**2019～2020学年春学期学情练习检测**



**八年级 英语试题**

满分：120 考试时间：100分钟 命题人： 审核人：

**第 Ⅰ 卷（选择题，共65分）**

**一、听力 (**共20小题；每小题l分，计20分**)**

**A）**听下面10段对话，听两遍，选择最合适的答案

1.What’s the woman’s father?

A.  B. **** C. ****

2. What’s the weather like now?

A.  B.  C. 

3. How do the man’s parents go to work now?

A.  B.  C. 

4.Where is John from?

A. **** B. **** C. ****

5.Why hasn’t the boy finished his homework?

A. Because he doesn’t like it

B. Because he had no time to do it

C. Because he doesn’t know how to do it

6.What does the man think of the sweater?

A. It’s too big. B. It’s very cheap. C. It’s very expensive.

7. What’s Millie’s phone number?

A.5565 6890 B.5562 6890 C.5262 6890

8. Why did Tom get up so early this morning?

A. Because he wanted to do sports

B. Because he wanted to catch a trainC. Because he wanted to walk a dog.

9.Where can the woman find the history books?

A. On the first floor B. On the second floor C. On the third floor.

10.What change would Sally like to see in their school?  
 A. More books B .More libraries C. More clubs.

**B)** 听一段对话回答11-12小题

11.Where is Lily going for her French lesson?

A. In her school B. In a language school. C. In an art school.

12.What is she planning to do in France?

A. To have fun B. To improve her French. C. To learn painting.

听第一篇短文回答 13-15小题

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Volunteer are needed** | |
| The perfect persons to be volunteers | **13** |
| Service place | **14** |
| Their duty | **15** |

13. A. People who have a lot of time and knowledge

B. People who often smile and tell jokes

C. People who can work fast and carefully

14. A. At the Sunshine Hospital

B .At the Care Centre Office

C. At the local primary school

15. A. Study with children

B. Teach children to paint

C. Play with the children and make them happy

听第二篇短文回答16-20小题

16.Mike stayed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_one night.

A. on a farm B. at a station C. at a hotel.

17. The old man is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the owner of the hotel B. Mike’s farther C. Mike’s friend

18. Mike wanted to get up at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. 4:30 B.4:45 C. 5:00

19 .Mike was going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the next morning.

A. catch a train B. catch a bus C. travel by plane.

20.The clock \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. would ring on time B. couldn’t ring itself C. would wake up Mike.

**二、单项选择（15分）**

21.As we all know, playing\_\_\_\_­\_\_\_\_\_ chess is usually \_\_\_\_­\_\_\_\_\_ one-to-one game.

A. a; a B. /; a C. /; an D. the; a

22.Yesterday Andy \_\_\_\_­\_\_\_\_\_ his dictionary to me, and said I could \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it for a week.

A. lent; borrow B. borrowed; have C. lent; keep D. gave; keep

23.—Why not stop \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a rest?

—Oh, it’s so exciting that I can’t stop \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the kite.

A. having; flying B. to have; to fly C. having; to ly D. to have; flying

24. —He's never sung English songs before, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It's his second time to sing in English.

A. has ;No B. has; Yes C. hasn't; No D. hasn't; Yes

25. More than 80 people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the earthquake \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ last week.

A. died; for B. have been dead; since C. have died; since D. have been dead; for

26. - Did you see a man in black pass by just now?

- No. sir. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_my car.

A wash B. washed C am washing D. was washing

27 We should do what we can\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hunters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wild animals.

A. prevent: to kill B. prevent; killing C to prevent; to kill D to prevent, killing

28. -\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is it from your home to the Reading Club?

- About fifteen minutes’ walk.

A. How far B How long C How often D. How soon

29. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_trying and you will find you can remember things better.

A Keep B. To keep C. Keeping D Kept

30. The Special Olympics World Games include many events similar to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the Olympics.

A. this B. that C. these D. those

31. I am not good at singing, so I can’t sing so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as the other students.

A. more beautifully B. beautifully C. more beautiful D. beautiful

32. It’s exciting to see the huge glass ball \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ through the darkness on New Year’s Eve.

