

2020-2021 学年度第一学期期末学业水平质量检测
九年级 英语 试题

(考试时间: 100 分钟; 满分: 90 分)

I. 单项选择 从每小题所给的四个选项中选出能够完成回答这一小题的最佳答案。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

1. Have you seen _____ UFO?
A. a B. an C. the D. /
2. A _____ is a person who studies on history.
A. historian B. documentary C. custom D. passport
3. The old people are supposed to _____.
A. take care B. take care of C. be taken care D. be taken care of
4. There _____ nothing in the box because it feels so light.
A. must have B. might C. could D. must be
5. Jack always works hard in order to stick to _____ his dream.
A. achieve B. achieving C. achieves D. achieve
6. Don't be too hard _____ your kid. He is only four years old.
A. at B. in C. on D. to
7. He will call you as soon as he _____ home.
A. will arrive B. is arriving C. arrives D. arrive
8. _____, 15 minutes of exercise is better than nothing.
A. In total B. After all C. All of a sudden D. Once in a while
9. The noise makes me _____.
A. nervous B. wealth C. to behave D. sadness
10. I'm very interested in action movies. _____, I also love comedies.
A. However B. Besides C. Later D. Finally

II. 阅读 (共 60 分)

A. 完形填空 阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

"I'm afraid to come to the end of the year", said a friend to me recently. "It makes me realize I am growing __11__."

William James, the great psychologist(哲学家), said that most men become kind of old at twenty-five. He was __12__. Most men at twenty-five are satisfied with their jobs. They have got too many rules which close their minds to all new ideas. They have stopped growing.

When a man __13__ growing — no matter what his years — that minute he begins to be old. On the other hand, the really great man __14__ grows old.

Goethe passed out at eighty-three, and __15__ his great book *Faust* only a few years earlier. Gladstone began to learn a new language when he was seventy and could speak it. Laplace, the astronomer, was still at work when __16__ caught up with him at seventy-eight. He died crying,

"What we know is nothing; what we do not know is huge."

And there you have the real answer to the question, "When is a man old?" Laplace at seventy-eight died young. He was still unsatisfied, still sure that he had a lot to __17__. As long as a man can keep himself in that strong mind, as long as he can say, "I __18__," he is still young.

The minute he stops growing, the minute he says to __19__. "I know all that I need to know," — that day youth stops. He may be twenty-five __20__ seventy-five, it makes no difference. On that day he begins to be old.

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 11. A. old | B. heavy | C. smart | D. rich |
| 12. A. sorry | B. wrong | C. right | D. happy |
| 13. A. starts | B. continues | C. keeps | D. stops |
| 14. A. always | B. sometimes | C. never | D. usually |
| 15. A. stopped | B. finished | C. bought | D. borrowed |
| 16. A. death | B. life | C. happiness | D. success |
| 17. A. see | B. watch | C. teach | D. learn |
| 18. A. grew | B. rested | C. travelled | D. walked |
| 19. A. her | B. him | C. himself | D. itself |
| 20. A. and | B. or | C. so | D. but |

B

The next time your dog chews up(咀嚼) your homework or favorite T-shirt, don't spend your time advising him or her because dogs don't have the feeling of being shy according to scientists.

Dr. Bonnie Beaver has found this surprising fact. She does tell owners to let it go instead of punishing it, when their dogs do something wrong. As for that sorry look? It is something your dog uses to stop your angry shout. Whenever it starts, he or she sits down with a sorry look.

In 2009, Alexandra Horowitz, a teacher in a college, made a study on 14 dogs. She videotaped each of them several times to see what they did after they were ordered not to eat the food in front of them and left alone in the room. Only five of them agreed, while others ate up the food as soon as the owner left.

Yet all of them had the same look of shame when they were scolded by their owners. In her report named *Inside of a dog*, she said that while dogs may feel some sorry, the "look" that we humans associate with(与.....联系)shames, is not when they are feeling it. They are just smart enough to know that it helps to make their owners feel good. They just do it to stop their owners from getting angry.

根据短文内容, 判断正(A)、误(B)。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

21. Some dogs feel shy after they do something wrong.
22. A dog uses a sad look to stop the owner's angry shout.
23. Fourteen dogs ate up the food as soon as their owners left.

24. The underlined word “scold” means “say something good”.
25. Dogs are smart enough to make their owners feel good.

C

London police are well-known in the world. Today there are policemen everywhere, but in 1700 there were no policemen in London at all. A few old men used to protect the city streets at night and they were not paid much.

