2020年10月九年级英语测试题

一、听力测试 (本大题共25小题，每小题1分，满分25分)

第一节

下面你将听到5段短对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话只读一遍。

( ) 1. How often does Gina watch English movies?

1. Once a month B. Twice a month. C. Three times a month.

( ) 2. Where’s the woman going?

1. To a hospital. B. To a museum. C. To a post office.

( ) 3. How will the man spend Christmas?

1. He will visit his parents. B. He will go for a trip. C. He will stay with his friends.

( ) 4. What time is it in London now?

1. 6:00 a.m. B. 2:00 p.m. C. 10:00 p.m.

( ) 5. What does the man think is the best way to learn English?

1. Making word cards. B. Reading aloud. C. Using English.

第二节

下面你将听到6段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出一个与你所听到的对话或独白内容相符的问题的答案。听每段对话或独白前，你都有10秒钟的时间阅读有关小题；听完后，每小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第一段材料，回答第6至8小题。

( ) 6. What’s Jerry’s hobby?

1. Playing chess. B. Traveling C. Dancing

( ) 7. What does Jane think of cooking?

1. It’s a boring job. B. It’s a creative job. C. It’s a waste of time.

( ) 8. How does Jane feel when her friends enjoy her food?

1. Bored. B. Happy C. Nervous.

听第二段材料，回答第9至11小题。

( ) 9. When did Jane take an English exam?

1. Last week. B. Last Friday. C. Yesterday.

( ) 10. How does Jane usually study English?

1. By doing exercises. B. By reading the textbook. B. By working with a group.

( ) 11. Why does Jane hardly speak English?

1. Because she is afraid of being laughed at.
2. Because she has nobody to speak with.
3. Because she can hardly say a sentence completely.

听第三段材料，回答第12至14小题。

( ) 12. How many holidays does the girl have in a year?

1. Five B. Six C. Seven

( ) 13. Where does the girl come from?

1. America. B. China. C. Korea.

( ) 14. Which is the most traditional festival in the boy’s country?

1. Mid-Autumn Festival. B. Easter C. Christmas.

听第四段材料，回答第15至17小题。

( ) 15. What is the girl going to do?

1. To buy some books. B. To change some books. C. To return some books.

( ) 16. What time is it now?

1. It’s 7:00 pm. B. It’s 7:20 pm. C. It’s 7:30 pm.

( ) 17. When is the World Reading Day?

1. April 21. B. April 22. C. April 23.

听第五段材料，回答第18至20小题。

( ) 18. What did Nancy go to America for?

1. Visiting a friend. B. On business. C. On vacation.

( ) 19. What festival did Nancy celebrate there?

1. Thanksgiving. B. The Spring Festival. C. Mother’s Day.

( ) 20. When is the festival in America?

1. It comes on the third Thursday of November.
2. It comes on the fourth Tuesday of November
3. It comes on the fourth Thursday of November.

听第六段材料，回答第21至25小题。

( ) 21. When did the family go to the zoo?

1. On Saturday morning. B. On Sunday morning. C. Last week.

( ) 22. What time did the family get to the zoo?

1. At 9:00 o’clock B. At 10 o’clock. C. At 12:00 o’clock.

( ) 23. What did they do first at the zoo?

1. Played games. B. Met the speaker’s classmates. C. Went to see the animal.

( ) 24. What did the speaker like best?

1. Tigers B. Elephants. C. Birds.

( ) 25. Whom did the speaker play games with?

A. The father. B. The mother. C. Nobody.

二、选择填空 (本大题共15小题，每小题1分，满分15分)

( )26．—\_\_\_\_\_\_ reading aloud to practice English?

—That sounds \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．How about; great B．Why not; good

C．Why don’t you; a good idea D．What about; well

( )27．If something is wrong, fix it if you can. Do not worry. Worry never fixes \_\_\_\_\_.

A．something B．everything C．anything D．nothing

( ) 28.—This room is too small. I’d like to ask for .

—Sure. We have rooms available here.

A．another B．the other C．one D．it

( ) 29．We find\_\_\_\_\_ impossible for us\_\_\_\_\_\_ a foreign language well in a short time.

