**宣城市2020-2021学年第一学期九年级英语期末测试卷**

**第一部分： 听力（共四大题，满分20分）**

1. 短对话理解（共5小题；每题1分，满分5分。）

你将听到五段对话，每段对话后有一个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

1. Which country does the woman want to visit?

A.  wps4B.  wps4C. 

2. What is Simon doing now?

A.  wps9B.  wps9 C. 

3. How often does the man go to his parents' house?

A. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Once a month.

4. What's the relationship between the speakers?

A. Father and daughter. B. Mother and son. C. Teacher and student.

5. What makes the woman worried?

A. Missing her bus. wps12 B. Losing her cell phone. wps12C. Taking care of her child.

Ⅱ.长对话理解（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）

你将听到两段对话，每段对话后有几个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第6至7小题。

6. Why did Tony go to Sydney?

A. To have a trip. B. To visit his friends. C. To study English.

7. How long did Tony stay in Sydney?

A. For about 2 years. B. For about 3 months. C. For about 2 weeks.

听下面一段对话，回答第8至10小题。

8．What happened to the man?

A. He lost his job.

B. He was given a prize.

C. He didn't want to work for the manager.

9. What do we learn about the man from the conversation?

A. He is not fit for the job.  
B. He does his work well.  
C. He is never late for work.

10. What did the woman try to do?

A. She asked the man to give up his job.  
B. She encouraged the man to work hard.  
C. She wanted to know why the man left his job.

Ⅲ.短文理解（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）

你将听到一篇短文，短文后有五个小题。请根据短文内容，在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。短文读两遍。

11.How many pieces of safety advice does the woman give the teens?

A. 4. B. 5. C. 6.

12. Why are some people not careful in swimming?

A. The swimming pool is quite safe.  
B. They believe swimming is a safe sport.  
C. They think they are very good swimmers.

13. Why can't we eat any food while swimming?

A. We can't breathe easily.  
B. The water will be polluted.  
C. It is easy to put on weight.

14. What should we pay attention to before going swimming?

A. Clothing. B. Weather. C. Time.

15. What may Teen Time probably be?

A. A newspaper for teenagers to read.  
B. A TV or a radio show for teenagers.  
C. A book about teenagers' favorite sports.

Ⅳ.信息转换（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **The Great Wall of China** | |
| **The location** | Runs from the east to the west in the 16 of China |
| **The history** | Has a history of over 2000 years.  People built several walls in the 17 century BC.  Those walls were later joined together and made 18 by Qin Shihuang. Many dynasties repaired old walls and built new walls. |
| **The materials** | Made of 19 , bricks（砖）, wood and others |
| **Functions** | It was used to keep the enemies away. But now it is one of the most famous places of 20 in the world. |

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容，写出下面表格中所缺的单词，每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

**第二部分 英语知识运用（共两大题，满分30分）**

**V.单项填空(共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分)**

从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. —Look,the young woman who is playing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ guitar is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ university teacher．

—Her performance is quite pleasant．

1. the； an B. /； an C. the； a D. /； a
2. The man saved three \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lives in the accident.

A. child B. children C. children’s D. childrens’

23. \_\_\_\_\_\_I am in trouble,my classmates will help me out.

A. Whenever B. Although C. Before D. But

24. The teacher\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is talking with Jane is strict\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us.

A. who; in B. that ;about C. Which;with D. who;with

25. —I didn’t find \_\_\_\_\_\_ about the victim.

—Me, either. He looked as happy as usual.

A. something unusual B. something usual  
C. anything unusual D. anything usual

26. —Look at the young lady in red. Is it Mrs. Li？

—No. It \_\_\_\_\_\_be her. She is wearing a white dress today．

A. must B. can’t C. mustn’t D. may

27.—What do you think of the sofa？  
 —Not bad, but it may \_\_\_\_\_\_ too much space of our living room.

A. take up B. put up C. open up D. make up

28. Tom doesn’t study \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his classmates, so he often fails in the exams．

A. as careful as B. so careless as  
C. as carelessly as D. so carefully as

29. —Could you tell me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?  
 —Yes. He\_\_\_\_\_\_on business for two weeks. He’ll return in three days.

