**靖江市滨江学校2019-2020学年度第二学期**

**九年级英语阶段练习2020-5**

出卷人： 审核人：

（时间：120分钟 总分：150分）

**（注意：请在答题卷上答题，答在试卷上无效！）**

一．听力部分

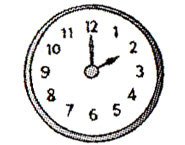
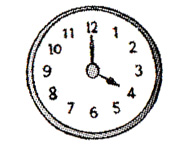
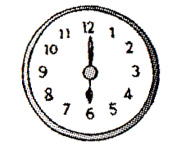
（一）听对话回答问题。

本部分共有10道小题，每道小题你将听到一段对话，每段对话听两遍。在听每段对话前，你将有5秒钟的时间阅读题目；听完后，你将有5秒钟的时间选择正确答案。在听到嘀的信号后，进入下一小题。

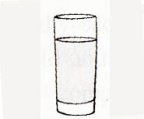
1.What shape is the birthday card?

A.  B.  C. 

2.When are the two speakers going to the bank?

A.  B.  C. 

3.Which drink does Lisa want?

A.  B.  C. 

4.What kind of place is it?

A.  B.  C. 

5.What will the weather be like tomorrow?

A. It will snow. B. It will be cloudy. C. It will be sunny.

6.What does Raymond think about Nancy’s dress?

A. It is too long for her. B. He likes the new style. C. He likes long dresses.

7.What will Millie do first?

A. Ask her mother if she can go. B. Go to the zoo. C. Stay at home.

8.What does Simon really need?

A. Some water and food. B. Some clothes. C. Some medicine.

9.Why did the man move into a new house?

A. Because his old house isn’t big enough.

B. Because there isn’t much fresh air around his old house.

C. Because he doesn’ t like to live far from his office.

1. How many Chinese students are there in Mr Smith's class?

A. 22. B. 11. C. 10.

（二）听对话和短文回答问题。

你将听到一段对话和两篇短文，各听两遍。听每段对话或短文前，你将有时间阅读相关小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，每小题你仍有5秒钟时间选择正确答案。

听一段对话，回答第11-12小题。答题完毕，请等待嘀的信号，进入第一篇短文。

11.Why did the man quarrel with his neighbour?

A. Her children were very noisy. B. Her dog often went to his room.

C. She played loud music.

12.How was the problem solved?

A. The woman agreed to turn the sound down. B. The woman agreed to sell her dog.

C. The woman agreed to talk with her children about good manners.

听第一篇短文，回答第13-15小题。请根据内容选择正确答案，完成信息记录表。答题完毕，请等待滴的信号，进入下一篇短文。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Ivan’s Collection | |
| What he collects | Ivan collects \_\_\_13\_\_\_\_ cards |
| How he gets them | From \_\_\_14\_\_\_\_. |
| Why he likes them | Ivan likes the \_\_\_15\_\_\_ on them. |

13.A. basketball B. football C. baseball

14.A. his brother B. a shop C. his friends

15.A. photos B. words C. names

听第二篇短文，回答第16-20小题。答题完毕，请等待嘀的信号，进入测试的第三部分。

16.Why was Christine inviting Timmy to a party?

A. It was Halloween. B. It was New Year. C. It was her birthday.

17.What was Timmy going to be?

A. Monkey King. B. A king. C. A ghost.

18.Why did Timmy go to the sweet shop?

A. Because he wanted to buy a present for Christine.

B. Because he wanted to buy some sweets for his mother.

C. Because Christine was in the shop.

19.What did the little children in the shop do?

A. They laughed at Timmy. B. They cried very loudly. C. They went out of the shop.

20.Which of the following is NOT true?

A. Timmy ran out of the shop. B. Timmy’s costume was too good.

C. The shopkeeper did not shout at Timmy.

二．**单项填空**

1.When a reporter had \_\_\_\_\_interview with Academician(院士) Zhong Nanshan, \_\_\_\_\_pride of the whole country, he said Doctor Li Wenliang was\_\_\_\_\_\_ hero.

