

2020—2021 学年度（上学期）期末质量监测 八年级英语学科

题号	一	二	三	四	五	总分
得分						

一、听力（共 25 分）

I. 听句子，根据你所听到的句子，选择最佳答语。（5 分）

1. A. You are welcome. B. I'd like a hamburger. C. I'm sorry.
2. A. You're right. B. OK. C. Sounds interesting!
3. A. My cousin. B. By car. C. Twice.
4. A. Two. B. Only a little. C. Ten yuan.
5. A. Too much. B. I don't think so. C. It's boring.

II. 听对话，根据你所听到的对话和对话后的问题，选择最佳答语。（5 分）

6. A. In a store. B. In a supermarket. C. In a park.
7. A. At 3:00 p.m. B. At 3:30 p.m. C. At 4:00 p.m.
8. A. Watch TV. B. Prepare for a test. C. Paint a picture.
9. A. Every day. B. Every week. C. Every weekend.
10. A. Sunny. B. Rainy. C. Windy.

III. 根据所听到的描述，选出与其相符的图片。其中有一幅图片是多余的。（5 分）



A



B



C



D



E



F

11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____

IV. 听较长对话，选择正确答案。（5 分）

听第一段对话，作答第 16~17 小题。

16. Why does Jane's dad want to drink coffee?
 - A. Because he's sleepy.
 - B. Because he's tired.
 - C. Because he's bored.
17. How many spoons of sugar would Jane's dad like?
 - A. One.
 - B. Two.
 - C. Three.

听第二段对话，作答第 18~20 小题。

18. What problem does Rick have?
A. He didn't take the exam.
B. He didn't pass(及格) his exam.
C. He didn't study for the exam.
19. What will happen if Rick tells his parents the truth?
A. They will be happy. B. They will be angry. C. They will be excited.
20. Did Rick's friend advise him to tell his parents the truth?
A. Yes, he did. B. No, he didn't. C. We don't know.

V. 听短文，根据短文内容，选择正确答案。(5分)

21. Betty is very happy because she will _____ with her parents.
A. visit China B. go home C. watch TV
22. Their _____ friends will show them around Beijing.
A. Australian B. Chinese C. American
23. From the passage, we can know that they will _____ in Beijing.
A. cook Chinese food
B. learn to speak Chinese
C. try to taste some Chinese food
24. After they visit Beijing, they will go to _____.
A. Shanghai B. the Great Wall. C. Guilin
25. How long will the whole trip (整个旅程) take?
A. One week. B. Two weeks. C. Three weeks.

二、基础知识 (共 25 分)

VI. 根据句意和首字母在空白处填入一个适当的词，使句子意思完整，语法正确。(5分)

26. I decide to learn cooking d _____ the winter holidays.
27. Our geography teacher told us that the earth is a p _____.
28. John was very s _____ because he lost the tennis game last week.
29. Tom fell d _____ when he ran in the street and hurt (受伤) his legs.
30. Alice's home is very far, so she has to c _____ the first bus to school every day.

VII. 用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。(5分)

31. —Who is the _____ (write) of this book, Mary?
— Mo Yan is.
32. Helen is a good girl. She does everything _____ (careful).
33. We are all looking forward to _____ (build) a new science museum in our city.
34. The little boy made a cake _____ (he). His parents were very surprised and happy.
35. Li Rui _____ (hang) out with his classmates after he finished his homework yesterday.

