

河西区 2020—2021 学年度第一学期八年级期末质量调查

英语试卷

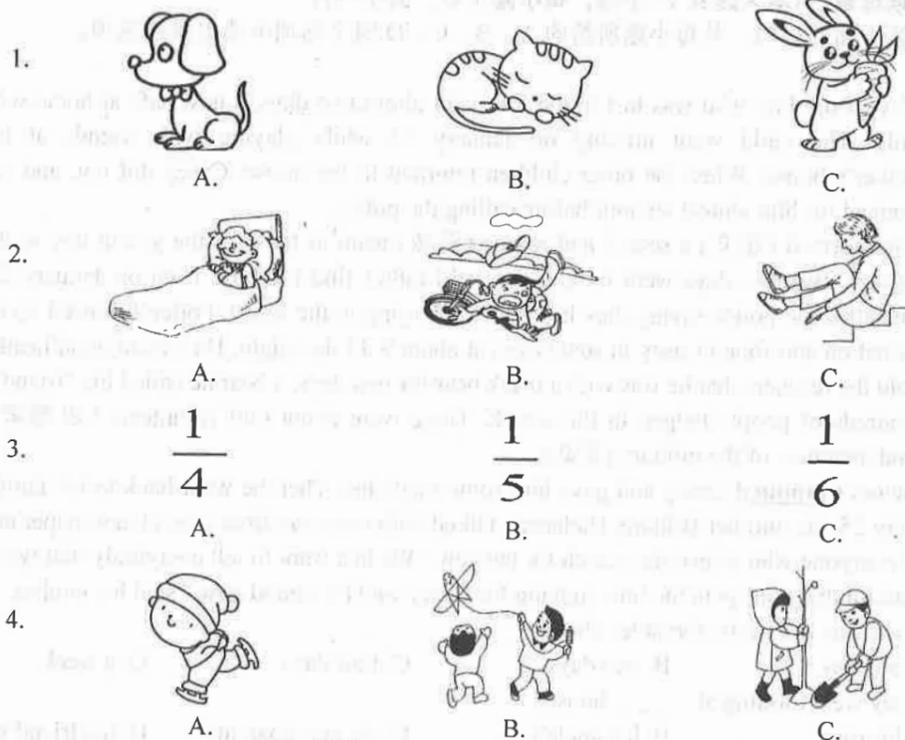
本试卷满分 100 分。考试时间 90 分钟。共 8 页。

答卷前，请你务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考点校、考场号、座位号填写在“答题卡”上，并在规定位置粘贴考试用条形码。答题时，务必将答案涂写在“答题卡”上，答案答在试卷上无效。考试结束后，请上交“答题卡”。

祝考试顺利！

一、听力理解（本大题共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

A) 在下列每小题内，你将听到一个或两个句子，并看到供选择的 A、B、C 三幅图画。找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。



B) 下面你将听到十组对话，每组对话都有一个问题。根据对话内容，从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找出能回答所提问题的最佳选项。

5. What is Sam doing now?  
A. Preparing some notes. B. Making a plan. C. Doing housework.
6. What did the girl do last night?  
A. She read a newspaper. B. She read a book about a boy called Eric.  
C. She read a book about a girl called Alice.

7. Who speaks English best in Bill's class?  
A. Michael. B. Jenny. C. Jack.
8. What do people do before Spring Festival?  
A. They have a party. B. They clean houses. C. They buy presents.
9. What's wrong with Jenny?  
A. Her head hurts. B. Her leg hurts. C. Her arm hurts.
10. What did Peter see on his way to school?  
A. A broken bike. B. A few dogs. C. A car accident.
11. Where's the woman?  
A. In Hainan. B. In America. C. In Beijing.
12. What are they going to do tomorrow?  
A. Go sightseeing. B. Go swimming. C. Go skating.
13. Which city is the woman from?  
A. London. B. Cambridge. C. Arnwick.
14. What is the wrong thing to do in an earthquake?  
A. Stay away from windows. B. Jump out of the building.  
C. Hide under a table.
- C) 听下面长对话或独白。每段长对话或独白后都有几个问题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。
- 听下面一段材料，回答第 15 至第 17 题。
15. Who did David go to the countryside with?  
A. His family. B. His friends. C. His classmates and teachers.
16. What were the cats in the photo doing?  
A. They were sleeping. B. They were eating. C. They were playing with a ball.
17. How many people are there in the photo?  
A. Four. B. Five. C. Six.
- 听下面一段材料，回答第 18 至第 20 题。
18. What's Cindy's favourite?  
A. She likes travelling. B. She likes reading novels.  
C. She likes reading books about travelling.
19. When did Cindy go to Hangzhou?  
A. Last week. B. Last month. C. Last October.
20. What was the weather like?  
A. It was sunny. B. It was cloudy. C. It was hot.
- 二、单项填空（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）
- 从下列每小题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。
21. Shanghai is in \_\_\_\_\_ east of our country.  
A. / B. a C. an D. the
22. The panda is the \_\_\_\_\_ of China.  
A. choice B. symbol C. field D. island
23. — I'm planning a trip to Hainan this winter. How is the weather there?  
— Not so hot. Sometimes \_\_\_\_\_ is a bit cool and wet.  
A. this B. that C. it D. one