A. an, the, the B. an, / , a C. an, the, a D. a, the, a

2.Generally speaking, there\_\_\_\_\_\_\_be any survivors after such a long time. However, two young people were found \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Life is super-nature!

A. mustn’t; living B. can’t; dead C. may; alive D. can’t; alive

3. Don't you agree that every tourist should have good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. methods B. moods C. manners D. minds

4. Don't try to do everything at once. Take it a bit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. at times B. at a time C. at all times D. at that time

5. What a terrible experience!\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , you are safe now—that’s the main thing.

A. Anyway B. Besides C. Otherwise D. Moreover

6. You will find \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to use the computer. Even the old can learn it all by themselves.   
A. that easily B. it easily C. it easy D. it was easy

7. My English teacher is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to spend much time \_\_\_\_\_\_ grammar rules to us.

A. patient enough, explain B. patient enough, explaining

C. enough patient, explaining D. enough patient, explain

8. The girl seemed too busy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_for her test \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her mother enter the room.   
A. preparing, to notice B. to prepare, to notice   
C. preparing, noticing D. to prepare, noticing

9.Shanghai Disneyland has attracted millions of people since it\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in 2016

A. is opened B. was opening C. opened D. has opened

10. ----What is the most popular TV programme this year, Li Hua?

----I think Readers that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_by CCTV.

A. is held B. are held C. held D. are holding

11.---- Did the speaker tell us several practical ways to develop our habit during his speech?   
---- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at all. He said \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about it.  
A. No. nothing B. Not, none C. Nothing, none D. None, nothing

12. We can’t do it that way—but whether it will work is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ matter.   
A. other  B. each C. another D. the other

13 .It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ difficult question that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_students can answer it.   
A. such；a few   B. so；few C. such a；few D. so；a few

14 ----Are you going to take part in the speech competition?   
---- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It’s too good a chance to miss.   
A. No problem B. Thanks a lot C. Never mind D. That’s for sure.

15. —He has to work for another two hours, \_\_\_\_?—\_\_\_. His work hasn’t been finished.

A. hasn’t he; Yes B. hasn’t he; No C. doesn’t he; Yes D. doesn’t he; No

16. —\_\_\_\_\_\_\_will the discussion last? —\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_we reach an agreement.

A. When, Until B. When, Not until C. How long, Until D. How long, Not until

17.— The air pollution is terrible.

— It will be worse \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we take action to protect the environment.

A. if B. unless C. until D. when

18.—Have you heard of the big fire in Nanjing golden eagle (金鹰)shopping center on May 24?

—Yes, luckily, it was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ quickly and no one was hurt.

A. put out B. put off C. put through D. put away

19.— How was your listening test last week?

— Oh, I couldn’t feel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I made few mistakes in it.

A. better B. best C. worse D. worst

20. ---Excuse me, but could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_? ---Certainly, and the earlier, the better.

A. how long it will take to get to New Delhi

B. how soon can I take the direct flight to New Delhi

C. whether I could buy a ticket to New Delhi without my passport

D. if I can book a direct flight to New Delhi online

三．完形填空

When I was fifteen, I announced to my English class that I was going to write my own books. All the students nearly fell out of their chairs, laughing at me. “Don’t be   1   . Only geniuses(天才) can become writers,” the English teacher said sarcastically(讽刺地). “And you are getting a D this term.” I was 2 deeply and I cried sadly.  
 That night I wrote a short, sad poem about    3    dreams and mailed it to the*Capper’s Weekly* newspaper. To my surprise, they published it, and sent me $2. I was a (an)    4     writer! I showed my teacher and my classmates. They laughed again. “Just plain dumb luck(纯属侥幸),” the teacher said. However, I’d tasted   5    . I’d sold the first thing I’d ever written.   
 By the time I graduated from high school(with a C-minus average), I had scrapbooks(剪贴簿) filled with my published   6    . I never talked about my writing to my teachers, friends or my family again. They were dream killers, and 7 people must choose between their friends and their dreams, they must always choose their dreams.  
 Later, I wrote a book about what I understood and   8     about life. It   9   me nine months, just like a(an)baby. I chose a publisher and wrote a letter, which read: “I wrote this book myself, I hope you like it. Passages 6 and 12 are my   10   . Thank you.” Then I mailed it.  
 A month later, I received a letter and a request（请求） to start working on   11    book. *CryingWind* became a bestseller, and was translated 12 fifteen languages. People ask what college I attended, what degrees I have, and what qualities I have to be a writer. The answer is   13   . I just write. I’m not a genius, and I’m not gifted. I just write. To all those who dream of    14   , I’m shouting at you, “Yes, you   15   ! Don’t listen to them!”  Writing is easy. It’s fun, and anyone can do it.  
1. A. shy                          B. dishonest                  C. silly                         D. proud  
2. A. hurt B. broken C. lost D. understood

