被动语态“were/was +v.（过去分

词）”，选C。

41. B 解析：固定搭配。Need是实意动词时后跟不定式，故选B。

42. A 解析：词义辨析。因为前边说伤心累的时候需要让他高兴或

者振奋，用cheer sb.up/使某人振奋起来，选A。

43. C 解析：连词用法，意思是我们不仅能从书上获得知识还能从

生活中获得知识。

44. D 解析：交际用语。根据句意尚文认为这部电影中的音乐好听，

而下文这个人说太吵了，证明不赞同上文看法，故选D。

45. C 解析：定语从句，先行词是人，关系代词用who 或者that，

所以选C。

46. C 解析：数词用法。room在这里当“空间”讲不可数，所以不

能选A，B是副词不能修饰名词，D不存在，而C后边既可是可数

名词也可以是不可数名词。

47. C 解析：动词时态。他们已经结婚十年了是现在完成时态，而

且句中有段时间 ，所以要用have been married。

48. B 解析：词义辨析。A“看”；B“寻找”；C“照看”；D

“查找”本题要表达再次到处寻找一下钥匙，故选look for。

49. C 解析：交际用语。句中问明天周六打算干什么？回答说在家

休息，证明没事干，所以用C。

50. B 解析：词义辨析。根据句意说李医生在做手术时不顾自己手

受伤继续工作，所以选B“继续”。

51. B 解析：定语从句。先行词是人关系代词用who或者that。

52. C 解析：数词用法。后边有提示“不必担心”证明还有很多面

包。而面包不可数，所以选much。

53. B 解析：固定搭配。prefer doing A to doing B/比起B来更喜欢

做A。

54. B 解析：固定搭配。be supposed to do sth. /应该做某事。

55. D 解析：定语从句。先行词是物关系代词用that/which。

56. B 解析：形容词用法。修饰物用ing 形式，这缺少令人惊奇的，

故选B。

57. C 解析：冠词用法。泛指一本用不定冠词，而且electronic是以

元音开头的，所以用an。

58. B 解析：词语辨析。much too/太；too much/太多。

59. D 解析：词义辨析。leave sth. +介词短语/把某物落在某处。

60. D 解析：固定搭配。be down/情绪低落，才应该听使你高兴的

音乐。

61. B 解析：副词用法。常见的much/a lot/a little/a bit/even等后跟形

容词或者副词的比较级。

62. C 解析：宾语从句。宾语从句要用陈述语序，而且回答是“在

那边”，证明问的是“在哪”，所以选C。

63. D 解析：形容词用法。one of +the +adj.(最高级)+名词复数，所

以选D。

64. B 词义辨析。根据句意“作为老师，你应该注意学生们的进步

并且及时的表扬他们”，所以应该选B“表扬”。

65. D 解析：固定搭配。prefer doing A to doing B/比起B来更喜欢

做A。

66. A 解析：动词用法。动词ing形式做主语，看做第三人称单数，

所以选A。

67. D 解析：动词时态。每年他的零花钱都被用来买书，是一般现

在时态的被动语态，所以选D。

68. B 解析：定语从句。先行词是人用who 或者that，而且在定语

从句中做主语，所以选B。

69. A 解析：固定搭配。too +adj. +to do sth./太…而不能做某事。

70. C 解析：词义辨析。根据句意看见机器着火了应该尽快“关闭”

电源，所以选C。

71. B 解析：词义辨析。根据句意问两件衣服多少钱，回答应该是

“一共”50美元。

72. B 解析：固定搭配。“used +to +be +do sth./曾经被用来做某

事。”

73. A 解析：词语辨析。a number of sheep /许多绵羊；以及There

be +人/物 +doing +介词短语，所以选A。

74. C 解析：固定搭配。prefer to do sth./更喜欢做某事。

75. C 解析：词义辨析。不能和你一起去是“遗憾的事”故选C。

76. A 解析：词义辨析。根据句意“我不得不关闭饭馆去买菜”所

以选A“关闭”。

77. C 解析：动词语态。本句是一般现在事态的被动语态，故选C。

78. D 解析：固定搭配。offer sth. to sb./给某人提供某物。

79. D 解析：固定搭配。get marry to sb./与某人结婚。

80. B 解析：定语从句。先行词是人而且作定语从句的主语，所以

用“who”。

81. A 解析：动词短语。provide sb. with sth.=provide sth. for sb./给某

人提供某物。

82. B 解析：动词短语。continue doing sth./继续做某事（同一件

事）；before后跟动词ing，所以选B。

83. C 解析：定语从句。定语从句。先行词是物 关系词用which 或

that，故选C。

84. B 解析：动词语态。前边有didn’t证明是一般过去时态；neither

做主语常看做第三人称单数，而且是表示“被邀请”，所以选B，

一般过去时态的被动语态。

85. C 解析：固定搭配。try one’s best to do sth./尽某人最大努力做某

事。

86. B 解析：动词时态。喜欢有教育意义的电影的人，是一般现在

时态，someone 看做三单，故选likes。

87. D 解析：定语从句。关系副词做定语从句的状语所以用

“where”。

88. D 解析：固定搭配。sense of direction/方向感。

89. B 解析：词义辨析。在网上“查找”用“look up”。

90. D 解析：词义辨析。因为好成绩而受到老师的表扬，故选D。

91. A 解析：词语辨析。marry是及物动词，可以直接带宾语。

92. C 解析：定语从句。先行词是人用who 或者that，而且在定语

从句中做主语，所以用who。

93. D 解析：词义辨析。表示“一共”所以选D。

94. A 解析：定语从句。先行词是人用who 或者that，而且在定语

从句中做主语，所以用who。

95. D 解析：固定搭配。a good way to do sth./一个做某事的好方法。

96. B 解析：副词用法。根据句意“大点声音，我听不清楚你说

话”，清楚地修饰动词“听”，所以是副词，用B。

97. A 解析：词性判别。happy是形容词后边应该跟名词，所以用

A“ending”。

98. D 解析：词义辨析。后边有提示说他们喜欢和平，所以前边是

不想有战争，故选D。

99. C 解析：动词用法。动词ing做主语，掌握一门外语不容易，所

以选C。

100. A 解析：定语从句。先行词是物 关系词用which 或

that，故选A。