

# 2020-2021学年宁波市惠贞书院九年级第一学期月考试题

## 英语

考生须知：

1. 全卷分试题卷和答题卷。试题卷共6页，有6个大题。满分为95分，考试时间为90分钟。
2. 请将姓名、考号分别填写在试题卷和答题卷的规定位置上。
3. 答题时，把试题卷第一至三大题的答案在答题卷对应的选项位置用2B铅笔涂黑、涂满。将试题卷第四、五、六大题的答案用黑色字迹钢笔或签字笔书写，答案必须按照题号顺序在答题卷各题目规定区域内作答，做在试题卷上或超出答题区域书写的答案无效。

一、完形填空(本题有15小题；每小题1分，满分15分)

阅读下面短文，掌握大意，然后从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Gaylord walked across the desert planning to walk through it for one month. Twenty 1 passed, and the journey had been so smooth and it seemed that he had 2 food and water to finish it.

"I'll be able to walk out of this desert," he thought gladly. But the desert never cared for travelers. 3 this idea could disappear, the sandstorm had arrived suddenly. He hurriedly covered his head with the clothes, 4 on the sand. After about ten minutes, the sandstorm stopped. When he shook the clothes and stood up, he 5 a terrible thing: the back bag with food and water was swept away by the 6.

Now, he only had a(n) 7 left. He held it in his hands. "Oh, not too bad, 8 I have a pear," he thought to himself and decided to walk out of the desert.

One day and one night passed quickly, but the desert still seemed to have no end, and 9 of death followed Gaylord closely, feeling hungry and thirsty. 10, each time he wanted to give up, he forced(迫使) himself to 11 at the pear that he had been keeping: "Not too bad, at least I have a pear."

A small pear became the 12 for his survival(幸存) of his courage. Three days later, when he saw a village not far away, he fell onto the ground, but after all, he 13 out of the desert and survived as well.

To keep hope is one of the best ways to achieve 14, so never tell you "15 left", because as long as you try to search, you can always find that "pear" to pull you through.


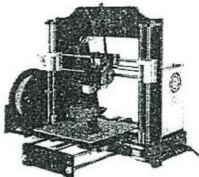
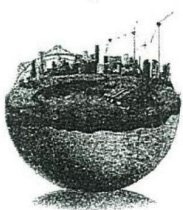
- |                     |              |             |               |
|---------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. A. years         | B. months    | C. weeks    | D. days       |
| 2. A. usual         | B. enough    | C. spare    | D. little     |
| 3. A. Before        | B. After     | C. When     | D. Since      |
| 4. A. standing      | B. sitting   | C. lying    | D. sleeping   |
| 5. A. remembered    | B. managed   | C. finished | D. found      |
| 6. A. traveler      | B. sandstorm | C. desert   | D. sand       |
| 7. A. apple         | B. pear      | C. orange   | D. banana     |
| 8. A. without doubt | B. at first  | C. in fact  | D. at least   |
| 9. A. fear          | B. pain      | C. shock    | D. trouble    |
| 10. A. Gradually    | B. Instead   | C. However  | D. Nowadays   |
| 11. A. stare        | B. look      | C. point    | D. knock      |
| 12. A. sadness      | B. control   | C. hope     | D. interest   |
| 13. A. climbed      | B. left      | C. helped   | D. walked     |
| 14. A. success      | B. power     | C. courage  | D. experience |
| 15. A. everything   | B. anything  | C. nothing  | D. something  |

二、阅读理解(本题有15小题，每小题2分；共计30分)

阅读下面材料，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

(A)

Print a mobile phone at home. Download(下载) a film in just one second. Control your house from your hand. These are just a few of the technologies that we may see in 2019. Let's take a look at a few of them.

