**自贡市2020—2021学年九年级上学期期末考试**

**英 语 试 卷**

**第I卷（选择题 共100分）**

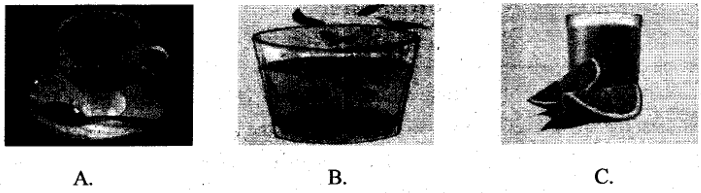
**第一部分 听力（共两节 满分30分）**

做题时，可将答案划在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答

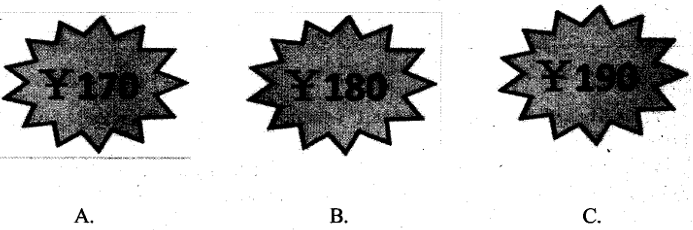
案转涂到答题卡上。

**第一节：（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）**

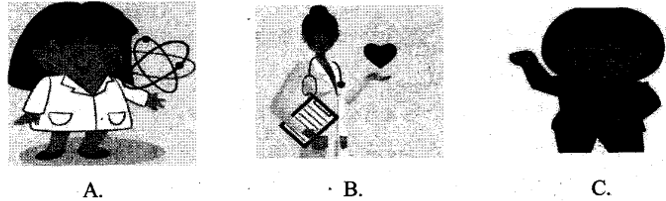
**1.What would Alice like to drink?**



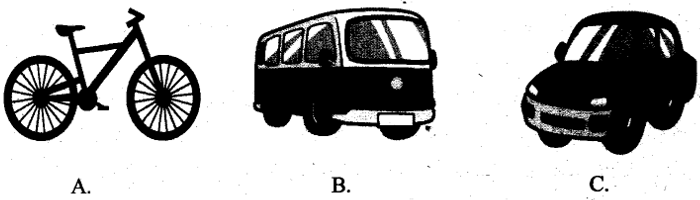
**2.How much did Mike pay for the jacket?**



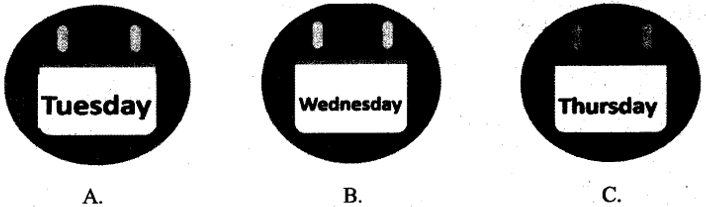
**3.What does Betty want to be now?**



**4.How does the woman suggest going to work tomorrow?**



**5.When can the man meet the manager?**



**第二节 （共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）**

听下面几段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有一个或几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟。听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

