

八年级 英语

(试卷满分: 140 分, 考试时间: 110 分钟)

一、听力测试 (共 20 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 20 分)

第一部分 听对话, 回答问题。

听下面 10 段对话。每段对话后有 1 个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

1. What would Tom like to be when he grows up?



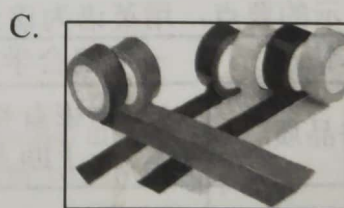
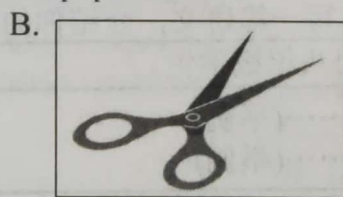
2. Where did Mary go on holiday?



3. Which animal is the girl's favorite?



4. What else does John need to make paper roses?



5. How many children are there on the playground?

A. 5.

B. 7.

C. 10.

6. Where are they talking?

A. On a bus.

B. At a bus stop.

C. In a garden.

7. When will the train leave?

A. At 9:45.

B. At 10:00.

C. At 10:15.

8. How does Jack usually go to school?

A. By bike.

B. By bus.

C. By car.

9. Who is watching TV?

A. Bob's mother.

B. Lily's mother.

C. Lily.

10. What does the man want the woman to do?

A. He wants the woman to see a film with him.



B. He wants the woman to visit a museum.

C. He wants the woman to have a drink.

第二部分 听对话和短文回答问题。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 10 分)

你将听到两段对话和一篇短文, 每段对话或短文后各有几道小题, 选出你认为最合适的答案, 听两遍。

听下面一段对话, 回答第 11~12 题。

11. Where will they go to see a film this Saturday?

A. At People's Cinema.

B. At a dirty cinema.

C. At ABC Cinema.

12. What day is it today?

A. Thursday.

B. Friday.

C. Saturday.

听第一篇短文, 从 13-15 小题中选择正确的选项, 完成信息记录表。

Life in Britain	
Houses	◇ Many people in Britain live in <u>13</u> with gardens.
Daily life	◇ Office workers work <u>14</u> , and they don't go home for lunch. ◇ People usually have a big meal in the evening.
School life	◇ School begins at about 10:00 o'clock in the morning. ◇ They <u>15</u> after school.
Shops	◇ Shops open at about 9:00 a.m. and close at 6:00 p.m. on weekdays. ◇ Many supermarket s stay open 24 hours.

13. A. hotels

B. houses

C. high buildings

14. A. from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

B. from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

C. from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

15. A. do different activities

B. do some sports

C. do homework

听第二篇短文, 回答第 16-20 小题。

16. What does Jim often get from his parents?

A. Used books.

B. Pocket money.

C. Some drinks.

17. Why does Jim try his best to save money?

A. Because he thinks it's not easy to make money.

B. Because he thinks his family is not very rich.

C. Because he wants to buy some new books.

18. Where does Jim often buy books?

A. In the bookstores.

B. In the supermarkets.

C. On the Internet.

19. How does Jim go to school when it rains?

A. On foot.

B. By bus.

C. By bike.

20. What does the speaker (说话人) think of Jim?

A. Poor.

B. Good.

C. Clever.

二、单项选择 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 计 15 分)

21. ---Wow! 《Legent of Deification》(《姜子牙》) is _____ best film I have ever seen.

---I can't agree more. I have never seen _____ better one before.

A. the; the

B. the; a

C. a; a

D. /; the

22. You came _____ in the race _____ your hard training.

A. second, because

B. the second, because

C. second, because of

D. the second, because of

23. We can't put the prefix "un-" to _____ to give it the opposite meaning.

A. correct

B. comfortable

C. certain

D. interesting

24. --- The Spring Festival is coming. Shall we decorate our bedroom today?

--- Good idea. Let's _____ some pictures on the wall first.