24. Every year driving after drinking wine (酒) \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of traffic accidents.  
A. happens B. causes C. protects D. accepts
25. Kate didn't go to the movie last night because she had to \_\_\_\_\_ her grandpa.  
A. look after B. look up C. look for D. look at
26. — May I take the magazine out of the reading room?  
— No, you can't. You \_\_\_\_\_ read it here. It's the rule (规则).  
A. must B. would C. may D. might
27. — Tom, don't drive too fast, you \_\_\_\_\_ cause an accident.  
— OK.  
A. need B. have to C. must D. may
28. The girl wanted to be a singer when she was young, \_\_\_\_\_ in the end she became a teacher.  
A. and B. so C. or D. but
29. Go and tell the boy \_\_\_\_\_ with fire. It's too dangerous.  
A. don't play B. not play C. not to play D. not playing
30. \_\_\_\_\_ the water was cold, Wei Qinggang jumped into it to save the child.  
A. Although B. When C. If D. Because
31. — Are you going shopping this afternoon?  
— No, I'm \_\_\_\_\_ tired \_\_\_\_\_ go.  
A. so; to B. enough; to C. too; to D. /; to
32. — What will we do this afternoon?  
— I think it is wonderful \_\_\_\_\_ on such a hot day.  
A. swimming B. to swim C. swam D. swims
33. Jim \_\_\_\_\_ on the computer when his father returned home.  
A. works B. worked C. was working D. is working
34. — How clean the room is!  
— Yes, I'm sure that someone \_\_\_\_\_ it just now.  
A. cleans B. cleaned C. will clean D. is cleaning
35. — Zhangjiajie is very beautiful. Shall we go there this summer vacation?  
— \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Sounds great! B. It's very kind of you.  
C. Don't worry. D. Have a good time.

### 三、完形填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

I don't remember how many times Mother ever came to my room. I only \_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ she did that night after night.

Every time she \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ on my bed and pushed my long hair out of the way, then kissed my forehead (额头). Mother's rough (粗糙的) \_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_ did make me feel uncomfortable. I don't remember when it first started annoying (使恼怒) me — her hands pushing my hair that way. Finally, one \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_ I shouted out to her, "Don't do that anymore — your hands are too rough, mommy!" She didn't say \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_ in reply (回答). But never again did my mother start my sleep with that kind of \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_ love.

With the passing years, I'm not a little girl anymore. My thoughts (思绪) returned to that night. I still remember that night \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_ I shouted to my mother like that. I missed my mother's hands, missed her goodnight kiss on my forehead. Mum is in her seventies, and she is

still doing things for me and my family \_\_\_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_\_\_ her rough hands.

One night while Mum was washing dishes, I came to her. Catching her hand in hand, I told her how \_\_\_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_\_\_ I was for that night. I thought she would remember, as I did. But Mum didn't \_\_\_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_\_\_ what I was talking about. She forgot that I shouted to her — long ago.

36. A. think B. tell C. see D. remember  
37. A. played B. sat C. stood D. slept  
38. A. face B. hands C. eyes D. arms  
39. A. morning B. noon C. afternoon D. night  
40. A. anything B. everything C. nothing D. something  
41. A. rough B. special C. great D. popular  
42. A. because B. so C. though D. but  
43. A. in B. for C. with D. at  
44. A. happy B. thankful C. boring D. sorry  
45. A. hear B. accept C. know D. need

### 四、阅读理解 (本大题共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

阅读下面的材料, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

A 3-year-old boy who was lost in the forest for about two days is now safe at home with his family. The child went missing on January 22 while playing with friends at his grandmother's house. When the other children returned to the house, Casey did not, and the family looked for him almost an hour before calling the police.