**听下面一段材料,回答第6小题**

**6.What's the possible relationship between the two speakers?**

**A*.* Mother and son. B. Father and daughter.**

**C. A policewoman and a man driven.**

**听下面一段材料，回答第7小题**

**7.Whose is the coat?**

***A.* Lisa's. B. Judy's. C. Rose's.**

**听下面一段材料，回答第8小题 .**

**8.Why does the woman not like Lucy?**

**A.Lucy never returns things. B. Lucy never lends her things to others.**

**C*.* The woman can't borrow things from Lucy.**

**听下面一段材料，回答第9小题**

**9.What isn't in the womans bag?**

**A. Her ID card. B. Her wallet. C. Her bank card**

**听下面\_段材料，回答第10小题**

**10.What is Leo doing now?**

**A. Eating good food. B. Taking a basket of f*ood.*  C. Going to the beadh**

**听下面一段材料，回答第11-12题**

**12. How long has Zhang Ming played basketball?**

**A. For about one year. B. For about two years. C. For about three years.**

**12. What sport does Zhang Ming's father like best?**

**A*.* Ping-pong. B. Football C. Basketball.**

**听下面一段材料，回答第13-15题**

**13. What does Jason think of chemistry?**

**A. Easy. B. Helpful C. Difficult**

**14. What wifl Nancy probably do first?**

**A. Take an interest in chemistry.**

**B. Start to practice it more.**

**C. Ask Jason a question about chemistry.**

**15. How many pieces of advice does Jason give Nancy?**

**A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.**

**听下面一段材料，回答第16-20题**

**16.How was Mrs. Stein's car?**

**A. Large and colorful B. Small and old. C. Large and beautiful.**

**17.Mrs. Stein always drove her car \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**A. to meet her old friends. B. to buy some food.**

**C. to pick up her grandchildren.**

**18.Mrs. Stein began to drive when she was**

**A. 30. B. 50. C. 80.**

**18.Mrs. Stein didn't start her car again because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A*.* there were too many cars on the road**

**B. there was something wrong with her car**

1. **she didn't like the color of the traffic lights**

**19.What do you think of the policeman?**

**A*.* Strict and smart. B. Friendly and helpful. C. Kind and humorous.**

**第二部分 基础知识运用（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节 单项填空（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

**从A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。**

**21.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ funny theprogramis! Iliketo 讨atchit.**

**A*.* What B. How C. How a**

**22.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your dream, and go for it I believe you can succeed in tfe end.**

**A. Depend on B. Take after C. Stick to**

**23. --I can’t memorize all the words \_\_\_\_\_\_ I have worked hard so long.**

**--Maybe you should pay attention to your way to learn English.**

**A. as long as B. even though C. so that**

**24.YaoMing is \_\_\_\_\_\_ his great skills of playing basketball.**

**A. famous for B. serious about C. interested in**

**25.In order to avoid \_\_\_\_ mistakes, I advise you** **\_\_\_\_ yotir English pronuncintion.**

**A. making; to pay attention to B. making; to look up to**

**C. to make; getting on with**

**26.Thanks to the government, a few new schools \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in my hometown years ago.**

***A.* build B. built C. were built**

**27.--Look, the lady in red \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be our English teacher.**

**--No, she be. She is in the office now.**

**A. can; mustn't B. must; can’t C. may; mustn't**

**28.-- Do you remember Ms. Green, a kind lady?**

**-- Yes, I do But she \_\_\_\_\_\_ for two years.**

**A. died B. death C. been dead**

**28.My people, My country is a great movie \_\_\_\_\_\_ almost every Chinese loves.**

**A. who B. that C.What**

**30. --What did your father say to you just now?**

**--He asked me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A*.* that I would like to see a movie B. if I enjoyed myself at the party**

**C. when did I attend the graduation party**

**第二节 完形境空（共15小题；A篇每小题2分，B篇每小题1分，满分20分）**

阅读下面A、*B两篇短文,*掌握其大意,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出可以

填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

**A**

**Chopsticks are not just simple tools to pick up food for Chinese. They come with their own \_\_31\_\_ rules and traditions, people should not make noise with chopsticks. \_\_32\_\_ with chopsticks is seen as bad manners.**

**There are also some superstitions（迷信）related to chopsticks. For example, people**

**believe that chopsticks should not be left standing uprighft in a bowL Doing it at the dinner table is believed to \_\_33\_\_ bad luck.You should not tap （敲）chopsticks on the edge（边缘）of the bowl either, \_\_34 beggars（乞丐）do this to ask for food. Parents might get 35 if children do this as they don't want their children to be as poor as beggars in the future.**

