**2019学年浙江省温州市第十二中学九年级（上）期中考试英语试卷**

**二、单项填空(本题有15小题，每小题1分，共15分)**

请从A****、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

1.Let's join in discussion of Heroes of the World.

A.a

B.an

C.the

D./

2.You can't enter the house. Look at the .It says "No entry".

A. stream

B. sign

C. corn

D. platform

3.John, you must playing computer games. It's really bad for your eyes.

A. look up

B. get up

C. give up

D. wake up

4.It's important to learn how to the machine before you try them out.

A.lock

B.treat

C.repair

D. control

5.He is a(n) boy. We can believe what he said.

A. usual

B.shy

C. honest

D. funny

6.We didn't see the shiny stars the clouds cleared.

A. until

B. when

C while

1. Since

7.Linda is kind. She always helps me when I'm .

A. at home

B. in trouble

C. at work

D. in peace

8.Your baby brother is sleeping. off the radio, please.

A.To turn

B.Turned

C.Turning

D.Turn

9.In cold winter, the temperature in northern cities often remains zero.

A.among

B.beside

C.below

D.by

10.The speaker made the speech in a loud voice everyone in the hall could hear him.

A. so that

B.although

C.because

D.but

11. you are doing, do it as well as possible.

A. Wherever

B. Whenever

C. Whatever

D.However

12.-Look out! A truck is coming!

-Oh, thank you. I that.

A.won't notice

B. don't notice

C. wasn't noticing

D. didn't notice

13.It was one o'clock when the man returned home. His wife was still waiting for him.

A. nearly

B. simply

C. hardly

D. really

14.If you upstairs, you will find the address book

A.went

B. is going

C.go

D. will go

15-My family and I will go to Shanghai Disneyland next week!

A. My pleasure

B. Have a good time

C. That's no good

D. No deal

**三、完型填空(本题有15小题，每小题1分，共15分)**

**阅读下面短文，掌握大意，然后从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项**

**带星号\*的单词可查阅试卷后面的小字典。**

Many years ago, I was fresh in junior high and Mr. Wilson was my science teacher.

On the 1 day of class, he gave us talk about an animal called mahyena, which lived on earth millions of years ago and died out during the Ice Age. He 2 a skull\* as he talked. We all listened carefully and took notes. Later we had a 3 .

When the test paper was handed to me, I was 4 to find that there was a big red "X" through each answer. But how come? Everywhere on the test paper, I had written down 5 Mr. Wilson said in class.

I looked around and then I found that all of us 6 to pass the exams. What had

happened?

"Very simple, "Mr. Wilson explained. "I had 7 all that story about the mahyena. There

had 8 been any such animal, so the information in your notes was not correct. Do you

expect to get high marks for incorrect answers?'

What kind of test was this? What kind of teacher was he? He gave us so much information

about the mahyena 9 we believed everything he said was right. How was it possible for us

students to doubt what the teacher taught us?

"The zeros on your 10 will be marked in your grade record."he said. And he did it.

There was no need to say we were 11 . However, looking back to his talk in the first class, we 12 that Mr. Wilson had given the animal a strange name but we didn't think of it.

"I hope you can learn something from this 13 . Teachers and books are not always right. In fact, no one is.”

I haven’t made any great scientific discoveries, 14 Mr. Wilson’s class gave me and my classmates something just as important:Don't let our mind go to sleep. Instead, we should learn to doubt. Look at people in the eyes and tell 15 they're wrong.

1.A.first B. second C. third D.fourth

2. A. took off B. took in C.took out D. took down

3.A.text B. task C. rest D.test

4.A. pleased B.surprised C.interested D.bored

5. A. everything B.something C.anything D.nothing

6.A. managed B.failed C. continued D. decided

7. A. put up B. made up C.set up D.gave up

8.A. always B. sometimes C.never D.often

9.A. who B.whose C.which D.that

10 A. notes B.books C.classes D. papers

11.A.lonely B.happy C. angry D.lively

12. A. thought B. realised C.believed D.advised

13.A.animal B.information C.answer D.experience

14. A. but B.though C.so D.or

15.A. him B.them C.us D.you

**四、阅读理解(本题有15小题。A篇每小题1分;B、C、D每个选择题2分;D篇主观题5分。共30分)阅读下面短文从所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项，带星号＊的单词可查阅试卷后面的小字典。**

A

When people visited the Forbidden City in the 1920s,most palaces were closed at that time. But a century later,the 599-year-old palace has become the world's busiest museum.

**Open to the public**

In the old days, the public could only imagine what it looked like inside. When the Palace Museum was built in 1925,people could go into the palaces. Now 80% of the total area of the museum is open to visitors and the number is going to increase to 85% in 2025.

**Attracting the youth\***

On the Palace Museum's online store on Tmall, you can find more than 10, 000 cultural products.Some top sellers also go offline. For example, the "Kangxi Emperor's Favourite Chocolate", the most popular drink, always has people lining up.