A. fell B. falls C. falling D. to fall

33.The New Silk Road will offer a good for more nations to communicate.

A.habit B.questions C.price D. chance

34.---You can solve this problem \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. ---That’s OK.

1. in the way B. in this way C. on the way D. by the way

35. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. If you keep practicing speaking English every day, you’ll be better at it.

A. No pain, no gain B. Many hands make light work

C. Every dog has its day D. A friend in need is a friend indeed

**三、完型填空（10分）**

**请认真阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选择最佳答案。**

When Ali and Baboo were ready, they were given the signal(信号) to set off. They did so, but very, very slowly. Neither(两者都不) man wanted to get ahead of 36 . Soon, their camels stopped. The men looked at each other and 37 their heads. They did not know what to do. They knew they had to finish the race or else they would be 38 . But, neither of them wanted to finish first.

The country's 39 person, a woman named Shiraz, went towards the men. She gestured(做手势) for them to 0 their camels, and they did. Then she whispered 41 in the two men's ears. As soon as Shiraz had finished speaking, 42 man made a large jump on a camel and dug his heels into the animal. The camels took off, and the men urged them on –faster and faster. They raced towards the finish line as quickly as 43 . Each man wanted to get the finish line first.

Those who were watching the race were 44 at what they were seeing-for they knew that the winner was the person whose camel finished 45 .One man asked Shiraz why Ali and Baboo were so anxious to get to finish line first.

"Simple," Shiraz said. "I just told both of them to get on the other man's camel."

改编于《新理念英语阅读》 (初中二年级第3册)

(  )36. A. other B.the other C. others D. another

(  )37. A. touched  B.hurt C. nodded D. shook

(  )38. A. in trouble B. in their way  C.on time D.in some ways

(  )39. A. clever   B.cleverer C.cleverest D. the cleverest

(  )40. A. get on B. get off C. get to   D. get up

(  )41. A. something   B. anything C. nothing D. everything

(  )42. A.all   B.each C. both D. neither

(  ) 43. A. able B. can C. could D. possible

(  )44. A. excited B. exciting C.surprised D. surprising

(  )45. A.first  B.well C. early   D. last

**四、阅读理解（20分）**

**A**

**Science Night**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| It’s almost time for Science Night.  I need a partner. Who should I ask?  I have three friends who all want to help.  How can I choose just one for the task?  My best friend Jule is fun to be around.  But she’s as chatty as a bird.  When she start to talk-just watch out!  I can’t get in a single word.  Still, that might work for Science Night;  She’d show our project to the crowd.  Jule’s voice would boom out like a drum.  I wouldn’t mind if she were extra loud!  And then there’s Dan, who’s really shy  But wise as an owl-he’s so smart?  He’d help with the thinking for the job.  He wouldn’t talk, but he’d do his part. | But what about Shel, who’s good at art?  He paints and draws and sculpts so well.  Our project would look great no doubt!  I’m sure I should be asking Shel.  How can I choose just one from three?  I need them all! I’m feeling sick.  I’m as dizzy as a spinning top.  When trying to choose. I just can’t pick!  But wait-why not ask them all to help?  A group of four is better than one.  I’d love to work with all my friends.  In such a group, we’d have such fun!  The work could be shared by four of us.  Be me and Shel and Dan and Jule.  We’d fit together like puzzle pieces.  And take the grand prize in the school! |

( )46. How many friends does the speaker talk about?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. One. | B. Two. | C. Three. | D. Four. |

( )47. Who is the speaker of the poem?

A. A reporter at a school science night.

B. A student who does not like science.

C. A science teacher hosting science project.

D. A student choosing a partner for a science project.

( )48. Why does the speaker compare Jule’s voice to a drum**（鼓）**?