**31.A. special B. good C. common**

**32.A. Making B. Playing C. Showing**

**33.A. bring B. take C. break**

**34.A. so B. like C. as**

**35.A. tired B. angry C. afraid**

**B**

**What shape is the moon? What does it look like at the beginning ofthe months in the middle at the end?**

**When I was in primary school, I got into a big \_\_36\_\_ with a boy in my class. I have forgotten what the argument was about, but I have never forgotten the lesson I \_\_37\_*\_* that day.I was sure that I was right and. he was wrong --\_\_38\_\_ he was just as convinced（确信）that I was wrong and he was right. Our teacher decided to teach us a very \_\_39\_\_ lesson. She brought us up to the front of the class and placed him on one side of her desk and me on the \_\_40\_\_In the middle of her desk was a large, round object. I could see that it was \_\_41\_\_. She asked the boy what color the object was. “White,”he answered. 〉**

**I couldn’t believe he said the object was white, when it was clearly black!Another**

**argument started between my classmate and me, this time about the \_\_42\_\_ of the object The teacher told me to go stand where the boy was standing and told him to come stand where I had been.We \_\_43 places, and then she asked me what the color of the object was. I had to answer,“White,”it was an object \_\_44\_\_ two differently colored sides, and from his viewpoint（视角）it was white. Only from my side was it black.Sometimes we \_\_45 to look at things from the other person's view in order to truly understand them**

**36. A. argument B. trouble C. suggestion**

**37. A. taught B. learned C. missed**

**38. A. so B. or C. and**

**39. A. important B. interesting C. wonderful**

**40. A. others B. other C. another**

**41. A. white B. black C. red**

**42. A. place B. shape C. color**

**43. A. changed B. chose C. took**

**44. A. on B. of C. with**

**45. A. need B. want C. must**

**第三部分阅读理解（共两节，满分40分）**

**第一节 阅读理解（共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分）**

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。

**A**

**Creative Ideas a**

**Readingl**

**Make a Lemon Battery （电池）**

**Has your flashlight ever stopped working because the batteries were dead? It's no fun walking around in complete darkness. Batteries are everywhere *一* in our toys, in our cars, in our flashlights and cell phones; But how do they work? What makes them stop working? You can learn how to make a lemon battery to learn more about these very important devices （设备）.**

**Reading2**

**Feed Plants**

**Problem:**

**Can plants live and grow when “watered”with juice, soda or milk instead of water? Instructions:**

**It's easy to grqw plants in pots（容器） Only four plants are necessary, but it's good to have another one or two plants for your experiment（实验）.**

**You need paper and a pencil for recording results.**

**46.A person can't see anything in the dark if \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A. the person stops walking B. the person doesn't have lemons**

**C. the flashlight batteries are dead**

**47.What does the writer think of the batteries?**

**A. They often stop working. B. It's easy to find them.**

**C. Lemons are very important devices.**

**48.In Reading 2, the writer wants\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A. to try a new idea B. to plant flowers in pots**

**C. to buy another two plants**

**B**

**A few days ago,the Chinese Bridge Chinese Language Proficiency Competition （汉语水平比赛）took place in New Delhi, the capital of India. Hosted by the Chinese Embassy （天使馆*）*inIndia, the yearly event has been held since 2002.**

**The competition tested the ability of students to use the Chinese language in a creative way.They showed their talents through performances like trying our tongue twisters（绕口令）in Chinese,reading Chinese poems and singing in Chinese. Students could also connect their slalls and talents with the traditional Chinese culture by showing art forms like paper cutting and Chinese handwriting.**

**At the end of the competition, Uma Shankar from Delhi's Jawaharlal Nehru University won the 1st prize. The 2nd was won by Yogesh from Mumbai University （孟买大学）and Prakshal from Mumbai University won the 3rd prize.**

**With the country's famous universities like Delhi University（德里大学）and Jawaharlal Nehru（贾瓦哈拉尔•尼赫鲁）University offering courses on the language, the study of the Chinese language is getting more and more popular in India.**