VIII. 单项选择。(15分)

36. Wang Ning wants to be _____ engineer when he grows up.
A. a B. an C. the D. /
37. —Jenny, is there _____ in the fridge?
—No, there isn't. I'll go to get some in the supermarket.
A. some carrots B. any milk C. some meat D. any apples
38. It's time to watch CCTV Sports News. Please _____ the TV.
A. turn up B. turn down C. turn on D. turn off
39. We will hold a sports meeting next Friday _____ it rains.
A. until B. though C. because D. unless
40. It's very educational for teenagers _____ these old movies.
A. watch B. watched C. watching D. to watch
41. We _____ this plan after the headmaster _____ back from Shenyang next week.
A. will discuss; will come B. will discuss; comes
C. discuss; will come D. discuss; comes
42. My teacher gave me much _____ on learning English when I have some trouble (困难).
A. advice B. idea C. problem D. reply
43. Of all the drinks, tea is _____ in the world. It has a history of over 5000 years in China.
A. old B. older C. the oldest D. so old
44. — _____ reading rooms are there in your school?
—We have three.
A. How many B. How much C. How long D. How far
45. —Mrs. Liu, you look very happy today.
—Yes. I heard _____ my son in Australia just now.
A. of B. from C. about D. out
46. That's all I have to say. Is there anything you'd like to _____?
A. talk B. hold C. add D. think
47. We will do _____ on our school trip next week.
A. special something B. special anything
C. something special D. anything special
48. Hurry up, Nick! We shouldn't keep mum _____ for a long time in such cold weather.
A. wait B. waiting C. waits D. to wait
49. I am so hungry, mum. Would you please give me three _____ to eat?
A. bread B. pieces of bread C. cake D. piece of bread
50. —Xiao Meng, can you come to the New Year's concert with me this Saturday?
— _____. What time will it be?
A. I don't think so B. Sure, I'd love to C. Sorry, I can't D. You're welcome

三、交际运用 (共 5 分)

IX. 根据对话内容, 用方框内所给的选项补全对话, 其中有一项是多余的。(5 分)

A: Excuse me, Madam. You can't park your car in front of the shop.

B: I'm so sorry. It's my first time to drive alone (独自). 51. _____

A: Well, let me see... 52. _____ I think you can park there.

B: 53. _____

A: About two kilometers.

B: Thanks. Can you tell me the way there?

A: You can use the guide map in your car. 54. _____

B: But I don't know how to use it! Can you help me?

A: 55. _____ All right, it's OK now.

B: It's very kind of you. Thank you so much!

A. What's the matter?

B. It will take you there.

C. There is a parking lot (停车场) near the supermarket.

D. How far is it from here?

E. Well, you can do it like this...

F. I really can't find a place to park my car.

四、阅读 (共 45 分)

X. 完形填空 (15分)

阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从短文后各题所给的A. B. C. D四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

On the plane to London, an old man asked an air hostess (空姐) for a cup of water to take medicine (药). She told him that she would bring him the 56 soon.

Twenty minutes 57 when the old man asked service again, the air hostess heard. She was kept so busy that she 58 to bring him the water, so the old man couldn't take his medicine on time. She ran to him with a cup of water, but he 59 it.

In the following hours on the flight, when the air hostess passed the old man, she would ask him with a smile (微笑), "Is there anything I can do 60 you, sir?" But the old man read the book all the time and 61 relied to her.

62 the plane arrived in London, the old man asked the air hostess to hand him the passenger's booklet (意见簿). She knew that he would 63 bad words, and those words might make her 64 the job. Although she felt so upset, she 65 handed it to him with a smile.

After she got off the plane, the air hostess 66 the booklet. To her surprise, the old man wrote, "On the flight, you asked me if I needed 67 twelve times in all. How can I refuse 68 twelve smiles?"

That's right! The twelve smiles 69 the air hostess moved (感动) the old man and of course she wouldn't lose her job! She was busy with service for quite a few hours, but she felt 70 at the moment.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| 56. A. milk | B. juice | C. coffee | D. water |
| 57. A. late | B. later | C. ago | D. after |
| 58. A. remembered | B. forgot | C. wanted | D. learned |
| 59. A. saw | B. took | C. refused | D. got |
| 60. A. for | B. at | C. with | D. to |
| 61. A. never | B. often | C. sometimes | D. always |
| 62. A. Until | B. When | C. Because | D. If |
| 63. A. turn down | B. write down | C. turn on | D. add to |
| 64. A. lose | B. begin | C. improve | D. love |
| 65. A. yet | B. even | C. still | D. just |
| 66. A. opened | B. closed | C. found | D. hid |
| 67. A. water | B. help | C. food | D. drinks |
| 68. A. his | B. your | C. their | D. our |
| 69. A. to | B. with | C. of | D. for |
| 70. A. interested | B. surprised | C. tired | D. relaxed |

XI. 阅读理解 (30 分)

(A)

What will life be like in the future? How will things change? Here are some ideas. Which ones will come true?

