

试卷类型:A

2020—2021 学年第一学期期中质量检测

九年级英语试题

2020.11

注意事项:

1. 本试题满分 80 分,考试时间为 90 分钟;
2. 答卷前务必将试题密封线内及答题卡上面的项目填涂清楚。所有答案都必须涂、写在答题卡相应位置,答在本试卷上一律无效;
3. 非选择题用黑色钢笔或碳素笔作答。

一、阅读理解(共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

When I was in primary school, I got into a big argument with a boy in my class. I have forgotten what the argument was about, but I have never forgotten the lesson I learned that day.

I was sure that I was right and he was wrong and he was just as convinced that I was wrong and he was right. Our teacher decided to teach us a very important lesson.

She brought us up to the front of the class and placed him on one side of her desk and me on the other. In the middle of her desk was a large, round object (物体). I could see that it was black. She asked the boy what color the object was. "White," he answered.

I couldn't believe he said the object was white, when it was clearly black! Another argument started between my classmate and me, this time about the color of the object.

The teacher told me to go to stand where the boy was standing and told him to come to stand where I had been. We changed places, and then she asked me what the color of the object was. I had to answer, "White."

It was an object with two differently colored sides, and from his viewpoint (视角) it was white. Only from my side was it black.

Sometimes we need to look at things from the other person's view in order to truly understand them.

1. What happened to the writer first?
 - A. She fought with a girl in her class.
 - B. She didn't get along well with boys.
 - C. She got into an argument with a boy.
 - D. A boy tried to teach her a lesson.

九年级英语 第 1 页(共 8 页)



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班级

姓名

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2. When she was in the boy's place, the writer changed her answer because the object looked different from her side.
- A. the boy changed his answer B. the object looked different from her side
C. she refused to agree with the boy D. the teacher told her the correct answer
3. Which word would you use to describe the teacher?
- A. changeable B. tricky C. wise D. strict
4. What lesson can we learn from the story?
- A. Look at things from other people's points of view.
B. Nobody can always be right.
C. Different people have different opinions.
D. Seeing is not always believing.

B

This week's top two writers



The writer, Alexander McCall Smith was born to Scottish parents in Zimbabwe in 1948. He grew up there and then moved to the UK to study at the University of Edinburgh. Returning to Africa, he taught at a university in Botswana for a number of years.

McCall Smith has written many books, but he is best - known for his books about a lady detective (女侦探) in Botswana - Mma Ramotswe. She is a lady of traditional build and likes helping people. So, she opens "the No. 1 Ladies' Detective Agency", and

does just that.

There have been several books about her, and each one shows the kind, funny, and mostly good side of human nature - the side the writer sees in the people of Botswana.



Aravind Adiga was born in India, the son of a doctor. After he finished his studies in universities in America and the UK, Adiga became a reporter. His first book *The White Tiger* won an important award (奖) in 2008.

The main character of the book *Balram Halwai* starts life as a servant (仆人) in modern India and finally becomes a successful businessman. As he tells the story, Balram shows readers the real life of the Indian poor.

How did Adiga create such a story about the poor since he is from a comfortable middle - class (中产阶级的) family? He says that as a reporter he travelled widely, and spent a lot of time talking with poor people. Those conversations helped build the character of Balram.



5. Alexander McCall Smith went to university in _____.

- A. India B. Zimbabwe C. the UK D. the Us

6. The books about Mma Ramotswe show _____ in Botswana.

- A. traditions B. great ladies
C. interesting jobs D. the good side of people

7. Which is Not True about The White Tiger?

- A. It won an award in 2008.
B. Its main character is a doctor.
C. It is its writer's first book.
D. Its writer's working experience is helpful in writing it.

8. The material is probably from a _____.

- A. storybook B. newspaper C. travel guide D. public letter

C

When you open apps such as QQ or Douyin, do you get a pop-up (弹出窗口) that lets you put the app in "teen mode(青少年模式)"?

Many apps, especially those for social media and video, have added this feature (功能) to protect teenagers. It says this will give them a better experience and make sure they're using the app in a healthy way.