About 300 years ago, London was starting to get bigger. The city was very dirty and many people were poor. There were so many thieves(贼) who stole money in the streets that people stayed in their homes as much as possible.

In 1750, Henry Fielding started to pay a group of people to stop thieves. They were like policemen and were called “Bow Street Runners” because they worked near Bow Street.

50 years later, there were 120 Bow Street Runners, but London had become very big and needed more policemen. So in 1829, the first London Police Force was started with 3,000 officers. Most of the men worked on foot, but a few rode horses. Until 1920 all the police in London were men.

Today, London police are quite well paid and for the few police officers who still ride horses, the pay is even better than for the others.

Perhaps the London Police Force’s greatest achievement is to meet changing condition and provide excellent police service. The two main reasons for the Force’s development were the growth of population and the progress of science and technology.

阅读选择 阅读短文，选择最佳答案。(共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分)

26. People can see policemen and policewomen in London streets _____.
A. until 1750 B. until 1829 C. after 1920 D. until 1920
27. People in London didn’t want to go outdoors about 300 years ago because _____.
A. the city was very dirty
B. they were poor
C. there were no policemen in the streets
D. there were so many thieves in the streets
28. London Police Force is famous in the world because _____.
A. it has many policewomen B. the police officers are well paid
C. it has a long history D. the police officers work on horses
29. London had 120 Bow Street Runners in the year of _____.
A. 1800 B. 1750 C. 1829 D. 1700
30. What is the best title for this passage?
A. London Police Force B. Bow Street Runners
C. Why Are London Police Famous? D. The History of the London Police

D

Sometimes, I doubt whether there is any love between my parents. Every day they are busy

trying to make money. They don't act romantically the way couples do in books and on TV. They never say: "I love you." It's not their style.

One day, my mother was sewing a quilt. ____31____

" Mom, I have a question to ask you. " I said after a while.

" What?" ____32____

" Is there love between you and Dad?" I asked her.

She didn't answer right away.

I thought I had hurt her.

____33____ she said finally. "Sometimes it appears, but most of it disappears in the quilt. It makes the quilt strong. If life was a quilt, then love should be a thread. It can hardly be seen anywhere, but it's still important."

The next spring, my father suddenly got very sick. ____34____

After they got back, she helped my father walk slowly down the road every day. My father had never been so sick.

"Dad, how are you feeling now?" I asked him one day.

"Susan, don't worry about me," he said. "I just like walking with your mom."

Once, I thought love meant flowers and gifts. Now, ____35____

根据文章内容,从下列选项中选出能填入文中空白处的最佳选项(有一项为多余选项)。(共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分)

- A. My mother had to stay with him in the hospital for a month.
B. I know that love is the thread that holds a family together.
C. "Susan, you don't understand me,"
D. she asked while still working.
E. "Susan, look at this thread,"
F. I sat down beside her.

E

从方框中选择恰当的词填空，使短文完整、通顺。每词限用一次，有两项为多余。(共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分)

with, besides, counting, sky, name, been, Saturday, anywhere, everywhere, tired, feet, except

Something is brushing my face. I can hear a boy __36__, "One-two, one-two." I open my eyes slowly and see two kids happily touching my nose __37__ wild flowers. They run away from me laughing. Above my face, a yellow kite is flying high in the cloudy __38__.

Where am I? Why am I lying in a field of grass? Feeling tired with a bit of a headache, I stand up on my __39__, pick up my schoolbag from the ground and look around. Then I see my

hometown, Town of AL, which is not far from here. I begin to walk slowly down a road towards home.

"Oh, Rusty!" a teen girl calls my __40__, rushing out of a house and running towards me. It is my twin sister Frosty.

"Where have you __41__?" Frosty asks while our dog, Woof, jumps around me happily.

"I don't know. What day is it today?" I ask.

Frosty looks a little surprised. She replies. "It's __42__ today. You did not come home from school yesterday. I was looking for you __43__."

"Did you go camping or hiking with someone? You look very __44__." Frosty pauses and then says, "You don't remember where you went or who you met? Anything?"

I try to think hard, but a big piece of my memory is missing. "I hardly remember anything __45__ for a bridge. I walked onto the bridge, got lost and fell asleep in a grass field," I say.

"That is quite strange," Frosty says while we walk through the front door of our house...

