**綦江区古南中学2020-2021学年度上期**

**八年级英语期中测试题**

（命题人：杨群英 李凤 刘敏 满分：150分 时间：120分钟）

**第I卷（共95分）**

**I. 听力测试。（共30分）**

第一节：（共6小题，每小题1.5分，共9分）

听一遍。根据你所听到的句子，从A、B、C三个选项中选出最恰当的答语，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

( ) 1. A. Yes, he does. B. No, he won’t. C. Yes, he is.

( ) 2. A. Of course not. B. I think so. C. Here you are.

( ) 3. A. That’s OK. B. Very good. C. Sure, go ahead.

( ) 4. A. I have a cold. B. She has the flu. C. He has the flu.

( ) 5. A. Once a week. B. Three days’ leave C. Three days.

( ) 6. A. Not so bad. B. That’s right. C. That’s OK.

第二节：（共4小题，每小题1.5分，共6分）

听一遍。根据你所听到的对话和问题，从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

( ) 7. A. He will take part in the long jump.

B. She will be in the long jump. C. She will join in running.

( ) 8. A. He has a toothache.

B. He went to bed late last night. C. He went to see a doctor last night.

( ) 9. A. Yes, he needs to. B. No, he mustn’t. C. No, he needn’t.

( )10. A. Keep healthy. B. Eat healthy food. C. Do more exercise and eat healthy food.

第三节 （共6小题，每小题1.5分，共9分）

听两遍，根据你所听到的长对话，从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案，并把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

听下面一段材料，回答第11-13小题

( ) 11. Where are they talking?

A. In the hospital. B. On the phone. C. At Michael’s home.

( ) 12. Who is the woman?

A. Michael’s mother. B. Mr. Wang’s mother. C. Michael’ teacher.

( ) 13. What’s wrong with Michael?

A. He has a fever. B. He has a fever and coughs day and night.

C. He has a headache and feels sleepy.

听下面一段材料，回答第14-16小题。

( ) 14. The woman wants to know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. how to lose weight. B. how to exercise C. how to choose a sport

( ) 15. How many suggestions does the man talk about?

A. 2 B. 3 C. 4

( ) 16. Can we drink some water when we do exercise?

A. Yes. We only need to exercise a few times each week.

B. Yes. Because it can provide enough energy for our bodies.

C. Yes. We need to warm up.

第四节（共4小题 每小题1.5分，共6分）

听两遍。根据你所听到的短文内容，从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

( ) 17. When did Steve go to a friend’s birthday party?

A. In the afternoon. B. Yesterday evening. C. Today evening.

( ) 18. What happened to Steven?

A. He had a toothache. B. He had stomachache. C. He was too fat.

( ) 19. What did the doctor tell him?

A. He should have something cold.

B. He had better eat much candy.

C. He mustn’t have anything cold or eat too much candy.

( ) 20. How did he go to school after breakfast?

1. By bus. B. By bike. C. On foot.

II. **单项选择。**(每小题1分，共10分)

21. —What are you going to be in the future?

—I am going to be\_\_\_\_\_ singer. It is \_\_\_\_\_ exciting job.

A. a; a B. a; an C. the; an D. a; the

22. —What \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ things did he tell you?

—Nothing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. else; other B. others; else C. other; else D. else; another

23. — Is brushing teeth twice a day good or bad?

— \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Yes, it’s good. B. That’s all right.

C. No, I don’t think so. D. I think it’s good.

24. My sister\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ come back home\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 12 o’clock last night. My father was very angry

with her.

A. not; before B. not; until C. wasn’t; before D. didn’t; until

25. —May I \_\_\_\_ your English book?

—Sorry, I lent it \_\_\_\_\_ Linda yesterday. She didn’t return it to me.

A. borrow; from B. lend; from C. lend; to D. borrow; to

26. —Jim had a backache. What did the doctor say?

— The doctor suggested \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some medicine on time and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a good rest.

1. eating; taking B. to take; to have

C. have; taking D. taking; having

27. We are going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the school sports meet next week. Would you like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_us?

A. join; take part in B. take part in; to join in

C. join in; join             D. take part in; to join

28. My brother has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ homework to do, so he is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ busy today.

A. much too; too much B. too much; much too

C. too many; too much D. too much; too many

29. —Is there \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in your school, today?

— Yes. Our class won the first place in the school sports meet.

A. something exciting B. exciting something

C. anything exciting D. exciting anything

30. — Excuse me, may I sing here?

— \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. My grandfather is sleeping now.

