**南通市八一中学2019-2020学年度第二学期第二次阶段练习**



八年级英语

（试卷共11页 总分：150分 时间：120分钟）

**第I卷 (选择题 共90分)**

一、听力（每小题1.5分，共30分）

第一部分 听对话回答问题

本部分共有10道小题，每小题你将听到一段对话，每段对话听两遍。

( ) 1.What do they want to do?

  

A B C

( ) 2. What will David have?

  

A B C

( ) 3.What's the weather like?

  

A B C

( ) 4.What sport does the woman like?

  

A B C

( ) 5.When will the meeting begin?

A.8:00. B.7:30. C.7:00.

( ) 6.When should the man reach the airport tomorrow?

A. Before 8:45. B. After 8:45. C. Between 8:15 and 9:00.

( )7.How will the woman go to the meeting?

A. By car. B. By bus. C. By taxi.

( )8.Why does the boy stay in the library?

A. Because the book is interesting.

B. Because he forgets the time.

C. Because the bad weather prevents him from leaving.

( )9.Why did the girl cook for herself?

A. Because she liked cooking.

B. Because she came back home late.

C. Because she wanted to help her parents.

( )10. How long has the woman been here?

A. For S minutes. B. For 20minutes. C. For 15 minutes.

第二部分 听对话和短文回答问题(计10分，每小题1分)

你将听到一段对话和两篇短文，各听两遍。每段时话或短文后各有几道小题。

听一段对话，回答第11-12小题。

( )11.What does Tony's father do?

A. A doctor. B. A designer. C. A teacher.

( )12.Where does Tony's sister work?

A. In a big hospital. B. In a village. C. In a town.

听第一篇短文，回答第13-15小题。请根据短文内容，选择正确答案，完成信息记录表。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| When | The meeting is held in 13 every year. |
| Where | The 2018's World MUN meeting was held in 14 . |
| How long | The meeting usually lasts 15 . |

( ) 13.A. spring B. summer C. winter

( ) 14.A. Scotland B. Poland C. China

( ) 15.A. 2 days B. 5 days C. 2 weeks

听第二篇短文，回答第16-20小题。

( ) 16.What's the speaker talking about?

A. Teenagers' study. B. Teenagers' life. C. Teenagers' problems.

( ) 17. How many teens play computer games day and night according to the study?

A.5%. B.10% . C.15%.

( ) 18.Who is the best person to talk with when teenagers have problems?

A. Their teachers. B. Their parents. C. Their classmates.

( ) 19. What does the host think of parents' punishing their children when they have problems?

A. It's useful. B. It's useless. C. It's important.

( ) 20.Where is the passage from?

A. A newspaper. B.A magazine. C.A radio programme.

二、单项选择 (每小题1分，共15分)

( ) 21. There is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ money \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so we have to borrow some.

A. a few ; left B. few; leave C. a little; leaving D. little; left

( ) 22. It is useful \_\_\_\_\_\_ us \_\_\_\_\_ learn Chinese history well.

A. of; to B. for; to C. for; on D. of; in

( ) 23. ----Jack left the stove \_\_\_\_\_\_when he is out! ----He is too careless.

A. burn B. burning C. to burn D. burnt

( ) 24. We can help these poor children by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. donate money B. making donating money C. donating money D. donate

( ) 25. If city noises \_\_\_\_ from increasing，people \_\_\_\_ shout to be heard even at dinner．

A． are not kept；will have to B． are not kept；have

C． do not keep；will have to D． do not keep；have to

( ) 26. ---Hi, Jack. Did you go to Jim’s birthday party?

---No, I felt so sad. I .

A. didn’t invite B. wasn’t invited C. am not invited D. hadn’t invited

( ) 27. The colour of the book is similar to\_\_\_\_\_ of mine.

   A. it   B. one    C. that   D. this

( ) 28. All we need is enough money \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our work.

A. to carry on with B. carry on with C. to carry with D. carry with

( ) 29. It’s kind \_\_\_\_\_\_ her to bring me a delicious pancake. I am too hungry.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. for | B. to | C. of | D. as |

( ) 30 .---Do you mind my smoking here?

---\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Look at the sign. It says, ”No smoking.”

