

2019-2020 学年度第一学期期末学业水平质量监测

八年级英语试题

- 注意: 1. 本试题共 8 页, 八大题, 共 96 个小题, 满分 150 分。
2. 请将答案填涂在答题卡上的规定位置, 在其他位置作答一律无效。

第 I 卷 (选择题, 共 95 分)

一、听力部分 (共 20 小题; 1-10 题每题 1 分, 11-20 题每题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

A. 听对话, 从所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个适当的答案, 每段对话听两遍。

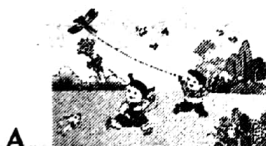
1. What animal does the boy think is the biggest?



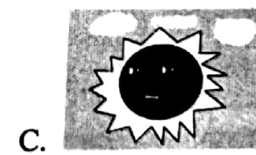
2. What bird woke the man up this morning?



3. Which season does the girl like best?



4. What is the weather like?



5. Where is the boy going?

- A. He is going to the museum. B. He is going to the hospital. C. He is going to the zoo.

6. How will Lily go to Guilin next week?

- A. She will go there by train. B. She will go there by plane. C. She will go there by ship.

7. How is the boy feeling?

- A. Sad. B. Sorry. C. Excited.

8. How long does Daniel have to stay in hospital?

- A. For 1 week. B. For 2 weeks. C. For 3 weeks.

9. Why did Gina get home later yesterday?

- A. She went to the shop. B. She cleaned the classroom.
C. She did her homework at school.



10. What does the boy think of his English teacher?

- A. He thinks she teaches the best in the school.
- B. He thinks she teaches the worse in the school.
- C. He thinks she is hard-working.

B. 听下面的对话或短文，从所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个适当的答案，每段对话或短文听两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 11-12 小题。

11. Where will they go tomorrow?

- A. The park.
- B. The museum.
- C. The zoo.

12. When will they meet?

- A. At 7:00.
- B. At 7:30.
- C. At 8:00.

听第一篇短文，回答第 13-15 小题，请根据短文内容，选择正确答案，完成信息记录表。

A weather report	
Beijing	_____ 13 _____ and cold.
Hong Kong	Having beautiful _____ 14 _____.
New York	Sunny, but there is a strong wind _____ 15 _____.
Sydney	Rainy and hot.

- 13. A. Rainy B. Cloudy C. Sunny
- 14. A. sunshine B. wind C. cloud
- 15. A. in the morning B. in the afternoon C. in the evening

听第二篇短文，回答第 16-20 小题。

16. What did the little mouse go out for?

- A. He went out for a walk.
- B. He went skating.
- C. He went out for some food.

17. What did he see?

- A. He saw a ball.
- B. He saw a hole.
- C. He saw a tree.

18. What were the snakes doing?

- A. They were eating mice.
- B. They were chatting.
- C. They were sleeping.

19. How did the little mouse feel when he saw the snakes?

- A. He felt very sad.
- B. He felt very afraid.
- C. He felt very happy.

20. What can we learn from the story?

- A. Snakes never eat mice.
- B. Snakes like to live in the tree.
- C. Snakes usually sleep in winter.

二、单项选择（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

21. — _____ exciting news report it is ! You must read it.

— Oh, yes. It says our school won _____ football final.

- A. What; the B. What an; the C. How an; a D. How; an

22. We hope that you can accept our _____ and join us in helping protect the birds.

- A. instruction B. introduction C. invitation D. collection

23. An accident happened yesterday. The car _____ the tree, and the driver _____ his leg.

- A. hit; hurt B. hurt; hit C. hurt; hurt D. hit; hit



24. —This problem is not _____ for me to solve. Can you help me?
—OK. What is it about?
A. easy enough B. enough easy C. hard enough D. enough hard
25. —Why didn't you finish your homework?
—I _____ a football game the whole night.
A. watch B. will watch C. were watching D. was watching
26. —Did you get any information about this test?
—Well, I was trying to, but found _____.
A. nothing B. none C. some D. no one
27. Don't forget _____ the book to the library when you finish _____ it.
A. to return; to read B. returning; reading C. to return; reading D. returning; to read
28. Betty didn't come to school yesterday _____ she was ill.
A. but B. than C. if D. because
29. They waited and waited, and _____ he came back.
A. at last B. at first C. at most D. at once
30. —_____ did you weigh when you were born?
—My mother says I weighed only 2 kilograms at birth.
A. What B. How much C. How many D. How heavy
31. —Do you have time to write a report _____ the animals _____ danger for the club?
—Yes, I will try my best.
A. about; on B. on; in C. to; from D. in; with
32. Would you please _____ the children _____ with the birds?
A. to ask; not to play B. ask; not to play C. ask; not play D. ask; don't play
33. —I saw that you walked to work this morning.
—Yes. My car _____ last night.
A. cut down B. wrote down C. broke down D. fell down
34. Look at the underlined letter groups below. Which pronounces differently from the others?
A. break B. stream C. mean D. lead
35. —Lucy, isn't the talk boring?
—_____. You can learn a lot from it.
A. I think so B. That's right C. Yes, I agree D. No, not at all