A. where your father is; has been away

B. where is your father; left  
C. where was your father; has left

D. Where your father was; is leaving

30.—I woke up late today.What’s worse, I left my homework at home!  
 —Poor boy! That is “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”．

A. every dog has its day  
B. it never rains but it pours  
C. never offer to teach fish to swim  
D. don't put all your eggs in one basket

**VI.完型填空(共20小题；每小题1分，满分20分)**

阅读下列短文，从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

**A**

Mr. and Mrs. Green’s house in America is controlled by a computer. The computer has known the couple’s 31 well. Every morning the computer 32 the lights at 6:30 which is their rising time. The water in the shower keeps at a right temperature for the couple to 33 it.If someone gets up in the night, floor lights will come on automatically（自动地）to show the way to the 34 . The air conditioner keeps the house at a comfortable temperature. The fridge keeps a check on the food that is put inside it and 35 the local supermarket an e-mail when more food is needed. A camera works when a stranger gets 36 to the house but does not work if it is a family member or friend. The microwave（微波炉）is 37 linked （连接）to the Internet. It can cook the food for the right time．   
 The couple love their home，38 they don’t like one thing. They sometimes feel that the computer is their grandmother. “One night,we came home later 39 usual, but the computer had turned on the lights at the regular（固定的） time. We felt like bad kids，and 40 said 'Sorry' to the computer.”said Mrs.Green．

31. A. problems B. habits C. plans D. friends

32. A. turns off B. turns up C. turns down D. turns on

33. A. use B. warm C. clean D. drink

34. A. door B. bedroom C. bathroom D. window

35. A. passes B. sends C. promises D. refuses

36. A. kind B. friendly C. helpful D. close

37. A. seldom B. still C. also D. just

38. A. and B. so C. but D. however

39. A. like B. than C. as D. from

40. A. never B. nearly C. completely D. always

**B**

A serious conflict（冲突)between a doctor and a patient in Renji Hospital in April caught the attention of the media(媒体). Many people were talking about 41 . Here, I’d like to share my ideas about 42 a conflict.

In order to solve a conflict, we should, first of all, 43 . Speak in a soft voice. In this way, 44 side will see a kind attitude and be willing to solve the conflict. Secondly, we should think about 45 we are really right. Sometimes, the conflict happens 46 our own mistakes, but we may not realize the mistakes. If we always blame(指责) the conflicts on others, we may make things 47 . Finally and most importantly, both sides should try to find the cause of the conflict and learn to 48 with each other. Communication is the 49 to solving a conflict.

I hope everyone will remember these 50 . In this way, the world will be more peaceful!

41. A. it B. us C. he D. them

42. A. solving B. finding C. hearing D. taking

43. A. stand B. fight C. calm down D. wake up

44. A. the other B. others C. other D. another

45. A. that B. whether C. how D. unless

46. A. according to B. because of C. thanks to D. except for

47. A. better B. harder C. easier D. worse

48. A. communicate B. play C. work D. help

49. A. story B. step C. key D. excuse

50. A. habits B. moments C.advice D. suggestions

**第三部分 阅读理解（共两大题，满分45分）**

**Ⅶ**.补全对话(共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分)

根据对话内容，从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。其中有两项为多余选项。

A: How did you spend your winter vacation?

B: Oh, 51 . As a junior 3 student, I have to spend most of my time studying.

A: I think it is good for you.

B: What about you? What did you do?

A: 52 It was interesting there.

B: Is there lots of snow in Japan in winter?

A: Of course. 53 We also went to enjoy the hot spring at the foot of the Fuji Mountain.

B: 54 Oh,that was fantastic. I have always wanted to do that, but it is a dream for me.

A: Don’t say that.You are sure to go there after you finish the senior high school entrance exam. 55

1. Hope you can have a good result in the exam.
2. With the snow, it looks more beautiful.
3. I just stayed at home.
4. You did?
5. I went to Japan with my friends.
6. I feel sorry for you.
7. I went to Beijing with my family.

B: Thank you,I think I will.