—— *A Narrow Escape* (by Yang Xue)

F. 综合填空: 根据上下文和所给提示填入所缺内容。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

In Your Face



Why is this man so angry? We don't know the reasons, but we can see the emotion(表情) in his face. Whatever culture you come from, you can understand the feeling that he is expressing. Ekman of University of California, San Francisco, became interested __46__ how people's faces show their feelings. He took photos of Americans expressing several different emotions.

Then he showed them to the Fore people who live in the forests in New Guinea. Most of them had never seen foreign faces, but they __47__ (easy) understood Americans' expressions of anger, __48__ (快乐), sadness, disgust, fear, and surprise.

Then Ekman did the same experiment. He showed pictures of Fore faces to Americans, and the results were similar. Americans had no problem __49__ (read) the emotions on the Fore people's faces. Ekman's study showed that the facial expressions for basic emotions are the __50__ everywhere. He did more in Japan, Brazil and Argentina, and got the same results.

According to Ekman, these six emotions are universal (普遍的) because they __51__ (build) into our brains. They developed to help us deal with things quickly that might hurt __52__ (we). For example, two people might smell newly cut grass. One person spent wonderful summers in the country as a child, so the smell makes him happy. The __53__ (另一个) person remembers working hard on a farm and being hungry, so he feels sad.

Once we make __54__ emotional association in our brain, it is difficult, and sometimes impossible to change it.

There are many differences __55__ cultures in language and customs. But a smile is exactly the same everywhere.

G. 阅读表达 阅读下列短文, 根据要求完成各项任务。(共 15 分)

(A)

Climbing Blindly

Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world. The mountain is in Asia. Asia is home to all five of the world's highest mountains. Mount Everest's peak (山峰) is 5 and one-half miles above sea level. That's very high!

Many climbers have tried to climb to the top of Mount Everest's 29,141-foot peak. The first people to reach the peak were Sir Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay. Since then, about 900 people have reached the top.

One of the successful climbers is Erik Weihenmayer. Like all who try to climb this huge mountain, Erik faced strong winds, snow, and avalanches(雪崩). However, what really made Erik's climb unbelievable is the fact that he is blind. After losing his vision(视力) at age of 13, Erik began climbing at age of 16. He has climbed the tallest mountains on five continents(洲). Erik became the first blind person to reach the peak of Mount Everest.

At the age of 32, Erik began his climb as part of a 19-member team. His team wore bells that he could follow during his climb, and fellow(同伴的) climbers were quick to warn him of such things as a big drop on the right or a rock to the left. Erik also used long climbing poles and an ice ax(斧头) to feel his way across the ice, rock, and snow on the mountain.

During his climb, Erik met many dangers. Because the air became thinner the higher Erik climbed, he wore oxygen mask(氧气面罩). This helped him breathe as he climbed higher and higher. It took Erik about two-and-a half months to reach the top of this mountain.

—— From *Scholastic success with*

56. A *fact* is information that can be proven.(Example: China is a country.). An *opinion* is information that tells what someone thinks. (Example: China is the most interesting country in the world.)

Write **F** for *fact* or **O** for *opinion*. (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

__O__ Erik is very courageous.

① __ The bells made Erik's climb a lot easier.

② __ Erik is blind.

③ __ All climbers should use climbing poles and ice axes.

④ __ Mount Everest is the world's highest mountain.

⑤ __ Erik's oxygen mask helped him breathe.

(B)

The Giant's Causeway

Chapter 1 Smack!

Finn McCool was an Irish giant(巨人). He was big and strong. But he was tired of fighting.

Oonagh was a clever giantess. They loved each other. They decided to live together in a cave(洞) by the sea. "There's no place like home," he thought, feeling satisfied.

Smack(砰的一声)! A heavy rock landed near Finn.

“Who threw that?” Finn jumped up, angrily.

“I did!” came a loud voice. “The strong Benandonner of Scotland! I’ve heard that Irish giant Finn is now old and weak. You call yourself a fighter? ①I could beat you with one hand behind my back!” shouted Benandonner.

“Come over here and say that! I am the strongest giant in this land!” Answered Finn.

“It’s only the water that stops me from coming to fight you, Finn McCool!” said Benandonner.

“Afraid of water, are you?” Finn laughed.

“Afraid? No! I just don’t know how to swim!”

“Haha! I’ll make a causeway(堤), then you’ll have to come over and fight, giant to giant!”

Chapter 2 Building the Giant’s causeway

Finn began to throw rocks into the water to make a causeway. It took him a week to finish it.

“I am tired. I need to get strong again ② I face Benandonner.” Finn told Oonagh and then went to bed.

