2019-2020学年第一学期期末调研考试

八年级英语试卷

注意事项：1.本试卷分卷Ⅰ和卷Ⅱ两部分。卷Ⅰ为选择题，卷Ⅱ为非选择题。

2.本试卷共120分，听力30分，笔试90分；考试时间120分钟。

3.听力部分共包括两小节；第一节在卷Ⅰ，第二节在卷Ⅱ。

完成第一节后，请根据录音指令，在卷Ⅱ完成第二节。

4.答案一律填在答题纸上，答在卷Ⅰ无效，交卷只交答题纸。

卷I（选择题，共75分）

听力部分（第一节）

Ⅰ.听句子，选出句子中所包含的信息。（共5小题，每小题1分，计5分）

1.A. anyone B. everyone C. everything

2.A. read B. write C. run

3.A. two years ago B. three years ago C. ten years ago

4.A. Tom has longer hair than Sam.

B. Tom’s hair is as long as Sam. C. Tom’s hair isn’t as long as Sam.

5.A. I don’t like talent shows.

B. I like watching talent shows. C. I can’t stand talk shows.

Ⅱ.听句子,选出该句的最佳答语。（共5小题，每小题1分，计5分）

6.A. Sorry, I can’t. B. No, I’m busy. C. Sure, I can’t.

7.A. By train. B. Practice hard. C. To be a doctor.

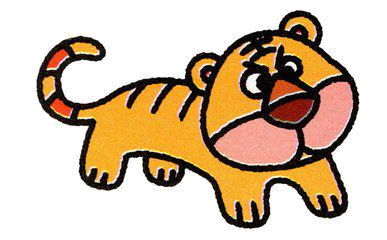
8.A. Really good. B. Friendly. C. Sunny.

9.A. Nothing. B. Great. C.At home.

10.A. Town Cinema. B. Peter. C. Dream Clothes.

Ⅲ.听对话和问题,选择正确答案。（共8小题，每小题1分，计8分）

11. What is Paul’s favourite animal?

A. B. C.

12. What doesAnna usually do in her free time?

A. B. C.

13. How many oranges do they need to make fruit salad?

A. One. B. Two. C. Three.

--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

14. Where are they going?

A. To the theatre. B. To the park. C. To the museum.

15. How can they go there?

A. By bus. B. By bike. C. On foot.

--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

16. What language is the girl going to learn?

A. Japanese. B. English. C. French.

17. How often does the club meet?

A. Every day. B. Every week. C. Every month.

18. When does the club meet?

A. On Tuesday afternoon. B. On Tuesday evening. C. On Thursday afternoon.

Ⅳ.听短文和问题，选择正确答案。（共7小题，每小题1分，计7分）

19. Who is making the invitation?

A. Parents. B. Students. C. Headmaster.

20. When will the event happen?

A. On Wednesday. B. On January 9th. C. On February 8th.

21. Where will people have lunch?

A. In the restaurant. B. In the school hall . C. In the classroom.

-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

22. What is the name of the book?

A. The Old Man and the Sea. B. Charlie Ninth. C. Harry Porter.

23. How much is the book?

A. 50 yuan. B. 60 yuan. C. 70 yuan.

24. Who is the book good for?

A. Parents. B. Teachers. C. Children.

25. What is the story about?

A. How to learn English. B. How to defeat(战胜) the bad man. C. How to fight in the army.

笔试部分

Ⅴ.单项选择（共10小题，每小题1分，计10分）

选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

26. Students these days often have problems with\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ schoolwork and friends.

A. they B. their C. them D. themselves

27. The Beijing Daxing InternationalAirport opened\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ September 25th, 2019.

A. to B. at C. in D. on

28. The Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sea-crossing bridge in the world.

A. long B. longer C. longest D. the longest

29. ---What did you do when you were in Beijing?

---I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Palace Museum.

A. visit B. will visit C. visited D. am visiting

30. I like sitcoms, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they’re funny and relaxing.

A. so B. because C. but D. if

31. --- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_does your father exercise?

---He exercises almost every day.

A. How long B. How often C. How much D. When

32. People usually play a role in\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the winner.

A. decide B. deciding C. to decide D. decided

33. If you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to the party, you’ll have a great time.

A. are going B. will go C. go D. went

34. Be quiet! I have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to tell you.

A. something important B. important something

C. anything important D. important anything

35. ---How much\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do we need to make fruit salad?

---Two spoons.

A. bananas B. apples C. salt D. bread

VI.完型填空。（共10小题，每小题1分，计10分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

When I was about 12 years old, I really wanted a new bike! I told my parents my birthday wish, but I knew there was little hope because my family could \_\_36\_\_ have that money.

