**镇江市市区学校2020~2021学年第一学期期中调研**

**七年级英语试卷**

**满分：120 分 时间：90 分钟**

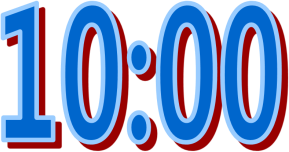
**一、听力（共20小题；每小题1分，满分20分）**

**A）听对话回答问题，将正确选项填写在答题纸相应位置。（听两遍）**

1．How does Lucy’s brother go to school?

A.  B.  C. 

2．What time does Jim usually have breakfast?

A.  B.  C. 

3．What sport does the boy like?

A.  B.  C. 

4. Who is Lucy?

A.  B.  C. 

5．How many students are there in Class Five?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. 20 | B. 18 | C. 38 |

1. What is Ted’s mother?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. A doctor. | B. A teacher. | C. A worker. |

1. When does Lily have an art lesson?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. On Tuesday. | B. On Friday. | C. On Thursday. |

1. What will Simon do this Saturday afternoon?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. Go shopping. | B. Watch TV. | C. Play basketball. |

1. Where are the two speakers now?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. At home. | B. At the bus stop. | C. In the classroom. |

1. How long is the reading room open?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. For five hours. | B. For eight hours. | C. For nine hours. |

**B）听对话和短文，回答问题。 本部分你将听到一段对话和两篇短文，各听两遍。**

**听一段对话，回答11-12题。**

1. Where does Tom read books at the weekend?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. At home. | B. In the library. | C. In the reading room. |

1. How often does Millie go on picnics?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. Once a week. | B. Once a month. | C. Twice a week. |

**听第一篇短文，回答第13-15小题。请根据短文内容，选择正确答案，完成信息记录表**。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Peter’s Day** | |
| **Morning** | writing 13 with friends |
| **Afternoon** | 14 |
| **Evening** | starting to work at 15 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. videos | B. music | C. books |
| 1. A. sleeping | B. swimming | C. singing |
| 1. A. 6:00 p.m. | B. 7:00 p.m. | C. 8:00 p.m. |

**听第二篇短文，回答第16-20小题。**

1. Who is the letter to?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. Amy. | B. Mr. Green. | C. Mr. Smith. |

1. What club does Amy want to join?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. The Reading Club. | B. The Volleyball Club. | C. The Singing Club. |

1. When can Amy take part in club activities?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. On Mondays. | B. On Sundays. | C. On Saturdays. |

1. When does Amy practice reading Chinese and English every day?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. After class. | B. Before class. | C. In and out of class. |

1. What is Amy’s phone number?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. 52216789. | B. 51226789. | C. 51227869. |

**笔试部分**

**二、单项选择。（共15小题；每小题1分，计15分）**

21. In China, fathers always have ▲ hard time showing their love to their children.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. a | B. an | C. the | D. \ |

22. Chinese schools often have parents’ meetings. And in Millie’s school, it’s ▲ the

first Friday afternoon of a new term.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. in | B. on | C. at | D. of |

1. I don’t feel that I’m **ready** for my English exam. How do we read the word **ready**?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. [ˈrædi] | B. [ˈraidi] | C. [ˈredi] | D. [ˈridi] |

1. John is from the USA. He likes learning Chinese, but he can’t speak it ▲ .

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. good | B. much | C. nice | D. well |

25. —Do you like the film *Frozen II*(冰雪奇缘2)?

—Yes, and the music in it ▲ great.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. looks | B. sounds | C. feels | D. tastes |

26. —Which one has **different** sound from others?

—It is ▲ .

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. pardon | B. garden | C. quarter | D. park |

27. —Lily, this is a present for ▲ , happy birthday!

—What a nice dress! Thank you, Lucy!

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. him | B. me | C. you | D. her |

1. David is a kind boy, he is ▲ angry with others.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. often | B. seldom | C. always | D. usually |

29. —What do you like to do in your free time?

—I love listening to music. It ▲ me happy.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. lets | B. helps | C. makes | D. takes |

30. —What ▲ your History teacher like?

—He is kind and helpful. I like him very much.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. do | B. is | C. does | D. are |

1. Doing morning exercises ▲ good for us. It helps us get ready for the day.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. is | B. am | C. are | D. be |

32. — ▲ homework do you have every day?

