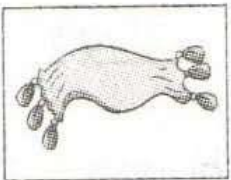
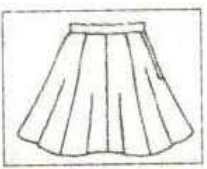
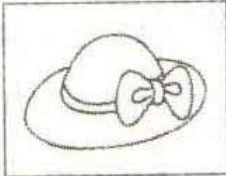
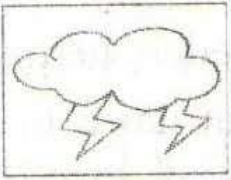

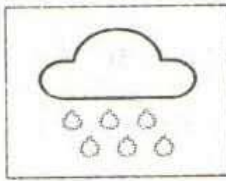





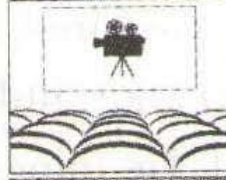





莆田擢英中学 2019-2020 学年九年级英语线上测试三

(满分 150 分, 考试时间 120 分钟)

I. 听力 (共三节, 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

第一节 听句子 听下面五个句子, 从每小题所给的三幅图中选出与句子内容相符的选项。(每个句子读两遍)

() 1. A.		B.		C.	
() 2. A.		B.		C.	
() 3. A.		B.		C.	
() 4. A.		B.		C.	
() 5. A.		B.		C.	

第二节 听对话 听下面七段对话, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案。(每段对话读两遍)

听第 1 段对话, 回答第 6 小题。

() 6. How many times does Sam run every week?

A. Three times.

B. Four times.

C. Five times.

听第 2 段对话, 回答第 7 小题。

() 7. What's the matter with the boy?

A. He hurt his leg.

B. He hurt his arm.

C. He hurt his foot.

听第 3 段对话, 回答第 8 小题。

() 8. How much is the bike?

A. 205 yuan.

B. 215 yuan.

C. 250 yuan.

听第 4 段对话, 回答第 9 小题。

() 9. Where is Henry from?

A. Germany.

B. America.

C. England.

听第 5 段对话，回答第 10、11 小题。

() 10. Where did Pole go yesterday evening?

A. He went to the movies.

B. He went to the park.

C. He went to the party.

() 11. Whose birthday was yesterday?

A. Pole's mom.

B. Pole's sister.

C. Pole's cousin.

听第 6 段对话，回答第 12、13 小题。

() 12. Where does the woman want to go?

A. To the museum.

B. To the street.

C. To the bank.

() 13. How does the woman decide to get there?

A. On foot.

B. By bus.

C. By taxi.

听第 7 段对话，回答第 14、15 小题。

() 14. What does Mom want Jack to do?

A. Clean the study.

B. Do his homework.

C. Prepare the meal.

() 15. What is Jack going to do 20 minutes later?

A. Finish his homework.

B. Clean the study.

C. Play table tennis.

第三节 听短文 根据所听到的短文内容及要求完成表格，每空一词。（短文读三遍）

How to protect ourselves in a fire	
Suggestions	Set up a 16. _____ alarm in the house.
	Make 17. _____. It's safer to follow.
	Do fire 18. _____ often.
	Know the fire rules.
	Don't open a 19. _____ door.
	Stay 20. _____ to the floor.
Call 119 for help in case of a fire.	

II. 选择填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

() 21. He had an accident _____ a cold winter morning _____ 2020.

A. on, in

B. in ;in

C. at; in

() 22. After watching this year's 315 Evening Gala on CCTV, more and more people focus on the _____ of many things, such as food, toys and even their bank cards.

A. direction

B. satisfaction

C. safety

() 23. About _____ of the students in our class were born in the _____.

A. three fourths; 1980

B. three fourths; 1980s

C. three fourth; 1980s

- () 24..He went sailing and didn't _____ for a long time. I haven't seen him for 4 months.
A.stay up B.wake up C.show up
- () 25.---What can we do to_____ bird flu from spreading?
` ---Try not to buy or eat chickens that have not been checked.
A.prevent B. protect C. cause
- () 26.---_____can we know the results ?
---In an hour
A.How soon B. How often C. How long
- () 27.In my heart, those _____ have devoted themselves to the fight against COVID-19
(新型冠状病毒肺炎)are real heroes.
A. who B. which C. whose
- () 28. ----I wonder when you_____in China.
---I will send an e-mail to you as soon as I _____there.
A.arrive; will get B. will arrive; get C. will arrive; will get
- () 29. —Must I hand in the survey on the use of bicycle-sharing right now?
—No, you _____ .
A. needn't B. can't C. shouldn't
- () 30. I stayed with the crying baby _____ the police came.
A.until B. if C. unless
- () 31. I am made _____my homework every day.
A.do B. doing C. to do
- () 32. The old lady lives in the villa _____, but she never feels _____.
A.alone; alone B. lonely; alone C. alone; lonely
- () 33.---How does he usually go to school ?
---He_____ ride a bike, but now he _____there to lose weight.
A.used to; is used to walk B. was used to; is used to walking
C. used to; is used to walking
- () 34 The meeting_____two hours ago.
A.canceled B. was canceled C. is canceled
- () 35. We don't know _____,but it tells us the importance of friendship.
A.what the story is about B. whether the story is true
C. when did the story take place