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A.It doesn’t matter | B. No, I don’t | C. You’d better not | D. Never mind |

( ) 31. something is wrong with my computer. It needs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. to repair | B. to be repaired | C. repaired | D. to be repair |

( ) 32. Marry did so \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the show that we were all\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. good, proud of | B. well, proud to | C. well, proud of | D. good, proud to |

( ) 33.\_\_\_\_\_of the people here live on rice, and the people there live \_\_\_\_\_\_on wheat.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Mostly, mostly | B Most, mostly | C. Mostly, most | D. Most, most |

( ) 34. ---How many people are needed to finish the work?

---\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people.

A. Two more B. More two C. Another two D. Both A and C

( )35. This kind of ipad \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in our computer shop. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ very well.

A. is sold; sells B. sells; is sold C. sells; sells D. is sold; is sold

三、完形填空 (每小题1分，共15分)

请认真阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

“Ann Matthews, urgent(紧急) call on Line One,” announced the voice on my telephone speaker.

As a social worker, I knew a 36 response(反应) might mean life or death for an abused（受虐待的）child. Jean Smith, my boss, had even come up with a slogan(口号), “Call early – save a child!” So I 37 over a metal wastebasket and quickly picked up the phone.

“…no, thanks, I don’t need a sandwich today,” I said to the sandwich delivery boy on the other end.

I thank for my secretary Sara’s hard work, 38 her non-emergency “urgent” calls were driving me crazy!

I walked past the switchboard where Sara sat. “I’m out. Hold my calls.”

“But what if it’s an urgent call?” Sara asked in a 39 voice.

“Take a message,” I said. “I’ll 40 it as soon as I get back.” I then headed out the door.

When I finally got back to the office, I had a headache. There on my desk was a bright orange sticky note. “Urgent Message! Please take action 41 ,” it said.

“That Sara! I wonder what it is this time. Probably a message from the dry-cleaner’s.” I threw it into my 42 and finished up some work that was urgent.

I came to work early the next morning. I made several calls to set up meetings for the afternoon. In the office next door, I heard Jean slam her telephone down and hurry out.

“The principal of Lee Middle School just called Jean,” one of the coworkers said. “He says they reported a child with unexplained injury yesterday. And they still haven’t gotten a(n) 43 from us.”

“That’s awful! Who took the message?” asked the other.

“Sara did, but she doesn’t 44 who she gave the message to. And what’s worse, the child didn’t show up for school today!”

I 45 . Could they be talking about my “urgent message”? I dug in my wastebasket until I found the orange sticky note: “School Nurse at Lee Middle. Reporting possible child abuse. Please call before school closes.”

From the half-open door, I could hear Jean talking to Sara. “The child is fine this time, but that does not 46 your mistake.” I shut my eyes tightly to think.

“Sara doesn’t remember putting this message in my box. I could 47 that I never got it!” I told myself. Then I 48 my eyes. I knew what I must do. Tightly holding the orange sticky note, I knocked on the door. Sara’s face relaxed as I began to explain.

Weeks later, I opened a file and found a note in Jean’s handwriting: “Ann Matthews is hard working. In the area of social work, 49 are sometimes made. Ann’s greatest strength is her willingness to take responsibility（责任）.”

Now, I keep an orange sticky note on my desk to 50 me.

36. A. quick B. natural C. clear D. silent

37. A. walked B. jumped C. climbed D. stepped

38. A. for B. and C. so D. but

39. A. excited B. angry C. serious D. scared

40. A. solve B. copy C. send D. study

41. A. recently B. immediately C. suddenly D. finally

42. A. file B. bag C. wastebasket D. box

43. A. answer B. agreement C. promise D. offer

44. A. know B. remember C. expect D. care

45. A. froze B. smiled C. believed D. frightened

46. A. make B. excuse C. cause D. correct

47. A. suppose B. regret C. explain D. lie

48. A. closed B. raised C. opened D. dropped

49. A. plans B. suggestions C. mistakes D. efforts

50. A. excite B. encourage C. require D. remind

四、阅读理解(每小题2分，共30分)

请认真阅读下列短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Whose woods these are I think I know.

His house is in the village, though.

He will not see me stopping here.

To watch his woods fill up with snow.

My little horse must think it queer(奇怪的).

To stop without a farmhouse near.

Between the woods and frozen lake.

The darkest evening of the year.

He gives his harness(马具)bells a shake.

To ask if there is some mistake.

The only other sound's the sweep.

Of easy wind and downy flake(柔细的雪片).

