

2020—2021 学年第一学期期末检测题

九年级英语

说明：1.全卷满分 120 分，考试时间 120 分钟。
2.请将答案写在答题卷上，否则不给分。

一、听力测试 (27 分)

现在是试听时间。请听一段对话，然后回答问题。

What is the boy going to buy?

- A. Some juice. B. Some oranges. C. Some apples.

答案是 C。

A)请听下面 8 段对话。每段对话后有一小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都将有 10 秒钟的时间回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。

每段对话读两遍。(每小题 1 分)

1. What does Tom usually have for breakfast?
A. Bread and milk. B. Eggs and milk. C. Hamburgers and milk.
2. How does Jason study for a test?
A. By asking teachers for help.
B. By working with classmates.
C. By doing exercises.
3. Who is the tallest of the three children now?
A. Alice. B. Mike. C. Helen.
4. Where are the two speakers talking?
A. In the restaurant. B. In the library. C. In the classroom.
5. Why didn't Steven sleep well?
A. Because he didn't know how to solve an English problem.
B. Because he didn't get good grades in the English test.
C. Because he argued with his English teacher.
6. Which season does Lisa like best?
A. Summer. B. Winter. C. Autumn.
7. When did the movie start?
A. At 7:55. B. At 8:00. C. At 8:25.

8. What does the woman mean?
A. She wants to drink milk.
B. She wants to drink coffee with milk.
C. She wants to drink coffee without milk.

B)请听下面 5 段材料。每段材料后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。听每段材料前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。(每小题 1 分)

请听第 1 段材料，回答第 9、10 小题。

9. What will Bob do?
A. Visit friends. B. Go out for lunch. C. Stay at home.
10. What does Jane think of basketball games?
A. Interesting. B. Noisy. C. Boring.

请听第 2 段材料，回答第 11、12 小题。

11. What can we know about Paul?

- A. He likes listening to music.
B. He doesn't like any sports.
C. He likes reading magazines.

12. What sports does Vicky like?

- A. She likes running and swimming.
B. She likes running and playing football.
C. She likes swimming and playing football

请听第 3 段材料，回答第 13 至第 15 小题。

13. What's the color of the lost handbag?

- A. Purple. B. Red. C. Black.

14. Where did the woman probably lose the handbag?

- A. In a taxi. B. In the supermarket. C. In the park.

15. Which of the following is true?

- A. The woman's wallet was also lost.
B. The woman's mother's phone number is 6585683.
C. There is a map, some money and a smart phone in the handbag

请听第 4 段材料，回答第 16 至第 18 小题。

16. When did the man begin to feel terrible?

- A. Three days ago. B. Last night. C. This morning.

17. What's wrong with the man?

- A. He has a cough. B. He has a toothache. C. He has the flu.

18. What can we get from the conversation?

- A. The man should stay in bed for three day days.
B. The man should take the medicine for three days.
C. The man should take the medicine before meals.

请听第 5 段材料，回答第 19 至第 22 小题。

19. How does Mr. Smith feel when he comes back home from work?

- A. He feels surprised. B. He feels relaxed. C. He feels tired.

20. What does Mrs. Smith often do after supper?

- A. She often takes a walk with Mr. Smith.
B. She often tells Mr. Smith a lot of things.
C. She often lies down and has a rest.

21. Who went to the doctor with Mr. Smith?

- A. Mrs. Smith. B. His brother. C. Nobody.

22. What can we learn from the monologue?

- A. Mrs. Smith thought she also needed some medicine.
B. The doctor asked Mr. Smith to take a walk every day.
C. Mr. Smith couldn't have a good rest because of his wife.