Xu Jing often rides a bike in front of the Meridian Gate. "I had little memory of the museum then, but now I am more willing to visit it after several popular TV shows about the museum have

been on,"she said.

**Hugging the world**

"It felt like you were hit by hundreds of years of history,"Christopher Allen from Britain said.”I’ll begin to love its history and culture.”

The Forbidden City is becoming more open and friendly to visitors. It attracted about 3500000 visitors from abroad and overseas\*exhibitions were held in 2018.The Palace Museum exhibition becomes a cultural symbol everywhere it goes and the Palace Museum is welcoming visitors from both home and abroad.

1. The Palace Museum has been open to the public for years

A.94 B.99 C.100 D.105

2.What can we know about the Palace Museum in the passage?

A.It has opened the total area to the public.

B.It sells 10,000 products in offline stores.

C.It is known to young people only by TV shows

D.It helps people learn the history and culture of China

3.We may read the passage from a magazine about .

A.science B.traveling C.nature D.people

B

It's not news that there can be many problems of latchkey living.

Researchers find that 51% of "latchkey kids"are doing poorly in school. Meanwhile, the study by the Carnegie Council on teenager development shows that children going home alone after school for 11 hours or more each week are twice as likely to use drugs and alcohol\*.

Are there any positives of latchkey living? Yes, says Renee Peterson Trudeau, an internationally recognized life balance coach. "Some of the most successful people were latchkey kids growing up,"she says. "Young people who are allowed more freedom to be on their own often become more independent."

Are you a parent of "latchkey kids"? Here are some tips for you to make your children's home-alone life a safe, growing opportunity.

Keep in touch. Always make sure your child can reach you. For example, have your child call you when he gets home from school, and then call him as you're leaving work.

Keep busy. It's not a bad idea to have your kids feed the pet or water the flowers before you get home. Chores teach them responsibility.

Keep an eye. If you have a neighbor, kindly ask her if she could pay attention from time to time. This makes you know whether your child is telling the truth.

Keep communication. Take the time to keep up with how your kid's afternoons are going.Make sure he is clear of your time-alone rules for him, especially around screen time and homework.

"If you follow the suggestions above, you shouldn't feel regretful for being a working parent. Renee says. "They are more confident around problem solving

1.“Latchkey kids”are those who .

A. do badly in exams at school

B. stay at home without parents

C. study at school for 11 hours

D. use drugs and alcohol at home

2.The underlined word "chores" is closest in meaning to .

A. housework

B. schoolwork

C. exercise

D. energy

3.Mrs. Smith is a parent of"latchkey kid". According to the passage, she can

A. give her kid a call when she is busy at work.

B. teach her kid how to feed the pet and do it together.

C. ask her neighbor to go into her house and stay there.

D. talk with her kid to make him know the rules.

4.Which of the following statements is **TRUE**?

A. Parents must give"latchkey kids"more freedom.

B. Parents should feel regretful for having "latchkey kids"

C."Latchkey kids"may be independent problem solvers.

D."Latchkey kids"are the most successful people.

C

How the Grand Canyon was created remains one of the geology's greatest mysteries\*. Some geologists believed that the process was a gradual one: the Colorado River which goes through

the canyon slowly cut deeper and deeper into the ground over millions of years. But some rocks of the volcanoes, which have been discovered in the canyon recently, suggest that the canyon was down-cut instead.

Down-cutting is when a flood\* of water rushes over a place with enough force to cut deeply into the ground and leaves behind a canyon. Such a flood is usually released\* when a natural or man-made dam breaks.

Robert Webb, a research geologist, says natural dams seem to have formed and broken across the Colorado River several times during the last million years. The dams were built when lava from the nearby volcanoes flowed into the river. The lava hardened into hard rocks and blocked\*the river, causing it to back up and form a lake. Each time the lake grew so huge that it broke the rock dam, releasing flash flood that furthered the down-cutting process and deepened the canyon.

Down-cutting is not only an earthly event. Satellite photos sent back from Mars suggest that the process has happened there, too, say many other scientists. The photos, taken by the Mars Global Surveyor, indicate that an enormous lake existed on Mars 3.5 billion years ago. The lake spilled into a large nearby hole. One edge of the hole broke, releasing a flash flood that quickly carved out a huge canyon. The finding of down-cutting on Mars is just one more piece of evidence that the formation of the Grand Canyon was not a gradual course.

1.In the past, the Grand Canyon was believed to be made by .

A. a river running slowly over years

B. a volcano breaking suddenly

C. the rock rising from the earth

D. the ground moving gradually

2.Which picture shows the down-cutting of the canyon?



3.The photos of Mars are mentioned in the last paragraph to .

A. introduce a topic

B. give an example

C. show new ideas

D. compare with others

4.The best title for this passage is .