The woods are lovely, dark and deep，

But I have promises(承诺)to keep，

And miles to go before I sleep，

And miles to go before I sleep.

( ) 51.What kind of article does this passage belong to?

A. A story. B. A poem. C. An advertisement. D. A report.

( ) 52.From this passage，we know how the weather is EXCEPT .

A. windy B. frozen C. snowy D. cloudy

( ) 53.In the poem "deep" rhymes with "sleep".

Which of the following rhymes with each other?

A. Snow and though. B. Sweep and near.

C. Here and mistake. D. Flake and know.

**B**

“No” is a simple word , but it can be so hard to say. When a friend asks for help , many people will say “ yes” because they hate to let others down and saying no makes them feel uncomfortable .

According to an article, people will even agree to unethical (不道德的) requirements rather than risk the discomfort of saying no. In a recent study , researchers found 25 college students and had them ask 108 strangers to destroy a library book by writing a word in ink on one of the pages. While many of the strangers pointed out it was the wrong thing to do , or asked the students to take responsibility for any bad effect, half of the strangers agreed to spoil back page of the book — much more than the average of 29 percent that the students predicted（预测）.

Some people think that saying no will change the way the other person views us. If you are considered as a helpful person, it is even harder to say no because you don’t want to hurt that good reputation ( 名声 ). And some people think every “no” is a missed chance to make a difference and build a relationship.

Choosing to say no wisely is very necessary. Saying no is a suggestion and a lot of times it does hurt feelings. But even so , most people wont take our no as badly as we think they will.

Our own work should be thought about first , so saying no helps us protect our own ***priorities*** , saying no can also helps reduce pressure. To have your own values , sometimes you have to say no to people with whom you don 't agree.

( ) 54. In the research , how many strangers refused to spoil the cover of the book?

A.25 B.108 C.29 D.54

( ) 55.The result of the research showed that \_\_\_\_.

A. It's a risk for students to say no

B. About 100 people spoiled back page of the book

C. Some people don’t say no even facing unethical requirements

D. The students' prediction is similar to the result of the research

( ) 56.What does the underlined word ***“priorities”*** mean in the passage ?

A . The values that you have B. The rights that belong to us

C. The feelings without pressure D. The things should be done before others

( ) 57.What might be the best title of the passage ?

A. Always saying no B. Saying no wisely

C. Why people don’t say no D. Saying no is missing chances

**C**

When temperatures are high, walking on hot roadways, parking lots, and other paved surfaces can really burn your feet. All of that heat comes from the energy of the sun. But what if we could turn that energy into electricity? It may sound like a crazy science dream, but an electrical engineer and his wife may have found a way to do just that.

Scott Brusaw has developed a six-sided glass panel（面板）that has solar cells, which can change sunlight into electricity. The panels fit together and can form a flat surface on the ground. Brusaw and his wife, Julie, founded a company called Solar Roadways to further develop the idea and produce these new solar panels. They plan to use their invention to replace the pavement on U.S. roads.

According to the Brusaws, if we replaced all of the nation's asphalt（沥青）with these solar panels, they would produce more than three times the amount of electricity used by the United States in a year. In return, electricity from solar panels doesn’t produce harmful pollution, so the panels could be a smart choice for the environment.

The U.S. government sees some promise in the Solar Roadways project. A number of labs around the country have tested the panels to see if they can withstand（经受）the heavy traffic and bad weather. The lab results show that not only the panels meet the requirements, but also they can actually hold more weight than they need to.

Now, money must be raised to start building the panel pavement system. The Brusaws have raised more than $1 million from ordinary people who learned about ***their project***. However, some experts predict the Brusaws’ plan could finally cost more than $1 trillion.

Could Solar Roadways meet the world’s increasing need for electricity? A lot of obstacles（阻碍）stand in the way of re-creating the highway system out of solar panels.

( ) 58. The glass panel the Brusaws has developed\_\_\_\_\_.

A. is too heavy to carry B. has a high temperature

C. is powered by an engine D. is environmentally-friendly

( ) 59. What’s the U.S. government’s attitude towards the Brusaws’ plan now?

A. Worried. B. Doubtful. C. Interested. D. Unpleased.

( ) 60. What does the underlined part ***“their project”*** in Paragraph 5 refer to?

A. Replacing asphalt roads with solar panels.

B. Designing more money-saving solar panels.

C. Testing the solar panels the Brusaws invented.

D. Reducing the ever-growing need for electricity.

( ) 61. What would be the best title for the text?