三、完形填空 (共15小题; 每小题1分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

Daniel was a five-year-old boy. He liked talking very much. He never saw a new thing 36 asking a lot of questions about it. But his mother was kind and patient (有耐心的) enough to answer his 37.

The first time Daniel saw an hourglass (沙漏), he was really 38 in it, but he did not know what it was. His mother 39 him, "An hourglass is a glass made into the shape of the figure '8'. The sand is put in the glass, and runs 40 a small opening in the middle. And the sand will go from one end to 41 in an hour."

Daniel watched the little stream of sand. Then he became impatient, because the sand ran 42. "Let me shake the glass, Mother," he said, "43 the sand will never get through."

"It will, my son," said his mother. "The sand moves slowly, but it moves 44. If you watch the clock, you will feel the same. 45 you are playing, the sand is running grain (粒)



by grain; and the second hand of the 46 is moving second by second. They do not stop to think about how much they will have to do, and 47 it will take them to do it."

The next day, Daniel's mother wanted him 48 a poem, but he said, "Mum, the poem is too 49. How soon can I learn it?" His mother said, "Study all the time. 50 care about the time it will take. You will be able to learn it very soon."

Daniel followed his mother's advice. He read the poem time after time and an hour later he learned it perfectly.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 36. A. in | B. on | C. without | D. of |
| 37. A. problems | B. questions | C. letters | D. words |
| 38. A. interested | B. happy | C. good | D. bored |
| 39. A. said | B. talked | C. told | D. spoke |
| 40. A. through | B. along | C. over | D. across |
| 41. A. others | B. any other | C. another | D. the other |
| 42. A. carefully | B. quickly | C. heavily | D. slowly |
| 43. A. and | B. or | C. but | D. so |
| 44. A. just now | B. right now | C. all the time | D. at once |
| 45. A. Since | B. Then | C. Before | D. While |
| 46. A. clock | B. boy | C. mother | D. hourglass |
| 47. A. how far | B. how long | C. how much | D. how soon |
| 48. A. to eat | B. eating | C. learning | D. to learn |
| 49. A. easy | B. long | C. short | D. old |
| 50. A. Always | B. Often | C. Never | D. Sometimes |

四、阅读理解 (共两节, 20 小题, 满分 35 分)

第一节: 阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。(共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

A

Sweet Tomatoes

Salad & Fruit & Vegetables
Eat as much as you cant
Say goodbye to any meat, enjoy fruit and vegetables!

Adult.....¥ 60
 Child (6~12).....¥ 30
 (under 6).....free

★ Save ¥5.....**Coupon** in Sunday's *China Daily*
 ★ First ten on 2nd Sunday each month.....get one free tasty chocolate
 ★ Business hours: 11:00 a.m.~ 10:00 p.m. (Tue.~Fri.)
 10:00 a.m.~ 11:00 p.m. (Sat.~Sun.)
 Closed on Monday

★ Our stores in the city
 ☆ Daiyue.....(0518) 86709531
 ☆ Feicheng.....(0518) 86822366

51. Mrs. Green visited Sweet Tomatoes with her children(Son: age 7; Daughter: age 4). They have to pay _____ for the meal.

A. ¥60 B. ¥120 C. ¥150 D. ¥90



52. What's a "Coupon" used for?

A. To invite a friend.

B. To save money.

C. To get a VIP card.

D. To be a reader of *China Daily*.

53. People can't go to Sweet Tomatoes _____ for a meal.

A. on Monday

B. on Wednesday

C. on Friday

D. on Sunday

B

I live on the twelfth floor of a building. One afternoon I was coming home from a friend's house. It was just after four o'clock. I got quickly into the lift and pressed Button (按钮) 12.

The lift started to go up, but very slowly. And then, half way up, it suddenly stopped between two floors. I couldn't understand it. I pressed all the buttons from 1 to 14. I called for help very loudly. But nobody answered.