On my birthday my parents told me they had my gift outside in the backyard. At once I \_\_37\_\_ out to the yard. There was my bike, \_\_38\_\_ it wasn’t the bike that I thought it would be. This one was pink, old and worn with age. It was so \_\_39\_\_ ! I thought I \_\_40\_\_ my parents’feelings because I could see the disappointment on their faces and I was sure, they could see it on mine. I \_\_41\_\_ the old bike and rode it, feeling\_\_ 42\_\_ that I had made my parents feel this way. So I put on a smile, rode as fast as I could and didn’t come down.

As time went by, I began to understand my parents gave me something much more than just an old bike. They gave me a life lesson about \_\_43\_\_ . When you give something out of love, it doesn’t matter what it is in fact. What matters is love that is in it. I like to remember this \_\_44\_\_ because giving a gift is not about money. It’s about how much love you can feel from it. Do remember, a gift that costs two dollars isn’t \_\_45\_\_ valuable (有价值的) than the one that is worth (值) one hundred dollars.

36.A. hardly B. quickly C. slowly D. easily

37.A. rushed B. rode C. climbed D. came

38.A. and B. or C. because D. but

39.A. exciting B. interesting C. relaxing D. disappointing

40.A. liked B. hated C. hurt D. thanked

41.A. got in B. got on C. got off D. got up

42.A. surprised B. excited C. happy D. bad

43.A. friendship B. money C. love D. knowledge

44.A. idea B. news C. advice D. experience

45.A. little B. less C. least D. more

Ⅶ.阅读理解（共15小题，每小题2分，计30分）

阅读A、B、C、D四篇材料，然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

This Monday, David got three invitations. Let’s read and see.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Hi David,  Can you play the piano? Are you good at dancing? Welcome to our schooltalentshow. It starts at 4:00 pm next Monday at the gym.You can bring your friends if you like. Looking forward to your reply.  Sarah |
|  | Hi David,  I’m having a birthday party at 6:00 pm next Friday at my house. Would you like to come? It’ll be fun. Lots of people from my school are coming. Could you bring some fruit? Hope you can come.  Jack |
|  | Hi David,  Christmasiscoming.Wouldyou like tocometoourChristmasparty this Sunday at the School Hall? The party will last from 9:00 am to 11:00am.We’llplaygames,sing songsand so on.Ithink we’ll have a good time. Will you write me back as soon as possible?  Mary |

46. When is the school talent show?

A. Next Monday. B. Next Friday. C. This Sunday. D. This Monday.

47. Where will the birthday party be held?

A. At the School Hall. B. At David’s house. C. At the gym. D. At Jack’s house.

48. At the Christmas party, David can\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. dance and play the piano B. watch shows with friends

C. play games and sing songs D. make fruit salad

B

The teacher stood before his class of 30 students and was going to hand out the final exam papers. “I know how hard you have all worked to get ready for this test.” hesaid. “And because I know you are all able to understand these questions. I am ready tooffer a B to anyone who would prefer not to take the test.”

A number of students jumped up to thank the teacher and left the classroom. The teacher looked at the rest students and said. “Does anyone else want to get a B? This is your last chance.” Two more students decided to go. Seven students stayed. The teacher then handed out the papers. There were only three sentences on the paper: Congratulations! You have received an A in this class. Keep believing in yourself.

I never had a teacher who gave a test like that, but I think that it is a test that any teacher could and should give. Students who do not have confidence in what they have learned are B students at most.

The same is true for students in real life. The A students are those who believe in what they are doing because they have learned from both successes and failures. They have learned life’s lessons whether from school education or from events in their lives, and have become better people. Scientists say that by the age of eight, 80% of what we believe about ourselves has already been formed. You are a big kid now and you realize that you have some limits(局限). However, there is nothing you can’t do or learn to be. Sir Edmund Hillary, the first person to reach the top of Mount Qomolangma (珠穆朗玛峰) said, “We do not conquer the mountain, but ourselves.”

49. Some students left the classroom because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.they knew the teacher didn’t like them to take the test

B.they were allowed to take another easier exam later on

C.they were happy with the grade the teacher would give them

D.they thought the exam was so easy that they don’t need to have a try

50. The teacher gave the rest students an A because\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A.they answered all the questions in the exam correctly

B.they believed themselves in what they had learned

C.they did really very well in the exam

D.they had been working hard for each exam

51. The underlined word “conquer” means \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the passage.

A. 发现 B. 控制 C. 探索 D. 征服

52. What does the writer want to tell us in the passage?

A. To know what our limits are. B. To learn to believe in ourselves.

C. To receive school education. D. To learn from B students.

C

Food deliverymen (送餐员) are always in a hurry. They wear blue, red or yellow helmets (头盔) and many of them don’t follow traffic(交通) rules. They drive on the wrong side of the road and run red lights. They use mobile phones while driving.