A. Sure, go ahead B. Sorry, you’d better not

C. I hope so D. I’m afraid so

III .**完形填空。**(每小题1.5分，共15分)

I began to smoke at the age of 13. At that time, I liked a movie star very much. I smoked just because I wanted to make 31 look like him. I became a heavy smoker when I was 32 . I smoked about twenty cigarettes a day.

However, we all know smoking is a bad habit. It can cause cancer. I tried to stop 33 a healthy habit when I was 30. During that time, I always took a 34 with me. There were 24 squares on the card. Each square 35 one hour. I drew a sign in a square 36 I didn’t smoke for an hour. At the beginning, I could 37 draw about 2 to 3 signs one day. Two months later, I got more and more signs each day, and I felt very 38 . Half a year later, I didn’t need the card any more. I 39 smoking successfully（成功地）.

If you’re a smoker, you can try this 40 \_to stop smoking. I believe it will be useful for you.

31. A. himself B. myself C. herself D. yourself

32. A. twenty-year-old B. twelve-year-old

C. twenty years old D. twelve years old

33. A. to have B. having C. have D. has

34. A. book B. candy C. paper D. card

35. A. stands for B. means C. stood for D. mean

36. A. because B. if C. before D. or

37. A. only B. easily C. usually D. really

38. A. bad B. tired C. happy D. mad

39. A. gave up  B. grew up C. built up D. got up

40. A. weather B. medicine C. rule D. way

**Ⅳ. 阅读理解。**(第41-43小题，每小题1分，44-59小题每小题2分，共35分)

**A**

Teeth are important. Strong and healthy teeth help you chew（咀嚼） foods well. They help you speak clearly. And yes, they help you look best. Here are some tips for you to take care of your teeth:

**Brush your teeth in a right way.**

  Brush your teeth at least twice a day--after breakfast and before bedtime. If you can, brush after lunch or after sweet snacks, too. Brush all of your teeth, not just the front ones. Spend time brushing teeth along the sides and back of your mouth. Spend at least three minutes each time you brush. Play a song you like to help pass the time.

**Learn how to floss (用牙线清理) your teeth.**

    Flossing is a very important way to keep your teeth healthy. Food may hide between two teeth. Flossing can help get rid of it. You’ll need to floss your teeth at least once a day.

**Have good eating habits.**

You need to be careful about what you eat and drink. Eating sugar is a major（主要的）cause of tooth decay(蛀牙). Eat lots of fruits and vegetables and drink water instead of soda (苏打).

41. How many times at least should we brush our teeth a day?

A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4

42. Which is the right way to take care of teeth?

A. Only brush front teeth. B. Not brush teeth before sleeping.

C. Spend at most three minutes brushing teeth each time.

D. Eat lots of fruits and vegetables and drink water instead of soda.

43. What’s the main idea of the passage?

A. How should we brush our teeth? B. How can we floss our teeth?

C. What should we do to take care of our teeth?

D. What eating habits should we have to take care of our teeth?

**B**

Hong Kong is one of the world’s most beautiful and famous cities. It attracts thousands of visitors every day. Why is Hong Kong so popular?

▲ Shopping

Hong Kong has become a shopping kingdom for visitors. In Hong Kong’s famous shopping centers, you can see all kinds of famous shops and expensive restaurants and bars. There you will forget all but to spend money.

▲Bruce Lee

Bruce Lee, the Chinese kung fu star, died in 1973, at the age of 33. After forty years, he is still known as Hong Kong’s most famous movie star. In 2005, a statue (雕像) of Bruce was built for his fans, and it has become one of the most wonderful views in Hong Kong.

▲Beaches（海滩）

In Hong Kong, it’s always hot and wet except in winter. Hong Kong has a lot of great beaches, but they are very crowded. If you’d like to stay far from the crowd, you can take a boat to Mui Wo on Lantau Island and then take a bus or taxi to Cheung Sha Beach. It is one of Hong Kong’s longest beaches. There you can enjoy yourself.

44. When was Bruce Lee born?

A. In 2005. B. In 1973. C. In 1940. D. In 1960.

45. Which of the following is NOT true?

A. Hong Kong is hot all year round(一年到头). B. Hong Kong is a good place to shop in.

C. Hong Kong has lots of great beaches. D. Hong Kong has the statue of Bruce Lee.

46. What does the underlined word attracts in Paragraph 1 mean in Chinese?

A. 引诱 B. 引进 C. 吸引 D. 引导

47. What is the best title（标题）for the passage?

A. Hong Kong —the Shopping Kingdom

B. Hong Kong’s Wonderful View—Statue of Bruce

C. Hong Kong— A Popular City

D. Hong Kong—the kingdom of beaches.

**C**

There are many kinds of foods in the world. Scientists learn a lot about them. They say that there are some kinds of foods people must eat every day. For example, people must eat some green and yellow vegetables. People shouldn’t eat too much meat. People also need to eat some fruits, bread and rice. Of course, some water and milk are necessary.