A. To show how loud Jule’s voice is.

B. To show that Jule likes to play drums.

C. To show how she likes to order others.

D. To show that her voice makes many sounds.

( )49. How does the speaker feel about Shel?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. He is talkative. | B. He is a good artist. |
| C. He is shy but very smart. | D. He helps with the thinking for the job. |

( )50. What does the speaker learn in this poem?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. Everyone has a talent**（才能）**. | | B. Projects should be done alone. |
| C. Puzzles are easy to put together. | D.Deciding on a topic for a project is difficult. | |

**B**

Zhang dingyu, the director of Wuhan Jinyintan Hospital, leads over 600 doctors and nurses fighting against the Novel coronavirus pneumonia（新型冠状病毒肺炎）, which has caused hundreds of deaths in central China’s Hubei Province.

As Zhang led over 600 doctors and nurses fighting the disease, his strange way of walking shocked his colleagues. He finally admitted that he had fallen ill with ALS（渐冻症）since October 2018 after constant researches. ALS is a disease that gradually blocks the connection between brain and body. People with ALS become partially paralyzed（瘫痪的）leading to respiratory（呼吸系统的）failure.

While working with handicapped（瘸的）legs, his wife was confirmed to get infected with the virus after working in another hospital. The bad news brought him to his knees, and he cried for the first time after the virus broke out. Zhang could only find time to visit his wife until three days after she got admitted to the hospital. Even then he could only stay for 30 minutes. Fortunately, the good news came that his wife had recovered ten days after treatment.

Zhang, 57, has offered medical services along with Chinese medical teams to Algeria and Pakistan. Three days after the earthquake hit central Sichuan Province in 2008, Zhang entered the city with his medical team members to offer help.

“Life is always short. I need to do more to finish the things that I might leave behind, then I would leave without too many regrets,” Zhang said. “We are at the center of a storm, so we need to give all we have to protect our city, and our Wuhan people,” Zhang said.

51. what is Novel coronavirus pneumonia?

A. It is a disease which the director Zhang dingyu has got since October 2018.

B. It is a disease that gradually blocks the connection between brain and body.

C. It is a disease which has caused hundreds of deaths in central China’s Hubei Province.

D. It is a disease which makes people become partially paralyzed leading to respiratory failure.

52. What is TRUE about Zhang Dingyu?

A. His colleagues had known his health condition before.

B. His wife worked in the same hospital as him.

C. He treated people injured in earthquakes in Sichuan.

D. He retired from the hospital before the outbreak of the virus.

53. We can learn from the passage that Zhang Dingyu is a \_\_\_\_\_\_ man.

A. terrible B. serious C. thoughtful（考虑周到的） D. responsible（有责任心的）

54.What does Zhang Dingyu mean in the last paragraph?

A. He wants to realize his dream.

B. He is determined to fight the disease.

C. He regrets not being able to do more for his patients.

D. He will soon leave his position.

55.This passage mainly talks about \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Zhang Dingyu’s story of fighting against the Novel coronavirus pneumonia

B. Zhang Dingyu’s story with his wife

C. how to prevent the Novel coronavirus pneumonia

D. Zhang Dingyu’s story with his colleges

**第 Ⅱ 卷（非选择题，共55分）**

**五、任务型阅读，（每空一词，共10分）**

Rich or poor, young or old, we all have problems. And if we don’t deal with our problems, we can’t easily become happy. Worrying about our problems can affect how we do at school. It can also influence the way we behave with our families. So how do we deal with our problems? There are many ways.

# By learning to forget

Most of us have probably been angry with our friends, parents or teachers. Perhaps they said something you didn’t like, or you felt they were unfair. Sometimes, people can stay angry for years about a small problem. Time goes by, and good friendships may be lost.

When we are angry, however, we are usually the ones affected. Perhaps we have seen young

children playing together. Sometimes they have disagreements and decide not to talk to each other. However, this usually does not last for long. This is an important lesson for us: we can solve a problem by learning to forget.

# By regarding problems as challenges(挑战）

Many students often complain about school. They might feel they have too much work to do sometimes, or think the rules are too strict. We must learn how to change these “problems” into “challenges”. Education is an important part of our development. As young adults, we should try our best to deal with each challenge in our education with the help of our teachers.

**By thinking of something worse**

By comparing yourself to other people, you will find your roblems are not so terrible. Think about Stephen Hawking, for example, a very clever scientist, who regards his many physical problems as unimportant. He can’t walk or even speak, but he has become very famous and successful. We are probably quite healthy and smart.