Then suddenly the light went out, and I was alone in the dark. I started to cry and beat the walls of the lift. I cried and cried until I had no voice left. Then, I felt hopeless, and pressed all the buttons with my open hands. And all at the same time, there was a bell far away. It rang and rang. It was the fire alarm (火灾警报). I thought the whole building was on fire. I said to God quietly, "Just get me out of here. I'll never be bad again."

Just then, I realized (意识到) the lift was moving very slowly. On the ground floor it stopped, and the doors opened. A man was standing there. "How long do you stay there? It is good that you pressed the alarm bell. But didn't you learn to read at your school?" He pointed at a small piece of paper on the wall beside the lift. It said, "Attention: This lift will be stopped for repairs between 4 pm and 5 pm on Thursday March 13."

54. What was wrong with the lift?

A. It had a fire accident.

B. It stopped half way.

C. It was turned off by the writer.

D. It moved fast up to the top floor.

55. As the situation went on, the writer became _____.

A. more and more frightened

B. calmer and calmer

C. more and more bored

D. clearer and clearer

56. Why did a bell ring from far away?

A. The lift could start again.

B. The building was on fire.

C. The writer pressed the lift alarm bell.

D. The repair worker rang the lift alarm.

57. Who most probably made the lift move again and go down to the ground floor?

A. The writer.

B. The writer's friend.

C. The man.

D. The writer's father.

C

Do you think of white when someone talks about a polar bear? In fact, the polar bear does not have white fur. It just appears to be white. Polar bears have a very good sense of smell. It helps them to find food. During summer, polar bears sleep longer, because they are able to find their food more easily at night. Usually, after a meal, polar bears have a short sleep. A polar bear can have 2-3 babies at a time. They live with their mothers until they are about two-and-a-half years old.

However, polar bears will die out soon because of people. There are only 20,000 to 25,000 polar bears in the world. The ones that are left are trying to survive today. The number of polar bears is becoming smaller and smaller because of the loss of sea ice—polar bears mostly inhabit (居住于) the sea ice, not the land ice. This is happening because of global warming (全球气候变暖), pollution, hunting and so on.



Ordinary people don't care, but great people have the power and want to save tigers, fight for giant pandas and save polar bears. Ordinary people will wait, but great people will find a new world. For me, I will not wait. I will take the bus more often from now on. Join me and save the polar bears, and, of course, the tigers, the giant pandas and....

58. What does "it" refer to in the first paragraph?

- A. The good smell. B. The good hearing. C. The fur. D. The good eyesight.

59. According to the passage, which of these answers does NOT make polar bears fewer?

- A. Global warming. B. Pollution. C. Hunting. D. Travelling.

60. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Polar bear fur is white.
B. Perhaps the writer will drive his car less.
C. It's harder for polar bears to find food in summer.
D. Polar bears left have a good, happy life.

61. What is the main idea of this passage?

- A. To let people know why polar bears are in danger.
B. To show that the number of polar bears is getting smaller.
C. To talk about polar bears and suggest that people protect animals.
D. To tell people that polar bears will soon have nowhere to live.

D

Colourful fruit and vegetables are good for your health. Their natural colours help protect your body from disease. Think about these colours of fruit and vegetables: the red of tomatoes, the orange of carrots, the green of kiwi fruit (猕猴桃), and the purple of grapes.

You can enjoy eating fruit and vegetables of all colours: green, yellow, orange, red, blue, purple and white. Each colour has something unique (独一无二的) and important for good health. They work together to protect your body.

Scientists have surprisingly discovered the benefits of colourful fruit and vegetables. The list below shows the benefits of some colours in fruit and vegetables.

- Red gives you a healthy heart. It can reduce the risk of heart disease. Red helps prevent cancer (癌症). It helps improve your memory too.
- Yellow and orange give you a healthy immune system (免疫系统). They are also good for your eyes. They help prevent blindness in the old.
- White can keep cholesterol (胆固醇) at a lower level.
- Green helps prevent cancer. It is good for your eyes. It also gives you strong bones and teeth.
- Blue and purple help protect your memory as you grow old. They also help fight cancer and heart disease.

So when you buy or eat fruit and vegetables, remember: the more colours, the better!

62. Eating fruit and vegetables of different colours will make you _____.

- A. healthy B. unhealthy C. get weight D. lose weight

63. The underlined word "benefits" means "_____" in the passage.

- A. 营养 B. 危害 C. 益处 D. 后果

64. Daniel has poor eyesight. What colour fruit and vegetables are good for him?

- A. Red, yellow and orange. B. Yellow, orange and green.
C. White, green and blue. D. Blue, red and white.