C)请听下面一段独白，根据独白内容完成下列句子，每个空格不超过 3 个单词。将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。听独白前你将有 50 秒钟的时间阅读句子内容。独白读两遍。(每小题 1 分)

23. There are over _____ shows and plenty of other activities in Ocean Life.

24. You can't see sea animals like whales and _____ in Ocean Life.

25. Ocean Life is also famous for _____.

26. Ocean Life returns injured sea animals to their natural homes when they are _____.

27. Ocean Life takes part in many projects to make the visitors _____ the problems and dangers to sea animals.

二、单项填空 (8 分)

请阅读下面各小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并将

答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。（每小题 1 分）

28. With the high-speed railway, we can travel _____.
A. easily B. hardly C. finally D. carefully
29. ---Can you lend me your notes from John’s lecture(讲座)?
---Well, I did take notes. But I _____ them back from Alex.
A. didn’t get B. won’t get C. haven’t got D. don’t get
30. _____doing housework makes us tired, it can help us understand our parents better.
A. Since B. Although C. If D. Unless
31. *Ant Forest* makes it _____ for common people to play a part in planting trees.
A. serious B. important C. harmful D. possible
32. COVID-19 might sound scary, but we needn’t worry about our _____ if we learn more about it.
A. future B. market C. safety D. programs
33. That factory has _____ a way to recycle the waste and doesn’t put it into the river any more.
A. fought B. found C. protected D. produced
34. Look at the tall and old tree! Do you know who _____ it?
A. plants B. will plant C. is planting D. planted
35. In China, it’s a custom that tea _____ while chatting.
A. serves B. served C. is served D. was served

三、完形填空（25 分）

A) 请先阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入相应空白处的最佳选项，将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。（每小题 1 分）

Have you tried to run or walk for exercise and then given up? If you answered yes, you should try a new kind of 36: aquatic(水中的) exercise. Aquatic exercise is like exercise on 37, but you do it in a swimming pool. More and more people are 38 aquatic exercise.

Aquatic exercise feels 39 than exercising on land. Why? You weigh about 90% less in the pool. It is better for your 40 than running or walking. Water is about 1,000 times thicker and heavier than air. To move 41 the water, your body has to work four times as hard. As a result, you can 42 more calories(卡路里).

In fact, most people say they feel more 43 in the water. They stop thinking about the things that 44 them worried. They feel in control of their bodies. The cool, 45 environment makes them feel good.

46 what if you are afraid of the water? No problem! There is nothing to worry about. Aquatic exercise is safe and easy to 47. 48 doesn’t require any special skills. You don’t 49 need to know how to swim. Aquatic exercise is for 50.

36. A. food B. fruit C. exercise D. music
37. A. land B. mountain C. river D. air
38. A. finishing B. catching C. trying D. touching
39. A. happier B. harder C. stronger D. easier
40. A. knees B. hands C. arms D. shoulders
41. A. on B. at C. through D. by
42. A. pay B. cost C. spend D. burn
43. A. worried B. relaxed C. interesting D. sad
44. A. bring B. send C. make D. choose
45. A. quiet B. noisy C. crowded D. boring
46. A. However B. But C. And D. So
47. A. bring B. teach C. learn D. change



48. A. They B. He C. She D. It
49. A. hardly B. seldom C. ever D. even
50. A. someone B. everyone C. something D. anything

B) 请先阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后用方框中所给的词的适当形式填空，并将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。一空一词，每个词限用一次。（每小题 1 分）

surprise this number cow paint within that funny bite actually

Can you imagine seeing a cow painted with zebra stripes(条纹)? It sounds a little 51. But scientists have found that this can be good for the cows.

Studies have shown 52 zebras’ stripes are meant to stop flies(苍蝇) from 53 them. This protects them from the deadly(致命的) diseases that some flies carry. To test this theory(理论), Japanese scientists painted stripes on 54 last year.

They 55 two cows with black and white stripes, two with just black stripes, and two with no stripes at all. Each morning, they observed(观察) how many fly bites the cows get 56 thirty minutes and compared the 57 of the bites.

The results were 58. The zebra stripes 59 prevented fly bites. They reduced the number of bites by 50 percent. Scientists say 60 could be a good way to protect cows and other animals from flies.



四、阅读理解。(40 分)

A) 请阅读下面短文，根据短文内容从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项，并将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。（每小题 2 分）

A
Where do the Happiest Children Live?