For example, video apps that have this feature might only allow users to watch 40 minutes of video. The videos they can watch are marked safe and might even be educational (有教育意义的). There are no advertisements and users cannot top up (充值) their accounts (账号) with money.

In QQ's teen mode, users can only talk to people who are on their contact (联系人) list. Their chat records show pinyin, which is useful for primary school students.

However, teen mode does not work effectively (有效地) for all apps. Some livestreaming (直播) apps have no difference in content (内容) between teen mode and normal mode. And in some video apps, teen mode will start after 40 minutes of viewing time. But users can get past it by clicking "I know" and continue watching.

9. Why are apps adding "teen mode"?

- A. To give users a better experience.
B. To stop teenagers from using the apps.
C. To give teenagers a place to study.
D. To keep teenagers safe from unhealthy content.



10. When using video apps in "teen mode", teenagers _____.
a. can watch whatever videos they want b. have a limited time to watch videos
c. cannot spend money on the apps d. can find educational videos
A. abc B. abd C. acd D. bcd
11. The last paragraph shows that _____.
A. not every "teen mode" feature works well
B. many apps do not have "teen mode"
C. teenagers don't like to use "teen mode"
D. "teen mode" protects teenagers well

D

Have you ever had the following experience? You stand in front of your fridge, holding two large bottles of milk. The sad thing is that there's already milk in it. 12 It allows you to look into your fridge while you're at the supermarket. This way, you know exactly what you need to buy.

The Fridge Eye was invented by a German company called Brezzl. It can work with any fridge. 13 You just need to put it on a wall in the fridge, giving it a clear view of the fridge's interior(内部), and connect it to your home Wi-Fi. The Fridge Eye runs on batteries(电池), and it can work for years at a time.

14 As its name suggests, the Fridge Eye is a camera. The camera helps you look into your fridge from anywhere, to know if you're running shorts of fruits, vegetables, bread or orange juice. Every time you close the fridge door, the Fridge Eye takes a photo of the things in your fridge. 15 While you're at the supermarket, you can easily see the latest photo to decide what to buy.

The best thing about the Fridge Eye is that it can help save time and money. Thanks to it, you don't need to spend much time making shopping lists and you won't buy any unnecessary food.

根据短文内容,从下列选项中选出能填入文中空白处的最佳选项,选项中有一项多余。

- A. Then how does it work?
B. And it's easy to set it up.
C. Then it sends the photo to your phone by using your home Wi-Fi.
D. The Fridge Eye won't cost you too much.
E. If the answer is yes, you need the Fridge Eye.



二、语言知识运用(共 20 小题;满分 20 分)

A

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

It was about to rain. Hank and his brother Isaac ran to the house. 16 they entered the living room, they saw their mum lying on the floor.

Hank shook her and shouted, "Mum, wake up!" She didn't 17, so Hank tried once again and Isaac began to cry.

"18, Isaac. It will be OK." Hank said, but he had to think quickly. Though he was only eight years old, he was the older one and the only one who could help.

Then he remembered 19 Grandma used to play a game with him. She would act a 911 operator(接线员). She would ask him questions like, What's your name? "What's your 20" He had learned all the answers, so he knew what to do.

Hank picked up the 21 and punched out(按键) the number 911. A woman answered it, "911, what's your emergency(突发事件)?" Hank said, "My name is Hank Robinson. My mum is on the 22. She looks like she is sleeping, but I can't wake her up." Then the woman asked Hank all the 23 he practised with Grandma. He remembered to speak loudly and clearly to help the operator get the necessary information. At last, Hank said in a loud and clear voice, "I live at 1203 Oak Street, in Madison."