Police formed (建立) a search and rescue (营救) team to look for the young boy in the nearby forest. But two days went by and they still didn't find the boy. Then on January 24, someone called the police saying they heard a child crying in the forest. Police followed up on the information and found Casey in some trees at about 9:30 that night. He was in good health. Casey told the rescuers that he was with a black bear for two days, a bear he called his "friend".

Hundreds of people helped in the search. There were about 600 volunteers (志愿者), police and members of the military (军队).

Doctors examined Casey and gave him some medicine. Then he went back to his family on January 25. His mother Brittany Hathaway talked with reporters from a local newspaper and thanked everyone who joined the search for her son. "We just want to tell everybody that we're very thankful that you spent the time looking for Casey, and he's good now," said his mother.

46. Casey was lost in the forest for about \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. one day B. two days C. four days D. a week
47. Casey went missing at \_\_\_\_\_ house.  
A. his own B. his uncle's C. his grandparents' D. his friend's
48. The rescuers found Casey in the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. forest B. park C. station D. hospital
49. How was Casey when people found him?  
A. He felt terrible. B. He looked pale. C. He was hurt. D. He was fine.
50. The underlined word examined means \_\_\_\_\_ in Chinese.  
A. 检查 B. 调查 C. 检测 D. 考试

## B

Do you know about the secrets of pandas?

It is reported that there are only less than 2,000 pandas living in the wild and in the zoo. All of the world's pandas come from China! Among them, 1,367 are living in Sichuan.

For pandas' food, 99% is bamboo, but it is not their only food. They also have some meat, vegetables, fruits, and some favourite sweets.

Pandas defecate (排便) 40 times a day! Their excrement (粪便) is clean. Some gifts are made from the excrement, and some baby pandas even eat the excrement of their mothers.

This animal was first known by the western people in 1869 when a French teacher got a black-and-white fur (毛皮). Every year, the United States pay one million dollars for renting (出租) pandas to stay in the zoos in Atlanta, Washington, San Diego, and Memphis.

When a baby panda is born in a foreign country, Fedex will send it back to China at once. Newly-born (新出生的) pandas are like small pink mice (鼠), and they are only 85g to 150g. However, they will grow to 40kg in the first year, and become adults (over 100kg) in five years.

It has the sixth "finger" on each of its feet. Five fingers of them can help it firmly hold the bamboo, and climb the tree. An adult has a white tail. It's usually about 20cm long. It's hard for people to notice the pandas' tails.

51. How many pandas are living in Sichuan?  
A. 2,000. B. 1,367. C. More than 700. D. Less than 700.
52. What food do pandas eat most?  
A. Bamboo. B. Meat. C. Fruits. D. Vegetables.
53. Who first knew about pandas?  
A. Englishmen. B. Frenchmen. C. Americans. D. Australians.
54. What colour is the newly-born panda?  
A. White. B. Black. C. Pink. D. White and black.
55. How many "fingers" does a panda have?  
A. 5. B. 6. C. 20. D. 24.

## C

Playing video games can be a fun way to relax or spend time with friends. In schools, teachers use games to improve students' abilities to think, imagine and encourage (鼓励) teamwork.

But for some players, gaming has become an unhealthy habit (习惯). They always look at a screen and do badly in schoolwork.

The video-game world feels like a friendlier place than the real one.

Mental (心理的) health experts (专家) have noticed too much video gaming could be bad for kids' mental health. In June, the WHO added gaming disorder (游戏紊乱症) to its list of health problems. According to WHO, the disorder can be known if gaming has made a bad difference to relationships with family and friends.

Not all experts agree with WHO's decision to call gaming too much a disorder. They say people who are crazy about video games may have other mental health problems that should be treated (治疗) first.

Others think WHO made the right decision. A scientist says kids often feel worried and lonely. They get angry when a parent stops them from playing games. It becomes a self-destructive (自毁的) activity.