	<p><b>5G Internet</b></p> <p>The US will test 5G this year, while the UK will do so in 2020. China has already tested 5G in some parts of Beijing and Hebei.</p> <p>Its speed is about 10 to 20 times faster than 4G networks(网络). You can download a whole film in just one second with 5G. This used to take a few minutes with 4G networks. With the help of 5G, we can use the Internet of Things (IoT, 物联网). IoT connects everyday devices(设备) to the Internet. People can control their devices from far away with IoT.</p>
	<p><b>3D metal printing</b></p> <p>3D printers first came out in the 1990s. They are expensive, each costing thousands of dollars and can only print plastics and other basic materials. But now, some 3D printers can print metal. People can use 3D printing to make things like small metal parts for cars, key rings, toys and jewelry (珠宝). This will help to save time and money. More people might think about buying their own 3D printers.</p>
	<p><b>Green energy</b></p> <p>Many countries are working hard to control pollution and greenhouse gases. The use of technology like electric cars and solar energy (太阳能) might increase this year. More carmakers, including Audi and Volvo, will have electric cars on the road in 2019. And by 2025, almost every sixth car sold in the world will be electric. The use of solar devices, including solar panels (太阳能板), may go up by 18 percent through 2019.</p>

16. What will you use if you want to turn on TV while you're on your way back home?
  - A. 4G Internet.
  - B. 5G Internet.
  - C. 3D metal printing.
  - D. Green energy.
17. Why might more people think about using 3D metal printing?
  - A. Because it will help to save time and money.
  - B. Because it's difficult to make small metal parts.
  - C. Because 3D printers will become cheaper and more useful.
  - D. Because people don't like to use plastics and other basic materials any more.
18. Which of the following statements is TRUE?
  - A. It will take us one minute to download a whole film with 5G network.
  - B. 3D metal printers can print cars with solar energy in 2019.
  - C. Green energy will get more and more popular through 2019.
  - D. The use of solar devices may go up by 18 percent by 2025.

(B)

When I was a little girl, my father loved to play catch (抛接球游戏) with me. I wasn't very good, but he would encourage me. He would always tell me "keep your eye on the ball", as I was not able to catch even the easiest of throws.

As I got older, we didn't play catch as much. If I had a problem, I would go to my father to ask for his advice. He would try to joke with me and say "keep your eye on the ball". We would both laugh because usually that advice wasn't useful for me to solve the problem, but he would try to make me smile.

My father became ill in 1995 when I was 23. As he fell sick of a serious illness, he could not speak. There weren't any more conversations. He could have only mouth words, which were sometimes hard to understand. After a while, I seemed to be pretty good at reading his lips (读唇语), even better than the nurses who were caring for him.

During our last conversation, I was telling him about a problem I was having with my boyfriend. Once again, I could read his lips: "Keep your eye on the ball." We both smiled.



That was the last time I saw my father before he passed away. Since then, when I get into stressful situations, I always tell myself, “▲.”

19. What did the writer's father mean by saying “keep your eye on the ball” at first?
  - A. He told her to be careful.
  - B. He wanted to teach her a life lesson.
  - C. He wanted her to work harder.
  - D. He laughed at her when she missed the ball.
20. What did the writer's father do when she asked for advice?
  - A. He tried to solve the problem for her.
  - B. He didn't care about her problem.
  - C. He joked with her and made her smile.
  - D. He told her to solve the problem on her own.
21. Which of the following can describe the writer's father?
 

A. Serious.	B. Cheerful.	C. Honest.	D. Careless.
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22. Which of the following is the best for the blank(空白处) at the end of the story?
 

A. Don't give up forever	B. Get out of stressful situations
C. Read my father's lips again	D. Keep your eye on the ball

(C)

① People spend almost a third of their lives doing one thing: sleeping. Every year, there is a special day for people around the world to celebrate the importance of good and healthy sleep—World Sleep Day.

② Sleep is like food for the brain. Enough sleep helps the body and brain grow. People of different ages need different amounts of sleep. According to the National Sleep Foundation (国家睡眠基金会) in the US, adults need seven to nine hours of sleep every night. For students aged 10 to 17, a healthy amount is about eight to nine hours per night.

③ However, many students don't get enough sleep because of early school start times and too much homework. The China Youth and Children Research Center said that about 80 percent of middle school students don't get enough sleep.