On Sept 3, 2020, the United Nations Children’s Fund did a survey on children’s well-being(幸福). They surveyed children in 38 countries and regions around the world. Good mental(精神上的) well-being, good physical health, and having life skills are the three main factors that affect the quality of one’s childhood.

Top five countries with high child well-being in descending(递减的) order. The numbers in the chart represent(代表) different rankings(排位) in different areas.

Country	Mental well-being	Physical health	Skills
1. Netherlands	1	9	3
2. Denmark	5	4	7
3. Norway	11	8	1
4. Switzerland	13	3	12
5. Finland	12	6	9

61. Where do the happiest children live according to the chart above?
A. In Denmark. B. In Netherlands. C. In Norway. D. In Finland.
62. Where do the children who have the best life skills live according to the chart above?
A. In Netherlands. B. In Denmark. C. In Norway. D. In Switzerland.
63. Which of the following is true according to the passage?
A. The United Nations Children’s Fund did a survey on children’s well-being on Oct 3, 2020.
B. Children in thirty-nine countries and regions around the world were surveyed.

- C. Good physical health is the most important factor that affects the quality of one’s childhood.
D. The children in Finland is the fifth happiest in the countries and regions which were surveyed.

B

“Journalism (新闻工作): You don’t do it for the money, you do it because you love it.” This was the first thing my journalism teacher, Deborah Robinson, told me during a university class.

I spent £ 9,000 (about 80,000 yuan) in studying journalism. But these days, it seems very hard to find a job in this industry. The future of the newspaper market is uncertain. I’m not going to lie, there have been times when I’ve wondered if I chose the wrong major (专业).

However, after years of working for both journalism and production companies, I can say it was worth (值得) it. It’s true that I could be making more money if I had studied engineering or computer science. But journalism has my favorite part – people skills. You can get someone to tell you their story when you have just met them.

It’s not always fun, though. While working for Newsround – a BBC news program for kids – I interviewed survivors (幸存者) and emergency service (急救) members from the Grenfell fire disaster (灾难) – a block fire in London that killed 72 people in July 2017.

With many having lost their homes and even family members, I felt silly asking them “How do you feel?” on camera. To my surprise, they openly shared their feelings, talking about the fire engulfing (吞没) the whole 24-floor tower, or their anxious wait for friends to escape.

As a journalist, you will sometimes cover topics you have little interest in. But an event like Grenfell will remind you of the media’s value and why you chose to study it.



64. Why did the writer sometimes question her major?

- A. Because she lost interest in it.
B. Because it cost too much money.
C. Because she was worried about getting a job.
D. Because she didn’t want to work for a newspaper.

65. What does the writer like best about being a journalist?

- A. He can make a lot of money.
B. He can communicate with others.
C. He can interview famous people.
D. He can learn about different subjects.

66. Put the events about the writer in the correct order.

- a. The writer is certain to be a journalist.
b. The writer spent 80,000 yuan in studying journalism.
c. The writer have been working for journalism for years.
d. The writer interviewed survivors from a block fire in London.

- A. a-b-c-d B. b-d-a-c C. b-d-c-a D. a-b-d-c

67. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. What program the writer works for.
B. How a journalist prepares for an interview.
C. What skills a person needs to be a journalist.
D. Why the writer decided to study journalism.

C

What are the cultural differences between China and the West? You might be able to find the answer in Cao Siyu’s comics (漫画).

Cao, 32, was born in Beijing, but left home at 20 and has studied and lived in the US, the UK, and France over the last 12 years. Having seen so many cultures, Cao wanted to use her visual design (视觉设计) skills to present the differences she has experienced. So she created the cartoon series *Tiny Eyes Comics*.

“My experience shows that although travel is much easier and faster today, the distance between cultures hasn’t shortened,” Cao said. She hopes to build bridges and break down misunderstandings between different cultures.



For example, one of her cartoons shows water preferences in different countries. Three glasses of water are shown. The glass of water from the US has ice; the one from France is full of sparkling water (气泡水); the one from China is steaming (冒热气的).