In the future, a change (变换) of weather won't mean a change of clothes. We'll wear a new kind of clothes. They'll be warm when we're cold, and cool when we're hot.

There'll be no more light (轻的) rain and cold wind in spring. The weather will be quite warm or even hot all year, with heavy rain and wind. The sea level (海平面) will be much higher.

We won't travel by bus or by bike any more. Every family will have a small plane. No more expensive cars—it'll be cheap to travel everywhere by plane, not only over land (陆地), but also over the sea or even into space. Maybe there'll be traffic jams (交通拥堵) in the air.

Do you like long holidays? Well, you're going to like the future because machines and robots will do all the heavy and difficult jobs, and we'll only do light and easy work. Working hours will be short so people will have long holidays.

根据短文内容, 选择最佳选项。(5 分)

71. According to this passage, we will wear _____ clothes in different weather in the future.
A. cold B. warm C. different D. the same
72. In the future, the weather will be _____ than it is now.
A. hotter B. heavier C. better D. higher
73. We learn from this passage that maybe traffic jams will happen _____.
A. everywhere B. on the sea C. in the air D. over land

74. Why will people have long holidays in the future?

- A. Because they will have no jobs.
- B. Because robots will do all the easy jobs.
- C. Because their jobs will be too tiring.
- D. Because they won't need to work for a long time.

75. Which is the best title?

- A. Work in the future.
- B. Robots and traffic.
- C. Clothes change in the future.
- D. Life in the future.

(B)

Molly was a high school girl from Australia. She loved cars very much and she decided to buy one for herself before graduation(毕业). In order to get enough money, she looked for part-time jobs on her school board (公告栏).

She looked through all kinds of part-time jobs, and then she found a job that she was very interested in. It was to be the mascot (吉祥物) of her school sports teams. It was paying fifteen dollars. It was really a lot for a high school student. So Molly went to the job interview and got the job at last. She felt very happy. Her first day of work was at a basketball game. She got to school early that day. She got to school at 7 o'clock, and only the basketball players were there. Molly put on her costume and her panda head. It was very heavy and hot inside. But when she thought about how much she wanted a car, she felt better.

That day, Molly's high school basketball team won the game. The crowd jumped and cheered (欢呼). A lot of people wanted to take a picture with Molly. She spent an hour just taking pictures. By the time Molly could go home, it was already 11 o'clock, and she felt very tired but happy. She thought about how much money she made. It was the thing keeping her going.

根据短文内容, 选择最佳选项。(5分)

76. Molly came from _____.

- A. America
- B. Japan
- C. Australia
- D. England

77. Molly took the part-time job because _____.

- A. she loved her school
- B. she liked playing basketball
- C. she wanted to get enough money to buy a car
- D. she wanted to interest more students to do sports

78. Molly could get _____ on the first day.

- A. \$10
- B. \$15
- C. \$20
- D. \$25

79. What do the underlined word "costume" mean in the passage?

- A. Clothes.
- B. Shoes.
- C. Hats.
- D. Glasses.

80. What's the passage mainly about?

- A. Basketball Player.
- B. A Part-Time Job.
- C. How to take Photos.
- D. A Girl Lived in Australia.

(C)

DIY, which means Do It Yourself, is very popular in the UK. Lots of stores and supermarkets sell DIY materials(材料). TV shows also teach people how to DIY.

British people like DIY a lot. If there is anything that needs fixing (修理) around their homes, such as painting the walls or fixing the furniture (家具), they will do the jobs themselves. They share DIY with their friends. More and more people enjoy DIY and have found the happiness and pleasure of DIY. Sometimes people also DIY for saving money. Today, many people don't have enough money to buy a big house. They are looking at how they can make their houses better without spending a lot of money. That's why DIY is so popular.