— We usually have an hour of homework.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. How many | B. How much | C. How long | D. How soon |

33. — I am so happy that my penfriend will come to visit me this winter holiday.

— Then you can ▲ her ▲ Zhenjiang and taste some delicious food.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. look, around | B. take, around | C. show, around | D. bring, around |

34. —Tony would like ▲ with us. Can he join us?

— Of course he can.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. go shopping | B. going shopping | C. to go shopping | D. goes shopping |

35. —I’m going to visit the museum this weekend. What about you?

— ▲ . I like the museum, but I also want to have a picnic with my family.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. I hope so. | B. Why not? | C. I’m not sure. | D. All right. |

**三、完形填空（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

What does it mean to “lose and gain” (失与得)? The book *Bridge to Terabithia*(《仙境之桥》) by US writer Katherine Paterson may give you new 36 .

It tells the story of two children, Jesse Aarons and Leslie Burke. Jesse is a lonely(孤独的) boy

while Leslie is an outgoing(外向的) girl. They 37 each other in the playground. Jesse wants to be a 38 runner in Grade 5. He keeps running all summer. But on the first day of school, Leslie runs 39 . Later, they become best 40 .

Together, they make a *magical kingdom* in the woods, called Terabithia. However, one day. Jesse hurts his heart(心), At that time, Jesse 41 how much courage(勇气) Leslie has given him.

The writer Katherine doesn’t have a happy childhood, 42 she often gives her characters(人物) a lonely life. Then she would give them happiness. But at the end of the story, the characters will lose 43 they have. Her story is full of “ups and downs”. Katherine is good at 44 characters’ feelings. You can feel 45 when characters lose something beautiful.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 36. A. answers | B. ways | C. places | D. questions |
| 37. A. teach | B. meet | C. talk | D. visit |
| 38. A. good | B. old | C. young | D. bad |
| 39. A. slower | B. smaller | C. easier | D. faster |
| 40. A. students | B. teachers | C. children | D. friends |
| 41. A. learns | B. asks | C. forgets | D. needs |
| 42. A. because | B. but | C. and | D. so |
| 43. A. what | B. when | C. why | D. where |
| 44. A. saying | B. showing | C. looking | D. hearing |
| 45. A. cute | B. old | C. sad | D. happy |

**四、阅读理解（共10小题；每小题2分，满分20分）**

A

Dan lives in Nanjing. Please read and learn about his day.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 6:30 a.m. | I have breakfast and read English for 30 minutes. |
| 7:20 a.m. | My father drives me to school. It’s a 20-minute ride. |
| 7:50 a.m. | The class starts. I have Chinese, English, Maths and so on. Each class lasts 45 minutes. And I have a 10-minute rest between the two lessons. |
| 11:50 a.m. | It’s lunchtime! I have lunch at the dining hall. I have rice, meat, vegetables. After lunch, I often chat with my classmates and listen to music. |
| 1:30 p.m. | The class starts. |
| 4:50 p.m. | School finishes. I have time to do after-school activities. I often practice volleyball. |
| 6:00 p.m. | My father takes me home. Then I have dinner. I like eating dumplings, but I don’t like noodles. |
| 7:00 p.m. | I do my homework. After that, I listen to English. Then, I do some reading. |
| 9:30 p.m. | It’s time to go to bed. |

1. How much time does Dan use to read English every morning?

A. Ten minutes. B. Half an hour. C. Twenty minutes. D. Forty-five minutes.

47. What food does Dan like eating for dinner?

A. Meat. B. Noodles. C. Dumplings. D. Vegetables.

48. When does Dan practice volleyball?

A. After having dinner. B. After finishing his homework.

C. After reading some books. D. After practicing volleyball.

B

Pictures of Thanksgiving in the United States usually show happy families with big turkeys in the center. At my house, that moment lasts maybe 10 seconds.

Thanksgiving falls on the fourth Thursday in November each year. People go back to their hometown to greet their friends and family.

On Thursday morning, the family members are busy cooking the big meal. If the weather is bad – as it always is – families stay at home. By noon, my aunt Karla has too much wine and people are hungry, but it takes time to cook a turkey. When dinner is ready around 2:00 pm, everyone says something they are thankful for. I’m always thankful that someone takes the wine away from Aunt Karla.