Cao also uses her cartoons to show different ways of thinking and social customs. During the COVID-19 pandemic, for example, she used her comics to explain why Chinese people prefer to wear masks, while Western people don’t. “Her simple sketches have played a big part in demystifying (揭秘) Chinese culture,” Italian magazine Grazia reported.

Many foreign readers say that Cao’s comics help them understand China, while Chinese immigrants (移民) have felt that they are seen and understood. She said that this feedback (反馈) has been the biggest motivation (动机) for her to keep creating.

68. Why did Cao create *Tiny Eyes Comics*?

- A. Because Cao wants to be understood by Western people.
B. Because Cao wants to show water preferences in different countries.
C. Because Cao wants to explain why Chinese people prefer to wear masks.
D. Because Cao wants to present the cultural differences between China and the West.

69. What does the underlined word “**they**” in the last paragraph refer to?

- A. Foreign readers. B. Cao’s cartoons. C. Chinese immigrants. D. Cultural differences.

70. Match the countries with a kind of water according to the passage and choose the right answer.

- ①the US a. That water is steaming.
②France b. The water is full of sparkling water.
③China c. The water has ice.

- A. ①-a ②-b ③-c B. ①-b ②-a ③-c
C. ①-c ②-a ③-b D. ①-c ②-b ③-a

71. What would be the best title for the passage?

- A. Comics Show Us How We Are Different.
B. Comics Tell Chinese Culture.
C. Chinese Immigrants Love Comics.
D. Western People Understand China Better.

D

If you’ve ever seen an alpaca (羊驼), you might just think they’re fuzzy and cute. Now, it looks like these animals might be able to help scientists find a vaccine (疫苗) for COVID-19.

Australian scientists are studying alpacas. These animals have a unique immune response (免疫反应). Scientists used to use them to do research on viruses (病毒) like HIV. Now they have found that when alpacas are infected (感染) with COVID-19, their bodies react in a special way.

“Alpacas and animals like them [such as camels] actually create two different types of antibodies (抗体). One is similar to the type we [humans] make, but they also create these things called nanobodies (纳米抗体),” said Michael James, a researcher who took part in the study.

The alpacas produced these nanobodies after researchers put a COVID-19 viral spike protein (棘突蛋白) into their bodies. It is this protein that allows COVID-19 to infect our cells (细胞). The nanobodies, however, stop infection from happening by blocking (阻隔) the protein.

You can think of our cells as “locks” and the viral spike protein as a “key”. James said the nanobodies **plug up** the “lock” so that the “key” cannot get in.

Although the results look good so far, it will take some time to produce a vaccine based on the findings. The nanobodies require far more research to make sure they are both effective and safe. Since the nanobodies are new, they must be tested very strictly in a lab before they can be tried on humans, according to James.



72. Why are scientists studying alpacas?

- A. To help with research on HIV.
- B. To develop a vaccine for COVID-19.
- C. To invent effective medicines for HIV.
- D. To test new medicines for COVID-19.

73. What does the underlined phrase “**plug up**” in Paragraph 5 mean?

- A. Increase.
- B. Reduce.
- C. Fill.
- D. Start.

74. What do Paragraphs 3 and Paragraph 4 mainly talk about?

- A. How animals create antibodies.
- B. How alpacas’ bodies react to viruses.
- C. How alpacas get infected with COVID-19.
- D. How animals protect themselves from danger.

75. What can we infer from the last sentence of the passage?

- A. The research on nanobodies uses a special method.
- B. The research on nanobodies hasn’t gone well.
- C. The nanobodies have been tried on humans.
- D. The nanobodies will continue to be tested.

B) 请先阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后根据短文内容从下面方框内的七个选项中选择五个还原到文中，使短文意思通顺、结构完整，并将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。一空一句。(每小题 2 分)

We all want to live the life we dream of. However, some negative(消极的) ideas may stop us. 76

Do what we can control. Doing right things can help us to achieve the most happiness. Also, it can make us move on in the right direction. 77

Take calculated(预料到的) risks. 78 We have to take risks in life, but try to make sure those risks are calculated. For example, you are working at a job you hate, and you are dreaming of giving it up and starting your own business. The thought is a start. But one day, you can’t stand your job any more, so you leave it even though you haven’t had a plan. This is such a big risk that it will probably make you never want to take a risk again. 79

80 Thomas Edison is a great inventor in history. However, he failed many times. But those failures put him one step closer to success. Take failures as process towards success.