**Ⅷ.阅读理解 （共20小题；每小题2分，满分40 分）**

阅读下列短文，从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

**A**

Besides calling 120，here is what you should do when no one is around to help.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | If you get lost, you may stay where you can be seen clearly and try your best to have a rest. In a wide open area, make a colorful cross out of rocks to show where you stay. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | When you choke at home, make a sudden hit against the back of the chair. If you can't breathe after six tries, call 120. Leave the telephone open until help arrives. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Use your hand or a scarf, or any dry cloth you can find, and push down on the wound until the blood stops running. Don't put the cloth around your leg tightly（过紧)，or you may lose your foot. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | When a fire breaks out, you must move close to the floor. Cover your mouth and nose with a wet towel,make you wet from head to foot if possible and find a safe place outside. |

1. If you get lost in a wide open area, what should you do?

A. call out for help B. make a cross  
C. phone the police D. draw a map.

57. You move close to the floor in a fire to keep away from \_\_\_\_\_\_ ．

A. smoke B. light C. noise D. rain

58. What can help to deal with a wound?

A. A wet towel B. A scarf C. A chair D. Some rocks

B

For the first time in history, the International Olympic Committee (IOC) has decided two host cities at the same time. Paris will host the Olympic Games in 2024 and Los Angeles in 2028.

“This is a win-win-win situation for Paris, Los Angeles and the IOC,”said IOC president Thomas Bach. “These are two great cities from two great countries with a great Olympic history.”

Both cities are excited in bringing home the Games. It returns to the US for the first time since the 1996 Atlanta Olympics.

But Paris has waited for it too long. As the city that has hosted two Olympics before, it will host the event 100 years after its last Games.

However, the reason for the decision is that there were no other competitors for either the 2024 or 2028 Games. Before the last decision, three of the five cities gave up bidding for the 2024 Olympics because of worries over cost. They were Hamburg, Rome and Budapest. But it seems that Paris and Los Angeles have less trouble with that.

1. How many times has the IOC decided two Olympic Games host cities at one time?

A. Never B. Only once C. Twice D. Three times

60. What does Thomas Bach do?

A. an interviewer B. A reporter C. A sports official D. A star player

61. When did Paris host its latest Olympic Games?

A. in 1896. B. in 1918 C. in 1924 D. in 1996



62. What does the underlined phrase “bidding for”mean in Chinese?

A.申办 B.推广 C.投票 D.参加

**C**

Swimming across the English Channel—the 21-mile-long channel between southern England and northern France— is not an easy thing. Besides the strong ocean currents（洋流）, swimmers also have to face temperatures that can change from 18°C to 6°C. However, don’t tell that to Sarah Thomas. The 38-year-old American woman became the first person ever to swim the English Channel four times without stop．   
 What makes Thomas even greater is that just two years ago, in 2018, she survived （幸存）serious illness. She said that fighting the strong currents was hard.“But even worse is dealing with the saltwater… ,it really hurts your throat（咽喉）, your mouth and your tongue,” she said．   
 Thomas’s journey began just past midnight on Sunday, September 15，2019. The swim was about 80 miles at the beginning.However, strong currents add the total distance by about 50 miles. When Thomas came out from the water at 6：30 a.m local time on Tuesday, September 17，2019, she was in the water for 54 hours and 13 minutes and swam a total of 133 miles!   
 There was a ship with GPS and computers to record wind, tides and currents with Thomas all the time. It guided her through the water. Her mother and husband were on the ship. During her swimming, Thomas took a rest every 30 to 60 minutes．

1. How far did Sarah Thomas swim across the channel in 2019？

A. About 50 miles． B. About 54 miles．  
C. About 80 miles D. About 130 miles．

64. According to the passage，we can use \_\_\_\_\_\_ to describe Sarah Thomas．

A. brave B. helpful C. generous D. humorous

65. Where can we probably read this passage？

A. In a science book． B. In a diary．

C. In a newspaper． D. In a novel．

  
 D

China and Western countries have something different in cultures about certain animals, but when it comes to pigs, we have the same idea--pigs are ugly, lazy and stupid.

Just look at some Chinese sayings such as “ Boiling a dead pig” and “A pig looking in the mirror is still a pig”. And in English, there are some expressions like “Eating like a pig” and “Pigs might fly”. None of them are complimentary(赞美的）.

However, pigs have some good qualities. They are even as smart as dogs and elephants They have good memories. And they know whether people treat them well or not.

A UK cartoon, Peppa Pig is a most popular cartoon. The four members in the pig family teach children from all around the world about love, friendship and the value of family. And a Chinese cartoon movie, *the Adventure of McDull*, is also very famous. In the cartoon, the little pig McDull has a heart of gold and always works hard towards his dreams. Most people want quick success, but McDull is slow and patient, and not afraid of failing again and again.

Maybe when we talk about pigs next time, we should think of their good qualities.

66.China and Western countries have \_\_\_\_\_\_ in cultures according to the passage.