A．one; learn B．it; to learn C．that; to learn D．this; learning

( ) 30．He is just a small child, so you must be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him. Don’t shout at him.

A．afraid of B．proud of C．patient with D．popular with

( ) 31．Pass me the dictionary, please. I want to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some new words.

A．look for B．look up C．look after D．look through

( ) 32．—I will go to Harbin for my summer vacation. What about you?

—I haven’t decided where \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．go B．went C．going D．to go

( ) 33．—I didn't hear you come in just now.

—That's good. We tried\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ any noise, for you were sleeping.

A．not make B．not to make C．to make D．making

( ) 34．----You look sad. What has happened ?

----Everyone \_\_\_\_\_\_ us to win the match, but we lost.

A．expects B．expected C．hopes D．hoped

( ) 35．Don’t eat too much, or you’ll \_\_\_\_\_\_ weight.

A．look up B．put on C．put off D．put up

( ) 36．\_\_\_\_\_\_ exciting sport it is to climb the mountains!

A．How B．What C．What a D．What an

( ) 37．—Would you like to go hiking if it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fine this Saturday?

—I'd love to. But nobody knows if it\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．is; will rain B．is; rains

C．will be; will rain D．will be; rains

( ) 38．—Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ you’d like me to pay you?

—You’ d belter use mobile payment. I don’t care \_\_\_\_\_ it is Alipay or WeChat Pay.

A．how; whether B．how; why C．what; whether D．what; why

( ) 39．——How is your grandma?

——She’s fine. She used to\_\_\_\_\_ TV at home after supper. But now she is used to\_\_\_\_\_ out for a walk.

A．watch; go B．watching; go C．watching; going D．watch; going

( ) 40．Our teachers always give us good advice. We should follow \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．what they say B．what they said

C．which they say D．which they said

三、完形填空 (本大题共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分)

This is a special day. I celebrate 41 interesting holidays today.

The second Monday of January is the “ Clean Off Your Desk Day”. This holiday encourages us to be organized (有条理的). My teacher Miss Lee told us that a clean workspace is importance to having a productive (有成效的) life. Clean and organized desks allow us to get everything 42 . So we should never keep our desks in a mess.

To 43 the holiday, we cleaned our desks, of course! Strangely, we found so many things in the desks. We hadn’t used some of them for a long time. When we threw away the used paper, Miss Lee told us to pay attention to our personal 44 . One of my classmates threw away some important papers by mistake! 45 , he found them back from the rubbish. How 46 ! So we must be more careful when throw away something.

When I 47 home from school that evening, something fun happened! My mother told me January 14 is the “ Organize Your Home Day”. We should clean our house on this day. It 48

to fall on the same day as the “Clean Off Your Desk Day” this year. So we started this year’s 49 cleaning. People often say that the whole year’s work depends on a good start in this season. My mother gave me the task of cleaning the window of bedrooms. It was really a hard job.

It sounds like a lot of work, 50 we just spent two hours. After the cleaning, our home became organized. What a meaningful day today!

( ) 41. A two B. three C. several D. some

( ) 42. A . near B. slowly C. fast D. far

( ) 43. A. forget B. invent C. spend D. celebrate

( ) 44. A. money B. information C. experience D. attention

( ) 45. A. Really B. Hardly C. Luckily D. Loudly

( ) 46. A. funny B. happy C. great D. strange

( ) 47. A. called B. hid C. left D. returned

( ) 48. A. wanted B. happened C. remembered D. allowed

( ) 49. A spring B. summer C. autumn D. winter

( ) 50. A. and B. but C. if D. so

四、阅读理解 (共两节，满分35分)

第一节（共15小题，每小题2分，满分30分）

阅读下面三篇材料，根据材料内容从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出一个最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

A piece of shocking news surprised readers of newspapers of Hong Kong recently. A doctor took out four live sweat bees(汗蜂)from the left eye of his patient.“I slowly took them out, one after another,” Dr. Hung Chi-ting, an eye doctor at Fooyin University Hospital in Taiwan, said.

The patient said that her terrible feeling began when she took part in a tradition of tomb-sweeping(扫墓). Pulling some grass on the tomb, she felt terrible in her left eye. She thought it must be some sand by mistake., so she cleaned her eye with some clean water. But it didn’t work. She returned home hours later. Tears(眼泪) were coming out all the time.