- A. Don’t be afraid of failure.
- B. So just start with a small risk.
- C. Never give up and keep doing.
- D. Success doesn’t come without risks.
- E. So we should know we can beat everything.
- F. Hope the following can help to ignore(忽视) those ideas and go ahead.
- G. However, we should also accept that there are many things we can’t control.

五、补全对话（5 分）

请阅读下面对话，根据对话内容从下面方框内的七个选项中选择五个填入空白处，使对话通顺、合理，意思完整，并将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。一空一句。（每小题 1 分）

A: Hi, Jim! Is everything OK with you?

B: Things are great, Tina. I was hoping I’d see you today. 81 I was wondering if you would be available.

A: A party would be a perfect way to end the week! I’m free that night.

B: I am glad you are free. 82

A: I’ve been to your house once, but I would appreciate it if you e-mail me your address.

B: Sure, no problem. 83

A: My friend Jack is in town. I would like to bring him if that’s OK.

B: Oh yeah. I remember Jack. If you think of anyone else, you can bring them along also. 84

A: Would you like some help with the food?

B: 85 But if there is something special that you and Jack would like to drink, bring that along.

- A. The more, the happier!
- B. Everything is taken care of.
- C. I am having a party on Friday night.
- D. What time shall we show up that day?
- E. Do you know how to get to my house?
- F. I’m afraid I have to help my mom with the housework that night.
- G. Do you have anyone that you’d like to bring with you to the party?

六、书面表达（15 分）

假如你是李华，你的英国网友 Jack 写了一封 e-mail 向你介绍了他的职业愿景，同时他也想了解你的职业愿景。请你根据以下要点和要求给 Jack 回一封 e-mail，谈谈你未来想从事的工作。

写作要点: 1. What kind of work do you want to do? Why?

2. What kind of person do you want to be? Why?

3. What will you do to prepare for it?

要求: 1. e-mail 应包括所有的写作要点，条理清楚，行文连贯，可适当发挥；

2. 如举自己或身边的人作为例子，不能出现真实姓名和地名；

3. 词数不少于 80，开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

2020—2021 学年度第一学期期末检测题

九年级英语答题卷

(考试时间：120 分钟，满分：120 分)

题 号	一	二	三	四	五	六	总分
得 分							

一、听力测试（每小题 1 分，共 27 分）

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____
6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____
11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____
16. _____ 17. _____ 18. _____ 19. _____ 20. _____
21. _____ 22. _____
23. _____ 24. _____ 25. _____
26. _____ 27. _____

二、单项选择（每小题 1 分，共 8 分）

28. _____ 29. _____ 30. _____ 31. _____
32. _____ 33. _____ 34. _____ 35. _____

三、完形填空（每小题 1 分，共 25 分）

- A) 36. _____ 37. _____ 38. _____ 39. _____ 40. _____
41. _____ 42. _____ 43. _____ 44. _____ 45. _____
46. _____ 47. _____ 48. _____ 49. _____ 50. _____
- B) 51. _____ 52. _____ 53. _____ 54. _____ 55. _____
56. _____ 57. _____ 58. _____ 59. _____ 60. _____

四、阅读理解（每小题 2 分，共 40 分）

61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____ 65. _____
66. _____ 67. _____ 68. _____ 69. _____ 70. _____
71. _____ 72. _____ 73. _____ 74. _____ 75. _____
76. _____ 77. _____ 78. _____ 79. _____ 80. _____

五、补全对话（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

81. _____ 82. _____ 83. _____ 84. _____ 85. _____

六、书面表达（15 分）

假如你是李华, 你的英国网友 Jack 写了一封 e-mail 向你介绍了他的职业愿景, 同时他也想了解你的职业愿景。请你根据以下要点和要求给 Jack 回一封 e-mail, 谈谈你未来想从事的工作。

- 写作要点: 1. What kind of work do you want to do? Why?
2. What kind of person do you want to be? Why?
3. What will you do to prepare for it?