Let’s not worry about our problems. Let’s face the challenges instead.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Title | How do we deal with our 56 ? | |
| Introduction | 57 has problems. If we don’t deal with our problems, it is not 58 for us to become happy. | |
| Main body | Many  59 | * Sometimes, people can’t forget a small problem from their friends,   60 or teachers. We can solve a problem by 61 to forget.   * Time goes by, and good friendships may be 62 . |
| * As young adults, we should try our best to deal with each challenge   in our education with our 63 help. |
| * By comparing yourself to 64 , you will find your problems are not terrible. |
| Conclusion | Let’s face the challenges instead of 65 about our problems. | |

**六、根据短文内容，回答问题。 (共10分)**

When I was not adding little things to my new home, I was busy learning about the animals and plants on the island, and about myself. I discovered that the birds that lived in holes In the rocks were good to eat.

One day I found an old bag that I wanted to use to store things in. Some old corn fell out of this bag and made roots in the dirt. Soon green barley grew from the seeds. When I saw these plants, I cried. They reminded me of England. When I was young I wanted to leave England for a life of adventure at sea, but now that I was trapped alone. I only wanted to return.

One day, when I sitting by my little cave, I heard a terrible noise. The next moment much dirt came falling down the hill. There was so much of it that I was afraid it would swallow (吞没) me! I ran away and climbed over my fence using a ladder I had made. I realized that the island was being taken by a terrible earthquake.

The earthquake soon ended, but then a terrible storm began. The sea became black and violent (猛烈的) and full of huge waves that crashed onto the beach. Thunder roared and lightning hit the water. The storm lasted for three hours, but when it finished, it began to rain. This was not the gentle, calm rain of England, but a rain so hard and terrible that I had to cut a hole in my fence to let the water pour out. Otherwise, my house would have been drowned（淹没）,and me with it!**回答下面5个问题，每题答案不超过5个词。**

66. Where did Robinson live according to the passage?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

67. Did Robinson want to continue travelling at sea or return to England when he was trapped?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

68. How long did the storm last?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

69. How was the rain after the storm?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_

70. What do you think of Robinson's life in the passage?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**七、词汇（每空1分，共20分）**

**A)根据所给中文写出单词的合适形式，每空一词。**

71.One of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(加拿大人）is Anna's relative .

72.What do you think of the town after the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(最近的）visit to it?

73.Why not talk \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(直接地）with your boss about your plan?

74.Tom wants to travel and have exciting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(经历）in the future .

75I need you to write an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(引言）to your speech .

**B)根据所给英文写出单词的合适形式，每空一词。**

76.The farmer is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(tie) his horse to a tree now.

77.Would you like to give a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(help) hand to the homeless ?

78.The\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(different）between the two cars are very clear.

79.Modern technology makes our life much\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(easy)than before.

80.Loud noise is surely\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(harm)to your health.

**C) 根据短文内容和首字母提示，在下文空格处填入适当的词使短文完整。（每空一词）**

Puppies for Salt

A shop owner was tacking(钉住) a sign above his door. It r\_\_\_81\_\_\_\_“Puppies for Sale". Soon a little boy appeared under the s\_\_\_\_\_82\_\_\_\_\_.

"How much are you going to s\_\_\_83\_\_\_\_\_ the puppies for?" the little boy asked.“Anywhere from$ 30 to $50," the shop owner a\_\_\_\_\_84\_\_\_\_. The little boy reached into his pocket and pulled out some change. “I have $ 2.37," he said. "May I please look at them?" The shop owner smiled and led five small balls of fur downstairs. One puppy was jumping behind the o\_\_\_85\_\_\_\_\_. The little boy pointed at the limping(跛行) puppy and said, "What's wrong with that puppy?""One of its legs was broken and it would always be lame," the shop owner explained. The little boy became e\_\_\_\_86\_\_\_\_\_ and said, "That is the puppy I want to buy." The shop owner said, "No, you don't want to buy that little dog. If you really want him, I'll just give him to you."