④ It has influences on students' school life. Students without enough sleep may get poor grades. They cannot pay attention in class or do well in sports.

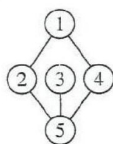
⑤ To solve this problem, scientists advise that students should get less schoolwork and more time to sleep. Taking a 20-minute nap (午睡) during the day is also useful. Good sleep habits help a lot. For example, try to go to sleep and wake up at the same time every day, even on weekends and during holidays.

23. Why don't students get enough sleep?
  - a. Because they have sleeping problems.
  - b. Because they have too many after-school activities.
  - c. Because they have too much homework.
  - d. Because they have to get up early for school.

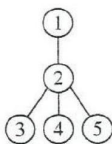
A. ab	B. bc	C. cd	D. ad
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24. What might happen if teenagers don't get enough sleep according to the passage?
  - A. They might not learn well in class.
  - B. They might be unhappy all day.
  - C. They might be excited during the day.
  - D. They might take no interest in playing sports.
25. What can students do to make sure they get enough sleep?
  - A. Do homework at school.
  - B. Build good sleep habits.
  - C. Take a nap during classes.
  - D. Sleep more on weekends.

26. Which of the following shows the structure (结构) of the passage?

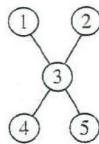
(① = Paragraph 1, ② = Paragraph 2, ...)



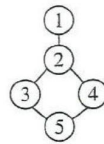
A



B



C



D

(D)

Being honest is important. To build trust in society, individuals and companies in China who behave dishonestly (不诚实地) will be punished.

Over the past month, 38 Chinese government authorities have signed more than 30 memoranda (备忘录) with each other. They promised to share information about dishonest individuals and companies and punish them accordingly, Xinhua reported.

For example, people who avoid paying their taxes or disrupt (扰乱) public order will be put on a government **blacklist**. They will be prevented from buying certain items and services for 180 days, including plane and train tickets.

LeEco founder Jia Yueting, who failed to repay millions of *yuan*, is on the blacklist. Sun He, a man who stole a woman's seat on a train on August 21 and refused to move, is on the list as well.

Those with dishonest behavior in the field of intellectual property right will also be punished. They will not be allowed to book high-end hotels or buy houses in China, China News Service noted.

China is setting up a national social credit (信用) system that is expected to be fully carried out by the end of 2020. By then, every person, company and organization in China will have to register (注册) for an official credit score, *Beijing Morning Post* reported.

Credit scores are already widely used in some areas. For example, banks will check your score if you require a credit card. If you don't pay your bills on time, your score drops and you cannot receive loans (贷款) from banks for a certain period.



27. What does the word "blacklist" in Paragraph 3 mean in Chinese?

A. 排行榜

B. 黑名单

C. 清单

D. 菜单

28. How WON'T people be punished if they behave dishonestly?

A. They can't travel by plane for some time.

B. They can't check into some certain hotels.

C. They can't buy houses in China.

D. They are not allowed to book restaurants.

29. What will the government do to deal with dishonesty according to the passage?

A. Set up a national credit system.

B. Place more cameras in public places.

C. Ask companies to create a blacklist.

D. Keep records of people's credit cards.

30. Which of the following can be the best title of the passage?

A. Create A Blacklist

B. Check Your Score

C. Keep Up Your Credit

D. Punish Dishonesty

三、任务型阅读(本题有 5 小题, 每小题 1 分; 共计 5 分)

魏鑫同学在学校科技兴趣拓展课上看到了一篇老师推荐的关于四种不同发明创造的科普文章, 但缺少了 4 个小标题, 现请你帮助魏鑫根据描述将小标题插图 A、B、C、D 填入 31—34 相应的空格中, 并完成第 35 小题。

Inventions make the world better, smarter and a little more fun.

31

People hate to wear a helmet (头盔) because it's thick and heavy. Morpher is a bike helmet made from plastics. It is just as strong as the traditional ones, but flexible (灵活的) enough to fold almost totally flat. It is much easier to carry, too.