A. Advantages of Sunlight

B. Better Choice for Your Feet

C. Power from the Streets?

D. Finding More Future Energy?

D

I’m not the kind of mother who normally brushes and styles her daughter’s hair, and my daughter has never liked sitting quietly long enough for me to do it.

But today, I put a chair outside and let my daughter Sally sit on it. She was sitting high with her eyes closed, skin still wet from the shower, and her messy hair behind her back.

I realized she was taking in every touch from my hands. It was the last time for a week that our bodies would connect. Today, I would send Sally away for a week of summer camp. She didn’t ask to go. This was all my idea. She’s nearly 12, and I notice that I’m with my child nearly 24 hours a day.

Living on a farm without any neighbors, I’ve chosen a life that is quieter than a usual family’s. But instead of requiring space away from me, Sally has increasingly depended on me.

What worries me most is that she has become a “mini-me”. She follows my hobbies, my dreams, and my opinions. And that was why I pulled her to the summer camp, a nearby wilderness (荒野) camp called Hawk Circle.

After we ate, I drove Sally to Hawk Circle. Once there, we got a tour of the grounds and were introduced to other campers. Sally stood by the group of children, holding my hand, horror in her eyes, trying to work up the courage to join a game of soccer. “I need you for a few more minutes,” she told me, holding my hand tightly (紧紧地).

I pulled away and walked up to one of the camp’s workers. “Excuse me,” I said loudly, “I’d like to introduce you to my daughter. Maybe you could help her meet a few of these kids.” He came over to talk to Sally, and I kissed her and then I disappeared before she realized I was gone.

On my way home, I felt a piece of my soul had been taken from my body. I began to shake. The tears (泪水) came down my face. It took every bit of my strength to keep driving forward.

When I arrived home, I calmed down and reminded myself why I chose this path. I thought to myself, “I want Sally to have a chance to find herself, out of my **shadow**. I don’t want to see only myself in my child. I want to learn who she is. If I don’t set her free, I fear I’ll never really meet her real personality.”

After 12 years of being together, I want to finally meet my daughter for the first time.

( ) 62. From Paragraph 6, we can know Sally was very \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. nervous B. happy C. excited D. amazed

( ) 63.What did the mother do when the daughter asked her to stay for a while?

A. She left at once without saying a word.

B. She agreed to stay with her.

C. She brushed and styled her daughter’s hair.

D. She helped her get help and then left.

( ) 64. What’s the Chinese meaning of the word “**shadow**” in Paragraph 9?

A. 影子` B. 保障 C. 困境 D. 联系

( ) 65. What’s the true meaning of the last sentence in the passage?

A. The mother hasn’t met her daughter before.

B. The mother doesn’t know her daughter very well.

C. The mother has lived with her daughter for 12 years.

D. The mother wants to teach her daughter to be herself.

**第II卷 (非选择题 共60分)**

五、词汇（本题共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

A．请根据题中空格后的中文提示、英文释义或句意，写出句中所缺单词，使句子通顺。（每小题1分，共5分）

66. The girl likes the handbag very much but she can’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( have enough money to buy or to do something) it.

67. Dr.Bethune was a very famous doctor. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (made an illness or a problem go away) many people in the war.

68. Look at the sign. It says “ No (乱丢杂物)”.

69．It is sad that some people are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (can not hear the sound). They have to communicate with their hands.

70. ----How often should this \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_be taken? ----Three times a day after meals.

B．请根据句意从方框中选用合适的词，并用其适当形式填空，使句子通顺。（每小题1分，共5分）

introduce old disability medicine treat

71. These old men don’t have to pay for their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the hospital. It’s free.

72. Young persons should speak to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ politely.

73. Although he is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, he always smile at life.

74. The new teacher made a(an) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_about herself.

75. As doctors, they must stop the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accidents from happening.

C．请根据句意从方框中选用合适的动词，并用其适当时态填空，使句子通顺。（每小题1分，共5分）

train sleep listen be watch

76. Attention, please. There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a football game between China and Korea this evening

77.The zookeeper looks very tired because he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the tiger for half a day.

78. How often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to music when he was in the school?

79. It’s seven o’clock now. Tom with his parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ TV in the sitting-room.