She went to the hospital near her home. And in her left eye, Dr. Hung found the sweat bees. The bees not only need on flowers, but also like to eat salt, so they feed on sweat and tears, too. They hardly hurt people, except when they feel danger. Many sweat bees are about 0.3cm long. The little bees can be found in gardens and grass areas around the world. Fooyin University Hospital called it was the first in the world to get the bees from people’s eye.

( ) 51. Where did the accident happen according to the passage?

1. In Hong Kong. B. In Taiwan. C. In London D. In New York.

( ) 52. When the doctor took out the bees from the eye of the patient, the bees \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. lived well B. got hurt C. hurt the doctor D. became smaller

( ) 53. What was the patient doing when she began to feel terrible in her eye?

1. Washing her eyes. B. Seeing a doctor.

C. Pulling some grass D. Catching some bees.

( ) 54. What can we know about the sweat bees from the passage?

1. They like to have sweat and tears. B. They are about 3cm long.

C. They often hurt people. D. They are hardly seen in the garden.

( ) 55. What’s the main idea of the passage?

1. Sweat bees are the smallest bees in the world.
2. Sweat bees are a kind of dangerous animals.
3. A woman was saved by a great eye doctor.
4. A doctor took out 4 bees from a woman’s eye.

B

I used to stay at home for 7 days, but it was really boring and I don’t want to spend a boring holiday again this year. What’s your plan for the coming National Day holiday? ---Bruce.

I will be studying half the time. The rest of the time, I’ll reflect(认真思考). Anyway, learning without thinking leads to confusion(困惑). --- Linda.

Well, my wife is taking our son to see her parents, so I’ll be at home alone and continue to work during the **hols**.It will be too quiet without them around, but one good thing is that I can smoke in the living room. Since my son was born, I haven’t smoked. --- Alex

I’ll work. I will have to work overtime during the National Day holiday. Instead, I will take a long break in February to return to my home country and enjoy family life. --- Jane

I spent the National Day holiday traveling last year. Prices went up, and everywhere was crowded--- so I’ll hang out with friends who hate the busy traveling days like me. When the holiday is over and people are back to work, I’ll go to Yellow Mountain. --- Lily

To cook nice things… invite my friends… and party together at home… no outdoor plan. ---John

I’ll be in the US for the whole October! I’ll be listening to the beautiful sounds of silence outside my window as I watch sailboats pass by in the sea. --- Bill

( ) 56. According to the passage, how many people will work or study during the holiday?

1. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five

( ) 57. The underlined word “ hols” in the 3rd paragraph means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. Holidays B. program C. years D. summer

( ) 58. Jane will probably take a long break during the \_\_\_\_\_.

1. Mid-Autumn Festival B. National Day

C. Dragon Boat Festival D. Spring Festival

( ) 59. What do John and Lily have in common when they make their holiday plans?

1. They both plan to spend time with their friends.
2. They both have a lot of difficult work to finish.
3. They both want to travel to places of interest.
4. They both have nothing to do but sleep.

( ) 60. Who had a bad National Day holiday traveling experience last year?

1. Bill B. Alex C. Lily D. Jane

C

The morning was cold and clear. A yellow bus came around the corner and stopped near a wood (树林). A coach asked the students to get off the bus. Girls began to gather by the starting line. One of them is a young, little girl. She had prepared for this running race for the whole summer. She looked around at the other girls, noticing how she was different.

There was a break in the silence, and everyone started to run. After about twenty-five minutes, every runner finished the race except the girl. She was still running for the next forty minutes. As she came near the finishing line, she saw her parents, classmates and the coach. They shouted her name and told her not to stop until the end. The sweat (汗水) was flowing down her face. She kept on running until she crossed the line.

I was that girl, and that was the first time I had finished a cross-country race (越野赛跑). Finishing this race made me realize that I could do anything with my own strength (力量). After that, I took more hard work to practice running. I was not a natural-born runner, but I want to become one. I continued to struggle (努力) with every run. Now I run much faster than before and become more and more confident. I am so thankful for running because it has helped make me who I am today.

61．The cross-country race took place .