A. The Grand Canyon-A Wonder With Huge Lakes

B. The Grand Canyon-A Wonder With Breaking Dams

C. The Grand Canyon-Results of River Going

D.The Grand Canyon-Results of Flood Cutting

D

My grandmother had an apple tree. She said it was two hundred years old. Its trunk was fat and lumpy\*Its branches were twisted and low. You might say that old tree was ugly. But my grandmother proudly showed her apple tree to everyone. "See that?" she'd say. "Johnny Appleseed planted that nice tree. My great grandmother saw him plant it."

Grandmother's great grandmother was just a little Indian\*girl back then. One day, she recognized Johnny when he walked out of the woods. Everyone in America had heard of Johnny Appleseed.

He was a thin man with dirty hair and a big smile.His shirt was made from an old brown sack\*. He didn't usually wear any shoes. Most of the time, he carried his cooking pot\* on his head to keep his hands free to work.

That day, Johnny gave tree to my great-great-great-grandmother. He helped her plant the tree. She insisted that Johnny stay for dinner. After the meal, Johnny told the family the story of his adventures.

Johnny's real name was John Carpenter.He was born in Massachusetts in 1774. As a boy,John took a job working in an apple orchard. John learned how to grow apple trees from tiny dark seeds.

John longed for adventures. The pioneers were traveling west to settle new parts of the country at that time. They wanted good apples for food. When John heard this, he left Massachusetts when he was eighteen. There were no roads and few maps. John carried a leather sack full of apple seeds. Every day he moved west, he planted apple orchards.

A few years after planting, John returned to each orchard. He carefully dug up his young trees

and sold them to pioneers. The pioneers were happy to have Johnny's trees. John often stayed to

help the pioneers build their cabins. The pioneers liked John. They gave him the nickname Johnny Appleseed.

One autumn day, Johnny heard the cry of an animal. Behind the apple tree he found a deer. It

didn't run away. Johnny stayed with the deer for many days and helped it. During a snow storm in

Pennsylvania, Johnny hid in a cave with a bear. The bear didn't hurt him. Johnny and the bear

slept through the storm, cozy and warm.

During his life, Johnny Appleseed walked thousands of miles and planted thousands of apple trees. Americans from Massachusetts all the way to California boasted that Johnny Appleseed had planted their apple orchards.

Now when I look at my grandmother's old apple tree, I know that my grandmother is right. It is a beautiful old tree!

1.We can infer from the third paragraph that Johnny was .

A. a strange man living a rich life.

B. a simple man living a busy life.

C. a sick man living a difficult life

D.a funny man living an exciting life.

2.The writer mentioned the animals to show that .

A. Johnny took care of animals.

B. Johnny was good at teaching animals.

C. Johnny was not afraid of any animals.

D. Johnny got on well with animals.

3.We can learn from the passage that .

A. My grandma's great grandma was a friend of Johnny.

B. Johnny was brave to plant apples alone all through America.

C. The western part of America was a wild land at that time.

D. Pioneers had little food and they bought apples from Johnny.

4.Is the old apple tree “ugly” or “beautiful”? Why? (请用约40词回答)

**五、词汇运用(本题15小题，每小题1分，共15分)**

**A.用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空。每词限用一次。**

|  |
| --- |
| actually happy consider habit we |

1. If you can get into the of going to bed early, you won't feel so tired in the daytime.

2. We should try our best to depend on ,not our parents or the others.

3. Adam was because he missed the last bus to school.

4. While having a picnic in the park, suddenly it rained.

5. ,the Chinese girls made 11 perfect wins during the FIVB Women Volleyball World Cup.

**B.根据短文内容和所给中文提示，用单词的正确形式完成以下短文。**

China celebrated its 70th birthday on 1st October 2019 and there were celebrating activities all over the country.

President Xi and other leaders 1 (出席，参加) the big celebration in Tian＇anmen Square in Beijing on that day Soldiers walked shoulder by shoulder in lines. The big parade named"Chinese Dream", 2 (包括)workers, nurses and famous actors, danced along the street.They waved their 3 (旗帜) excitedly. Planes flew by and left colorful clouds in the 4 (天空). Since the People’s Republic of China was founded in1949,it was the 5 (第十五)big celebration in Tian＇anmen Square.

In Wenzhou, we 6 (观看)the four-hour celebration on TV. It was really impressive and 7 (惊人的，极好的) During the national holiday,some of us took vacation as 8 (很快) as the holiday began. Some would 9 (摆放) the table and cook meals for family and friends. Some went to the cinema to enjoy movies like The Captain as well as My People And My Country. We are so proud of our country and being Chinese. We do hope that our motherland will be much 10 (强壮) and better.

**六、书面表达(本题有1小题，共20分)**

近年来，作为一个沿海城市，越来越多的外籍人士到温州工作和生活，他们对当地的传

统节日和旅游景点都非常感兴趣。假如你的小区也居住着这样一个群体，请你以“Life in Wenzhou”为题，写一篇110词左右的英语短文，介绍温州的文化休闲生活，帮助外籍人士

更快地融入温州。

参考词汇: festival，food，places of interest，wonder