The woman on the phone told Hank not to hang up 24 someone came to his house. Soon two firemen came to help. They helped Hank's mum to wake up. Finally, she sat up and began to feel 25. She smiled and thanked the firemen, and they told her that Hank did a perfect thing because he helped save her life.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| 16. A. Because | B. As | C. If | D. Though |
| 17. A. reply | B. appear | C. sleep | D. come |
| 18. A. Come on | B. Hurry up | C. By the way | D. Don't worry |
| 19. A. why | B. how | C. when | D. where |
| 20. A. number | B. name | C. address | D. hobby |
| 21. A. phone | B. TV | C. computer | D. key |
| 22. A. bed | B. table | C. floor | D. truck |
| 23. A. answers | B. exercise | C. questions | D. advice |
| 24. A. when | B. after | C. so | D. until |
| 25. A. worse | B. nervous | C. angry | D. better |



B

阅读下面短文,用括号内所给词的适当形式填空,必要时可加助动词。(每小题1分,共10分)

In April 2020, Cynthia Kudji and her daughter Jasmine graduated from medical school at the same time and now 26 (them) will be working at the same hospital.

When Cynthia Kudji was 23 years old, she dreamed of 27 (become) a doctor. However, she had to put her dream on hold because she was pregnant (怀孕) with her daughter. At 43, she decided to pursue (攻读) her medical degree. "If I don't do something now, I 28 (miss) the chance of pursuing my dream forever," she thought to 29 (her).

Cynthia and Jasmine attended medical school at the same time, but the two schools are 30 (hundred) of miles away from one another. They missed each other very much and they could just communicate with each other through video calls. "At first it was really difficult because my mum and I had always been together and never got 31 (separate)," Jasmine said. "But over time we got used to it."

Both of them studied hard and they often encouraged each other. "My mum was very helpful," Jasmine said 32 (proud). "We always laugh together, study together and cry together. I am so excited 33 (hear) the news that we can work together."

So far, Cynthia and Jasmine 34 (complete) the most difficult and important part of their life journey. They believe their future will be much 35 (bright).

三、阅读表达(共5小题;每小题2分,共10分)

阅读下面的短文,根据短文后的要求答题。

Confidence (自信) is very important in daily life. It can help you to develop a healthy attitude (态度). A study shows that the people who are more confident are much happier. They can have more chances to make themselves successful. But how to be more confident? Here are some suggestions:

• **Speak loud** When you are not confident, you can't do well what you want to do. You speak in a voice so low that other people can hardly hear you. Try to speak loudly enough so that people can hear you clearly. The high voice can help you become more confident.

• **Play sports** Physical exercise makes you tired (1) completely relaxed. A strong body helps you be full of confidence.



• **Encourage yourself** Write down a list of things you did during the day to see how many things you have done well. Did you finish your homework? Did you tell a joke that made everybody laugh? Give yourself praise for the good things you've done.

• **Get rid of (消除) fear** Fear comes along with failure (失败). But it's easy to overcome (克服) if you know that failure is part of your life. Don't hide your head just (2) you said something stupid last time. Try to start again and believe you can do better.

• **Pick up a hobby** If you like singing, sing as much as you can. In some ways, a hobby can make you outstanding. And it will make you happy and confident.

36. How many suggestions can help you to be more confident? 3

37. How can you encourage yourself? (根据短文内容, 回答问题)

38. 在(1)、(2)处各填一个恰当的单词, 使语法正确, 句意连贯。

(1) and (2) because

39. 将短文中划线的句子译成汉语。

40. 请给短文拟一个合适的标题。

四、翻译句子(共5小题;每小题2分,共10分)

用括号内所给的词或短语, 将下列句子译成英语。

41. 他们通过听收音机学习英语。(by doing sth.)

42. 你至少要花费20分钟才能到达那里。(take, at least)

43. 老师刚刚往瓶子里装满了水。(fill...with...)

44. 父母不应该为孩子们安排一切。(manage)

45. 他独自生活已有10年了。(on one's own)



五、写作(共 10 分)

英雄的力量是巨大的,它能促使我们自律、自省、自励。人人心目中都有自己崇拜的英雄,有人崇拜伟人、军人、警察、医生……,有人崇拜父母、老师、同学……。请根据以下提示以“The hero in my heart”为题用英语写一篇短文。

提示:

1. Who is your hero?
2. Why do you think he/she is a hero?
3. What can you learn from him/her?

要求:

1. 不少于 80 词;
2. 语言表达要准确,语法正确,语意要通顺、连贯,书写规范工整;
3. 文中不要出现作者本人的真实信息。

The hero in my heart