**Parit is learning Chinese at Delhi University He said, “It is a little bit hard and needs lots of practice, but I like the whole experence of learning Chinese.” Salon has already completed a two-year course in the Chinese language from Delhi University. “The interest I developed in the language is because of its characters. There are stories behind every character of the Chinese language. And these stories are really interesting，”said Salon.**

**49.What is the purpose of hosting Chinese Language Proficiency Competition ?**

1. **To make Indians know how to learn Chinese.**

**B．To make students make much money from the competition.**

**C. To test the ability of students to use the Chinese language.**

**50.What's the second paragraph mainly about?**

**A.What art fbrms the students like best.**

**B.How students showed their talents**

**C.Why students took part in the competition**

**51.What made Salon develop an interest in Chinese?**

**A. The beauty of China. B. The traditions of China.**

**C. The stories behind its characters.**

1. **Which of the following is NOT true?**
2. **All the students in India schools need to learn Chinese.**
3. **Parit thinks Chinese is difficult, but learning it is enjoyable**
4. **Top three winners of the competition were all college students.**

**C**

**According to *Guangming daily,* Zhao Jiahe was a retired （退休的）teacher at Tsinghua**

**University. He gave away all his money （15 million yuan） to support 2,000 high school students across the country. He has touched Chinese people.**

**He had lung cancer（肺癌）at the age of 78 in 2011, but he kept giving his money to help poor students in high schools in West China. He only bought cheap medicine for himself.**

**Zhao started to help poor high school studens from all the country in 2006. He had about 5 million yuan at that time. In 2012, he expanded （扩展） his work to help more poor students. He set up a club. The club supported over 1,000 students in Northwest China's Gansu Province.**

**Zhao began teaching at Tsinghua University after finishing his study at the university in 1955.Later, he helped set up the School of Economics and Management (经济与管理学院）in 1985. Zhao came back to China from the US in 200 L He went away because of lung cancer in 2012. And he gave away his body to scientific research. We'll always remember him.**

**53.How many students did Zhao Jiahe support?**

**A. 1,000 B.1,500. C. 2,000**

**54.What did Zhao Jiahe do to support poor students in 2012?**

**A. He set up a club.**

**B. He expanded his work to write a book**

**C. He taught economics in Northwest China's Gansu Province.**

**55.What does the last paragraph mainly tell us ?**

**A. We'll always remember Zhao Jiahe.**

**B. Zhao Jiahe gave away his body to scientific research.**

**C. Zhao Jiahe set up the School of Economics and Management.**

**56. According to the passage, which of the following is correct in time order?**

**①Zhao Jiahe had lung cancer**

**②Zhao Jiahe set up a club which supported over 1,000 students in Gansu Province.**

**③Zhao Jiahe started teaching at Tsinghua University.**

**④Zhao Jiahe died from cancer.**

**⑤Zhao Jiahe came back to China from the US**

**A.⑤③②①④ B.①②③⑤④ C.③⑤①②④**

**D**

**When you want to go somewhere, you can easily find your way by using a map app on your smart phone. Your smart phone “knows”where you are and can tell you where to go.**

**This is possible with the help of satnav（卫星导航）systems. A satnav system uses groups of satellites（卫星）to find out where people are. It sends information to a receiver, such as a smart phone.**

**On June 23, 2020, the Beidou Navigation Satellite System was sent up into space- Beidou, China's own navigation system, was finally completed. It is one of the four globaf navigation systems, along with US's GPS, Russia's GLONASS and the European Union's Galileo.**

**On July 31, Beidou started providing full-scale（全方位）global services. More than 120 countries and regions are now using Beidou services. Since 2000, China gas launch 59 Beidou satellites. Beidou can be used in areas that include forming, public services and business. It can position exactly under 10 meters. In the summer of 2020, people along the Yangtze River used Beidou-based device to monitor flood waters well.**

