

# 天津市部分区 2020~2021 学年度第一学期期末练习

## 八年级英语

**温馨提示：**使用答题卡的区，学生作答时请将答案写在答题卡上；不使用答题卡的区，学生作答时请将答案写在试卷上。

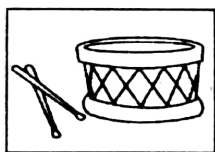
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### 一、听力理解（本大题共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

A) 在下列每小题内，你将听到一个或两个句子并看到供选择的 A、B、C 三幅图画。找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。

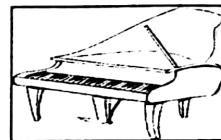
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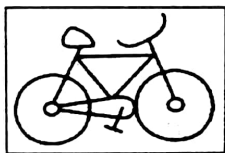


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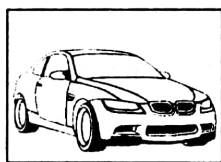


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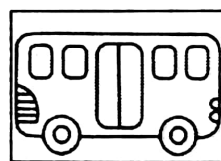
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A.

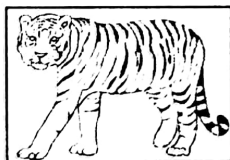


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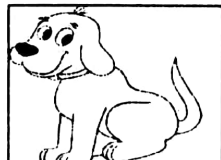


C.

( ) 3.



A.

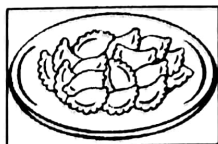


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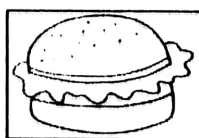


C.

( ) 4.



A.



B.



C.

B) 下面你将听到十组对话，每组对话都有一个问题。根据对话内容，从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找到能回答所提问题的最佳选项。

( ) 5. Which season does the woman like best?

A. Spring.

B. Summer.

C. Autumn.

( ) 6. Where does the man want to go?

A. To the zoo.

B. To the cinema.

C. To the post office.

( ) 7. What can you learn from the dialogue?

A. The lady is cooking something to eat.

B. The lady enjoys the fish a lot.

C. The lady isn't pleased with the meal.

( ) 8. What will Mario do this afternoon?

A. Have a party.

B. Visit the old people.

C. Go shopping.

( ) 9. What day is it today?

A. Monday.

B. Thursday.

C. Sunday.

( ) 10. Who can't play football?

A. Mike.

B. Peter.

C. Mike and Peter.

( ) 11. Where does the boy usually have lunch?

A. At home.

B. At school.

C. In the shop.

( ) 12. What are the girls doing?

A. Playing table tennis.

B. Playing baseball.

C. Playing basketball.

( ) 13. Where will the students study in the future?

A. At home.

B. In their schools.

C. In the school library.

( ) 14. How did the man go to school when he was young?

A. By bus.

B. By bike.

C. On foot.

C)听下面长对话或独白。每段长对话或独白后都有几个问题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

听下面一段材料，回答第 15 至第 17 题。

( ) 15. What does Tina do?

A. A reporter.

B. A student.

C. A teacher.

( ) 16. Who teaches Tina French?

A. Her mother.

B. Her father.

C. Herself.

- ( ) 17. What kind of music does Tina like?
- A. Loud music.                      B. Quiet music.                      C. Dance music.

听下面一段材料，回答第 18 至第 20 题。

- ( ) 18. What does Jiaming do every evening?
- A. He plays the drums.  
B. He does his homework.  
C. He draws pictures.
- ( ) 19. What's the weather like in Jiaming's city?
- A. Cool.                      B. Warm.                      C. Hot.
- ( ) 20. Where is Jiaming's mother now?
- A. In Italy.                      B. In Thailand.                      C. In Brail.