- A. put on B. put in C. put out D. put up
25. --- Can the shelf be finished by the weekend?
--- Sure, _____ it on time, we will work two more hours a day.
A. completes B. completing C. to complete D. complete
26. --- Do you watch Peppa Pig on TV? It's so funny!
--- Well, no. To be _____, I think it's quite silly.
A. generous B. honest C. gentle D. brave
27. --- _____ is the cost of the trip to Caowang?
--- About 3 hundred yuan per person.
A. How B. What C. How many D. How much
28. Simon is taller than _____ in our class. Actually, he is the tallest.
A. any girl B. any other girl C. the other girls D. any of the other girls
29. --- How many points can you get in the coming English exam, dear?
--- Sorry, I'm not sure. I _____ be able to get over 90.
A. must B. had better C. may D. should
30. The weather in Guangzhou is hotter than _____ in Beijing.
A. that B. it C. this D. one
31. To save water, please don't _____ the water running when you are not washing things.
A. get B. make C. stop D. leave
32. --- Look at the drawing. It's so beautiful.
--- It's Peter's. But his drawing isn't _____ Sandy's. I think Sandy's is more beautiful.
A. as more beautiful as B. as much beautiful as
C. so beautiful as D. as beautiful so
33. --- _____ unusual music he is playing!
--- Yes, all of the students are losing themselves in it.
A. How B. What C. How an D. What an
34. --- We didn't go to South Hill because of _____.
--- What a pity!
A. it rained hard B. it is rainy C. it rains D. the heavy rain
35. --- Shall we go to spend the winter holiday in Sanya?
--- _____. There must be too many people there.
A. I'm afraid that's not a good idea B. Sounds a good idea
C. I hope we can go there together D. I agree with you

三、完形填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 计 15 分)

Mary walked slowly towards the door in the wall and she thought about the locked garden. On the other side of the 36 she found the big gardens. There were wide lawns and paths and flower beds. There was a pond with an old fountain in the middle. But it was 37 so the flower beds were bare (光秃秃的) and there was no water in the fountain.

She 38 the path and soon she came to a long wall with a green door 39 it. She went through it and found herself in a small walled 40 garden. Next to it there was another walled garden with fruit trees and fruit bushes. This was the orchard.

Mary could see the tops of trees 41 the walls. A bird with a red breast was 42 on a branch of the tallest tree. Suddenly he began singing.

She stopped and 43. She liked his cheerful little song. He was different from the 44 she knew in India. She turned around and started to walk back to the 45 door.

"Perhaps that tree was in the secret garden," she 46. Just then an old man came through the door. He had a spade and he started digging in the vegetable garden. Mary went over to him.



"Please, where is the door to the 47 garden?" said Mary.

"What garden?" the man said. He had a cross face and a cross voice.

"The garden on the other side of the wall," answered Mary. "I saw a bird with a red 48 there."

The old man smiled and then he whistled. Suddenly the bird came and sat near his foot.

"Here 49 is!" he said and laughed.

The bird put his head on one side and looked at the old man. He wasn't afraid at all. Mary felt a strange 50 feeling in her heart. He was cheerful and pretty and more like a person than a bird.

---Taken from *The Secret Garden*

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| 36.A. door | B. wall | C. garden | D. path |
| 37.A. spring | B. summer | C. autumn | D. winter |
| 38.A. walked | B. followed | C. ran | D. crossed |
| 39.A. in | B. on | C. through | D. at |
| 40.A. flower | B. fruit | C. vegetable | D. tree |
| 41.A. on | B. above | C. under | D. below |
| 42.A. watching | B. lying | C. seeing | D. sitting |
| 43.A. sounded | B. heard | C. listened | D. saw |
| 44.A. birds | B. gardens | C. men | D. songs |
| 45.A. white | B. black | C. red | D. green |
| 46.A. thought | B. wondered | C. asked | D. replied |
| 47.A. flower | B. secret | C. bird | D. fruit |
| 48.A. face | B. cheek | C. breast | D. head |
| 49.A. he | B. it | C. she | D. you |
| 50.A. cold | B. hot | C. cool | D. warm |