III. 完形填空。从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

(每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分)

When you step into a new environment,you must have a strong wish to fit in.Fitting in means making more friends, having more influence on others and getting more 36 to live a happier life.Here is some advice 37 can help you.

Be confident.Confidence attracts most people.Everyone is special and there is only one person like you in this world.Spend 38 thinking about your strong points.If so,you will be able to build up confidence step by step.You won't have much difficulty fitting in.

Be kind to everyone.Kindness is the bridge to your own happiness.39 people notice your kindness,they will return it one day.Always give more than you receive,and think more of others than of yourself . A person who 40 others is popular everywhere.

Be active in group activities.Various activities 41 playing football can help you to be known to others.You may add more friends to your circle.At the same time,you'll be amazed to see how much they like you.42 wasting time being alone,go out to dance and sing together with others to develop friendship.

Be optimistic(乐观的).Optimism makes both you and others feel 43.It makes a good first impression.A pleasant smile costs least and does the most.Humor catches other's attention as well.People will like you for making them live 44 .

If you follow what is mentioned above,you will be 45 by people around you.As a result,you will fit in very well and enjoy your new life.

- | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| ()36.A.chances | B.ideas | C. changes |
| ()37.A.who | B. that | C.whom |
| ()38.A.sometimes | B.some times | C. some time |
| ()39.A.Though | B.When | C.Until |
| ()40.A.takes for | B. cares for | C.waits for |
| ()41.A.for | B.of | C. like |
| ()42.A.Instead of | B. As well as | C. As long as |
| ()43.A. pleased | B. upset | C. nervous |
| ()44.A.friendly | B.happily | C. clearly |
| ()45.A.taken | B. received | C. accepted |

IV. 阅读理解 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 阅读以下 A、B、C、D 四篇短文, 根据短文内容, 从题中所给 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳答案 (每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

It was Friday. Johnny asked Mary, "What would you most like for your birthday?"

She replied, "I'd love to be ten again."

Two days later, he got her up out of bed early in the morning and they went to a theme park with their lovely kids. He put her on every ride in the park – the Roller Coaster, the Wall of Fear... After three hours, her face was as pale as chalk, her body shaking and her stomach turning.

Then they were off to a movie theater to see *Frozen II*. But Mary fell asleep quickly. As soon as the movie was over, they rushed to McDonald's nearby, where they ate hamburgers, French fries and chocolate ice-cream. The kids ate like a horse as Mary just sat there, tired and bored.

At last, she staggered(蹒跚) home with her husband and fell into bed full of toys.

“Surprise!!! Dear, what was it like being ten again?”

“Actually, honey, I meant dress size! Don't you see I'm on diet?”

()46. Mary's birthday was on _____.

A. Wednesday B. Thursday C. Friday D. Sunday

()47. The places they went are in the order of _____.

a. movie theater	b. theme park	c. McDonald's
------------------	---------------	---------------

A. a-b-c B. a-c-b C. b-a-c D. b-c-a

()48. Mary felt _____ when she got home.

A. excited B. worried C. relaxed D. tired

()49. Mary received _____ as the birthday gift.

A. a horse B. many toys C. chocolate D. a dress

()50. In fact, Mary wished to _____.

A. lose weight B. have a big dinner
C. try the rides D. be back to age 10

(B)

As one saying goes, where there are Chinese people, there are kung fu legends .

Jin Yong, also known as Louis Cha Leung-yung, was regarded as one of the greatest kung fu fiction writers in China. For many people, Cha built a magical kung fu kingdom that they could escape into every now and then. But this kingdom is falling apart now, because Cha passed away on Oct 30, 2018, at the age of 94.

Cha wrote all of his 15 wuxia novels between 1955 and 1972. While the values and tastes of readers have changed greatly in recent years, his books continue to attract people. Over 300 millions copies of his works have been sold in the Chinese-speaking world. His works have been changed into movies and TV series so many times in Hong Kong, Taiwan and the Chinese mainland that his fans are interested in comparing the two versions.

There is always a knight (大侠) with a spirit that is sincere in love, friendship and patriotism (爱国精神) at the center of his stories. Such characters move both men and women. For example, in *The Return of the Condor Heroes* (《神雕侠侣》), the young knight Yang Guo waits for his lover

Xiaolongnü faithfully for 16 years, believing that she is still alive, even though she has jumped from a mountain into a ravine (峡谷). And in Demi-Gods and Semi-Devils (《天龙八部》), powerful Xiao Feng treats his friends with sincere feelings, ready to die for the peace of his homeland.