65. Which of the following is right?

- A. Orange can reduce the risk of heart disease.
- B. Green helps prevent blindness in the old.
- C. Red also gives you strong bones and teeth.
- D. Purple help protect your memory as your grow old.

第二节：阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的选项中选出能够填入短文空白处的最佳选项，使短文通顺连贯、意思完整，其中有两项是多余选项。（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）

Many young people use computers, but few of them know how to look after them. 66

※ Keep your computer in a cool room. 67. Most computers work best at a temperature of 5 °C-30 °C.

※ Don't let people smoke cigarette (香烟) near your computer. Smoke of all kinds is very bad for many parts of a computer. 68.

※ Don't eat or drink when you are near your computer. Pieces of food and a little water in the keyboard can also cause many problems.

※ 69. If you wear glasses, make sure these glasses are correct for using with the computer. Some people use a different pair of glasses when they use a computer.

※ Keep your screen clean and don't have it too bright. 70. A very bright screen can also be bad for your eyes.

- A. and it can cause many problems.
- B. Put your wet hands on the computer.
- C. Make sure the screen is the correct distance (距离) from your eyes.
- D. Remember the following when you use your computer.
- E. Too much or too little heat is bad for computers.
- F. You can put it near a fire.
- G. A dirty screen can hurt your eyes.

第Ⅱ卷（非选择题，共55分）

五、词汇运用（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）

A. 根据句意和汉语提示或音标，在空白处填入一个适当的单词。

71. When I got home, I found my grandma _____ (睡着) on the sofa.

72. Do you think _____ (物理) is difficult to learn?

73. The boy is _____ (描述) what he saw last night.

74. We all know that people in the south live _____ (主要地) on rice.

75. The local government _____ (/prə'vaidid/) many public bicycles for people last month.

B. 根据短文意思和首字母提示，写出一个完整正确的单词。

March 22nd is World Water Day. It started in 1993. It not only makes us think about the i 76 of water, but also calls on (号召) us to save water and protect water. Today, we're facing t 77 water problems. Among them, waste-water problem is especially serious.

Usually, waste-water comes from h 78, factories, hospitals, and so on. When we wash the machines, take showers and use the kitchen, we can produce waste-water. The rain also



c 79 into waste-water when it is running down the street d 80 a storm. No matter where it comes from, this kind of water is sure to have something harmful in it.

六、选词填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

从方框中选择恰当的词或短语并用其正确的形式填空（每个词或短语只能用一次）。

ill; clear; kick a ball; mop up; write down; wash away;
not... any more; have pity on; right away; cover...with

81. An old man fell down and a young man came there _____.
82. If you speak louder, I can hear you _____.
83. Too much work can lead to _____. Why not have a rest now?
84. Look! The girls are busy _____ the floor. Let's go and help him.
85. A flood happened in Hunan last summer and _____ a lot of houses.
86. The boys _____ when it started to rain.
87. _____ the sentences, and you will not forget them.
88. It was so windy. My mother asked me _____ my face _____ a scarf.
89. You are _____ a small boy _____. You can look after yourself.
90. Everyone should _____ the disabled people.

七、完成句子（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

根据所给汉语和句子意思，用英语补全句子。

91. The birds in the tree _____ (向四面八方飞去) when they heard a gunshot.
92. We students should do our homework _____ (尽可能认真).
93. I _____ (发高烧) and coughed a lot last night.
94. _____ (成千上万的游客) come to Beijing to climb the Great Wall.
95. You can take a map with you _____ (为了不迷路).

八、书面表达（共 1 小题；满分 25 分）

96. “安全第一”，这是时常萦绕在我们耳边的话题，如何保证自己的安全呢？你们班的学生们就此话题展开了讨论。老师请你做总结发言，请你根据提示，完成这份总结稿。要求：语句通顺，语意连贯，80-100 词。（开头已经给出，不计入词数）

同学们的观点	1. 夏天不到河里游泳，冬天不到河上溜冰或玩耍； 2. 去动物园时，不靠近危险的动物，防止受伤害； 3. 自然灾害来临时，……。
自己的观点	……

How to Keep Safe

Safety comes first. We always keep it in mind. How can we keep safe? The students in our class have a discussion. Here is the result.