要求: 1. e-mail 应包括所有的写作要点, 条理清楚, 行文连贯, 可适当发挥;

2. 如举自己或身边的人作为例子, 不能出现真实姓名和地名;

3. 词数不少于 80, 开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Jack,

Maybe everyone knows what he or she wants to be in the future just like you. So

do I. _____

Best wishes!

Yours,

Li Hua

2020-2021 学年第一学期期末检测题

九年级英语

听力材料

现在是试听时间。请听一段对话，然后回答问题。

M: I'm going shopping, Mum. Do you need anything?

W: Yes, get some apples and some oranges to make juice with.

M: Well, we already have lots of oranges.

W: OK, just some apples then.

答案是 C。

A)请听下面 8 段对话。每段对话后有一小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项，将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都将有 10 秒钟的时间回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

1. W: What do you usually have for breakfast, Tom?

M: Bread and milk.

2. W: How do you study for a test, Jason?

M: By working with my classmates. But my brother, Jack, studies by doing exercises.

3. W: Hi, Mike. Long time no see!

M: Hi, Alice. You've changed a lot. You are taller than me!

W: That's true, Mike. But Helen is much taller than both of us.

M: Really? She was the shortest of us in the past.

4. W: Good afternoon, sir! May I take your order now?

M: I'd like a cup of coffee and some cakes.

5. W: Steven, what's wrong with you?

M: I couldn't fall asleep until one a.m., because of the bad result of the English test. I don't know what to do.

W: I think you should try to be relaxed. And you can ask our English teacher for help.

M: Yeah, you are right.

6. W: Which season do you like best, Paul?

M: Summer, because I like swimming. What about you, Lisa?

W: I think autumn is the best, because it is cool.

7. M: Oh, you are late again. I've waited for you for half an hour.

W: I'm sorry. But it's only eight thirty now. The movie only started five minutes ago.

8. M: Would you like something to drink?

W: Coffee, please.

M: With milk?

W: No. I prefer black coffee.

B)请听下面 5 段材料。每段材料后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项，将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。听每段材料前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。

请听第 1 段材料，回答第 9、10 小题。

W: Bob, what about going out for lunch, and visiting some of our friends today?

M: But today's basketball game is wonderful. I just want to stay at home and watch it.

W: Honestly, aren't you ever tired of basketball games?

M: Not at all. Jane, why don't you watch it with me? It is interesting. You might like it.

W: I have better things to do on Sunday afternoons. Besides, the game is too noisy for me.

M: OK, then.

请听第 2 段材料，回答第 11、12 小题。

W: What are your hobbies, Paul?

M: I like collecting stamps, and reading magazines, but I really hate doing sports, except swimming. How about you, Vicky?

W: I love listening to pop music, but I can't stand jazz or blues.

M: Neither can I. How about sports? Do you like any sports?

W: I like running. Sometimes I play football with my friends in the afternoon. And we often watch football games on TV.

M: That sounds interesting.

请听第 3 段材料，回答第 13 至第 15 小题。

M: What's the matter with you?

W: I can't find my handbag. Luckily, my wallet is in my coat pocket. Can you help me find my handbag?

M: Sure. What color is it?

W: It's purple.

M: Do you have anything in it?

W: Yes. There is a map, some keys and a smart phone in it.

M: Where did you last have it?

W: I called my mother at the gate of the park. After that, I put my smart phone in my handbag, and then I went to the supermarket.

M: May I have your friends' or relatives' phone numbers? If we find it, we will call them.

W: OK. My mother's phone number is 6 5 8 5 6 8 3. Thank you.

M: You're welcome.

请听第 4 段材料，回答第 16 至第 18 小题。

W: It seems you don't feel well.