3. A. strange                     B. broken                     C. beautiful                  D. unimportant  
4. A. welcomed                B. educated                   C. honored                   D. paid   
5. A. luck                         B. failure                      C. success                     D. pain  
6. A. works                      B. poems                      C. letters                      D. jokes  
7. A. unless B. if C. after D. while

8. A. did                          B. felt                          C. heard                       D. saw  
9. A. took                     B. spent                        C. cost                        D. paid  
10. A. explanations             B. reasons                     C. dreams                     D. favorites  
11. A. others                      B. another                    C. other                        D. the other      
12. A. in B. with C. by D. into

13. A. many                       B. few                          C. some                        D. none   
14. A. writing                    B. wealth            C. success                     D. power  
15. A. must                        B. need                        C. can                          D. should

四．阅读理解

**A**

AI (人工智能) makes our lives easier and better. Let’s see the amazing AI.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Your close friend  Hi, everyone. I’m Xiaoice, a chatbot(聊天机器人). I speak like a 17-year-old girl. If you feel lonely, you can talk with me. I’m good at singing, writing poems and telling stories. I want to be your friend. | Cool driverless bus  A bus door opens and you get on. Wait, where is the driver? Here is a new kind of driverless bus called Apolong.  It can seat fourteen people and doesn’t need a driver. The bus follows traffic rules. It stops every time it sees a stop light. |
| Popular AI artist  This beautiful painting was at an auction (拍卖) in 2018. It sold for about 3,000,000 yuan! But it’s not a work by a famous painter, such as Vincent van Gogh. It was painted by an AI artist. Three Frenchmen created the AI. The AI artist studied over 15,000 paintings. In this way, it learned to paint. Now it’s among the most popular artists in the world. | World’s first AI anchor  Hey, look! The famous Chinese anchor (主播) Qiu Hao is reporting the news for us. But, is “he” really Qiu Hao? The answer is “No”. This is the world’s first AI anchor.  It looks and speaks just like a real person. It speaks both Chinese and English. It can work 24 hours without any mistakes. The AI anchor joins Xinhua’s reporting team. You might see it on TV soon. |

1. Xiaoice **CAN’T** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. go out to play with you B. be your friend

C. talk with you if you feel lonely D. sing, write poems or tell stories

2.The fact about Aplong is that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. there is a driver in it B. the door is opened by the passenger

C. it stops every time it sees a stop light D. there are 15 seats in it.

3.The painting is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a work painted by Vincent van Gogh B. studied by three French artists over 15,000 times

C. among the most beautiful paintings in the world

D. worth about three million yuan at an auction

4.Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. Xiaoice is a 17-year-old girl. B. The AI anchor can only speak Chinese.

C. The AI artist is the most popular artist in France.

D. The AI anchor can work the whole day without mistakes.

5.We can probably see the passage in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a notice B. a newspaper C. a novel D. a guidebook

B

The **Big Lottery** is giving money to groups of teenagers between 14 and 19 who want to become active citizens. The teenagers who would like to help make the area you live in better, cleaner, safer and more friendly can actually get money for improving your local community (社区).We have $ 80,000 to give away. We are looking for young people to take part in schemes(规划) and projects near to where they live.

Here are a few easy things you could do to get started.

**Meeting the neighbors:** Everybody needs good neighbors. Knock on people’s door and find out what they would like improving in your area. Set a date for a meeting and then make some plans together. If you don’t want to go round to their houses, then you could always put a note through their doors.