**Beidou also has a special messaging ability. It allows people to send or text messages up to 1,200 Chinese characters in length when mobile phone services are broken by natural disasters.**

**57.How many navigation systems have been there in the world sb far? .**

1. **Two. B. Three. C. Four.**

**58.What does the underlined word“regions”mean in Paragraph?**

1. **Researches. B. Areas. C. Factories.**

**59.Which sentence is true according to the passage?**

**A. Beidou has more than sixty satellites in total**

**B. Beidou can be used for sending information to receivers.**

**C. Beidou has started ofifering full-scale global services since June *23.***

**60.Where can you probably read this passage?**

**A. In an advertisement B. In a story book.**

**C. In a technology newspaper 一**

**第二节 阅读填空（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）**

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。

**The world uses about a thousand million tons of water a day. \_\_61\_\_ Yet more than 700 million people around the world have trouble getting clean, safe water.**

**\_\_62\_\_ And it also helps the environment by keeping waste out of rivers and oceans. 80% of waste water around the world is not treated at all, and it is running into oceans But now we have got the technology to treat and reuse the waste water.**

**While *75%* of our planet is covered with water, only about 2% is fresh water\_that comes from rivers, lakes, ice and snow. \_\_63\_\_ It is too salty to drink Then desalina tion（淡化）businesses come in. More than 19,000 factories have been built around the worlds mostly in coastal （沿海的）Countries.\_\_64\_\_ But the technology they use requires a lot of energy.**

***\_\_*65*\_\_* They want to produce 20 times more clean water and make sure everyone has**

**enough But for now, the world still faces each day with not having enough water for everyone.**

**A.They process more than 92 million tons of water every day.**

**B.Scientists are working to create a less costly technology**

**C.The rest, 98% of the water, is in seas and oceans.**

**D.Water is a human right and everyone should have their share.**

**E.At present, the waste of water is the most serious waste probl^h?**

**F.Treating waste wat5 is a good way to provide fresh water fiaf us.**

**第**

**III卷（非选择题 共50分）**

注意事项：必须使用0.5毫米黑色签字笔在答题卡上题目所指示区域内作答，答在试题

卷上无效。

**第四部分 综合知识运用（共三节,满分50分）**

**第一节 单词填空（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

根据句意及首字母提示写出所缺单词的适当形式，并把单词完整地填写在答题卡上。

**66--Let's see what's in that big box before selling it?**

**--There's nothing v\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in it, Just some waste paper.**

**67.I need to buy a new pair of g\_\_\_\_\_\_ to keep my hands warm.**

**68.There are many yellow l\_\_\_\_\_ under the trees when autumn is coming.**

**69.Mr.Green is very p\_\_\_\_\_\_. He is never tired of explaining things to us again and again.**

**70.Al technologies are now w\_\_\_\_\_ used around China in some fields such as city planning, smart transportation, health and so on.**

**71.After lunch, we 1\_\_\_\_\_ out the map on the dining table to plan our trip.**

**72.The boy r\_\_\_\_\_ not protecting his eyes well. Now he has to wear a pair of glasses**

**wherever he goes.**

**73.Tom was p\_\_\_\_\_ by his teacher for helping the old man.**

**74.The mother put her arms around her baby and 1\_\_\_\_\_\_ him up.**

**75.I will give two s\_\_\_\_\_ in the meeting about environment protection at No.8 Middle**

**School next week.**

**第二节 语法填空(共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分)**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式**；**

