**泉州第十六中学2020年秋季八年期中测试**

英语试卷 命题人：

考试时间：120分钟 满分： 150分

班级 座号 姓名

**I. 听力 (共三节，20小题，每小题1.5分，共30分)**

第一节 听句子。（每个句子读两遍）

（ ）1.



A B C

（ ）2.



（ ）3.

A B C

A B C

A B C





（ ）4.



（ ）5.

A B C

第二节 听对话 听下面七段对话。（每段对话读两遍）

听第1段对话，回答第6小题。

( )6. What does John do?

A. A postman B. A policeman. C. A journalist.

听第2段对话，回答第7小题。

( )7. What will Helen do?

A. To see a doctor. B. To take some medicine. C. To have a rest.

听第3段对话，回答第8小题。

( )8. What are they going to do tomorrow?

A. Go swimming . B. Go rowing. C. Go shopping.

听第4段对话，回答第9小题。

( )9. What does Tom want to have for breakfast?

A. Bread and a glass of milk. B. Eggs and a glass of milk.

C. Bread and a glass of juice.

听第5段对话，回答第10-11小题。

( )10. What’s wrong with the man?

A. He has a toothache. B. He has a headache. C. He has a stomachache.

( ) 11. How long has he been like this?

A. Four Days. B. Three Days. C. Two Days.

听第6段对话，回答第12-13小题。

( ) 12. Where is the railway station?

A. On the left of the street. B. At the end of the street. C. Behind a read building.

( ) 13. How will the man get there?

A. On foot. B. By bus. C. By taxi.

听第7段对话，回答第14-15小题。

( ) 14.Why does Sam have a stomachache?

A. Because he likes ice cream very much.

B. Because he ate too much ice cream.

C. Because he bought a lot of ice cream.

( ) 15. Where is Sam going?

A. His home. B. The hospital. C. The ice cream shop.

1. 听短文 完成下面表格，每空填一词。（短文读三遍）

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| What’s Peter’s \_\_\_16\_\_\_\_ | To do DIY |
| How many days to work | Sometimes 17 days a week |
| What to drink | Drink18 all day |
| What to play | Sometimes play the 19 . |
| What is Peter interested in | 20 any kind of new things he sees |

**笔试部分**

**Ⅱ. 单项选择。(共15小题，每小题1分，满分15分)**

( )21. Lily is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ eight-year-old girl. Last week she had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ flu.

A. a , a B. an, the C. a, the

( )22. —Mr. Hu, can you tell us how to learn swimming well?

—Sure. But remember we can learn nothing well \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard work.

A. with B. after C. without

( )23. I have some problems with my health. Can you give me some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. advice B. messages C. example

( )24. —Why are you so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—I am going to watch the movie ***Better Days***(少年的你) this Sunday.

A. sad B. angry C. excited

( )25.—Must I turn off the TV now?

—No, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.Today is Saturday.

A. mustn’t B. don’t have to C. can’t

( )26. The teacher often tells his students \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the river. It’s dangerous.

A. not swim B. to swim C. not to swim

( )27. —My brother’s English is quite poor.

—Don’t \_\_\_\_\_ . I can help him.

A. worry about him B. cheer him on C. look after him

( )28.\_\_\_\_\_is important \_\_\_\_\_ us to learn English well.

A. It, to B. It, for C. That, to

( )29.—May I go shopping with you, Mom?

—I’m afraid you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. You’d better finish your homework first.

A. should not B. can’t C. must not

( )30. Smoking is a bad habit and it may cause cancer. You should\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. give it up B. put it up C. get it up

( )31.-- You can speak English so well. Who taught \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

--- I teach \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. You, yourself B. you, myself C, yourself, myself

( )32. —My cousin is six years old. She is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_to go to school.

A. enough old B.old enough C. young enough

( )33. — Would you mind \_\_\_\_\_\_ the windows? I have a cold and I feel cold.

— Of course not. I’ll do it right away.

A. close B. opening C. closing

( )34. —May I ask you some questions, Jack?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. You’re welcome. B. Sure, go ahead. C. That’s OK. ( )35. —Hi, Mr. Wang. Let me help you carry the big box.

—No, thanks. The box is big, but there is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in it.

A. nothing heavy B. heavy nothing C. anything heavy

**Ⅲ.完形填空(共10小题，每小题1.5分，满分15分)**

The day after tomorrow is Wednesday. We are going to have a big party for Grandpa! 36 ? It’s his 85th birthday.

