

2020 ~ 2021 学年第一学期八年级期中质量监测试题 (卷)

英 语

题 号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	书写与 卷面	总 分	等级 评价
得 分												

说明: 1. 本试卷满分为 100 分, 考试时间为 90 分钟。

2. 书写认真, 字迹工整, 答题规范, 卷面整洁不扣分。否则, 将酌情扣分, 书写与卷面扣分最多不得超 10 分。

听力部分 (共 20 分)

一、情景反应 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共 5 个小题, 每小题你将听到一句话。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中, 选出与所听到的信息相关联的一项, 并将其字母标号填入题前括号内。

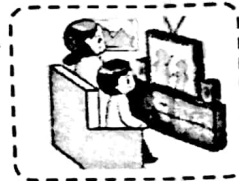
() 1. A.



B.



C.



() 2. A.



B.



C.



() 3. A.



B.



C.



() 4. A.



B.



C.



() 5. A.



B.



C.



二、对话理解 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共 5 个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并将其字母标号填入题前括号内。

- () 6. A. She went to the mountains. B. She visited her aunt.
C. She stayed at home.
- () 7. A. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Every day.
- () 8. A. Six hours. B. Seven hours. C. Eight hours.
- () 9. A. He works harder. B. He is more serious. C. He is smarter.
- () 10. A. She loves it. B. She doesn't like it. C. She can't stand it.

三、语篇理解 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容和所提出的 5 个问题, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并将其字母标号填入题前括号内。

- () 11. Who did Claire go on vacation with?
A. Her kids. B. Her parents. C. Her friends.
- () 12. How long did they stay at the beach?
A. For one week. B. For two weeks. C. For four weeks.
- () 13. What was Claire's favorite thing to do in summer?
A. Going swimming. B. Going to the beach. C. Eating ice-cream.
- () 14. How did they get to Florida?
A. By ship. B. By train. C. By plane.
- () 15. Why did they make a trip to Huntington Beach?
A. Because Helen had a soccer game there.
B. Because they wanted to visit Walt Disney World.
C. Because they wanted to play beach soccer there.

四、听力填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据所听内容, 将获取的信息填到相应的位置上。每空一词。

An exciting Chinese movie — *My People My Homeland*



- It is made up of 16. _____ stories.
- They show how farmers' lives become better and better in their homeland.
- Fan Wei 17. _____ played the countryside teacher's role in *The Last Class*.
- The other 18. _____ are also fantastic and they did a good job in the movie.
- It tells stories in a fun and 19. _____ way.

If you like to watch a movie this weekend, 20. _____ *My People My Homeland*!



笔试部分 (共 70 分)

五、单项选择 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并将其字母标号填入题前括号内。

- () 21. —Hi, Alan. Long time no see.
—Yes. I went _____ interesting. Let's enjoy my photos.
A. anywhere B. everywhere C. somewhere
- () 22. —There are quite a few ways of knowing what's going on around the world every day.
—But today it's easier for people to get information on the _____ than through the old ways.
A. Internet B. newspaper C. magazine
- () 23. When the last one in our group _____ on the top of the mountain, I knew we won the game.
A. waited B. broke C. appeared
- () 24. —What did you buy in the Disney World?
—Nothing at all. Everything was _____ there.
A. expensive B. meaningless C. educational
- () 25. —Do you watch the CCTV show *Aerial China 3*(航拍中国第三季)?
—Yes, it is wonderful. I never see a _____ TV show these days.
A. worse B. better C. louder
- () 26. —Who is the winner?
—Ronald. Although Dave really wanted to win, Ronald is _____ talented in playing chess.
A. truly B. luckily C. clearly
- () 27. —Are the two boys twins? They look so similar to each other.
—No. The boy _____ shorter hair is Jason, and the other one is Marco.
A. in B. with C. of
- () 28. —Our son told me he wanted to be a top student in his class. What can we do to help him?
—Dear, it's up to his attitude(态度) to study. _____ he tries his best, he will make it.
A. As soon as B. As quiet as C. As long as
- () 29. —What do you think of the talent shows?
—_____ watching them. They give the talented people a way to bring out the best in them.
A. I like B. I don't like C. I can't stand
- () 30. —Can you help me with my English? I always forget a lot of new words.
—_____ First, you should read them from time to time.
A. How come? B. Of course. C. Sounds good.



六、完形填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请阅读下面短文, 理解其大意, 然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并将其字母标号填入题前括号内。

Betty is the tallest student at school, but she doesn't like being tall. The students in her class make 31 about her. "Betty, Betty, long as spaghetti(意大利面)!" They always sing to her.