**A 37-year-old fest food courier (快递员)Lei Haiwei from Hunan provitice got the first place in the \_\_76\_\_ (three) season of the Chinese Poetry Conference (诗词大会)on April 4th, 2018.He kept his father Lei Changgen's love of poems. The elder Lei put poetry on the kitchen wall for \_\_77\_\_ (he) son to read throughout childhood. In 2001, the \_\_78\_\_ (young) Lei graduated and found a job in Shanghai. He was \_\_79*\_\_* (interest) in Li Bai's poem named *Xia Ke Xing,* so he began to read books about ancient poems at bookstores or libraries \_\_80\_\_ his spare time, since his wages（工资）were not high enough for him to buy many books. The young man also developed \_\_81\_\_ special kind of habit of reciting（背诵）poems he liked, writing down them after returning home. Lei came to Hangzhou city in 2008 and works as a fast food courier. \_\_82\_\_ he works so hard, his love for poems hasn't Sided（消褪）.On his busiest work days the courier had to deliver more than fifty \_\_83\_\_ （order） a day. Even so, he used any \_\_84\_\_ （avail） moment to recite poems, reciting poems when waiting for food at restaurants, and traflfic lights on his way to deliver food.“Reciting poems enriches my knowledge and \_\_85\_\_ （make） my job less boring,so I will stick to reading and reciting poems” the courier said.**

**第三节书面表达（满分25分）**

**自贡市成功创建全国文明城市,为了进一步巩固这一成果,《晨光英语报》开展了校规校纪大讨论。现在正在向各校学生征文。请你以“Rules of My School”为题，写一篇80词左右的英语征文。**

**要点提示：1.你所知道的校规（列举至少4条）；**

**2.你对这些校规的认识和态度;**

**3.请你对校规提建议。**

**写作要求：1.表达清楚，语法正确，上下文连贯;**

**2.必须包括所有相关信息，并作适当发挥;**

**3.不得使用真实姓名和校名等。**

**Rules of My School**

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**2020—2021学年九年级上学期期末考试**

**英语试题参考答案与评分标准（附录音原文）**

**第Ⅰ卷（选择题 共100分）**

**第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）**

1. **共5小题，每小题1.5分，满分7.5分**

1-5 ACBAC

1. **共15小题，每小题1.5分，满分22.5分**

6-10 CCACB 11-15 BCBAB 16-20 CBABC

**第二部分 基础知识运用（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节 单项填空（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

21-25 BCBAA 26-30 CBCBB

**第二节 完形填空（共15小题；A篇每小题2分，B篇每小题1分，满分20分）**

31-35 ABACB 36-40 ABCAB 41-45 BCACA

**第三部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分40分）**

**第一节 阅读理解（共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分）**

46-50 CBACB 51-55 CACAA 56-60 CCBBC

**第二节 阅读填空（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）**

61-65 DFCAB

**第Ⅱ卷（非选择题 共50分）**

**第四部分 综合知识运用（共三节，满分50分）**

**第一节 单词填空（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

66. valuable 67. gloves 68. leaves 69. patient 70. widely

71. laid 72. regretted/regrets 73. praised 74. lifted

75. speeches/suggestions

**评分标准：**66-75小题，每小题1分。有任何错误，包括单词拼写错误（含大小写）或未用其适当形式，均不给分。

**第二节 语法填空（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

76. third 77. his 78. younger 79. interested 80. in

81. a 82. Though/Although 83. orders 84. available

85. makes

**评分标准：**76-85小题，每小题1.5分。有任何错误，包括用词错误、单词拼写错误（含大小写）或语法形式错误，均不给分。

**第三节 书面表达 ( 共1题；满分25分 )**

五、One possible version:

Rules of My School

There are many rules in our school. For example, we are supposed to wear school uniforms every day and we must get to school on time. We are not allowed to come to school with mobile phones. We are also expected to keep the school and classrooms clean.

I agree to some of them. It's our duty to obey such rules. But I think some of them are too strict.

First , I suggest that we could wear our own clothes one day on school days. Second, I hope we’ll have more time for after-school activities.