All the family members(成员) are going to come to the party. The party will be in Mianyang. My grandpa was born and 37 there. He always wants to go back to have a look. Now we help him make his 38 come true(实现). I believe my grandpa must be very 39 .

My uncle is a famous 40 in a restaurant in Shanghai. He is going to do all the dishes at the party. I’m sure he will give us a great meal.

Each of us will give my grandpa a 41 on that day. As the youngest grandson, I have a present for my \_\_42\_\_\_, too. I’m making a model bus. Grandpa was a

43 . He spent all his life 44 people who went to work by bus. He 45 love the present very much.

( )36. A. How B. Why C. When ( )37. A. got up B. put up C. grew up

( )38. A. problem B. team C. dream

( )39. A. rich B. excited C. serious ( )40. A. cook B. scientist C. actor ( )41. A. program B. present C. point

( )42. A. grandpa B. uncle C. grandma

( )43. A. teacher B. driver C. doctor

( )44. A. serve B. serving C. serves

( )45. A. must B. mustn’t C. should

**Ⅲ.阅读理解。（共25小题，45分，其中(A)(B)(C)(D)篇一题2分，(E)篇一题1分）**

**( A )**

Jim is a student in No. 1 Middle School. Last night. he didn't feel well. So he rode to the hospital to see a doctor. The doctor took his temperature. It was about 39℃. Then the doctor gave him some medicine. Here is the instruction of the medicine.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Instruction(说明) | |
| Age | Dose(剂量) |
| Over 18 | 2 pills |
| 12-17 | 1 pill |
| 5-11 | pill |
| \* Take it three times a day after each meal.  \* Not suitable(合适的) for children under the age of 5.  \* Put it in a cool and dry(干燥的) place.  \* Use it before May 2019. | |

( )46. Jim may be\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years old this year.

A. five B. eight C. thirteen D. thirty

( )47. Jim went to the hospital\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. by bike B. by bus C. by car D. on foot

( )48. What was wrong with Jim?

A. He had an accident B. He had a fever

C. He had a stomachache D. He had a headache

( )49.We can learn that a ten- year-old boy should take \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **a day**.

A. half a pill B. one and a half pills C. two pills D. two and a half pills

( )50. Which of the following is TRUE about the medicine?

A. You can take it before meals. B. It is OK for kids of all ages.

C. You can keep it in the kitchen. D. You can't take it in July, 2019

**( B )**

Salt is very important to us. We need salt in our food. But do you know how much salt we need every day?

**How much salt do we eat?**

Most people eat too much salt without even realizing(认识到) it. You could be eating too much because 75% of the salt we eat is just in the fast food we buy. So we should add(添加) little salt to food when cooking at home.

**Why is salt bad for our health?**

Salt has something to do with our blood pressure (血压). Salt can make blood pressure high and becomes one of its main reasons.

**How much salt should we eat?**

The World Health Organization(世界卫生组织) says that adults should eat no more than 5 grams (克) of salt a day, and children even less.

( )51. Why does the writer ask people to cook a meal at home?

A. Because home-made food is very delicious.

B. Because there’s much salt in the fast food we buy.

C. Because the food we buy is very expensive.

D. Because it’s good to learn to cook a meal.

( )52. We had better not eat \_\_\_\_ very often according to the passage.

A. hamburgers B. apples C. fish D. noodles

( )53. Too much salt is bad for our health because \_\_\_\_.

A. it can hurt our blood pressure easily B. there’s some in our blood, too

C. it can stop blood running D. it can raise(提升) blood pressure

( )54. How much salt should children eat a day according to the passage?

A. Less than 5 grams. B. 5 grams. C. 6 grams. D. 7 grams.

( )55. In this passage, the writer wants to tell us to \_\_\_\_.

A. eat food at home B. know how much salt we eat every day

C. eat less salt D. know the salt is bad for our health

**( C )**

Mo Yan is one of the most popular Chinese writers today. All of his books are bestsellers. And his three books, including Red Sorghum, have been made into films.

Mo Yan was born in Gaomi, Shandong Province in 1955. There are six people in his family. They are his parents, his two brothers and his sister. As a child, he went to the primary school in his village, and because of some reasons, he left school and worked on the farm. In 1976 he joined the army(参军) and worked for the army. Five years later he started writing and finished his first three novels. Later, he wrote more than thirty famous books. His novel, Red Sorghum, came out in 1986, and it was made to be a film by Zhang Yimou. It was his first big success.