The little boy became very sad. He looked s\_\_\_87\_\_\_\_\_ into the shop owner's eyes and said, “I don't want you to give him to me. That little dog is worth as much as all the other dogs and I'll pay the f\_\_\_\_88\_\_\_ price. In fact, I can give you $ 2.37 now and 50 cents a month until I have him paid off."

The shop owner was surprised and said, "You really don't want to buy this little dog. He is never going to be able to run and jump and play with you l\_\_\_89\_\_\_\_the other puppies." The little boy reached down and rolled up his pant(裤腿) leg. And the owner saw an artificial(假肢) limb. The boy looked up at the shop owner and said softly, “Well, I don't run so well m\_\_\_90\_\_\_\_\_, and the puppy will need someone who understands.” （选自初中英语读本八年级下册）

1. **书面表达（计15分）**

假设你是Simon.你的英国笔友Paul想要结交更多的朋友。你通过电子邮件,把你最好的朋友

Daniel介绍给他, Daniel的情况见下表:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Daniel | 个性 | 真诚的朋友，从来不说任何人的坏话 |
| 学校生活 | 在校有许多时间进行课外活动.非常享受学校生活 |
| 爱好 | 对DIY着迷, 曾经给妈妈制作过生日卡片 |
| 其他情况 | 队了解不同种类的鸟类感兴趣, 经常帮助濒危的鸟类 |
| 最喜欢冬季, 因为……（自由发挥一点） |
| 愿望 | 人人能保护地球, …… 因为……（自由发挥一点） |

注意：1.词数90左右, 开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

2.内容必须包括表格中所有信息, 并作适当的发挥。

Dear Paul,

How are you? I'm writing to introduce my best friend Daniel lo you.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Yours

Simon

八年级英语参考答案

一 听力

1-5 CAABB 6-10 CABBC 11-15 BCBAC 16-20 CABAB

二 单选

21-25 BCDBB 26-30 DDAAD 31-35 BCDBA

三 完形

36—40 BDACB 41—45 ABDCD

四 阅读

46-50 CDABA 51-55 CC D BA

五、任务型阅读。（共10小题，每小题1分，计10分）

56. problems 57. Everyone/Everybody 58. easy 59. ways 60. parents

61. learning 62. lost 63. teachers’ 64. others 65. worrying

**六、根据短文内容，回答问题。**

66. On an island.

67.To return to England./ He wanted to return.

68.For three hours.

69.Hard and terrible./ It was hard and terrible

70.It was hard/difficult/dangerous.

It was full of/filled with danger.

七、词汇

71 Canadians 72 recent 73directly 74 experiences 75 introduction

76 tying 77 helping 78 differences 79 easier 80 harmful

**C) 根据短文内容和首字母提示，在下文空格处填入适当的词使短文完整。**

81.read 82. sign 83. sell 84. answered 85. others

86.excited 87. straight 88. full 89. like 90. myself

**八、书面表达（计15分）**

Dear Paul,

How are you? I’m writing to introduce my best friend Daniel to you.

**He is a true friend and never says a bad word about anyone.**

**He has much time to do after-school activities at school, so he enjoys school life very much.**

**He is crazy about DIY. He once made his mother a beautiful birthday card.**

**He is interested in learning about different kinds of birds. He often helps birds in danger. His favourite season is winter because he can have snowball fights and make snowmen with his friends.**

**He hopes that everyone can protect the earth because it is the only home of humans and animals.**

Yours

Simon

书面表达评分标准：

第五档：（13—15分）

能写出全部要点并有依据地进行发挥; 语言基本无误或有个别拼写错误; 行文十分流畅, 表达非常清楚。

第四档：（10—12分）

能写出所有要点; 但是发挥较少, 语言有少许错误, 行文流畅, 表达清楚。

第三档：（7—9分）

能基本写明所给要点; 意思基本连贯, 表达基本清楚。

第二档：（4—6分）

能写出少数要点, 语言错误较多, 意思不连贯, 影响意思表达。

第一档：（1—3分）

只能写出若干单词, 无可读的句子。