**评分标准**：满分25分，请认真阅读评分原则、内容要点、要点认定和扣分参考依据，按要点给分，每个要点上要见具体得分；所给参考范文仅供参考，学生如果按照要点提示正常发挥也应认定给分。要点按标准给分，卷面整洁,书写优美总体考虑2分。

**听力录音原文**

**听下面一段材料，回答第1小题。**

M: Alice, what would you like to drink, green tea or orange juice?

W: Neither. I like some coffee instead.

**听下面一段材料，回答第2小题。**

W: Hey, Mike. It’s a nice jacket. Did you buy it on line?

M: Yeah. Its normal price was 380 yuan, but I got it half the price.

**听下面一段材料，回答第3小题。**

M: Hi, Betty! You used to want to be a scientist, right?

W: Yes, but now I hope I can become a doctor to help patients.

**听下面一段材料，回答第4小题。**

W: It’s World Car Free Day tomorrow. How about riding bikes to work?

M: Oh, I don’t think it’s a good idea. The office is far from home. I’ll take the bus.

**听下面一段材料，回答第5小题。**

M: Could you please tell me when I can meet the manager?

W: Let me see. He is busy this week except Thursday morning.

**听下面一段材料，回答第6小题。**

W: You look like a middle school student. I don't think sixteen­year­olds should be allowed to drive a car.

M: But I'm already 20 years old, madam.

**听下面一段材料，回答第7小题。**

M: Judy, look at this black coat! It might belong to Lisa.

W: It can’t be hers. I remember hers is blue. It could belong to Rose. She has such a coat.

M: Let me see. Oh, yes, a notebook with her name is lying beside it.

**听下面一段材料，回答第8小题。**

W: Be quick! Put away all the things on the table. Lucy is coming.  
M: You don’t like her? Why?  
W: Lucy always borrows things and never returns.

**听下面一段材料，回答第9小题。**

M: You look worried. What happened?

W: I left my schoolbag in the cafe near my office building. But when I got back to take it, it

wasn’t there.

M: Is there anything valuable in it?

W: Yes. My mobile phone, my wallet, ID card, and my keys are all in it.

**听下面一段材料，回答第10小题。**

W: What kind of outdoor activities do you like, Leo?

M: I prefer the one that can make me have fun and eat good food such as a picnic.

W: Sounds great. By the way, why are you taking a basket of food?

M: Oh, I’m going to the beach for a picnic with my cousin in an hour.

**听下面一段材料，回答第11至12题。**

M: Oh, Zhang Ming, you can play basketball so well. How long have you played it?

W: About two years. I used to like playing ping­pong. But my father’s favorite sport is basketball.

M: So you showed interest in it, didn’t you?

W: Yes. And you see, now I’m good at both basketball and ping­pong.

**听下面一段材料，回答第13至15题。**

W: Oh, no. I find chemistry so difficult. I’d like to drop it.

M: You’d better not, Nancy. The subject can help us a lot in our life.

W: Maybe, Jason. But could you tell me how to learn it well?

M: First, try to take an interest in it.

W: OK, I will try my best although I am a bit bored with it.

M: Next, practice more and learn from mistakes.

W: That sounds strange, but I will try .

M: Finally, ask your teacher or classmates questions when meeting them.

W: That’s easy.

**听下面一段独白，回答第16至20题。**

Mrs. Stein was an 80-year-old lady. She had a large and beautiful car. She always drove her car to the supermarket and bought some food every morning. She didn’t drive very fast because she knew she was old. Sometimes her grandchildren said to her, “Please don’t drive your car, grandmother. We can take you to the shops.” But she always said, “No, I like driving. I began driving 50 years ago. I am an experienced driver and I can drive well. No one can stop me from driving.” Last Sunday, she stopped her car at the traffic lights because they were red. Then all of a sudden, she couldn’t start her car again. The lights turned green, turned yellow, then red, then green again. But her car couldn’t start anyway. At that moment, she realized that there must have been something wrong with her car. Watching this, the policeman came and said to her kindly, “Good morning, lady. Don’t you like any of our colors today?”

**听力到此结束。**