Scientists say people in different countries and different places eat different kinds of foods. They cook foods in different ways. They eat at different times. In one place, people eat once or twice a day. But in another place, people eat three or four times. The scientists say when to eat and how many times to eat are not important. What to eat is the most important thing.

Nowadays, the world faces two food problems. People in some places, for example, in Africa, are always hungry. On the other hand, many people are eating unhealthy foods. They’re bad for their health. So it’s our duty (责任) to make everyone full and healthy.

48. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ know about food most according to the passage.

A. Farmers B. Cooks C. Scientists D. Customers

49. Scientists think the most important thing about foods is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. how to cook B. when to eat C. what to eat D. where to eat

50. What can we infer（推断）from the passage?

A. We needn’t eat any colorful vegetables.

B. Eating foods at different times makes people unhealthy.

C. People all over the world eat in the same way.

D. We should try our best to help work out the food problems.

51. We may read this passage in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a picture book B. a science story C. a poem collection D. a health newspaper

**D**

In almost every big city in the United States, football is a popular sport.

American football is not like soccer. Players sometimes kick the ball, but they also throw the ball and run with it. They try to take it to the other end of the field; they have four chances to move the ball ten yards. If they move it to the end of the field, they can receive six points. This is called a touch-down.

It’s difficult to move the ball. Eleven men on the other team try to stop the man who has the ball. If the man does not move the ball ten yards, his team kicks the ball to the other team.

The football season usually begins in September and ends in November. Each team plays ten or eleven games each season. If a team is very good, it may play another game after the season ends. The best teams play again on January 1st. Thousands of people come to watch it when there is a football game. They all yell（欢呼） for their favorite team. They dance and jump while they are yelling.

Almost everyone in the United States likes football. Some of them enjoy playing it while others enjoy watching it. They all think it is a wonderful game.

52. In America, football players can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. only kick the ball B. only throw the ball

C. only carry the ball D. kick, throw and carry the ball

53. If the man does not move the ball ten yards, his team has to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. stop playing the game B. carry the ball ten yards

C. run with it D. kick the ball to the other team

54. The best teams play again \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. on Christmas B. On December 1st C. on New Year’s Day D. on Sunday

55. If we put the passage into three parts, which of the following is the best?

   （①=Para.自然段1，②=Para.2，③=Para.3，④=Para.4，⑤=Para.5）

1. ①②, ③④, ⑤       B. ①, ②③④, ⑤ C. ①②, ③, ④⑤       D. ①, ②③, ④⑤

**E**

Socrates was famous for his knowledge（学问）. One day, a man went up to him and said. “Do you know what I just heard about your friend, Chaerephon?”

“Hold on a minute,” Socrates said. “Before telling me anything, I’d like you to pass a little test（测试）. It’s called the ‘triple filter（过滤） test’.”

“Triple filter?”

“That’s right,” Socrates said. “Before you talk to me about my friend, it may be a good idea to think about what you’re going to say. The first ‘filter’ is truth. Are you sure what you are going to tell me is true?”

“In fact, I just heard about it and…” the man said.

“All right,” Socrates said. “So you don't really know whether it’s true or not. Now let's try the second filter--goodness. Is what you are going to tell me something good?”

“No,” the man answered.

“OK,” Socrates said, “one filter left--usefulness. Is what you want to say useful to me?”

“No, not really,” the man said.

“Well,” Socrates said, “if what you want to say is not true, good or useful, why tell it to me?”

56. The underlined word triple in Paragraph 2 means\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. two times B. three times C. four times D. five times

57.What is the RIGHT order of the test?

① usefulness ②truth ③goodness

A. ①②③ B. ③①② C. ②①③ D. ②③①

58. Which of the following about Chaerephon’s information is WRONG?

A. The man was not sure whether the news was true. B. The news was not good.

C. Chaerephon was not Socrates’s friend. D. The news was not useful to Socrates.

59. What’s the best title for the passage?

A. Think Hard Before You Speak B. Doing Is Better Than Saying

C.A Friend Is Easier Lost Than Found D. Think Well Before You Act

**V.口语应用。(每小题1分，共5分)**

A. Did he see a doctor?

B. How long has been like this?

C. Can I call you back later?

D. Did the doctor give him any medicine?

E. How is he feeling now?

F. Who’s that?

G. What’s wrong with him?

A: Hello, is that Miss Gao speaking?