This is when things heat up (变热闹). My uncle talks about his kids. Aunt Karla finds another bottle of wine. Grandma says that she makes better pumpkin pie. By the time we finish the pie, the house feels too small?

With Aunt Karla falling asleep on the sofa, we leave quickly to the theater. It’s always full of people on Thanksgiving. I guess my family isn’t so different from the rest!

49. From the story, what do we know about Thanksgiving?

A. People celebrate it by eating a big meal.

B. It only takes 10 seconds to eat a whole turkey.

C. It falls on the fourth weekend in November.

D. Only American people celebrate it.

50. What does the writer think of his aunt Karla?



A. She doesn’t like Thanksgiving. B. She is good at finding things.

C. She is too lazy to cook. D. She drinks too much wine.

51. What is the story mainly about?

A. How the writer’s family celebrates Thanksgiving.

B. Who the writer likes most in his family.

C. What Americans do on Thanksgiving.

D. Food and drinks on Thanksgiving.

C

Homework might be many kids’ least favorite part of school. It seems that Chinese kids have to do a lot of homework.

My friends, for example, have two children who go to school in China. They both have at least three hours of homework a night – when I was growing up, I almost never had more than an hour. The way we do homework seems to be different as well. In Chinese schools, there is a lot of memorization (背诵). We do this in the US as well, but we do more “out of the box” thinking, especially in some subjects, such as English. For example, we would write our own poems or short stories. We’d have to come up with the characters and plots (情节).

But then again, Chinese students usually do better than US students in maths. Some say it is because they spend more time memorizing things, such as **formulas**. They can help Chinese students do maths exercises.

52. The children of the writer’s friend ▲ .

A. can finish their homework in an hour B. do more homework than the writer did

C. are better students than the writer D. do homework together at home

53. In American schools, ▲ .

A. students don’t need to do any memorization

B. teachers use creative thinking tasks more often

C. students cannot improve their writing skills

D. students write long stories in English class

54. What does the underlined word “ **formulas** ” mean in Chinese at the end of the passage?

A 结果 B 单词 C 公式 D 古诗

55. The writer thinks Chinese students are usually better at math than US students because ▲ .

A. Chinese students can think “out of the box”

B. American students don’t like doing math homework

C. Chinese students spend more time memorizing things

D. American students think math is not important

**五、词汇运用（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

**A) 根据句意，用括号中所给词的正确形式填空，每空一词。**

56. Mary with her cousin ▲ (study) in Sunshine Middle School.

57. Amy is a member of the ▲ (swim) team. She always swims after school.

58. Doctors and nurses are my ▲ (hero). They do a lot to save people’s lives.

59. Daniel ▲ (not be) free this afternoon, so he can’t see a film with you.

60. The two boys need some rest. Don’t wake ▲ (they) up now.

**B) 根据句意及汉语、音标提示，写出单词的正确形式，每空一词。**

61. The new teaching buildings in our school look ▲ ['mɒd(ə)n] and beautiful.

62. My dream is to be a dancer and I practise hard to make it come ▲ [truː].

63. There're different kinds of books in the school library. We can ▲ (借) some from it?

64. My best friend and I are in the same ▲ (年级). We often play together after class.

65. There’s a volleyball match between our class and Class5. Wish our team good ▲ (好运)！ **六、句型转换（共5小题；每空1分，满分10分）**

66. My brother often spends two hours finishing his homework. (改为同义句 )

▲ ▲ my brother two hours to finish his homework.

67. The museum opens at 8a.m. and closes at 6p.m. (改为同义句 )

The museum ▲ ▲ from 8a.m. to 6p.m.

68. What other things does he want to do after school? (改为同义句 )

▲ ▲ does he want to do after school?

1. Hurry up, Tom! It’s time for class. (改为同义句 )

Hurry up, Tom! It’s time ▲ ▲ class.

70. Students in our school read in the library twice a week. (对划线部分提问)

▲ ▲ do the students in your school read in the library?

**七、短文填空（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

We all have ideas about the world and the things around us. It’s good to speak up! Let’s

l 71 at these ideas.