Ella is one of the coolest students. She can play the guitar and sing very well. Wherever she goes, other students 32 her, and they do everything she does. 33 Ella doesn't like it when the students sing to Betty, she can never let them stop.

One weekend, Ella visited her grandfather on the farm. She saw a chicken in the corner by itself. It didn't have many feathers(羽毛) and was much 34 than the others.

"35 happened to the poor chicken?" she asked.

Grandfather told her, "If one chicken 36 the others, they push(推) it away, and sometimes it's so bad that the chicken dies!" he said.

Ella picked up the chicken 37 and was lost in thought. "I want to take it home," she said.

After some weeks, the chicken grew bigger and looked healthier. And the feathers were growing.

"I'm going to talk to Betty," she said.

Ella soon 38 that Betty could play the drums. "I can play the guitar," Ella said, "so we can start a band(乐队)."

Betty smiled and Ella felt like her smile was as warm as the sun.

They 39 to call their band *Chicken Beat*. The band became very popular and all the students wanted to be in it. Betty and Ella let everyone join and 40 makes up silly(荒唐的) songs now. They are busy making up beautiful songs.

- | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| () 31. A. jokes | B. clothes | C. friends |
| () 32. A. describe | B. follow | C. expect |
| () 33. A. Because | B. But | C. Although |
| () 34. A. bigger | B. smaller | C. stronger |
| () 35. A. How | B. Why | C. What |
| () 36. A. is different from | B. is the same as | C. is up to |
| () 37. A. happily | B. sadly | C. easily |
| () 38. A. found out | B. brought out | C. came out |
| () 39. A. remembered | B. seemed | C. decided |
| () 40. A. everybody | B. somebody | C. nobody |



七、阅读理解(这一部分共三篇短文, 每篇短文后有五个小题, 每小题2分, 共30分)

(A)

请阅读下面短文, 从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并将其字母标号填入题前括号内。

①Do you like making friends? Do you want to know better between you and your friends? In fact, there are three different kinds of friends: "pest friends", "guest friends", and "best friends".

②The first kind of friend is just acquaintances(熟人), and all you usually know about them is their names. You may meet this kind of friend at school, at work, or on the bus, but you don't miss them when they're not around. When this kind of friend does something bad, you don't tell them. That is why they are called "pest friends".

③The second kind of friend is closer than acquaintances, but not as close as true friends. You know their names, a little of what they like or dislike, and a little of their family histories; you usually have a few things in common, but you don't talk about anything deep(深的), such as your wishes or worries, and they don't open up to you how they really feel.

④The last kind of friend, the "best friend", is the one you know the deepest. You're like family, and know everything about each other. You have no problem staying at each other's houses, and you share your deepest feelings and thoughts. They will correct(指出错误) you when you're wrong, sometimes they may not be perfect, but at least they will always care about you, and never do anything on purpose(故意地) to hurt you.

⑤We all have our pest, guest and best friends. We should value(重视) all friendships. And remember, all best friends start out as just acquaintances.

- () 41. The structure(结构) of the passage is _____.
A. ①—②③④⑤ B. ①②③④—⑤ C. ①—②③④—⑤
- () 42. The passage mainly tells us _____.
A. the ways to make friends B. the meaning of true friends
C. different kinds of friends
- () 43. Joe and Ken are neighbors and classmates, they often do things together but hardly ever share their feelings, they are "_____".
A. pest friends B. guest friends C. best friends
- () 44. From the underlined sentences(划线的句子), we can know _____.
A. "A good friend is like a mirror"
B. "A true friend reaches for your hand and touches your heart"
C. "Friends are like books-you don't need a lot of them as long as they're good"
- () 45. According to(根据) the passage, "_____" is TRUE.
A. a best friend hardly does something bad to you
B. a pest friend will never become your best friend
C. pest friends are more important than guest friends



(B)

请阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，在下面的表格中填入与短文内容最符合的单词，并将答案写在相应的位置上。

Do you often have a headache(头痛) during a test? Are you so worried about something that you can't sleep well at night? If so, then you will know what pressure(压力) is. It's a worry in your mind. It can make your body feel bad. You may feel angry, sad or afraid—all of them can make your life bad.

There are different kinds of pressure. Some kinds of pressure are good and others are bad. Good pressure might come to you when your teacher asks you to answer questions in class or when you try to get good grades at school. This kind of pressure can help you to do things better.