四、阅读理解 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 计 30 分)

A

A telephone message	
From: Simon	To: Peter
Date: May 23rd	Time: 16: 00
Message: Simon says that you must put on your sports shoes, your hat and sunglasses, bring some food and drinks, and ride a bike to meet him at the school gate at 8: 00 tomorrow.	
Tel: 867 3785	Taken by: Mother
Found	Sunshine Club
May 18th	FOR YOUNG PEOPLE
An MP3 was found in the library on the morning of May 18th. Please call 870-344 or come to Class 3, Grade 9 to get it	FROM 12--18 YEARS OLD
LiuTao	9: 30 a. m. -6: 30 p.m. every Saturday
	28 Sunshine Street
	875-96828759683
	Y5 a time
	Game, music, dancing and more

51. What will Simon and Peter probably do tomorrow?
A. Go to the movies B. Go hiking C. Join the Sunshine Club D. Go to a party
52. Who is allowed to 28 Sunshine Street, 9: 30 a. m. -6: 30 p.m. every Saturday?
A. A ten-year-old kid. B. A thirty-year-old parent.
C. A fourteen-year old boy. D. A nineteen-year old student.
53. What do we know about Found?
A. An MP3 was found in the playground. B. Liu Tao is from Class 9, Grade 3.



C. You can call 870-433 to find the MP3. D. Someone lost an MP3 on May 18th.

B

Asking for the way is the first thing we do when we arrive in a different country, or even when we are just trying to find a place. Knowing how to ask for help can make our life so much easier. Here are some tips you can take.

First, use polite expressions. Starting the conversation with a greeting is a must. If you want to get a nice answer, begin by saying “sorry” or “excuse me” first, like “Excuse me! May I ask for some help?” and finish with “thank you” or “have a nice day”.

Second, expand your vocabulary. You should know more words that you can use when getting directions. It may be useful to remember names of the places you visited. You also need to remember different kinds of transportation like the underground or the taxi when explaining your need.

Third, know how to ask a question. Use the right words and try not to leave any information out. If you ask a specific(具体的) question, there are more chances of getting a specific answer.

Fourth, get to know the transportation system. Sometimes, it can happen that you are still far from the place you look for and you have to use the public transport.

Next, don't be afraid of using landmarks. Every city in the world has its own landmarks. You can save time to look for the place if you know what the important landmarks are in the city or place you are visiting. For example, in London, England, the main landmark is Big Ben.

Last, know where your house or hotel is on a map. Find it and mark it! It is important to know where you live.

54. What does **Paragraph 1** mainly talk about?

- A. Things we should do in a foreign country.
- B. Tips on asking for the way in a foreign country.
- C. The secret of explaining the way clearly.
- D. The importance of knowing how to ask for the way

55. What does the underlined word “expand” in **Paragraph 3** mean?

- A. 学习
- B. 使用
- C. 增加
- D. 进入

56. Which of the following is a specific question?

- A. How can I get to the station?
- B. Can you help me find the nearest hospital?
- C. Would you mind showing me the way home?
- D. May I ask which railway station I should go to?

57. Why do we need to use landmarks when asking the way?

- A. To help save time
- B. To get a full answer
- C. To prove you know a lot
- D. To show you love the place.

C

One day in summer, little Jack was playing on the beach with his father. Suddenly, he saw a little tortoise moving slowly on the sand. He started to look at it carefully and began to touch it with his hand. To his surprise, the tortoise stopped moving. It pulled in its head and legs, and closed its shell tightly. He touched it again but the tortoise didn't move at all. Jack became angry. He used a stick and tried to force it to open.

When his father saw this, he stopped him and said, “No, son, you mustn't do that! You will kill the tortoise. You won't get it open with a stick.” Jack was curious and asked, “Why?”

“Just wait and see”, his father replied. Then he picked up the tortoise and put it in a bag.