Mo Yan won Nobel Prize for Literature in 2012, and he is the first one who won this prize of China. Our Jing Ke was published(出版) in Beijing after he won Nobel Prize. He has a daughter. Guan Xiaoxiao. And his daughter is also a writer. Now he lives with his wife and daughter in Beijing. In his free time, he goes on his writing.

( ) 56. Which of the following statements about Mo Yan is **NOT** true?

A. He is from China . B. He joined the army when he was young.

C. He has a brother and two sisters. D. He won Nobel Prize for Literature.

( ) 57. books of Mo Yan' s have been made into films.

A. Eight B. Six C. Four D. Three

( ) 58. What did Mo Yan do when he was 21 years old?

A. A doctor B. A famous writer. C. A teacher. D. A soldier(战士).

( ) 59. When did Mo Yan start writing?

A. In 1981. B. In 1987. C. In 1990. D. In 1991.

( ) 60. What's the writer's purpose (目的) in writing this passage？

A. To tell us Red Sorghum B. To let us know more about Mo Yan.

C. To describe Mo Yan's daughter Guan Xiaoxiao.

D. To tell people to read more Mo Yan's books.

(D)

Streetball is a city game. People play it on playgrounds and in gyms around the world.Usually only one side of the court is used in the streetball, but the rules of the game are almost the same as basketball games. The number of players in a game may be only 2, and it is called one-to-one. Sometimes there are also two teams of five players each. It is easy for you to join ina streetball game. You only need to go to an outdoor court. If there are some teams playing, and they agree to let you take part in, then you have a chance to join any team.

Streetball is a very popular game in the world, and it is very popular with the young people.Some cities in the United States even have streetball programs on TV. It is said that this is a good way for young people to keep away from troubles such as crimes (犯罪） and drugs.

( )41.Where do people usually play streetball?

A.On the hill. B.In the water. C. On playgrounds. D. In the classroom.

( )42 . The rules of streetball game are almost the same as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ games

A . baseball B . basketball C . football D . volleyball

( )43 . Why do people say the streetball game is good for the young people ?

A.Because it is very popular.

B.Because it can be played by two people.

C.Because it can make them strong.

D.Because it can keep them from some troubles.

（ ）44 . What does the underlined word " drugs " mean in Chinese ?

A.毒品 B.药品 C.偷渡 D.失学

（ ）45.What can we know from the passage?

A.The streetball game is only for good players

B.It is not easy for you to join in a streetball game.

C.The streetball is very popular with the young people.

D.There are many programs on TV about the streetball game around the world.

**( E )**

Wangfujing Street is a busy shopping street in Beijing. 66 You can buy books, clothes, shoes and many other things on this street.

The street is about 700 years old. In the past, lords(贵族) and princesses(王子) lived there. Next to one of the lord’s houses, there was a well. 67 Many people had no water to drink. However, the lord’s well still had lots of water. This lord did not want to give the water to anyone. So he asked an old man to stand in front of the well and stop people taking water. 68 He said, “My lord, if I don’t give them water, they will die, 69 . ” Finally, the lord agreed with the old man.

70 “Wangfu” means the lord’s house and “jing” means the well.

A. There are many shops.

B. Then nobody can work for you.

C. One year, there was little rain.

D. This is how the street gets its name.

E. But the old man always gave water to poor people.

**Ⅴ.情景交际 根据情景提示，完成下列各题(共5小题，每小题2分，满分10分)**

71. Michael脸色苍白,你想问他怎么了，你可以这么问：

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Michael?

72. Jane的母亲生病了，你听到这个消息后应该这样说：

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Jane.

73.你建议牙疼的Betty去看医生，可以这样对她说：

Betty, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

74. 你打电话给Mike, 电话接通后，你可以这样问：

Hello，\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

75. 当Bruce对你说我相信你会赢的，你可以这样礼貌地应答：\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
**Ⅵ.看图写话(共5小题，每小题2分，满分10分)**

 

76. bad, eye\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

77.better , smoke\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

78.take, jump, tomorrow\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

79. help, with , homework \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

80. fever , yesterday \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Ⅶ.短文填词(共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分)**

Do you like sports ? Are you getting enough exercise ? Well , if you're\_71\_\_ ( look ) for a way to exercise,try walking.