On the other hand, bad pressure will come if the pressure lasts(持续) too long. You may not feel well if your parents aren't getting on well with each other, if a family member is sick(生病的), or if you're having problems at school. That kind of pressure isn't going to help you. And it can really make you feel uncomfortable.

The best way to face the pressure is to make sure you keep SELF in mind: sleep, exercise, leisure(休闲) and food. If you get enough sleep and exercise often, and if you leave time for fun and eat healthily, you'll probably have an easier life with less pressure.

Pressure		
What is the pressure		It is a 46. _____ in your mind.
Kinds of the pressure	Good pressure	It might happen if you have to speak in front of the class. It comes to you when you try to study well at school. It can make you do things 47. _____.
	Bad Pressure	It might happen if the pressure lasts too long. It makes you feel 48. _____ when something terrible happens to you or people around you.
How to face the pressure		Sleep—sleep well Exercise—exercise often Leisure—have fun Food—eat 50. _____ 49. _____ SELF in mind.

(C)

请阅读下面短文和图表，按要求完成所给任务，并将答案写在相应的位置上。

Are you afraid of speaking in public(当众)?

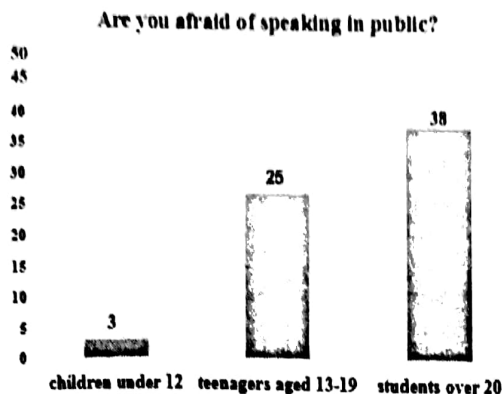
The problem

Are you afraid of speaking in public, such as answering the teachers' questions in class, asking for help when you have problems in shops, or making a report at New Year's party?

The survey(调查)

We asked 50 children under 12 years old, 50 teenagers aged 13-19 and 50 students over 20 years old, the result is a little surprising and worrying.





The conclusion(结论)

As people get older, they become more and more afraid of speaking in public. But it's the necessary ability(能力) for everybody. After all(毕竟), most jobs need some speaking ability. It's a good time to improve(提高) the speaking ability in the school days. Making a speech(演说) in class is the best way. So start practicing before it's too late.

51. Please translate(翻译) the underlined sentence into Chinese.

52. What percent of people are afraid of speaking in public according to the survey?

53. What is Rick afraid when he speaks in public?

54. Why do we need to improve the speaking ability?

55. What do you plan to do to improve your speaking ability?

八、词语运用 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请根据语篇内容, 用方框中所给词的正确形式填空, 使短文通顺、连贯, 并将答案填写在相应的位置上。

how never so hard well top wonder he from call

"What's the problem?" Mrs. Blair asked Tom. Her son was crying with a book in 56 hand.

"We have to read the poem(诗) *Little Jim to learn*," said the boy, "and someone can get a prize if he says it the 57 in class. But I don't think I can learn it."

"Why not?" said Mrs. Blair.

"It is so long, and some of the words are much 58 than I learned before! The boys laugh at me, and 59 me 'Slow Tom'. How can a slow boy learn it?" said Tom.



“Well, if you are slow, try to be ‘slow and sure’. Look at that snail(蜗牛) on the wall, how slow it is! But it will get to the 60 in the end. So just try to learn a few sentences each day.”

At last, the day came, the teacher called up the boys to say the poem. When it was Tom's turn, there was a laugh 61 most of the boys. But he didn't miss a word. Then the teacher said, "Good job, Tom Blair! The prize is for you!"

"Now tell us, 62 did you learn the poem so well?"

"A snail on the wall taught me," said Tom.

Everyone was surprised and 63 how the snail could teach Tom.

"I saw it climb on the wall little by little. It 64 stopped or turned back, but went on, and on. And I thought I would do the same with my poem. 65 I learned it little by little, and didn't give up. And by the time the snail got to the top of the wall, I learned it all."

56. _____ 57. _____ 58. _____ 59. _____ 60. _____

61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____ 65. _____

九、书面表达 (共 10 分)

我们每个人都在不断地成长 and 变化。与两年前相比，你长高了吗？性格更外向了吗？学习更努力了吗……请你用两段话写一篇 70 词左右的短文，从外貌、性格、学习、运动、爱好等方面谈谈自己的变化，第一段描述两年前的自己，第二段写出你的变化。（文中不得出现真实的人名、校名）

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