A．in a school B．near a wood C．in a big city D．on the playground

62．The writer finished her first cross-country race in about minutes.

A．20 B．25 C．40 D．65

63．From the sentence “I was not a natural-born runner”, we learn that the writer .

A．wasn’t good at running B．didn’t like running

C．ran faster than anyone D．couldn’t run when she was born

64．What can we infer(推断) from the passage?

A．All good runners are natural-born.

B．The writer didn’t use to be so confident.

C．A good coach is the most important for a runner.

D．The writer is a very good runner now.

65．What’s the main idea of the passage?

A．We should practice running if we want to be more confident.

B．We should do things that we are good at.

C．We should keep on doing what we want to, no matter whether we are good at it or not.

D．We could become the best if we keep on practicing.

第二节（共5小题，每小题1分，满分5分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。（选项中有一项为多余选项。）

Learning a language is easy. Even a child can do it. Most adults who are learning a second language would disagree with the above sentences. For them, learning a language is a very difficult task. 66 ．

Language learning is different from other kinds of learning. 67 ． However, some people who are successful language learners find it difficult to succeed in other fields. 68 ． For example, read as much as you can in the new language; practice speaking the language every day; live with people who speak the language you want to learn; don’t translate—try to think in the new language; learn as a child would learn—play with language and so on.

69 ． Language learning research shows that successful language learners are similar in many ways. First of all, successful language learners are independent(独立的)learners. Secondly, successful language learning is active learning. 70 ．

What kind of language learner are you? If you are a successful language learner, you have probably been learning independently, actively, and purposefully.

A．Finally, successful language learners are learners with a purpose (目的).

B．They need hundreds of hours to study and practice, and that will not mean every adult language learner can be successful.

C．But what does a successful language learner do?

D．Language teachers often offer advice to language learners.

E. Some people who are very intelligent and successful in their fields find it difficult to succeed in language learning.

F. Children must learn how to learn at school.

非选择题（主观题）（共35分）

五、完成句子（本大题满分10分，每小题2分）

阅读下列各小题，根据括号内的汉语提示，用句末括号内的英语提示完成句子。

71. 襄阳是一座如此古老而美丽的城市，以至于我已经深深地爱上了她。(fall)

Xiangyang is such an ancient and beautiful city that I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her deeply.

72. 这个公园是供人们锻炼的好地方。(exercise)

This park is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

73. Tom过去常常怕当众做演讲。(speech)

Tom \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

74. 经过书店，然后你就不会错过它了。(bookstore)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and you won’t miss it.

75. 每个人天生有学习能力。(ability)

Everyone is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

六、语法填空 (本大题共10个空，每空1分，满分10分）

Long long ago, there was a small village in the Middle East. In the village there was an old man (76) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Sthira. He lived by himself. His only son had gone far away to study. Sthira’s friends (77) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (wonder) whether his son would return, but Sthira always said, “Whatever happens, happens for good.”

One day the old man’s son returned and the villagers were very happy for Sthira. He thanked the villagers and said (78) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (polite), “Whatever happens, happens for good.” However, later, Sthira’s son broke his (79) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Once again the villagers came to visit (80) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (he) and once again the old man thanked them and said “Whatever happens, happens for good.” Some of the villagers were surprised (81)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(hear) this. Why? What was good? His son’s leg got badly (82) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_！

After a few days, the army came to the village and forced all the young men to (83) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the army. When they found his son had a (84)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(break) leg, they left him behind. Once again, all the villagers came to congratulate him on his (85)\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ luck, like always, the old man was still thankful to them and said, “Whatever happens, happens for good.”

七、书面表达 (本大题满分15分)

为了交流学习经验，提高学习效率，《英语报》正举办以"How to Be a Good Learner"为题的征文比赛，请你踊跃投稿。

内容提示：

①habit, way　②get ready, listen　③go over, homework　④study in groups, help each other　⑤work hard, do sports　⑥其他

要求：

1. 必须用上所有的内容提示，语句通顺，书写规范；

2. 可以适当发挥，以保证内容的完整、丰富与流畅；

3. 80词左右，开头和结尾已经给出，不计入总词数。

How to Be a Good Learner

To be good learners, we should\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_