After they came, back home, the father took the tortoise out of the bag. He put it near the fireplace(壁炉). After a few minutes, the tortoise began to move a little. Then the tortoise stretched out(伸出)its head and legs. At last, the tortoise began to crawl across the room. How



excited Jack was when he saw this!

"Son, now you see", said his father, "sometimes, you can't force someone to do things he doesn't like. But if you get him warm first, he will do what you want him to do."

58. When did the story happen?

- A. In spring. B. In summer. C. In autumn. D. In winter.

59. What does "that" mean in **Paragraph 2**?

- A. Jack touched the tortoise with his hand. B. Jack killed the tortoise with his hand.
C. Jack killed the tortoise with a stick. D. Jack forced the tortoise to open with a stick.

60. Why did the tortoise begin to move after Jack's father put it near the fireplace?

- A. Because it was warm. B. Because it was cool.
C. Because it was thirsty. D. Because it was hungry.

61. What can we learn from this story?

- A. people will do things We want them to do.
B. people won't do things We want them to do.
C. we can force people to do things they don't like.
D. we can't force people to do things they don't like.

D

World Laughter Day was started in Mumbai, India in 1998 by Dr Madan Kataria, organizer of the worldwide Laughter Yoga activity.

The celebration of World Laughter Day is for world peace and the plan is to make good friends through laughter. Now more and more people are joining in the Laughter Yoga movement. On the 9th of January, 2000, more than 10,000 people gathered in Denmark to celebrate the first World Laughter Day. It was very successful.

World Laughter Day is now celebrated on the first Sunday of May every year. Millions of people all over the world laugh together on the day. Laughing makes people feel good.

Today, people in the world still face war. Laughter is a good way to deal with the world problems. When different groups laugh together, they can get along better. Many difficult problems become easier to solve if people feel good.

Laughter is a world language, which is the same in every country. We should believe that only laughter can bring the world together and help people become good friends.

The famous writer Mark Twain said, "Mankind has only one really effective weapon(武器), and that laughter."

62. World Laughter Day was started in _____.

- A. Denmark B. India C. China D. Japan

63. People celebrate World Laughter Day for _____.

- A. world peace B. laughing at people
C. dealing with more problems D. the war of the world

64. World Laughter Day is celebrated on _____ every year.

- A. the first Monday of May B. the second Wednesday of June
C. the first Sunday of May D. the last day of May

65. Which of the following is RIGHT?

- A. On January 9th, 2000, people gathered in India to celebrate the World Laughter Day.
B. Fewer and fewer people laugh together on World Laughter Day.
C. Today, people in the world are living a peaceful life without any war.
D. Laughter can bring the world together and help people become good friends.

五、词汇运用 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 计 10 分) (每空一词)

66. Can you tell me the _____ of the Eiffel Tower? (high)

67. Daniel is so _____ that we all like him. (humour)



68. He fell down while skating, but _____, he didn't hurt himself badly. (luck)

69. The fifth _____ number of people is in the city near the sea. (large)

70. _____ different fruits together can make the salad look colourful. (mix)

71. We _____ what to do for the sports meeting last week. (讨论)

72. Please read _____ the questions before answering them. (从头到尾)

73. All the _____ names are on the paper. You can have a look. (登山者)

74. They say studying _____ is too difficult but it is very important. (语言)

75. My bedroom looks much _____ after a half-an-hour cleaning. (整洁)

六、任务型阅读 (共 10 空; 每空 1 分, 计 10 分) (每空一词)

One of the biggest problems in trying to get to any personal purpose is that we always put them off until tomorrow, or next week. Unluckily, tomorrow never gets here. If you want to finish a purpose, you have to start on it today. So how do you find the time for your personal purposes?

One purpose at a time.

Often the problem is that we try to take on too many purposes. We have a list of things we want to achieve, reading a book, learning Italian and many other difficult things. Maybe we are interested in them, but because of that, we never start. Instead, we can start with choosing one purpose at a time, because it's difficult to keep the attention and energy on too many purposes at once.

