

深圳外国语学校新生分班模拟测试(二)

I 单项选择

1. It is _____ for me to follow the Australian guests because I am good at English.
A. bad **B. easy** C. hard D. right
2. _____ the exam, we'll say good-bye to our dear teachers, classmates as well as our beautiful school.
A. In B. For **C. After** D. Through
3. --- Can I bring a friend to your birthday party?
--- Sure, _____.
A. no problem B. not at all C. my pleasure D. well done
4. Rick has learned a lot about Chinese culture _____ he came to China.
A. before B. when C. until **D. since**
5. --- I forgot to bring my dictionary. Could I use yours?
--- Yes, you _____.
A. can B. must C. could D. should
6. Mum, what are you cooking? It _____ so sweet.
A. tastes B. feels C. sounds D. smells
7. --- More and more people come to visit Mount Huangshan.
--- That's true. It has become the _____ of Anhui.
A. pride B. effort C. praise D. courage
8. --- It's so late. Why not write the report tomorrow?
--- But I don't know _____ I can do it if not now.
A. why **B. when** C. how D. where
9. As time _____, you'll come to think of English as your friend and love it.
A. goes by B. runs out C. takes off D. turns up
10. If my friends have any problems, my door is _____ open to them.
A. never B. seldom C. sometimes **D. always**
11. Mr. Wang has left for Guangzhou. He _____ a speech there in two days.
A. gives B. gave **C. will give** D. has given
12. --- Jim, remember to return this book by Friday.
--- _____.
A. Got it B. Good luck C. That's right D. It's nothing

13. _____ the sun was not yet up, many people were already taking exercise in the square.
A. As B. If C. Though D. Because
14. I don't _____ the heat, for I'm used to hot weather.
A. like B. mind C. know D. stand
15. You can take _____ of the two toy cars and leave the other for your brother.
A. both B. none C. either D. neither
16. Rose finished her study in the university and went to _____ a good job.
A. take after B. look after C. care for D. search for
17. Spend more time talking with your parents, _____ they may not well understand you.
A. or B. so C. and D. but
18. As we all know, the Silk Road _____ China to the west in ancient times.
A. connects B. connected C. will connect D. is connecting
19. He is an honest boy. I have no reason to _____ what he said.
A. hear B. doubt C. repeat D. believe
20. --- We failed in the singing competition.
--- _____. Better times are waiting for you.
A. No way B. Best wishes C. Cheer up D. Good job

II. 完形填空

A

In China, very few children make pocket money. 21 , in western countries, most kids make pocket money by themselves. They make money in many different 22 .

When kids are very young, their parents help them sell the fruits of their own trees to neighbours. Kids may also help 23 do housework to make money at home. When they 24 sixteen, they can make money by sending newspapers or by working in fast food restaurants, 25 during the summer holidays.

There are many 26 of making pocket money by kids themselves. First of all, they learn the 27 of money by working hard so that they will not waste any. Secondly, they learn to 28 money to buy things they need or want, such as books, pencils, movies, and even clothes they like. Thirdly, they learn to 29 the daily life problems by helping their parents or others. Making pocket money is 30 for children when they grow up. That is why parents encourage their kids to make pocket money.

21. A. Also B. Anyway C. However D. Besides
22. A. ways B. levels C. homes D. countries

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|-----------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| 23. A. teachers | B. friends | C. parents | D. neighbours |
| 24. A. get | B. have | C. catch | D. reach |
| 25. A. really | B. hardly | C. properly | D. especially |
| 26. A. choices | B. advantages | C. problems | D. lessons |
| 27. A. fun | B. value | C. message | D. purpose |
| 28. A. count | B. waste | C. manage | D. change |
| 29. A. give up | B. look up | C. deal with | D. meet with |
| 30. A. helpful | B. careful | C. beautiful | D. successful |

B

Once there lived a farmer called Henry. He had a brother, Mike, in town who was an excellent gardener. His skill and his beautiful trees were 31 everywhere.

One day, Henry went to town to visit Mike. "Look, my brother," said Mike, "Here is the best 32 tree from my garden. Take it home and 33 it so that you, and your children, and your children's children can enjoy it." Henry was 34 with the apple tree and went back home. The next morning, he began to 35 where he should plant it.

"If I plant it on the hill," said he to himself, "the wind might catch it and 36 down the fruit; If I plant it close to the road, people who pass by will pick some of them; But if I plant it..."

37 he planted the tree in the corner behind his house, where no one else could notice it. But the tree bore (结出) no fruit the first year, nor the second. Then Henry sent for his brother and said to him 38, "You have cheated me. This is the third year and it brings me 39 but leaves."

When Mike saw where the tree was planted, he laughed and said, "You have planted the tree in such a cold corner without 40 or warmth. How, then, could you expect flowers and fruit?"