One key to healthy gaming is to know about how long you play. Sussman suggests taking

at least an hour-long break after every hour of play. That gives the brain (大脑) time to rest.

Teachers can help too, by keeping an eye on students' **behaviour**. School is an excellent place for finding gaming disorder.

56. Games can't help students have \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. better teamwork with others B. better abilities (能力) to imagine  
C. better ways of thinking D. better abilities to exercise
57. According to the passage, playing games too much is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. boring B. relaxing C. enjoyable D. unhealthy
58. Now the gaming disorder is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. study B. game C. illness D. exercise
59. The underlined word "**behaviour**" means \_\_\_\_\_ in Chinese.  
A. 能力 B. 行为 C. 作息 D. 合作
60. Sussman thinks kids should rest \_\_\_\_\_ when they play games.  
A. every one hour B. every two hours  
C. every three hours D. every four hours

## 五、补全对话 (本大题共5小题, 每小题1分, 共5分)

根据对话内容, 从下面方框内选择恰当的句子将对话补充完整。(选项中有两项是多余的)

- A. Yes. Can I keep the book longer?  
B. Another novel?  
C. Yes, they are really small.  
D. Yes, I'd like to return this book, please.  
E. I'm very busy.  
F. And the words are much bigger.  
G. I had a hard time reading a few pages (页).

A: Can I help you?

B: \_\_\_\_\_ 61 \_\_\_\_\_

A: Did you enjoy the book?

B: No, I couldn't read it. \_\_\_\_\_ 62 \_\_\_\_\_ So I decided to stop reading it.

A: Isn't it interesting?

B: It isn't the language. It's the words. They are too small for me.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 63 \_\_\_\_\_ What can I do for you then?

B: Well, I'll be glad if you could find me another book.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 64 \_\_\_\_\_

B: Yes, but one with bigger words.

A: How about this one?

B: Oh, *Harry Potter*. This one is fine. \_\_\_\_\_ 65 \_\_\_\_\_ Thanks.

A: My pleasure.

## 六、词汇 (本大题共5小题, 每小题1分, 共5分)

根据句意及中文提示写出所需单词, 并用其正确形式填空。

66. I'm good at science, so I dream of becoming a \_\_\_\_\_ (科学家) one day.
67. People often fly kites on sunny and \_\_\_\_\_ (多风) days.
68. The stamp I bought yesterday \_\_\_\_\_ (花费) me 20 yuan.
69. The boy wanted to \_\_\_\_\_ (扔) the ball into the basket, but missed it.
70. Riding side by side can \_\_\_\_\_ (增加) the risk of an accident.

七、完成句子 (本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

根据所给中文意思完成句子, 每空限填一词。

71. 你怎么知道怎么创办一家网店?

Do you know how to \_\_\_\_\_ an online store?

72. 他正在考虑如何快速地完成这项工作。

He is \_\_\_\_\_ how to finish the work quickly.

73. 当镇上开了一家更大的商店时, 这家当地的店铺关闭了。

The local shop \_\_\_\_\_ when a bigger one opened in the town.

74. 我们正好及时赶上那班公共汽车。

We were just \_\_\_\_\_ for the bus.

75. 妈妈告诉我勿靠近那扇门。

Mum told me to \_\_\_\_\_ of the door.

八、任务型阅读 (本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容完成下面的句子。

I had a three-day summer camp with my classmates last year. Early in the morning, we gathered (集合) at the bus station.

After saying goodbye to our parents, we got on the bus. It took us more than two hours to arrive at the campground. We got off the bus cheerfully, laughing and shouting, we jumped and ran all over the place.

It was the first time for us to be away from our parents. Some of us started to feel homesick (想家的). However, when the night party began, the homesickness was gone! The next day, everybody rushed (冲) to the boating class, hoping to leave others behind. At first, my friends and I worked hard, but the boat wouldn't listen to us and kept going round and round. Then the teacher taught us how to work together. After many tries, we did much better. Swimming class was my favourite. It was about the hottest time of a day and the best time to stay in the cool water. The swimming teacher was a funny man, and during the class he often made us laugh happily. During the camp I learned a lot of new things and made many new friends. I also learned how to take care of myself.