Cha's books bring readers joy, and Cha himself has equal fun creating them. "Writing gives me space for imagination, just like a director," Cha once said.

However, Cha's real aim in writing novels is to show traditional Chinese values. In Kung fu novels, the good fight the wicked (邪恶的) at last. Traditional values are shown through the characters and their stories.

- () 51. Cha wrote all of his 15 wuxia novels during _____ years.
A. 16 B. 17 C. 18 D. 19
- () 52. How many copies of Cha's work have been sold in the Chinese-speaking world?
A. Over 3,000,000 B. Over 3,000,000,000 C. Over 300,000,000 D. Over 300
- () 53. The underlined word "versions" probably means "_____" in Chinese according to the passage.
A. 系列 B. 版权 C. 版本 D. 方言
- () 54. Paragraph Four is mainly about _____.
A. Cha's writing aim B. the main spirit of the characters in Cha's novels
C. Cha's favorite novels D. the great Chinese traditional values
- () 55. From the passage, we can know all of them except _____.
A. people can forget the real world for a moment when they are reading Cha's novels
B. Cha spent about 17 years writing his 15 novels
C. Cha always pay much attention to the Chinese traditional values in his novels
D. Cha is a writer as well as a director

(C)

On Feb 26, an Italian lawmaker (议员) with a mask to prevent the novel coronavirus was criticized (批评) by his colleagues for "causing panic (恐慌)". Articles from Western media carry headlines such as "No, you do not need face masks to prevent coronavirus." You might be surprised, as in China and other Asian countries, people have willingly put masks on during the outbreak.

In the West, people are taught to wear masks only when they get sick. Masks are seen as a tool to protect sick people and prevent the disease from spreading, so healthy people don't need to wear them. Wearing a mask in public can make them feel "worried", "shy", and "afraid of being looked at differently."

In Asian countries like China and Japan, there has been a long tradition of mask-wearing. In China, for example, when doctor Wu Liande invented the modern medical mask during the pneumonic plague (肺鼠疫) in 1910, the mask became a symbol of China's position as a modern, scientific nation. The 2003 SARS epidemic again led to the wide use of masks as a form of anti-viral (抗病毒)

的) protection in China and elsewhere in East Asia.

In Japan, wearing masks has long been seen as a manner to reassure (使安心) others when one catches a cold or flu. Some Japanese also turn masks into fashion accessories (配饰), with different colors and patterns to match their clothes. Wearing masks is also a way to “hide” for young women when they don’t have their makeup on.

In more collectivist (集体主义的) cultures in Asia, wearing masks might also be a symbol of solidarity (团结) during the outbreak, according to Lynteris. “Mask culture in Asia creates a sense of a fate (命运) shared, common obligation (责任) and civic (公民的) duty.” People wear masks “to show that they want to stick together” in the face of danger, Lynteris wrote.

() 56. Why don’t healthy people in the West wear masks?

- A. They don’t think masks can prevent disease.
- B. Wearing a mask looks funny.
- C. Only medical workers need to wear masks.
- D. They think masks are for sick people to wear.

() 57. Masks have been widely used in China since ____.

- A. the outbreak of SARS in 2003
- B. the pneumonic plague in 1910
- C. the invention of the modern medical mask
- D. Christos Lynteris wore one publicly

() 58. People in Japan wear masks because ____.

- A. when someone catches a cold or flu, it is seen as a manner to reassure others.
- B. they can use masks as fashion accessories
- C. they can hide their faces if they don’t make up
- D. all above

() 59. What does Lynteris mean in the last paragraph?

- A. People have no sense of duty if they don’t wear masks.
- B. Asian people are more united in the face of danger.
- C. Mask culture creates a sense of collective obligation.
- D. We are a community with a shared future for mankind.

() 60. The purpose of the story is to ____.

- A. explain why Westerners don’t wear masks
- B. show different opinions about masks between the West and Asia
- C. prove the importance of wearing masks during an epidemic
- D. explain the history of masks

(D)

It's reported that more than 450 million Chinese have myopia (近视) . Around 30 percent for

primary school students, 60 percent for junior high students and 80 percent for senior high students are nearsighted. Maybe this is because students spend a lot of time reading books and using electronic products.

Parents might have tried to do something to fix it, such as having their children get eye massages, take medicine or even get surgery. People who offer these services or products often promise that they can reduce or even cure myopia.

However, you will no longer see advertisements like this before long. The government has made a notice to ban this kind of advertisements. The notice bans businesses from using words like “recovery” and “myopia cure” in their advertisements. The notice says that myopia cannot be completely cured with medical technology now. As a result, these advertisements could mislead children and their parents.