B: Sorry, she’s not here right now. 60

A: This is Jack’s mother speaking. Jack is ill, so he can’t go to school today.

B: I am sorry to hear that. 61

A: He felt terrible when he got up this morning. He has a cough and a headache.

B: 62

A: Yes, I took him to the hospital in the early morning. He had a bad cold. The doctor said he had better stay in bed for two days.

B: 63

A: Of course. He gave Jack some pills. Jack has to take them three times a day.

B: 64

A: Just a little better. Now he is sleeping in bed. I really don’t know what to do.

B: Don’t worry. I think he will be all right soon. And I will tell Miss Gao about his illness.

A: Thank you very much.

B: You are welcome.

60. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 61. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 62. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 63. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 64. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**第II卷（共55分）**

**Ⅵ.任务型阅读（第65-67小题每小题各2分，第68小题3分，共9分）**

On a hot July afternoon, my mother and I were walking back home from a pizza store. We had bought many things. I was feeling really tired as I was carrying our shopping bag. I decided to throw something away. I was walking towards a dustbin when I noticed a poor man walking out of the restaurant in front of us. He walked to the nearby dustbin and started looking through it.

I suddenly felt very sorry because I was going to throw away a new drink just because the drink was too heavy. I walked up to him and gave the drink and some bread to him. The man looked at me in surprise and took what I gave him. A big smile appeared on his face. I felt I couldn’t be happier with myself. Then he said. “Wow, thank you, boy! It’s my son’s lucky day!”

With that, he thanked me happily and left. I got a warm feeling inside. Now I understand “Giving is getting.”

Though it was only a little action, I got and learned more in those two minutes than I did in the rest of the month. Everyone in the world needs help. Everyone can give help and be helped.

65. Did the boy go back home by car on the hot afternoon?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

66. Why did the boy want to throw the drink away?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

67. How did the poor man feel when the boy gave him the drink and bread?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

68. Do you think it’s good to give something to the poor? Why or why not?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Ⅶ.完成句子**（本大题共**5**小题，每题2分，共**10**分）

69. I’m feeling terrible. (对划线部分提问)

   \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you feeling?

70. He hurt himself in the accident. (变为否定句)

  He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ himself in the accident.

71. It took them half an hour to exercise every day.(改为同义句)

They\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ half an hour \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ every day.

72. 吸烟有害健康。我们应该拒绝抽烟。（补全句子）

Smoking is bad for our health. We should\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to smoking.

73. 每天吃早餐对我们来说是必要的。（补全句子）

It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for \_\_\_\_\_\_ to have breakfast every day.

**VIII. 短文填空**

Everyone has his hobby（爱好）. My hobby is writing.   74   I was young, I used to watch TV at home all day and my parents worried about me a lot.

One day, my father took me to my aunt’s home. When I got there, I saw my cousin   75 in his room. I ran to him and said, “Writing is boring. Why not go out to play games? That’s more interesting.”

My cousin said, “I don’t think so. Writing is interesting, and I can have a lot of   76    in writing.” Then he   77   me some of his short stories and poems. My face turned red at that time. I was two years older than him,   78   I couldn’t write well. That day my cousin told me many things about his writing. After that, I became   79   in writing.

Now when I read some good articles, I always write   80   down. I am also glad to write something in my blog (博客). I would like to share my ideas   81   my friends. I even won first place in the writing competition in our school last month. That made me very happy.

74. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 75. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 76. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 77. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

78. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 79. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 80. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 81. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Ⅸ.书面表达**

当前正是水痘(chicken pox)高发季节，校园里部分同学已经不幸感染，我们的学习和生活也因此产生了诸多不便。假设你在美国的笔友Jenny得知这个信息后非常担心你，来信询问你的身体情况。请你根据以下要点给他回信，告知我们学校的预防和控制措施，让他放心。

**要点：**

1、规则要求，人人遵守；2、开窗通风，禁止扎堆；

3、规律起居，强身健体；4、若有不适，立即就医；

6、......

**要求：**

1、字数：80-120词，开头和结尾已给出，词数不计算在内；

2、可适当发挥，但请注意语意连贯，逻辑合理；

3、书写工整，卷面整洁，词句疏密适当。

Dear Jenny,

I heard from you yesterday. As you know, some of my schoolmates have suffered from chicken pox.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Do you think these ways can help us prevent and control the illness effectively? I’m sure they can. So don’t be worried. I’ll be OK.

Yours,

Yang Yang