**Neighborhood** **watch:** Neighborhood watch schemes are very popular in the UK. If you go away on holiday and leave your house, it’s very nice to know that a neighbor is keeping an eye on it. It’s a good way to make the area you live in safer. You could set one up easily and quickly.(Paragraph 4)

**Lending a hand:** There are often elderly people living in the neighborhood who may not be able to do the things that you can. Offer to do their shopping once a week, look after their garden for them or maybe walk their dog.(Paragraph 5)

**No littering:** Nobody likes picking up other people’s rubbish, but a clean street can make all the difference. Take it in turns to go out once or twice a week and see what you can find. You never know, one day you might find something valuable.

**Recycling:** Nearly two-thirds of your rubbish can be recycled. Some areas already provide places to people to recycle bottles, tins, plastic and paper. Find out if this is done in your neighborhood. If it’s not, do something about it.

So go on … Just tell us what kind of project you want to join in. Then we’ll send you more details. Take positive action and help make your neighborhood a better place to live in.

6. The aim of the Big Lottery is .

A. to make the neighborhood busier B. to help the old people in the community

C. to improve the local community D. to help young babies in the neighborhood

7. Who is needed to take part in the project?

A. Anyone who wants to. B. All the teenagers.

C. Students in the neighborhood. D. Teenagers from 14 to 19.

8. Paragraph 4 and Paragraph 5 tell us .

A. neighborhood watch is good to make the community cleaner

B. how to make the community safer and more friendly

C. lending a hand means to lend some money to others

D. to help neighbors do what they wouldn’t like to do.

9. What should you do if you want to make the neighborhood cleaner?

A. Recycle the rubbish and take turns to pick up others’ rubbish.

B. Pick up the rubbish and find something valuable in the street.

C. Find out the recycled rubbish and throw them everywhere. .

D. Try to recycle three-fourths of your rubbish once or twice a week.

10. According to the passage, which of the following is **NOT** true?

A. Discuss plans with your neighbor for improving your area.

B. Do some shopping once a week for old people who can’t do it.

C. Pick up the rubbish everywhere in the street to make your area cleaner.

D. Look after the garden, walk the dogs for the old in order to get much money.

C

  On January 27, in order to win the new pneumonia Resistance War（抗击新型肺炎战）, the Ministry of Education issued（教育部公布） a notice on putting off the start time of school in spring 2020. It was said that school should not start before March. The exact start time of school will depend on situations and further notices.

 However, many parents are very worried that putting off the start of school may affect(影响） children’s studies. If they have such a long winter vacation, children will not learn any knowledge, read books or study at all. They may forget what they have learned before. Staying at home for a long time will make them keep eating, sleeping and playing, which seriously affect their physical and mental health.

 In short, the close of school influences learning and develops bad habits, so how should we avoid these problems? Local education departments have also issued a notice, that is, to organize online teaching and create a network platform（平台）, where necessary courses will be shown every day, and online teaching will be given by excellent teachers of the subject, and students can learn at home through computer or mobile network.

 It should be said that such a method is very good. It can not only keep students indoors and not worry about the infection（感染) of the disease, but also make them study at home, improve their learning ability, and truly achieve “no **suspension** of classes”. Both the platform itself and the recorded lesson resources are more useful, and are welcomed by parents and teachers.

Of course, except for learning at home, it is also necessary to teach children about health knowledge, especially how to keep away from touching virus and other knowledge popularization; at the same time, it is also necessary for children to do some physical exercises or some games, which is good for physical health at home.  
11. Parents worried about putting off the start time of school because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. children may be infected by virus     B. they don’t like the idea of online learning

C. children’s study may be affected      D. parents have no time to look after children

12. Except for learning at home, what is also necessary according to the writer?

A. To keep playing online games.     B. To do some physical exercises outside.

C. To keep touching different people.

D. To teach children about health knowledge.

13. The underlined word “suspension” in Paragraph 4 probably means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

   A. plan         B. stop        C. growth           D. change

14. Which is TRUE according to the passage?

A. Students would rather go to school.     B. The date of going to school is decided.

C. Online teaching will help students study.

D. Parents believe children can teach themselves.

15. What’s the best title for this passage?

A Special Way to Learn at Home     B. A New War with a New Chance

C. A Way to Keep Mentally Healthy     D. A Method to Make Parents Worried  
五．词汇运用

A）．根据句意和汉语提示，在空白处填入一个适当的单词。

1. The dispute (争端) between the two countries was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(顺利地) solved at last.

2. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_(令人疲劳的) to work all day without any rest, this will bring big problems to health.

3.He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(误以为)Mary for her twin sister and that made them laugh a lot.

4.Millie read some books about DIY and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(建议) me to attend the lessons.

5.Everyone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(除…以外)Shirley and Charlie is studying hard for the entrance examination (中考)now.

B）用括号内所给词的适当形式填空

6.Born in a much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(wealth) family,the girl is able to afford further education abroad.

7. Five of the population in this factory are women. (twelve)

8. More than one person\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(hurt) in the terrible car accident this Tomb-sweeping Holiday.

9.Nothing is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(possible) if you put your heart into it.

10.With fewer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(worry)on money, more and more people travel abroard on holiday.

11.Whenever we kids come over, Aunt Susan just stands there and watches us\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(make) sure we don’t break anything.

12. The police \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (discuss) the kidnapping case when the telephone rang.

13. If we\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (not be) careful enough in the exam, we will not get a good grade.

14. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(take) a notebook with you can help you write down what you see.

15. I prefer not to buy this kind of mobile phone because of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(it) poor after-sale service.

六．**任务型阅读** 阅读下列短文，根据短文中的信息完成文后表格。（每空一词）

Smog is a big problem in many Chinese cities. Chai Jing, a former news hostess with CCTV, discussed it in her documentary *Under the Dome*.

The 103-minute film was published on websites on Feb 28, 2015. In the film, Chai visits polluted places and talks to officials and scientists. She concludes that burning too much coal and oil is the main cause of PM2.5 and smog.

To make things worse, according to Chai, the coal and oil we are burning is of poor quality and don’t meet the standards for environmental protection. Therefore they have produced more harmful gas and particles (颗粒) to pollute the air.To solve the problem, Chai suggests that factories should clean our coal and oil, or replace them with cleaner energy.

In her film, Chai also thought that ordinary people can do something to help control smog too. For example, we can live a greener life by using more public transportation. Or if we see something that could harm the environment, we can try to stop it.

What can we do to help beat the smog?

* Take public transportation.
* Call the hotline 12369 for complaints about environmental problems.
* Clean the cooking area regularly to avoid extra harmful gas.
* Take a picture of any pollutant source and post it on your social media accounts.
* Remember to add “@local environmental departments” on weibo.
* Don’t buy products made from factories that pollute the environment.

Chen Jining, the new minister of environmental protection, praised Chai. He said, “This film encourages us to care more about the environment. This is what we need in the future.”

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Title**: Let’s do something to fight 1 smog | | |
| Problem | Many cities in China often suffer from smog. | |
| Cause | We burn too much poor coal and oil to produce more 2 gas. | |
| 3 | 4 | Clean our coal and oil, or replace them with cleaner energy. |
| Ordinary people | Do something to help control smog like living a 5 life or 6  anything that harms the environment. |
| We | * Use public transportation. * 7 the hotline and complain about environmental problems. * Clean the cooking area regularly. * Expose (曝光) pollutant source with 8 media. * Add “@local environmental departments” on weibo. * 9 to buy products made from factories polluting the environment. |
| Chen Jining said the film encouraged us to pay more 10 to the environment for the future. | | |

**七．阅读表达 *(No more than8 words)***

As the saying goes，"A hero is known in the time of misfortune（不幸）”.Zhong Nanshan is a hero like this. He is a doctor in Guangdong，who saved many people's lives in 2003.

In 2003，SARS broke out in Guangdong. Later，it spread across China and other parts of the world.Patients coughed a lot and got fevers. Hundreds of patients even died from the disease. Even many doctors and nurses got SARS when they treated patients. So everyone was afraid of it. But Zhong was brave enough to fight the disease. Zhong spent days and nights finding the cause of the disease. And with Zhong’s way of treating，many patients began to get better. Zhong finally won people's trust.