In the first half of 2019, food deliverymen had 76 traffic accidents in Shanghai, according to Shanghai Public Security Bureau (上海公共安全局). That means every two and a half days, a food deliveryman will die or get hurt on the road.

What makes deliverymen put themselves into such a danger? The strict rules of the food delivery service companies and the worried customers (顾客) may be the answer. Many companies will fine (罚款) a deliveryman up to 2,000 yuan if he fails to deliver an order on time, reported China Daily. Fines also go to those who get bad reviews (评价) from customers.

To solve the problem, food delivery service companies need to do some changes. Some cities are also taking action. Shanghai has asked companies to train their deliverymen on traffic rules and safety. Now in Shenzhen, if a deliveryman breaks traffic rules more than twice, then he can’t do the job for a whole year.

53. The first paragraph mainly tells us that many food deliverymen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. work very hard B. are good at driving

C. break traffic rules D. use mobile phones too much

54. Food deliverymen had\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ traffic accidents in Shanghai in the first half of 2019.

A. 76. B. 38. C. 152. D. 2,000.

55. If a food deliveryman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the companies will fine him.

A. drives too slowly B. delivers food on time

C. gets bad reviews D. follows traffic rules

56. What is the main idea of the last paragraph?

A. Companies are improving their review systems.

B. Some cities are working to solve the problem and make things better.

C. To drive safely, food deliverymen will follow more traffic rules.

D. Food deliverymen cannot drive on important roads in the future.

D

Reading is a good hobby for all kinds of reasons.

First, reading is fun. You can always keep yourself happy. If you like reading, you will never feel bored or tired. Next, you can read a book anywhere, in a car, on a plane or in the bathroom. All you need is a book! Another good reason for reading is that it is useful. If you read as a hobby, you will get better and better at it, and you will read faster and find it easier to know what you read. As your reading skill improve, maybe you will find your schoolwork becomes much better. Some people say that reading is out of date(过时的). This is not true. You can read on computer, and the better you read, the better your computer skills will be.

Reading is a good hobby. Why not start reading now?

57. Reading can always keep yourself \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. healthy B. bored C. tired D. happy

58. You can read a book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. only in the bathroom B. when you are running

C. anywhere D. when you are driving a car

59. You can read faster \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. after you read a book B. if you read as a hobby

C. after you read on computer D. if you are a student

60. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_that reading is out of date.

A. true B. right C. good D. not true

卷II（非选择题，共45分）

听力部分（第二节）

VIII．听短文,填空（共5小题，每小题1分，计5分）

ATV Show

|  |
| --- |
| Name:Answer That  Time: At 6:00 every 61. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Number of teams: 62. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Questions will be about: Movies, TV and 63. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  This week’s prize: A64. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  To be on the show: Call 65. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

笔试部分

IX．任务型阅读（共5小题，每小题2分，计10分）

阅读短文，并按要求完成66-70题。

In North America, people are always in a hurry. Children have special lessons or sports activities after school. Parents often work late and don’t get home until 7 or 8o’clock at night. More than 50% of women have full-time jobs. And many people do part-time jobs.

When a family want to eat a meal together, they don’t have enough time to prepare the food. That is why fast food is so popular in North America. People spend about 40% of their money buying fast food.

Fast food is the food\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pizza, sandwiches and fried chicken. People can buy fast food from a restaurant chain like Pizza Hut, McDonald’s and KFC. Fast food saves work and time, but it’s usually junk food.

Fast food is popular in many countries.

American fast food companies now have restaurants all over the world. But not everyone is happy about the spread of North American fast food. Some people in Italy want to fight against(反对) it. They don’t want any more fast food chains to open in their country. They also want to fight against the spread of fast food around the world.

66题完成句子；67、68题简略回答问题；69题找出并写下同义句；70题将文中划线句子译成汉语。

66. Fast food is the food \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_pizza, sandwiches and fried chicken.(填入适当的词组）

67. What does the word “They” refer to(指代) in the last paragraph?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

68. What do children do after school in North America?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

69. They are too busy to prepare the food.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

70.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

X．词语运用（共10小题，每小题1分，计10分）

根据短文内容及所给提示，在文中横线上填写一个正确的单词。

Do you like Beijing Opera(京剧)? Some people think it is boring, but others find it very 71.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (enjoy). The opera fans are always excited when talking about their favourite plays, actors and 72. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (actress). They often practice 73. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (sing) the famous plays in parks. It is much 74. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (hard) to perform(表演) in Beijing Opera than in TV series 75. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_b it takes years to practice. The actors need not only to pronounce(发音) each word 76. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (clear) and carefully, but also to act in a certain way. When traditional plays are on during Chinese festivals, the theaters are usually 77.c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the audience(观众) cheer loudly at the end of the plays. If you are interested 78. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Chinese culture, I’ll 79.a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you to watch Beijing Opera.I’m sure you’ll like 80. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