To reduce myopia among young people, the government made a new plan last August. The plan limits not only the time children play video games but also the production of new video games.

Young people can prevent and control myopia by spending more time outside and less time in front of books or computers. People who have eyesight problems should go to a hospital and let a doctor decide what to do.

- ()61. What's the myopia rate of junior high students according to the passage?
A. 30% B. 45% C. 60% D. 80%
- ()62. Parents might do the following EXCEPT_____ to fix myopia according to Paragraph 2.
A. have their children get eye massages B. buy them special glasses
C. make their children take medicine D. get their children to do surgery
- ()63. You won't see advertisements on myopia with the word “_____” in the near future.
A. recovery B. eyesight C. medical D. reduce
- ()64. Which sentence is True according to Paragraph 4 and 5?
A. Students in lower grades are easy to get myopia.
B. Production of new video games has been limited.
C. Spending less time outdoors is good for children's eyesight.
D. The notice gives advice on protecting the eyesight of elderly people.
- ()65. What can we learn from the passage?
A. Don't believe the advertisements.
B. Students shouldn't be allowed to play video games.
C. The government and people are saving children's eyesight.
D. Myopia can be cured with the medical technology at present.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后所给的五个选项中选出能填入短文空白处的最佳选项, 使短文 通顺、连贯, 意思完整。

(E)

When we talk of plants, most of us will think of things that grow from the ground and have green leaves. 66 Some of these belong to a special class of plants called fungi (真菌).

67 They usually grow in wet places where they can get food and water easily. Because fungi do not have green leaves to make their own food. 68 However, fungi must take their food from animals, other plants or waste matter. Some fungi live on dead or rotting (腐烂的) wood, while others grow on living trees or in dirt.

Mushrooms (蘑菇) are the best-known fungi. 69 For example, cauliflower (菜花) mushrooms are found in forests from July to October. They can grow to be as heavy as fifty pounds! They grow at the foot of trees. Squirrel's (松鼠) bread is another kind of wild mushroom. 70 These fungi look like small golden cakes, grow on short and fat trees. Squirrels can easily eat them or carry them off to their hole to eat later.

The mushrooms found in food stores are carefully grown by people who know they are safe to eat. People are warned never to touch or taste wild mushrooms because some of them are deadly. Even less dangerous ones can still make a person very sick.

- A. Its appearance and use can explain its name.
 - B. Fungi may appear almost everywhere.
 - C. But there are plants that do not look or act like other plants.
 - D. Green plants use their leaves to make their own food.
 - E. There are many kinds of mushrooms appearing in all shapes and sizes.

V.情景交际 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

71.中考即将到来, 你想感叹时光飞逝, 可以这么说,

_____!

72.你有事想跟老师请假八天, 可以这么说,

73.你告诉大家你知道如何处理这些问题, 可以这么说,

74.Tina 告诉妈妈, 吵闹的音乐使她很紧张, 她会这样说,

75.用餐结束后, 你想买单, 可以这样说,

May _____?

VI.看图写话 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)



76. study, not as.....as



77. at this time ,yesterday



78. taste



79. if , not, rain



80. advise, father

VII.短文填空 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 根据语境、音标或所给单词的提示, 在每个空格内填入一个恰当的词, 要求所填的词意思准确, 形式正确, 使短文意思完整, 行文连贯。

As the saying goes, “A hero is known in the time of misfortune (不幸)”. Zhong Nanshan is a hero like this. He is a doctor in Guangdong 81 saved many people’s lives in 2003. In 2003, SARS broke 82 in Guangdong. Later, it spread across China and other parts of the world. Patients coughed a lot and got fevers. Hundreds of patients even died from the disease, even many

莆田擢英中学 2019-2020 学年九年级英语线上测试三

参考答案

听力

1-5 ABABC 6-10 BBCAC 11-15 CABAC

16.smoke 17.plans 18. practice 19. hot 20.close

选择填空

21-25 ACBCA 26-30 AABAA 31-35 CCCBB

完形填空

36-40 ABCBB 41-45 CAABC

阅读理解

46-50 DCDBA 51-55 BCCBD 56-60 DADCB 61-65 CBABC

66-70 CBDEA

情景交际

71. How time flies!

72. I want to ask for an eight-day leave.

73. I know how to deal with these problems.

74. Noisy music makes me nervous.

75. May I have/pay the bill?

看图写话

76. Tom doesn't study as hard as Jane.

77. They were doing morning exercises at this time yesterday.

78. The noodles taste delicious.

79. If it doesn't rain tomorrow, we'll go out to fly a kite.

80. I advise my father to give up smoking.

短文填词

81.who 82.out 83.afraid 84.finding 85.trust 86.quickly 87.led

88.measures 89.crowded 90.treats