In early 2020, a disease called Novel Coronavirus pneumonia（新型冠状病毒肺炎）hit Wuhan.It spread quickly around tens of thousands of Chinese people were infected（感染）.Zhong，84，led his team to Wuhan to fight the illness. Zhong's team took many measures to cure the patients with Novel Coronavirus pneumonia. He advised people not to go to crowed places.

Zhong likes sports very much. Although he was 67，he could still play basketball.

Now at the age of 84，Zhong still treats patients in the hospital and teaches young doctors."I am just a doctor."Zhong says. But we think he is a hero and a fighter.

1.What do we consider Zhong Nanshan as?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2.Where did SARS spread in 2003?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3.How many patients died from SARS? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4.How did many patients begin to get better after SARS broke out?\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5.Why did Zhong lead his team to Wuhan?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

八．首字母填空

Why can’t some hard-working people learn well? The r 1 is that they don’t have a good way to learn. If you have a good way to learn, you would learn b2 .

First,you should preview before class and you will find some d 3 points you can’t understand. Then, you could p4 more attention to the teacher’s explanations of them.If you still can’t understand,you could d\_5 them with your classmates or ask your teacher for help u6 you understand them very well.

After you finish your homework at night, you should do an important thing-----That is revision.Revision is very important. It can help you consolidate（巩固） what you have l\_7 \_\_\_\_ . If you don’t review at all, as time goes by and you will forget what you have ever learned.

Another thing is to open your eyes and mind. R 8 can help. You can read some literature to improve your language skills and you can also read some books on science to enrich your knowledge of science.

Of course, there are some other good learning w9 and we should share them together.

In a word, if you want to learn better, you should learn to preview and review first, and open your eyes as w 10 .

九．书面表达**（注意书写工整及卷面整洁）**

假设你是Simon,是一名九年级的学生。寒假里新型冠状病毒肆虐中国大地。你想与笔友Joe谈一谈它以及你在这个“与众不同”寒假里的活动和感受。内容要点如下：

1. 疫情在武汉爆发，据说是因为吃野生动物引起的；专门建造了两座医院来救治更多病人。
2. 全国各地医生和护士密切合作帮助病人，他们被认为是我们的英雄。
3. 最崇拜钟南山。虽然他80多岁，但他仍然把他的大部分时间贡献在治疗病人上，他建议人们勤洗手、戴口罩、待在家里。
4. 感想：（1）人类应与野生动物和睦相处，尽力保护它们，因为......（至少一点）

（2）作为中学生，我们应该......(至少一点）

要求：1.词数100个左右。开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。2.所写短文必须包括以上内容，自由发挥的内容必须围绕主题。3.文中不得出现真实的人名、校名等相关信息。

（参考词汇：疫情epidemic 口罩mask）

Dear Joe,

How time flies! I haven’t seen you for a long time. I miss you so much! You may have known that the coronavirus pneumonia(新冠肺炎) has spread all over our country. I want to tell you something about it and what I do and think during the special winter holiday.

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I’ m looking forward to hearing from you! Take care!

Yours sincerely,

Simon

参考答案

听力：CABAB AAACC CACCA ACABC

单选 CDCBA CBACA DCCDC CBAAD

完型CABDC ABBAD BDDAC

阅读理解 ACDDB CDBAD CDBCA

词汇

1.smoothly 2.tiring 3.mistook 4.advised 5. except 6.wealthier

7.twelfths 8.was hurt 9.impossible 10.worries 11.to make 12.were discussing 13. aren’t 14. Taking 15. its

任务型阅读1. against 2.harmful 3. Suggestions 4. Factories 5. greener

6.stopping 7. Call 8. social 9. Refuse 10. attention

任务型阅读答案

1.A hero and a fighter.

2.Across China and other parts of the world.

3.Hundreds of (patients).

4.With Zhong’s way of treating.

5.To fight Novel Coronavirus pneumonia/ the illness..

八、短文填空

1. reason 2. better 3. difficult 4. pay 5. discuss 6. until 7. learned 8. Reading 9. ways 10. well