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|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 31. A. simple | B. famous | C. similar | D. common |
| 32. A. pear | B. grape | C. apple | D. banana |
| 33. A. sell | B. wash | C. hide | D. plant |
| 34. A. tired | B. patient | C. pleased | D. popular |
| 35. A. learn | B. wonder | C. realize | D. understand |
| 36. A. put | B. cut | C. push | D. shake |
| 37. A. Finally | B. Firstly | C. Luckily | D. Certainly |
| 38. A. happily | B. angrily | C. kindly | D. carelessly |
| 39. A. nothing | B. something | C. everything | D. anything |
| 40. A. air | B. earth | C. water | D. sunlight |

III. 补全对话

根据对话内容，从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。其中有两个为多余选项。

Brian: Hi, Cindy. 41.

Cindy: Hi, Brian. It is nice to see you and so many old classmates.

Brian: So it is. 42.

Cindy: You are right. It's really a long time.

Brian: Did you see the old photos on the wall?

Cindy: I sure did. 43.

Brian: But those are some great memories.

Cindy: Hey! 44.

Brian: Yes, it is. I remember he used to stay up all night studying.

Cindy: 45.

Brian: Yes. He was the only one left in the class when he woke up.

Cindy: That was really funny.

- A. What happened?
 - B. Long time no see!
 - C. Who took these photos?
 - D. Isn't that John over there?
 - E. We looked so funny in them.
 - F. I can't believe it's been ten years.
 - G. And then he would fall asleep in class.

IV. 阅读理解

阅读下列短文，从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Tony Wheeler was born to travel. His father worked for an airline. For the first 16 years of his life, Wheeler and his family lived in many different countries.

In the early 1970s, Tony met a young woman named Maureen. They soon married. Before getting jobs, Tony and Maureen wanted to travel. They took a year-long trip from England, through Asia, to Australia. On the trip, they visited places like Iran (伊朗), India, and so on.

When Tony and Maureen arrived in Australia, people asked many questions about their trip. To answer these questions, Wheeler wrote a book called *Across Asia on the Cheap*. The book told people about different countries' weather, customs (风俗), and places to see. But unlike other travel books then, Tony Wheeler's book also talked about places most tourists did not go. He also wrote about unusual things to see and do. The book was very popular.

Tony and Maureen started a company called Lonely Planet. They continued travelling. They wrote books for each place they visited. Today, 800 people work for Lonely Planet. The company has over 650 books. Tony Wheeler, the great traveller, still writes about travels to many places and will bring us more surprises.

46. Tony Wheeler and his wife ended the year-long trip in _____.

- A. England B. Iran C. India D. Australia

47. Tony Wheeler wrote the book *Across Asia on the Cheap* to _____.

- A. make money for his next trip B. tell people about his new company
C. draw people's attention to his family D. answer people's question about his trip

48. How was the book *Across Asia on the Cheap* different from other travel books then?

- A. It was longer and more popular
B. It was the first travel book in the world
C. It talked about places most tourists did not go
D. It talked about a country's weather and customs

49. Which of the following is TRUE about Tony Wheeler's company?

- A. His father started it. B. It is an airline company.

- C. Hundreds of people work for it. D. It has no books about travelling.
50. The passage mainly talks about _____.
A. a great traveller and his books B. a tour of different countries
C. a great writer and his family D. different kinds of companies

B

“Make-A-Wish” is one of the world’s most well-known charities (慈善机构) . It makes wishes come true for children who have serious illnesses. It gives them hope and joy and helps them forget about their health problems and have fun.

It all started in 1980 in Phoenix, Arizona. Christopher was a 7-year-old boy who was very sick .He always dreamed of becoming a police officer. Tommy Austin and Ron Cox, two police officers , made his wish come true .They gave Christopher a tour of the city in a police helicopter(直升飞机) and made a real police uniform(制服) for him.

There are four kinds of wishes children usually have:

I wish to go. Children usually want to travel or go to a concert, a game or a park.

I wish to meet. Children sometimes want to meet their favorite actors, singers or players.

I wish to be. Some children wish to become actors, singers or police officers.

I wish to have. They often want to have a computer, a game, a bike or many other things.

Let’s hope more wishes will come true in the future. People who work in the charity always try for the best .Almost 25,000 volunteers(志愿者) help, work or give money. Will you be one of them?

51. “Make-A-Wish” is a charity to help _____.
A. sick children B. serious officers C. famous actors D. popular singers
52. What did the two police officers do for Christopher?
A. They give him a computer.
B. They give him a tour of the city.
C. They took him to a concert.
D. They took him to the hospital.
53. Which kind of wishes does Christopher have?

A. I wish to go B. I wish to meet C. I wish to be D. I wish to have

54. The purpose of the last paragraph is to _____.

- A. explain what “Make-A-Wish” is
- B. encourage more people to join the charity
- C. tell us how Christopher’s wish came true
- D. introduce different kinds of children’s wishes

55. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Sick children just wish to get well.
- B. Christopher and Tommy are two officers.
- C. A few people are working for “Make-A-Wish”.
- D. “Make-A-Wish” has a history of over 30 years.