80. John is very busy . He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ only 4 hours every night.

六、句型转换：(每小题1分，共5分)

81.The workers were made to work for 12 hours a day by the boss. (改为主动语态)

The boss \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the workers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for 12 hours a day.

82. He is clever to solve the problem on his own.(同义句)

It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_him to solve the problem on his own.

83. He is too weak to walk any further. (同义句)

He is not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to walk any further.

84. People don’t talk about age, money or weight.

People \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about age, money or weight.

85. I often see Tom play football on the playground. （改为被动语态）

Tom is often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ play football on the playground.

七、根据首字母提示完成短文(每小题1分，共10分)

When you have dinner, you follow table manners. When you have a l\_\_\_86\_\_, you obey the rules in the classroom. But have you ever thought about needing to m\_\_87\_\_ your manners in the digital(数码的) world when you use phones, e­mails and social media, like QQ, WeChat, etc?

As new research by Oxford University noted, “It’s just important to treat people with respect online as it is in real life.” The study came up with some rules of good manners to live by in the digital age. Their first a\_\_ 88\_\_\_\_ is not “over­sharing” on social media, which means not posting every detail about your life online, because some of us are not creative e\_\_89\_\_ to always show off our thoughts and lives on social media. The manners also i\_\_90\_\_ not looking through others’ phones and not gossiping(说闲话) about others over messages, e\_\_91\_\_ when you choose “reply all” to send a message to a group of people.

Although gossip is not harmful chat that can make conversations exciting, it can also be a way to s\_92\_\_ something untrue about other people. Gossip can be even stronger on social media than in real life, so it’s b\_\_93\_\_ not to gossip.

Moreover, when you have bad news for someone, do not leave text messages on social media, chat with him or her by c\_\_94\_\_ or sending personal messages.

Nowadays technology has o\_\_95\_\_ us different ways to contact others. It is important to remember how to behave toward others online.

86\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_87 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_88 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_89 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_90\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

91\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_92\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_93 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_94 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_95 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

八、根据短文内容回答问题(每小题2分，共10分)

A wise teacher once told me that every teenager needs to experience a not-so-fun first job from working at a grocery(食品) store to the fast food industry.

Now I still remember my first day at a fast food restaurant three years ago. I wanted to save money and buy my own car, so I looked for a job everywhere that summer. The restaurant called me right away and I thought to myself”this is going to be easy”. Within four hours of my first day, I had angry customers who complained how slow I was. I watched in fear as a kid spilled his milk everywhere, and I heard the words, “Mike, there’s a problem in the man’s bathroom and you might want gloves for this one.” I realized right away and walking around the restaurant was not going to be a picnic. The manager expected a clean environment and particularly fast service with a friendly smile.

Over three years later I still work at that restaurant whenever I go home during vacations. I love my co-workers there and all the customers know who I am. Every morning the same senior citizens come in and get their morning coffee. They chat with us works and joke around. Our smiles have just as much to do with them making us a part of their everyday lives as the coffee does.

From my first job at the restaurant, I learned teamwork and devotion(热心). I also learned staying positive no matter how difficult things seem to get. I will forever carry the experience that I gained at the restaurant with me as I go forward in my life.

96. Why did the author look for a job everywhere that summer?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

97. What did the author think about working at the restaurant at first?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

98. What did the manager particularly expect the workers to do?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

99. Why does the author still work at the restaurant during vacations?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

100. What did the author learn from his first job?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

九、书面表达（共20分）

“希望工程“实施以来，已经帮助了很多贫困地区的孩子重返校园。请根据所给提示用英语写一篇短文，报道小玉的生活变化，并阐述你自己的感受。

1. 生于一个贫困家庭，上不起学，过去她整天在田里干活。

2. 希望工程了解了情况以后，帮助当地政府建造了学校。一些人也给孩子捐了钱和书。

3. 现在，小玉可以上学了，她希望将来成为一名老师。

4. 我过去常把所有的零花钱用在衣服和吃上面了，现在我想……

要求：1）要点完整，可适当发挥，句子通顺、连贯

2) 正确使用时态，语法正确，书写整洁

3）90词

月考答案

听力测试材料

第一部分 听对话回答问题(计10分，每小题1分)

本部分共有10道小题，每小题你将听到一段对话，每段对话听两遍。在听每段对话前，你将有5秒钟的时间阅读题目;听完后，将有5秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的备选答案。

1.M:What a heavy snow! How beautiful it is!

W:The radio says that it will stop snowing this afternoon. Why not make a snowman together?