Walking is easy. There are \_\_\_72\_\_ special instructions. And there are also no rules. You just walk--left,right,left,right.See?It's easy.

Walking is cheap . Don't \_\_73\_\_\_ much money buying clothes or equipment . All you need is a \_\_74\_\_\_\_\_of comfortable shoes.

Walking is fun. Go with a friend. Walk and talk. Do something you enjoy. Listen to music, think about life, \_75.\_\_/ri' laks/ and so on.

Walking is good for your \_76\_\_\_. It's good for your mind and body . You feel energetic ( 精力充沛的）\_\_77\_\_ walking a lot.And now science is proving(证明）that walking outdoors is the best exercise.

Walking is good in all kinds of weather. So if it rains, don't worry, take an umbrella. When it's \_\_\_78\_\_\_ (sun), use sunglasses. If it's hot, take some water with you. When it's \_\_79\_\_\_, walking makes you feel warm . And walking in the snow is of great fun .

Are you willing to \_\_\_\_80\_\_ ? Don't wait ! Just do it !

**Ⅷ.书面表达。(满分15分)**

1. 根据以下图示，以How to Keep Healthy为题，展开想象，写一篇70词左右短文。

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Have good  living habits  (生活习惯) | How to Keep Healthy | | |
| 1. | Playing sports | morning exercises; build sb. up |
| 2. | Sleeping habits | get up early ; not stay up |
| 3. | Eating habits | breakfast; not too much |
| 4. | 、、、 | 、、、 |

How to Keep Healthy

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**2019秋季期中考初二英语**

**参考答案**

**第一部分：听力考查（30分）**

1-5BCCAA 6-10：CABAB 11-15：CBABA

16. job 17.seven/7 18.tea 19.piano 20.Making

评分标准：每小题1.5分

**第二部分 选择填空 (35分)**

1. **单项选择：**21-25：BCACB 26-30：CABBA 31-35：BBCBA

评分标准：每小题1分

**(B) 完形填空** 36-40：BCCBA 41-45： BABBA

评分标准：每小题1.5分

**阅读理解** **(35分)**

(A)46-50 CABBD (B)51-55：BADAC (C)56-60：CCDAB

(D)61-65：CBDAC 评分标准：每小题2分。

( E)66-70：ACEBD 评分标准：每小题1分。

**情景交际（10分）**

71.What’s wrong with you/What’s the matter with you

72.I’m sorry to hear that

73.you should go to see a dentist

74.may I speak to Mike

75.Thank you.

评分标准：每小题2分

**遣词造句。根据图片及英文提示，给每幅图写出一个适当的句子。(10分)**

76. Reading in the sun is bad for our eyes./It’s bad for us/you to read in the sun.

77.We had better not smoke here.

78.The girl will take part in the high jump tomorrow.

79.Lily’s mother is helping her with her homework.

80.The boy had a fever yesterday.

评分标准：每小题2分，每写出一个符合图意的完整、正确的句子，得2分；能读懂图意、写出关键词的得1分；大小写错误、拼写错误、语法错误的每处扣0.5分。

**综合填空: (10分)**

81. looking 82.no 83.spend 84.pair 85.relax 86.health 87.after 88.sunny 89.cold 90.walk

评分标准：每小题2分，拼写错误的不给分。

第五部分 书面表达（15分）

略

评分原则：

1. 本题总分为15分，其中内容和语言占13 分，词数占1分，书写占1 分。按五个档次给分。

2. 评分时，先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次，然后以该档次的要求来衡量、确定或调整档次，最后给分。不少于70个单词，不多于100个单词，加1分。书写清晰、规范，加1 分。

3. 各档次的给分范围和要求：

第五档：（14-15分）能扣紧主题，语言基本无误，行文连贯，表达清楚。

第四档：（11-13分）能扣紧主题，语言有少量错误，行文基本连贯，表达基本清楚。

第三档：（8-10分）语言有一些错误或较多错误，但仍能达意，行文不够连贯

第二档：（4-7分） 离题，只写出一、两个句子；语言错误多或很多，影响意思表达或只有个别句子可懂。

第一档：（0-3分）词不达意，不能写出一个完整的句子，或只能写出与所要求内容有关的一些单词。