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二、单项选择（本大题共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

- ( ) 21. When you are riding \_\_\_\_\_ bike, think about the risk of \_\_\_\_\_ accident.
- A. the; an                      B. an; the                      C. a; an                      D. an; a
- ( ) 22. Don't forget to write down the correct answers next to the \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. coach                      B. chance                      C. university                      D. mistakes
- ( ) 23. The team played \_\_\_\_\_ on Saturday than on Tuesday.
- A. good                      B. better                      C. well                      D. best
- ( ) 24. Our English teacher advises us \_\_\_\_\_ films and TV programmes in English.
- A. watch                      B. to watch                      C. watches                      D. watched
- ( ) 25. Lu Xun is one of \_\_\_\_\_ writers of modern China.
- A. great                      B. greater                      C. the greatest                      D. greatest
- ( ) 26. Betty plans \_\_\_\_\_ the Beijing Opera again tomorrow.
- A. sees                      B. to see                      C. saw                      D. see
- ( ) 27. Many people hope to give money to \_\_\_\_\_ the wild animals.
- A. protect                      B. miss                      C. beat                      D. prepare

- ( ) 28. You \_\_\_\_\_ drive on the right-hand side of the road in China.  
A. mustn't      B. must      C. needn't      D. can't
- ( ) 29. In the picture, he sits \_\_\_\_\_ me, looking very happy.  
A. beside      B. among      C. up      D. through
- ( ) 30. Henry \_\_\_\_\_ his homework when his hand began to hurt.  
A. does      B. was doing      C. were doing      D. do
- ( ) 31. Look! That boy was listening to music \_\_\_\_\_ he was riding his bike.  
A. while      B. because      C. until      D. before
- ( ) 32. It is sunny now, but let's take an umbrella because it \_\_\_\_\_ rain later.  
A. may      B. must      C. need      D. /
- ( ) 33. In China, people \_\_\_\_\_ a gift with both hands.  
A. refuse      B. accept      C. suggest      D. drop
- ( ) 34. When you \_\_\_\_\_ London, you can buy a travel card to travel around the city  
A. arrive in      B. warm up      C. look after      D. take away
- ( ) 35. — While I was training, I hurt my knee last Sunday.  
— \_\_\_\_\_ Sit down and have a rest.  
A. I'm not sure about that.      B. That's too bad!  
C. Sounds great!      D. No idea!

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### 三、完形填空 (本大题共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 选项中选出最佳选项。

Alice was sitting with her sister by the river and her sister was reading a book. Alice had 36 to do. 37 she looked into her sister's book. "And what is a book for," thought Alice, "without pictures or 38?" Suddenly a white rabbit with pink eyes ran by.

There was nothing strange about that. She heard the rabbit say, "Oh dear! Oh dear! I'll be late!" and she didn't think it was 39. Then the rabbit took a watch out of its pocket and looked at it. A rabbit with a pocket and a watch? Alice 40 and ran across the field after it. She saw it go down a large rabbit 41 in the ground.

Then Alice went down after it, but never 42 how she was going to get out again. She found that she was falling down a very, very 43 hole. It was too dark for her to see anything. She was falling for a long time. 44 she was falling, she was thinking about her cat, Dinah. 45 she landed on some dry leaves.

- ( ) 36. A. something      B. everything      C. nothing      D. anything
- ( ) 37. A. In the end      B. In order to      C. For example      D. Once or twice
- ( ) 38. A. clouds      B. conversations      C. noises      D. shower
- ( ) 39. A. strange      B. enough      C. thick      D. shy
- ( ) 40. A. lifted up      B. came on      C. closed down      D. got up
- ( ) 41. A. ear      B. hole      C. cap      D. stair
- ( ) 42. A. thought about      B. kept clear of      C. wrote down      D. cheered on
- ( ) 43. A. sunny      B. deep      C. broken      D. local
- ( ) 44. A. Until      B. After      C. While      D. Then
- ( ) 45. A. Suddenly      B. Usually      C. Sometimes      D. Often

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#### 四、阅读理解（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

阅读下面的短文，从每小题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 选项中选出一个最佳选项。

(A)

One afternoon, Kate and her brother, Bob, went out to play. Kate was eight, and Bob was ten. "Let's go to the bridge and we can see the fish in the river," said Kate.

"I don't know..." Bob said. "Mum told us, 'Don't go to the bridge.' She said it was dangerous."

Kate said, "I am not afraid. Are you?"

Then they walked to the bridge and began looking for fish in the river. The bridge was a train bridge. Trains went over the bridge three times a day.

They were standing in the middle of the bridge when they heard a loud noise. "A train is coming!" Bob shouted. "Run!" He ran to the end of the bridge. He was safe.