Chapter 3 Oonagh’s plan

One morning, Benandonner was walking over the causeway! Oonagh found he was much bigger than Finn. At that time Finn was still asleep.

Suddenly she had an idea. She woke Finn up and made him put on her biggest dress. She let Finn lie down and she sat down and waited.

Soon, Benandonner broke into the cave. Oonagh said peacefully, “Don’t wake my baby up!”

Benandonner walked toward the bed. He couldn’t believe it — the baby was huge! “If the baby is this size, what size is its father?” he thought.

When he touched the baby’s head, Finn bit(咬) him as ③ as he could.

Oonagh shouted angrily, “Now you have woken my baby. Wait until I tell his father that you are here making trouble! He’ll be after you!”

Benandonner was nervous. He turned and ran back over the causeway, pulling up the rocks to ④ Finn from coming after him.

Chapter 4 The Isle of Man

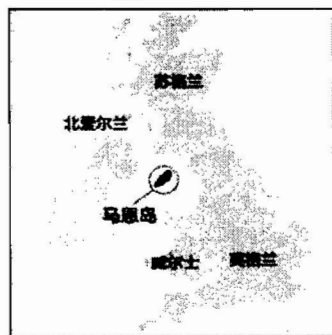
Finn and Oonagh laughed as they watched Benandonner running back across the causeway.

Picking up some mud(泥), Finn threw ⑤ it as far as he could. The mud missed Benandonner, but it landed in the sea.

After that, Benandonner never gave Finn any trouble. He lived in his cave in Scotland while Finn lived in his cave in Ireland.

Ever since then we have named the mud the Isle of Man(马恩岛).

——新理念英语阅读(Book 4, Grade 7)



57. 选择填空(共 2 分)

1) Finn was tired after finishing the causeway. So he needed to get strong again ② he faced Benandonner.

A. before B. after

2) Finn bit(咬) him as ③ as he could.

A. soft B. hard

3) Benandonner ..., pulling up the rocks to ④ Finn from coming after him.

A. stop B. make

4) Finn threw it as far as he could. Here ⑤ it means _____.

A. Benandonner B. some mud

58. 根据短文内容填空。(每空 1 词)(共 4 分)

1) Finn lived _____ with Oonagh in the cave.

2) Finn felt _____ when he sat and looked over the water.

3) Nothing could stop Benandonner except the _____ because he could not swim.

4) Finn and Benandonner were both _____.

59. 英译汉 (共 2 分)

①I could beat you with one hand behind my back!

60. 用英语回答问题: (共 2 分)

What do you think of Oonagh and Benandonner?

III. 翻译句子: (共 5 分)

61. 青少年应该被允许犯错误吗? (be allowed)

62. 那不可能是 Sarah, 因为她已经出国了。(go abroad)

63. 她更喜欢可以随之歌唱的音乐。(prefer)

64. 孩子们不应该在大街上踢足球。(be expected to)

65. 我们宁愿去购物也不待在家。(would rather...than...)

IV. 书面表达(共 15 分)

《中小学生守则》集中体现了对同学们思想品德和日常行为的基本要求, 请你选择其中一条用英语进行完整解释, 并就你解释的这条守则内容谈谈你是如何做的。

要求: 字数 80-120 词(开头已给出, 不计入总词数)

According to *Rules to Chinese Students*, _____

附:《中小学生守则》(2015 版)

1. 爱党爱国爱人民。了解党史国情, 珍视国家荣誉, 热爱祖国, 热爱人民, 热爱中国共产党。
2. 好学多问肯钻研。上课专心听讲, 积极发表见解, 乐于科学探索, 养成阅读习惯。
3. 勤劳笃行乐奉献。自己事自己做, 主动分担家务, 参与劳动实践, 热心志愿服务。
4. 明礼守法讲美德。遵守国法校纪, 自觉礼让排队, 保持公共卫生, 爱护公共财物。
5. 孝亲尊师善待人。孝父母敬师长, 爱集体助同学, 虚心接受批评, 学会合作共处。
6. 诚实守信有担当。保持言行一致, 不说谎不作弊, 借东西及时还, 做到知错就改。
7. 自强自律健身心。坚持锻炼身体, 乐观开朗向上, 不吸烟不喝酒, 文明绿色上网。
8. 珍爱生命保安全。红灯停绿灯行, 防溺水不玩火, 会自护懂求救, 坚决远离毒品。
9. 勤俭节约护家园。不比吃喝穿戴, 爱惜花草树木, 节粮节水节电, 低碳环保生活。