2.W:What shall we have for supper this evening，David?

M:We have rice and meat every day. Shall we have eggs and fish instead?

3.M:What a bad day! It is raining again.

W:I hope it will stop soon，because we are going to have a trip tomorrow.

4.M:My favourite sport is football. I never feel too tired to watch it.

W:But I like badminton best，it is so relaxing.

5.W:Hurry up! The meeting will begin.

M:Oh，it's 7:30 now. The meeting will begin in half an hour. Let's go.

6.M:When should I get to the airport tomorrow?

W:Please be there no later than a quarter to nine.

7. W:Oh! The meeting will begin in 20 minutes. I'm afraid I'll be late.

M:Don't worry! I can drive you there in my car within 10 minutes.

8. W:Why are you still staying here? Are you going on reading that book till the library closes?

M:I know it's late. But such bad weather makes me stay.

9. M:Why did you cook for yourself?

W:Because when I got home, my family had finished supper.

10. W:I got here at five to eleven. What time is it now?

M:My watch says a quarter past eleven.

第二部分 听对话和短文回答问题(计10分，每小题1分)

你将听到一段对话和两篇短文，各听两遍。每段对话或短文后各有几道小题。在听每段对话或短文前，你将有时间阅读相关小题，每小题5秒钟;听完后，每小题你仍有5秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的备选答案。

听一段对话，回答第11-12小题。

W:Hey, Tony! Is this your family photo?

M:Yes，it is. The lady in the middle is my mother.

W:Oh，she looks young. I hear she is a doctor, right?

M:Yes，she works in a big hospital.

W:So the man beside your mother must be your father. What does he do?

M:Yes. He works in a factory in a nearby town. He designs machines(Q11).

W:Oh，I see. Who is the girl beside you?

M:She's my sister Jenny. She is a teacher in a school in a small village(Q12).

W:What a lovely family!

M:Thanks!

听第一篇短文，回答第13-15小题。请根据短文内容，选择正确答案，完成信息记录表。

Over 1，400 university students from 37 and areas came to China for the 2018's World MUN meeting(Q14).The meeting was held in Peking University. The idea of the world MUN began in 1991. The first meeting was held in Poland in 1992.After that，it is held in spring every year(Ql3). Last year, it was held in Scotland. This was the first time the World MUN meeting was held in Asia. During the five-day meeting(Q15)，they did everything that people in the UN do. Though their skin colors and cultures were different，they had the same wish to make the world better.

听第二篇短文，回答第16-20小题。

Teenagers are the nation's future , but they have a lot of problems in their studies and lives(Q16). A study said that around 10% of teens get in trouble with their parents, and 5% of teens play computer games day and night(Q17). Why do they have these problems? The reason is that others do not care about them or communicate with them often. The best person to talk with is their parents(Q18).But some parents are too busy to care about their kids. Instead of talking with their kids patiently. they often punish them when they do something wrong. That's useless(Q19). They should talk with them about their feelings and problems equally. With the help of parents，teens can overcame their problems easily. In a word，teenagers' problems influence their development and the country's development. This is 102.8 FM(Q20). Thanks for listening.

1. 听力

1-5 CABAA 6-10 AACBB 11-15 BBACB 16-20 CABBC

1. 选择

21-25 DBBCA 26-30 BCACC 31-35BCBDA

三、完型

36-40 ABDCA 41-45 BCABA 46-50 BDCCD

四、阅读

51-53 BDA 54—57 DCDB 58—61 DCAC 62—65 ADAD

五、词汇

1. afford 2. cured 3.littering 4. deaf 5. Medicine

6. treatment 7. elderly 8. disabled 9. introduction 10. Medical

11. will be 12. Has trained 13. did, listen 14. is watching 15. sleeps

六、句型转换

16. made, work 17. clever of 18. strong enough 19. avoid talking 20. seen to

七、首字母填空

21.lesson 22.mind 23.advice 24.enough 25.include

26.especially 27.spread 28.better 29.calling 30.offered

八、任务型阅读

31. Because he wanted to save money and buy his own car.

32. (He thought )it was easy.

33. (He particularly expected them) to provide fast service with a friendly smile\serve fast with a

friendly smile.

34. Because he loves his co-workers there and all the customers know who he is.

35. He learned teamwork, devotion and staying positive in rough situations\

no matter how difficult things seem to get.