Make sure you really want it.

It's not enough to say, "It would be nice to learn French" or "It would be cool to do yoga every morning". It has to be something you really want. Ask yourself why you want to get to this purpose, and how much you want it. That's important to do early on, or you won't make time for it.

Keep it simple.

It's important not to make your personal purpose too difficult. You don't want to have a huge list of things to do in order to achieve your purpose. Instead, pay attention to a smaller purpose that will lead you to your bigger purpose.

Stay focused(集中的).

One of the most difficult things when it comes to achieving purposes is keeping your attention on that purpose. It's easy to become crazy about something else, and when we lose focus, we suddenly stop making time for the purpose. Instead, find ways to keep the attention.

How to Make the Time for Your Personal Purposes

Usually we can't achieve any personal purpose because of <u>76</u> them off until tomorrow. So if you want to finish a purpose, you <u>77</u> start on them now.	
Ways	<u>78</u> to do
One purpose at a time	Sometimes we try to take on too many purposes at once. Maybe they are <u>79</u> , but we never start. Instead, we can start with choosing one purpose at a time.
<u>80</u> sure you really want it	There is <u>81</u> you really want to do. Find out the <u>82</u> you want to get to this purpose and how much you want it.
Keep it simple	It's important to make your personal purpose <u>83</u> . Pay attention to a smaller purpose instead of the <u>84</u> one.



Stay focused	The difficult thing is that it's easy to become crazy about something else. So we must find ways to <u>85</u> the attention.
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七、缺词填空 (共 10 空; 每空 1 分, 计 10 分) (每空一词)

The Marches' house was between two large houses. On one side there was an old brown house. On the o 86 side there was a large stone mansion. This was the h 87 of old Mr. Laurence and his grandson, Laurie. It was a very nice house and the rooms looked very c 88 behind the heavy silk curtains at the windows. But it was a house w 89 life. The Marches' house was different as always busy and full of noise and people.

A few days after the party, Jo saw Laurie again. He was standing at an upstairs window in the mansion and l 90 down at their garden. Beth and Amy were playing in the snow. They were t 91 snowballs at each other and having a lot of fun. Laurie's face was very sad.

"Poor boy!" she thought. "He's all a 92. It's a shame! He needs some friends." She couldn't stop t 93 about him. She wanted to go and see him but how could she go to his h 94 without an invitation?

Then one snowy afternoon, while looking out of the w 95, she saw Mr Laurence. He was getting into his carriage. He was going out. This gave her an idea.

"Laurie is alone in the house," she thought. "Perhaps he's looking out of his window."

She put on her hat and an old coat and took a broom and a shovel from the kitchen.

— Taken from *Little Women*

八、书面表达 (计 30 分)

A. 句子翻译 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 计 10 分)

96. 你最好别一直犯同样的错误。

97. 我一直用英语记录我的日常生活。

98. 每个周末, 我妈妈都把冰箱里装满食物。

99. 即将来临的周日, 我们要去溜冰, 而不是滑雪。

100. Peter 把照片放在了主页上供大家欣赏。

B. 写作 (计 20 分)

101. 《青少年》杂志正举办以 'My best friend' 为题的英语征文活动, 假如你是 Millie, 请根据下表所提示的要点, 用英语为该杂志写一篇短文, 介绍你的好友 Amy。

基本情况	一所混合学校的八年级学生。
优秀品质	1、彬彬有礼,(举例) 2、乐于助人,(举例)
兴趣爱好	1、喜欢旅游,(举例) 2、享受生活, 对 DIY 很着迷,(举例)
个人愿望	成为爱熊猫俱乐部 (Panda Lover Club) 的一员, 因为..... (自拟两点原因)

注意:

1、表达中必须包含所给要点, 可以适当发挥, 不要简单翻译;

2、词数 100 左右, 开头已经给出, 不计入总词数;

3、表达中请勿出现真实校名及姓名。

My best friend

Amy is one of my best friends. She is _____