32

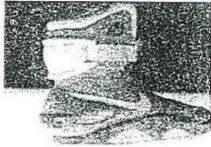
After we see the movie *Back to the Future*, almost everyone wants a pair of self-tying shoes. Now, thanks to Nike, the shoe dream comes true. When you press a button, the shoes can tie themselves.

33

An alarm clock, called Hello Sense, can improve your sleep. It can control the temperature, light and even air quality in your bedroom to help you have a perfect sleep environment. And it can record your sleep cycles.

34

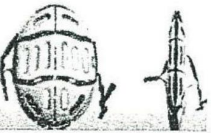
The lack(缺乏) of vitamin A can cause blindness and many other illnesses. In sub-Saharan Africa, plant experts are helping them grow a kind of new sweet potatoes. These potatoes can help them fight against some illnesses.



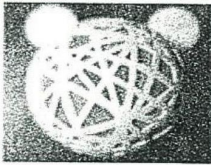
A.



B.



C.



D.

35. Where might we find this passage?

- A. In a newspaper.  
C. In a guide book.

- B. In a story book.  
D. In a cookery book.

四、词汇运用(本题有 15 小题,每小题 1 分;共计 15 分)

A. 根据下列句子及所给汉语注释,写出空缺处各单词的正确形式,每空只写一词。

36. There has been a trade ▲ (战争) between China and the US since 2018.  
37. Tu Youyou, one of the Nobel Prize winners, was ▲ (出生) in Ningbo in 1930.  
38. Many ▲ (工人) want to spend their time with their family on weekends nowadays.  
39. Chang'e IV successfully landed on the back of the moon on January 3, 2019. Everyone is very ▲ (自豪的) of it.  
40. The Chinese government has ▲ (警告) us not to go to Canada recently.  
41. When I was seven coughing ▲ (严重地), my mom said no ice-cream for me.  
42. Linda ▲ (参加) a concert yesterday and her bag might still be in the music hall.  
43. You're not supposed to eat anything with your hands ▲ (除了) bread.  
44. It's said that iPhone XS Max is so expensive that Nancy's father can't ▲ (买得起) one.  
45. We are always ▲ (感激的) to what the great physicist Yu Min has done.

B. 根据短文内容,用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,每词限用一次。

clothes lucky sleep lift tooth

Matt: Why were you late for class today, Kevin?

Kevin: My alarm clock didn't go off! I kept ▲ 46, and when I woke up it was already 8:00 a. m. !

Matt: Oh, no!

Kevin: So I just quickly put on some ▲ 47 and rushed out of the door.

Matt: You didn't eat breakfast?

Kevin: No, I didn't even brush my ▲ 48 or wash my face! But before I got to the bus stop, the bus had already left.

Matt: Then how did you get here?

Kevin: ▲ 49, Carl's dad saw me on the street and gave me a ▲ 50 in his car.

Matt: Well, at least by the time you got to school, you were only five minutes late for class.

五、语法填空(本题有 10 小题,每小题 1 分;共计 10 分)

阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,在空格处填入一个适当的词或使用括号中词语的正确形式填空。

Mr. King lives in a village. He has a small farm and works hard on it. He's very 51 and has little time to travel. One autumn, he picked a lot of 52 (apple) in his garden. He sold them in the town and got a lot of money and was going to travel to London. His wife asked him to take her there. He agreed 53 her and a few days later they took a train and left for the capital.

They 54 (visit) some places of interest, some parks and a zoo. Mrs. King bought some nice clothes for her family and they had a good time there. 55 one evening, the woman felt sick. Her husband had to take her to a hospital. But he didn't know 56 the hospital was. He stopped a man and asked, "Excuse me, sir? Which is the way 57 the hospital, please?"

The man was French and he 58 (can't) speak English. Mr. King said sorry to him and had to ask someone else. He saw a few young men 59 (come) out of a bar. He went up to them and asked them the way. They had all drunk too much. One of them said, "You should lie in the middle of the street, and soon they 60 (take) you to hospital!"