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八年级英语阅读附加题

注意: 1. 本试题共 2 页, 满分 40 分。

2. 请在答题卡上规定的区域内作答, 在其他位置作答一律无效。

一、阅读理解 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

A. 阅读下面短文, 选出正确的答案。

At church, Mrs Thatcher talked to Mrs Harper and found out that Becky had not slept there last night. Where was she? Then Aunt Polly said Tom had not come home either. They asked if anybody had seen them on the boat. Nobody could remember.

“They must still be in the caves!” said somebody.

A large group of men went to the caves to search for the two children. They searched all day. They searched for three days, but they did not find Tom or Becky. Where could they be?

At the picnic, Tom and Becky went into the caves with the other children. They took their candles and walked down a small tunnel. Then Tom saw a small opening he had never seen before. He decided to explore. Becky came with him. They made some marks on the wall. This would help them find their way back. They found a large cave with a **spring** in it. There were a lot of bats hanging on the roof. The bats did not like the candlelight and attacked the children. Tom and Becky ran. They did not watch where they were going. They escaped from the bats and found a lake. They sat down to rest.

“We haven’t heard the other children for a long time,” said Becky.

“We’d better go back,” suggested Tom.

They tried to find a way back without going through the cave with bats. They were soon lost. They didn’t know how to get back. They began to shout. Nobody answered.

—From *The Adventure of Tom Sawyer*

1. A group of men went to the caves _____.
A. to look for Tom and Becky B. to have a picnic
C. to attack the children D. to sleep in the caves
2. What does the word “spring” mean in the passage?
A. 春天 B. 树枝 C. 泉水 D. 湖
3. What did the two children take with when they went into the caves?
A. Some bats B. Some candles. C. Some knives. D. Some food.
4. What happened first and what happened next? Arrange them in the time order.
a. Tom decided to explore. b. They found a lake.
c. They walked down a small tunnel. d. They began to shout.
e. They made some marks on the wall.
A. b-a-c-e-d B. c-a-d-b-e C. a-d-e-c-b D. c-a-e-b-d
5. Which chapter is the passage from?
A. Tom Meets Becky. B. Tom is Alive again.
C. Tom and Becky Are Lost. D. Tom is Rich.



B. 阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的选项中选出能够填入短文空白处的最佳选项。

When the Lion woke up and saw that he was alone, he was frightened. “_____ 6 _____.” he thought, and he ran as fast as he could until he came to the yellow brick road again. Then he saw them in the distance. He ran up to them and said, “Oh, _____ 7 _____. I was frightened on my own.”

“You are just in time,” Dorothy told him. “We are nearly at the City of Emeralds.”

And a few minutes later, they turned a corner, _____ 8 _____.

A little man, no taller than a Munchkin, came forward to meet them. Unlike the Munchkins, however, _____ 9 _____.

“What do you want?” he demanded.

“We want to see the Wizard of Oz,” Dorothy told him.

“_____ 10 _____.” the little man said. “If he does not like what you say to him, he will be very angry. He’ll destroy you.”

—From *The Wizard of Oz*

- A. and there in front of them were the gates to the city
- B. The Wizard is powerful and terrible
- C. his clothes were green, not blue
- D. I must find Dorothy and the others
- E. I’m so glad I’ve found you

C. 根据 *The Wizard of Oz* 和 *The Adventure of Tom Sawyer*, 完成下列选择题。

11. What did the Lion hope to get from the Wizard of Oz?

- A. Love
- B. A trail.
- C. Courage.
- D. Big teeth.

12. How did Dorothy kill the Wicked Witch?

- A. She threw water on her.
- B. She burned her with fire.
- C. She stabbed her with a knife.
- D. She had the Lion eat her.

13. Who painted the fence?

- A. Aunt Polly.
- B. Tom’s friends.
- C. Jeff.
- D. Sid’s friends.

14. What did the boys decide to do after Tom said he had a secret plan?

- A. Go home.
- B. Pretend to be chickens.
- C. Pretend to be Indian guides.
- D. Stay on the island.

15. What did Injun Joe do when his crime was made known?

- A. He tried to kill Tom.
- B. He searched for treasure.
- C. He ran away.
- D. He bought a haunted house.

二、语言表达与写字：请将下面一段话抄写在答题卡相应位置的横线上。（满分 10 分）

Note-taking is a skill that can help you do well in all your schoolwork. It can make you confident when you are studying. If your teacher writes notes on the blackboard, you can copy them or write down the most important facts of all in class. Different teachers do things differently. Some teachers may focus on lots of dates and facts in class, other teachers may not write anything down, but they may repeat them.