Kate ran, too, but she fell. The train was coming fast. Kate ran towards Bob. She fell again right on the train tracks (铁轨). There was no time to run. She had to lie down

between the tracks. A few seconds later, the train went over the girl, but she was not hurt at all. She stood up and said to Bob, "Don't tell Mum! Don't tell Mum!"

At last their mother found out about the story. She was angry because they went to the bridge. But she was happy that Kate was all right.

( )46. Kate was \_\_\_\_\_.

A. 10 years old

B. Bob's brother

C. two years older than Bob

D. two years younger than Bob

( )47. Who told them not to go to the bridge?

A. Their mother.

B. Their father.

C. Kate.

D. Bob.

( )48. How often did the train go over the bridge?

A. Twice a day.

B. Three times a day.

C. Twice a week.

D. Three times a week.

( )49. Which of the following is NOT true?

A. Kate fell again right on the train tracks.

B. Kate was Bob's sister.

C. Kate had to lie down between the tracks.

D. Kate was hurt badly.

( )50. From the passage we know that \_\_\_\_\_.

A. their mother wasn't angry at all at first

B. the children were standing in the middle of the river

C. the mother was both angry and happy

D. the story happened in the morning

(B)

Do you like playing soccer? If you do, you may want to join the school soccer team. Read on and see how to join the school soccer team.

The first step is to know the information about the team. You can find more information by asking these questions. How many students are there in the soccer team? How many new players do they need? How often do they play soccer?

The second step is to practice. Practice soccer with your friends or your family. Only good players can join the school soccer team. So you need to practice your skill.

The third step is to study hard. If you always get bad grades in the exam, your teachers and parents won't let you join the soccer team.

The last step is to relax. Don't be too nervous. You can take a deep breath and keep smiling. Believe in yourself and you can be the best player.

- ( ) 51. This passage is about \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. how to play soccer  
B. how to join the school soccer team  
C. how to be a good soccer player  
D. how to study English well
- ( ) 52. You can find more questions about the team by \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. practicing a lot  
B. watching a game  
C. asking questions  
D. believing in yourself
- ( ) 53. What does the underlined word "skill" mean in Chinese?  
A. 锻炼  
B. 技能  
C. 实践  
D. 方法
- ( ) 54. Which step is about studying hard?  
A. The first step.  
B. The second step.  
C. The third step.  
D. The last step.
- ( ) 55. How to relax according to the passage?  
A. Sleep as many as you can.  
B. Talk to your coach.  
C. Take a deep breath and keep smiling.  
D. Take some medicine three times a day.

(C)

Every year several thousand people are killed on the roads in Great Britain. Every year between one and two hundred thousand people are hurt. These people are killed or hurt in road accidents.

There are rules to make the roads safe, but people do not always obey the rules (遵守规则). They are careless. If everybody obeys the rules, the roads will be much safer. How can we make the roads safer?

Remember this rule. In Great Britain traffic keeps to the left. Cars, buses and bikes must all keep to the left side of the road. In most other countries traffic keeps to the right.

Before crossing the road, stop and look both sides. Look right and left. Then, if you are sure that the road is clear, it is safe to cross the road. If you see small children or old

people, help them to cross the road. We must teach small children to cross the road safely. We must always set them a good example. Small children must not play in the street.

- ( )56. If we want to make the roads safer in Great Britain, \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. everybody must be careful and obey the traffic rules  
 B. traffic should keep to the right  
 C. don't cross the roads too often  
 D. roads must be clean
- ( )57. If you ride a bike in Great Britain, you must ride \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. on the right side of the road                      B. on the left side of the road  
 C. in the middle of the road                      D. behind the buses
- ( )58. Which is NOT correct?  
 A. Few people die in road accidents in Great Britain.  
 B. In our country traffic keeps to the right.  
 C. Cars, trucks and buses kill many people every year.  
 D. Streets are not safe places for play.
- ( )59. "the road is clear" means that \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. you can see very clearly on the road                      B. the road is very clean  
 C. the road is not noisy                      D. there is no car or bus running
- ( )60. The only safe way to cross the road is to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. look right                      B. look left  
 C. look both sides, right and left                      D. run across the road

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### 五、补全对话（本大题共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

根据对话内容，在每个题的空白处选择适当的话语，使对话意思完整。

- A. I was waiting to cross the road.  
 B. Are you all right?  
 C. No, it wasn't.  
 D. Don't ride too fast.  
 E. So did the car hit you?  
 F. I fell down on the ground.  
 G. What were you doing?