六、书面表达(本题有 1 小题;共计 20 分)

61. 假设你是李华,你的英国朋友 Rena 通过 BBC 拍摄的两部关于中国节日的纪录片《春节》(*Spring Festival*)和《中秋节》(*the Mid-Autumn Festival*),了解到在中国过春节和中秋节的一些情况。现在她很想知道你家过春节或中秋节有哪些活动,对你来说有什么意义或建议。请给她写一封邮件,介绍你所理解的一个节日(两选一)。

Festival	Spring Festival	the Mid-Autumn Festival
Activities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆go shopping, clean the house</li> <li>◆go on trips</li> <li>◆eat dumplings</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>●come back home, buy mooncakes</li> <li>●eat mooncakes, watch the moon</li> <li>●drink fine wine(酒)</li> </ul>
Your opinions	...	...

注意:(1)短文应包括上述所选要点,可适当发挥,以使行文连贯;

(2)文中不得出现真实的人名、校名及地名;

(3)词数:80—100;

(4)邮件正文首句仅供参考,不计入总词数。

邮件正文首句:I'm glad that you are interested in ▲ (Spring Festival or the Mid-Autumn Festival).

Dear Rena,

I really hope you can come and enjoy the festival some day.

Best wishes,

Li Hua

# 2020-2021学年宁波市惠贞书院九年级第一学期月考试题

## 参考答案

### 一、完形填空(本题有 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. D  | 2. B  | 3. A  | 4. C  | 5. D  |
| 6. B  | 7. B  | 8. D  | 9. A  | 10. C |
| 11. A | 12. C | 13. D | 14. A | 15. C |

### 二、阅读理解(本题有 15 小题,每小题 2 分;共计 30 分)

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 16. B | 17. A | 18. C | 19. A | 20. C |
| 21. B | 22. D | 23. C | 24. A | 25. B |
| 26. D | 27. B | 28. D | 29. A | 30. C |

### 三、任务型阅读(本题有 5 小题,每小题 1 分;共计 5 分)

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 31. C | 32. A | 33. D | 34. B | 35. A |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

### 四、词汇运用(本题有 15 小题,每小题 1 分;共计 15 分)

- |                     |              |             |             |              |
|---------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 36. war             | 37. born     | 38. workers | 39. proud   | 40. warned   |
| 41. badly/seriously | 42. attended | 43. except  | 44. afford  | 45. thankful |
| 46. sleeping        | 47. clothes  | 48. teeth   | 49. Luckily | 50. lift     |

### 五、语法填空(本题有 10 小题,每小题 1 分;共计 10 分)

- |           |            |              |             |               |
|-----------|------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| 51. busy  | 52. apples | 53. with     | 54. visited | 55. But       |
| 56. where | 57. to     | 58. couldn't | 59. coming  | 60. will take |

### 六、书面表达(本题有 1 小题;共计 20 分)

#### 61. Possible version 1:

Dear Rena,

I'm glad that you are interested in Spring Festival. Every year, we do a lot of preparations for it. My parents go shopping while I clean the house. The whole family works together to prepare for the holiday.

But during the festival we don't always stay at home. We sometimes go on trips to cities in southern China because it's warmer there. But we always eat dumplings, no matter where we are.

For me, Spring Festival is about spending time with my family. I love having fun with them. Sitting on the sofa and watching TV together with them is the best way to welcome a new year.

I really hope you can come and enjoy the festival some day.

Best wishes,

Li Hua

#### Possible version 2:

Dear Rena,

I'm glad that you are interested in the Mid-Autumn Festival. Every year, we do a lot of preparations for it. No matter where my family are, we try to come back home. My mother always buys some mooncakes which are in the shape of a full moon.

On the Mid-Autumn night, it's a central part for my family to eat mooncakes while watching the full moon. We sometimes drink some fine wine as well.

For me, the Mid-Autumn Festival is about spending time with my family. I love having fun with them. Admiring the moon and sharing mooncakes together with them is the best way to spend the wonderful night.

I really hope you can come and enjoy the festival some day.

Best wishes,

Li Hua