However, DIY can be difficult. People often find it not easy to build a piece of furniture because they can't understand the instructions (用法说明). Sometimes the instructions themselves are easy and clear, but the furniture itself is difficult to build. DIY can also be dangerous if you are not careful enough. It is reported that in just one year more than 230,000 people were hurt (受伤) while doing DIY in the UK.

DIY can bring us a lot of fun and can help us save some money, but it is not always as easy as it seems to be. Maybe factories should make things that are easier and safer (安全) for us to DIY.

根据短文内容, 判断下列句子正 (T)、误 (F)。(5分)

81. Ordering a hamburger on the Internet is one kind of DIY.
82. British people like DIY very much.
83. People in UK find it is always expensive to build furniture by themselves.
84. People fix things around their houses only for fun.
85. DIY sometimes is more difficult than it seems to be.

(D)

It's easy to tell someone good news, but what about bad news? Are there any good ways to give bad news without making people too upset? 86. _____

Say something good Try to start the conversation with something good so that what you say is not all bad. For example, "I know you play soccer very well, but we only need one teammate." Or you may end the conversation with a promise, "87. _____".

Prepare your listener for the news Use words to introduce what you're going to say, like "I'm really sorry, but..." or "I'm afraid I've got some bad news." 88. _____

Try to give a reason 89. _____ Try to explain(解释) the decision: If you have to cancel(取消) a trip with friends, can you explain why?

90. _____ If you're giving someone bad news, try to use a soft friendly voice(声音) to make you sound kind. Say things to show you understand, like "I'm really sorry. I know this must be disappointing(令人失望的)."

根据短文内容, 将下面方框内的句子还原到文中空白处, 使短文完整。(每个选项只能用一次)(5分)

- | |
|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none">A. I'm sure you will join us in the next game.B. The following ways might help.C. Use a soft friendly voice.D. This gives the listener time to prepare for what you will say.E. People like to know why things go wrong. |
|--|

(E)

Michael was an 8-year-old student. He became ill and had to spend all day in bed at home. Because other children could not come near him, he felt sad and bored.

There wasn't much to do, so he just looked out of the window. One day, something strange happened outside the window. It was a panda eating a sandwich. The panda said "good afternoon" to Michael and then left. Michael was very surprised. He tried to find out what was going on. Suddenly, he saw a monkey playing with a ball outside his window. Next came an elephant with a watermelon in his mouth. As Michael saw more and more strange animals, he began to laugh and found it hard to stop. Everything seemed to be better and better.

Luckily, Michael's health improved, he felt better and went back to school. He told his friend Dave about all the strange things outside his window. While Michael was talking, he saw something in Dave's schoolbag. Michael asked what it was and Dave showed him. Inside the bag were many clothes that looked like animals. Dave wore them to cheer Michael up while he was ill!

From that day on, Michael always tried his best to make sure his friends never felt sad or bored.

根据短文内容, 回答下列问题。(10分)

91. Why did Michael have to stay in bed all day?
92. How did he feel when he saw a panda outside the window?
93. Did Michael get better and go back to school?
94. What did Michael find in Dave's bag?
95. What do you think of Michael's friend Dave?

五、书面表达 (共 20 分)

XII. (A) 寒假即将来临, 下面是小明的寒假计划。请将内容填写完整。每空一词。(5分)

It's December now. I think up a good plan 96. _____ the coming winter vacation.

First I'll get up 97. _____ and do sports from 6:30 to 7:30 in the morning. It is good for my health. Then I'll help my parents do some 98. _____, such as cooking and washing. I'll also take the great chance to 99. _____ books on history and science. At last, I will do something for the people who need help. I'm going to the Old People's House to help look after the old people. I'm 100. _____ I'll learn a lot and have a good time.

(B) 如果你是李华, 你的同桌黄明不喜欢英语, 上课不认真听讲, 不完成作业。请你给他提一些认真学英语的建议。

要求: 1. 内容可适当发挥, 不少于80词。

2. 意思清楚, 语句连贯。

Dear Huang Ming,

Yours,

Li Hua