XI.基础写作（包括A、B两部分，A部分5分，B部分15分，共计20分）

A)连词成句（共5小题，每小题1分，计5分）

将所给词语连成句子，标点已给出。

要求：符合语法，语句通顺，大小写正确，词语不得重复使用。

81. will, like, what, be, the future

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

82. as, you, friendly, your, are, sister, as

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

83. an, Chinese, comes from, story, the movie, old

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

84. helped, so much, to, my English, she, improve, me

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

85. a difference, makes, a day, what

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

B)书面表达（计15分）

86.假期许多同学外出旅游，旅游不但让我们开阔眼界，也让

我们放松心情。某英文报正在开展快乐旅游的征文活动。请根据所给提示和要求，

用英语写一篇短文投稿，谈谈你难忘的一次旅游经历。

提示：（1）When and where did you go?

（2）What did you do there?

（3）What do you think of your trip?

要求：（1）短文须包括所有提示内容，可适当发挥。

（2）文中不得出现真实的人名、校名和地名。

（3）词数60-80个

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2019-2020学年第一学期期末调研考试

八年级英语试卷参考答案

注：阅卷前，各协作区阅卷老师务必统一评分标准，认真核对答案，再评卷！

此答案仅供参考！

1----5.BACCA 6--10.ABAAB 11-15.BABCA 16-20.CBACA

21-25.BCACB 26-30.BDDCB 31-35.BBCAC 36-40.AADDC

41-45.BCCDB 46-50.ADCCB 51-55.DBCAC 56-60.BDCBD

评分标准：1.1-45小题，每小题1分，计45分；46-60小题，每小题2分，计30分。

2.凡与答案不符者不得分。

VIII.61. Monday 62. 8/eight 63. music 64. camera 65. 6419596

评分标准：1.每小题1分，计5分。

2.凡与答案不符，但所填信息与答案意思相同且与题目要求相符者，可

酌情给分。

IX. 66. such as

67. Some people in Italy.

68. They have special lessons or sports activities.

69. They don’t have enough time to prepare the food.

70.人们把大约40%的钱用在了买快餐上。

评分标准：1.每小题2分，计10分。

2.凡与答案不符，但所填内容与答案意思相近且与题目要求相符者，可酌

情给分。有关语法及拼写（包括大小写）等错误酌情减分。

X. 71. enjoyable 72. actresses 73. singing 74. harder 75. because

76. clearly 77. crowded 78. in 79. advise 80. it

评分标准：1.每小题1分，计5分。

2.凡与答案不符者不得分。

XI. A）81. What will the future be like?

82.Are you as friendly as your sister?

83. The movie comes from an old Chinese story.

84. She helped me so much to improve my English.

85.What a difference a day makes!

评分标准：1.每小题1分，计5分。

2.凡与答案不符者不得分。

B）86.书面表达（略）

一、评分原则

1.本题总分为15分，按五个档次给分。

2.评分时，先根据短文的内容要点初步确定其所属档次，然后以该档次的语言要求来衡量、确定或调整档次，最后给分。

3.文中若出现真实的人名、校名或地名，酌情减分。

二、内容要点

三、评分标准

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 一档 | 13-15分 | 包含了所有要点，能围绕内容要点适当发挥，内容具体、丰富；应用了较丰富的语言结构和词汇，用词准确，句子通顺，行文连贯，表达清楚；没有或几乎没有语言错误，具备较强的语言运用能力，达到了预期的写作目的。 |
| 二档 | 10-12分 | 基本包含了所有要点，并有一定发挥，内容比较丰富；应用的语言结构和词汇能满足任务要求，句子较通顺，表达较清楚；有少量语言错误，基本达到了预期的写作目的。 |
| 三档 | 7-9分 | 包含了多数要点，并有所发挥，内容不够丰富、具体，字数较少；句子不够通顺，语言表达过于简单，行文不够连贯；有部分语言错误。 |
| 四档 | 4-6分 | 只包含了少数要点，内容过少；句子无条理，语言不规范，行文不连贯；语言错误较多。 |
| 五档 | 0-3分 | 只包含了一个要点或所写内容与要求几乎无关，内容杂乱，不知所云；语言很不通顺，用词很不准确；错误过多，几乎难以读懂。 |

四、说明

1.内容要点可以用不同方式表达。

2.相同的错误不重复计算。