76. The author (作者) and his classmates spend \_\_\_\_\_ days in the camp.

77. The students said goodbye to \_\_\_\_\_ and went to the campground by bus.

78. At first, some of them got homesick, but soon \_\_\_\_\_!

79. From the passage we know \_\_\_\_\_ class is a teamwork.

80. Swimming class was the author's favourite because \_\_\_\_\_. (写出一个理由即可)

九、综合填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

根据短文内容及首字母提示, 填写所缺单词, 使短文意思完整。

It was a Sunday morning. Peter was watching TV in the room while his brother Bill was d 81 his homework. At ten their mother came back w 82 a bag of oranges. Peter l 83 them and wanted to eat quickly. His mother s 84 him. She gave five to each son and went to the kitchen. Peter a 85 his oranges soon but his brother was busy doing his homework and d 86 eat his. Just then, the telephone rang and Bill ran to answer it. Bill's friend asked Bill to play football with him. And when Bill talked with his friend, Peter t 87 two of his oranges away and ate them. Bill found it and called him out and b 88 him behind the house. Peter didn't tell his parents about it.

The next morning Peter's teacher, Mrs Ball, taught the students subtraction (减法). Peter was looking at the bird in the tree out of the window and couldn't a 89 her questions. The teacher let Peter stand up and gave him an e 90, "If your brother has five oranges and you take two from him, what will the result (结果) be?"

"He'll beat me, teacher," said the boy. All his classmates started to laugh.

十、书面表达 (本大题共 10 分)

91. 假如你是李华, 曾经去过英国, 英语老师请你在课上谈谈在英国的见闻与中国有哪些差异, 请依据表格内容写一篇发言稿。

英国	冬天有点儿冷, 有时会下雨; 传统食物是炸鱼和薯条, 下午茶时喝加奶的茶; 司机沿道路左侧开车。
中国	北方冬天很寒冷, 有时会下雪; 传统食物是米饭、饺子、面条等, 通常喝茶不加奶; 司机沿道路右侧开车。
补充说明	..... (一条即可)

要求:

(1) 发言稿必须包括表格中全部要点, 可适当发挥。

(2) 词数: 80-100 个。开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

参考词汇: 沿道路左侧 on the left-hand side of the road

炸鱼和薯条 fish and chips

Hello, everyone. I'm glad to be here to talk about some differences between England and China.

In England, \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## 英语试题参考答案及评分标准

- 一、1-5 CBBA 6-10 CBBAC 11-15 CABBA 16-20 CBACA  
二、21-25 DBCBA 26-30 ADDCA 31-35 CBCBA  
三、36-40 DBBDA 41-45 BACDC  
四、46-50 BCADA 51-55 BABCD 56-60 DDCBA  
五、61-65 DGCBF  
六、66. scientist 67. windy 68. cost 69. throw 70. increase/raise  
七、71. set up 72. thinking about 73. closed down 74. in time 75. keep clear  
八、76. 3/three  
77. their parents  
78. the homesickness was gone  
79. boating  
80. it was good to stay in the cool water (when the weather was hot)/the swimming teacher was funny (and he often made them laugh happily)/he felt quite relaxed during the class  
九、81. doing 82. with 83. liked/likes/loved/loves 84. stopped 85. ate 86. didn't  
87. took 88. beat 89. answer 90. example  
十、One possible version:  
91. Hello, everyone. I'm glad to be here to talk about some differences between England and China.  
In England, it is a bit cold and rains from time to time in winter. Their traditional food is fish and chips. Afternoon tea is not just a drink but a light meal and they drink tea with milk. Englishmen drive on the left-hand side of road. However, in the north of China winter is very cold and snowy. We usually eat rice, dumplings, noodles and so on as traditional food. We drink tea without milk. We Chinese drive on the right-hand side.  
Well, there is another big difference. When English people receive a gift, they open it immediately. But we usually open it later.  
All in all, different countries have different traditions.
- 书面表达各档次的给分范围和要求:
- 第四档:(9~10分) 能写明全部内容要点;语言基本无误;行文连贯,表达清楚。
- 第三档:(6~8分) 能写明全部或大部分内容要点;语言有少量错误;行文基本连贯,表达基本清楚。
- 第二档:(3~5分) 能写明大部分内容要点;语言有较多错误;尚能达意。
- 第一档:(0~2分) 只能写出少部分内容要点;语言错误很多,只有个别句子可读;只能写出与所要求内容有关的一些单词。