**Mike Fuksman, 34, US**

Have you been to a self-checkout (自助结账) shop yet? These shops make shopping easier. You just need to scan (扫描) a barcode (条形码) on the things you want to buy and then scan a QR code (二维码) on your p 72 to pay.

But it’s not always so e 73 . For example, I went to one of these shops one day. The man in f 74 of me was trying to scan his things. For some reason, the scanner didn’t work.

**Xu Jingyun, 12, Jiangsu**

Many students want to h 75 their own mobile phones. They look cool and kids can do a lot of things with them.

 But I don’t think mobile phones are good for most students because they’ll just use them to play g 76 . They also watch short videos on apps l 77 Douyin. If they have mobile phones, they will spend a lot of time p 78 with them.

 But mobile phones are really useful in many w 79 . We can get information and watch news. We can use apps to do things .We can order food and b 80 movie tickets(票).

**八、任务型阅读（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

A

Boys and girls, do you like tigers? Do you know any festivals about tigers? There is one in Russia（俄罗斯）—Tiger Day Festival. People in Vladivostok celebrate the festival in September every year. On that day, people go on parade(游行) on the street. Then they do some activities. People can also watch films to learn about tigers.

What a cute cat! But can you find out that it is a cake? It is at the Pastry Festival（糕点节）in Istanbul, Turkey.(土耳其)

People in Turkey love eating pastry. This year’s festival is on March 10 and 11. About 200 cooks come to the festival. They make lots of delicious and beautiful cakes and pies for visitors.

What’s on this woman’s back? Flowers! She is at the Flower Festival of Medellin Colombia.

People celebrate the festival in early August of each year. The most important part of the festival is the flower parade(游行). Each flower farmer can be in different colourful clothes. They carry different kinds of flowers on their backs.

阅读以上信息，完成下列表格, 每空一词。

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Different festivals around the world | | |
| Names of the festivals | 81 | Ways to celebrate the festival |
| Tiger Day Festival | In September | People go on parade on the streets and do some activities.  People can learn about by watching films 82 . |
| the Pastry Festival | In March | Cooks make 83 cakes and pies. |
| the 85 Festival | In August | Farmers 84 different colorful clothes.  They carry flowers on their backs to take part in a parade. |

B

Tony is from New York. He is only three years old but he can skateboard（玩滑板）very well. He doesn’t go to school because he is young. His mum teaches him a lot of things at home. Every day he also goes skateboarding with his father. He likes all kinds of balls, but he likes going skateboarding best.

Tony has a brother and a sister. His brother is 8 years old. His sister is 5 years old. His brother likes reading when he has time and his sister likes dancing. Tony likes skateboarding. His father is good at skateboarding. He teaches his children to skateboard but only Tony loves it. He is usually busy, so at weekends he takes Tony to a square near their houses. He asks Tony to practice it there from 3p.m to 5p.m . Tony practices it on Saturday and Sunday.

Tony can ride a skateboard to jump over many things, so he has lots of fans on the square. They often talk about him. His father hopes he can win a skateboarding match in the future.

阅读以上信息，完成下面的短文, 每空一词。

Tony is 3 years old and he has a brother and a sister, but they have different 86 . His brother likes reading in his 87 time. His sister loves dancing while Tony’s 88 sport is skateboarding. His father does 89 in skateboarding, too, so he often teaches his children to skateboard but only Tony likes it. He practices skateboarding on the square for two

90 twice a week. He skateboards so well that he has a lot of fans. His father hopes he can win the match in the future.

**九、书面表达（共1题；满分15分）**

在学校英语学习俱乐部成立一周年大会上，你被选为学生代表用英语发言，介绍你升入中学后半学期的学习和生活：

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **学校生活** | 1.所有的功课都有趣，很喜欢......  2.老师们......，同学们......  3.家离学校不远，步行10分钟到校 |
| **活动与锻炼** | 1.空余时间进行课外活动，喜欢......  2.经常在学校的图书馆里阅读，因为…… |
| **理想** | 希望……(至少二点) |

要求：

1. 条理清楚，语意连贯； 2. 紧扣主题，适当发挥，书写规范，标点正确；

3. 不少于80词， 发言稿的开头结尾已给出， 不计入总词数.

4. 文中不得出现真实的人名，校名。

Dear classmates,

I am in the middle school for half a term. I am glad to tell you all something about my life here.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_