A: Hi, Tony! You look pale. \_\_\_\_\_ (61)

B: Just OK, I had an accident on my way to school.

A: That's too bad. How did it happen?

B: \_\_\_\_\_ (62) A car suddenly appeared round the corner while the lights were changing to red.

A: Was it going fast?

B: \_\_\_\_\_ (63). But the driver was talking on his mobile phone. He didn't see me.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ (64)

B: No, it stopped just in time, but \_\_\_\_\_ (65)

A: How dangerous it is!

B: Yes, all the people must obey (遵守) the traffic rules.

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六、完成句子 (本大题共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据所给中文意思完成句子, 每空只填一词。

66. 请注意这个单词的拼写。

Please \_\_\_\_\_ to the spelling of this word.

67. 一想到许多濒危动物真的很难过。

It's really sad to think of many animals \_\_\_\_\_.

68. 我妹妹学习骑车时从车子上摔了下来。

My sister \_\_\_\_\_ her bike while she was learning to ride.

69. 看, 运动员们正在做准备活动。

Look, the sports players are \_\_\_\_\_.

70. 去年, 政府在镇里新办了一所中学。

The government \_\_\_\_\_ a new middle school in the town last year.

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七、任务型阅读 （本大题共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

根据文章内容，完成下列各句。

Every 30 seconds there is an earthquake. But don't worry because only a few big ones hurt people. Here are some tips on how to stay safely in an earthquake.

If you are indoors during an earthquake, hide under a desk. Stay away from windows and anything that could fall on you.

If you are outdoors, move to a clear place. Try to be away from trees, signs, buildings and streetlights. These could fall on you.

If you are in a shop and far from the door, don't try to run to outside and rush for exits (出口). Everyone will be doing that and you'll find it hard getting out. Don't get into a lift during an earthquake. Just hide under some strong covers near you.

When an earthquake has ended, be careful because after-shocks may still happen. These are just as dangerous as the earthquake itself. So stay under the desk until you make sure it's safe to get up.

71. Hide \_\_\_\_\_, if you are indoors during an earthquake.

72. Try to be away from trees, signs, buildings and streetlights because these could \_\_\_\_\_.

73. If you are in a shop and far from the door, don't try to run to outside and \_\_\_\_\_.

74. Don't get into \_\_\_\_\_ during an earthquake.

75. When an earthquake has ended, be careful because after-shocks \_\_\_\_\_.

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#### 八、综合填空（本大题共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容及首字母提示，填写所缺单词，使短文意思完整。

Students often want to practice their English outside class. One of the best w\_\_\_\_\_ (76) to practice your English is to speak to a foreigner. Most of the students ask “Is it Okay to try to talk to foreigners when we meet t\_\_\_\_\_ (77) in the street?” The answer is yes or no, b\_\_\_\_\_ (78) probably no! When you see a foreigner looks lost, it is polite to ask him or her, “May I h\_\_\_\_\_ (79) you?” But, if not, you should probably let him or her get on with the business (公事). You can talk to a foreigner at some time or p\_\_\_\_\_ (80). It is quite OK to ask him or her questions when a foreigner c\_\_\_\_\_ (81) into your school, classroom or your teachers’ office. It’s also OK to talk to foreigners in some p\_\_\_\_\_ (82) places. When you see a foreigner and there is no other one with him or her in a r\_\_\_\_\_ (83), a waiting room, or a shop, it is the right t\_\_\_\_\_ (84) for you to ask him or her, “Is this seat free?” o\_\_\_\_\_ (85) questions like this. It’s a pleasure to talk to a foreigner if you choose the right time and place.

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#### 九、书面表达（共 10 分）

86. 假设你是王林，你的英国网友约翰将要来天津参观，请你给他发一封电子邮件，告诉他以下内容：

- (1) 向约翰介绍一下天津的城市位置、风景名胜、美食等；
- (2) 介绍天津的天气，并告诉他参观天津的最好时间；
- (3) 告诉他来之前需要知道的事情和准备的东西。

要求：

- (1) 内容连贯，不需逐字翻译，可适当补充内容。
- (2) 80-100 词，开头已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear John,

It is good to hear that you may visit Tianjin. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

I hope this helps you.

Yours,

Wang Lin