M: Yes. Doctor Lee. I began to feel terrible this morning. I think I have a fever.

W: Do you cough?
M: No. But I have a sore throat.
W: OK. It seems you have the flu. I'll give you some medicine. And you'd better stay in bed for the next two days.
M: How should I take the medicine?
W: Take the medicine three times a day for three days---after each meal. And you should drink more water.
M: OK, I will. Thank you!
请听第 5 段材料，回答第 19 至第 22 小题。

Mr. Smith is very busy, and has no time to have a good rest. Every evening, when he comes back home from work, he is always tired, and he wants to sleep early. But his wife often tells him a lot of things after supper. She doesn't stop talking, until she falls asleep. One day, Mr. Smith felt terrible, and went to see a doctor with Mrs. Smith. Before Mr. Smith said, what was the matter with him, his wife told the doctor all. And then the doctor understood why. Finally, the doctor said to Mrs. Smith, "There are two bottles of medicine here. One bottle of medicine is for your husband, and the medicine in the other bottle is for you. "For me?" Mrs. Smith said in surprise. "I'm fine. I don't need any medicine!" "They are sleeping pills. Your husband will be well soon, if you take them." said the doctor.

C) 请听下面一段独白，根据独白内容完成下列句子，每个空格不超过 3 个单词。将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。听独白前你将有 50 秒钟的时间阅读句子内容。独白读两遍。

Welcome to Ocean Life. It's wonderful to see so many people here today. Now let me tell you something about our sea park. There are over forty-five shows, as well as plenty of other activities for all the families. We feel it is better that some sea animals, such as whales and sharks, aren't kept in a sea park, because they have better lives in their natural homes. Ocean Life is also known for saving sea animals. We offer care for injured sea animals, and return them to their natural homes, when they are strong enough. We also take part in many projects throughout the world, and it is our aim to make sure, that our visitors realize the problems and dangers, that affect sea animals.

参考答案

- 一、听力测试(共 27 小题，每小题 1 分，共 27 分)
1-5 ABCAB 6-10 CCCCCB 11-15 CBABB 16-20 CCBCB
21-22 AC
23. forty-five 或 45 24. sharks 25. saving sea animals 26. strong enough
27. realize
二、单项填空（共 8 小题，每小题 1 分，共 8 分）
28-32 ACBDC 33—35 BDC
三、完形填空（共 25 小题，每小题 1 分，共 25 分）

- 36-40 CACDA 41-45 CDBCA 46-50 BCDDDB
51. funny 52. that 53.biting 54. cows 55. painted
56. within 57. number 58. surprising 59. actually 60. this

四、阅读理解。(共 20 小题，每小题 2 分，共 40 分)

- 61-63 BCD 64-67 CBCD 68-71 DCDA 72-75 BCB
76-80 FGDBA

五、补全对话（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

81-85 CEGAB

六、书面表达（15 分）

One possible version:

Dear Jack,

Maybe everyone knows what he or she wants to be in the future just like you. So do I. I dream to be someone who can be helpful in the development of our country. I want to be an astronaut and go into space in the future, because I am a big fan of space. I often read books and watch movies about it.

To achieve my dream, I must study hard and get into a top university. I will also exercise more so I can be strong and healthy. In my spare time, I will read more books about space and follow the latest news in this field.

I believe everything is possible as long as I try my best.

Best wishes!

Yours,
Li Hua

书面表达评分意见：

（一）总体原则

考查学生综合运用语言的能力，注重语言表达的意义和流畅性。

（二）评分档次

1. 第一档（13-15 分）
信息完整，表达流畅，无语言错误或基本无语言错误。
2. 第二档（10-12 分）
信息基本完整，表达较流畅，有少量错误，但不影响意思表达。
3. 第三档（7-9 分）
能传递部分信息，表达不够流畅，但句子基本可读。
4. 第四档（4-6 分）
只能传递少量信息，表达不通顺，只有少量句子可读。
5. 第五档（1-3 分）
只能传递个别信息，表达不清楚，只有个别句子可读。