A. the same idea of pigs B. different ideas of pigs

C. the same idea of all the animals D. different ideas of all the animals

67.What’s the writer’s purpose of giving the two examples of cartoons?

A. To show pigs have bad memories

B. To tell pigs don’t know who treats them well

C. To show pigs have some good qualities.

D. To prove pigs are our friends

68. What’s the best title for the passage?

A. Opinions on Pigs B. Opinions on Animals

C. Opinions on Cartoons D. Opinions on Qualities

E

At present, too much carbon dioxide（二氧化碳） makes the earth warmer and warmer and causes terrible effect to human beings. To save our planet, to save ourselves, a new lifestyle called low-carbon life（低碳生活）becomes popular. Low carbon means low energy and no waste. It is necessary for everybody to learn to live a low-carbon life.   
 To live a low-carbon life, we’d better save energy as possible. Turn off the lights and TV whenever they are not needed. If possible, use cold water to wash clothes or dishes. Take a short shower and try to take a cold one when the weather gets warm.   
 To live a low-carbon life, we should eat less meat. Everybody knows eating too much meat makes people fat and easy to have heart disease, but maybe you don't know keeping animals for food produces even more carbon dioxide than all the cars in the world, and being a vegetarian can help reduce one and a half tons of carbon dioxide a year. Maybe it is a little difficult, but it’s really necessary.   
 To live a low-carbon life, we are supposed to do less shopping. When we go shopping, we may drive a car or take other transportation. On the one hand, these machines pollute the air and waste energy. On the other hand, most of us always buy some useless things because of some advertisements. It is not only a waste of money but also causes trouble to the earth, because as you know, making everything will produce carbon dioxide more or less.   
 There are many other ways to live a low-carbon life, such as recycling things, planting trees and reusing textbooks. If we can keep it a habit in our daily life, the earth will become a safer planet for us to live on.

1. What makes the weather on the earth get warmer?

A. Little rubbish B. A waste of money  
C. Too much carbon dioxide D. A waste of water

70. How can we save energy in our daily life?

A. use less electricity B. go to sleep with lights on  
C. wash clothes with hot water D. drive car to work

71. What does the underlined word “it”mean in the third paragraph?

A. eating less meat B. having heart disease  
C. keeping animals for food D. eating less vegetables

72. What will happen if everybody lives a low-carbon life?

A. we will waste more energy  
B. there will be less carbon dioxide  
C. the earth won’t become a safer planet to live on  
D. there will be more carbon dioxide

F

Fifteen years ago, I drove a taxi for a living. One day I went to pick up a passenger at 2:40 a.m.When I arrived there, I walked to the door and knocked . “Just a minute” answered a weak, elderly voice.

After a while, the door opened. A small woman stood before me. She was more than eighty years old. By her side was a big bag.

When we got into the taxi, she gave me an address, and then asked,“Could you drive through downtown?”

“It’s not the shortest way.” I answered quickly.

“Oh,I’m in no hurry,” she said, “I’m on my way to a hospice（临终安养院）. I don’t have any family left. The doctor says I don’t have much time left.”

I quietly reached over and shut off the meter（计程表）.

For the next two hours, we drove through the city. She showed me the building where she had once worked, the neighborhood where she had lived, and the place where she had gone dancing as a girl.

Sometimes she’d ask me to slow down in front of a special building and would sit staring into the darkness, saying nothing.

We drove in silence to the address she had given to me.

“How much do I owe（欠） you?” She asked.

“Nothing!” I said.

“You have to make a living.” She answered.

“Oh, there are other passengers.” I answered.

Almost without thinking, I gave her a hug. She held me and said, “You gave an old woman a moment of joy.”

1. Where did the woman want to go?（不超过10 个词）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. How much did the woman pay the driver?（不超过10 个词）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. What can we learn from the driver?（不超过20个词）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**第四部分 写 （共两大题，满分25分）**

**Ⅸ.单词拼写（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）**

根据首字母及汉语提示，完成下列单词的拼写，使句意明确，语言通顺。

1. These days, more and more people think that food s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(安全)is the most important.
2. She was i\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（邀请） to give a talk about how to save the earth yesterday.
3. Lin Ping always fails the exams because he is often a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(缺席的)from classes.  
     
   79. It is necessary to know how to ask for help p\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（礼貌地）.

80. Why not consider c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（选择） another job? Maybe you’ll succeed.

**X.书面表达（共1小题；满分20分）**

亲爱的同学们，你们生活中有烦恼、学习有压力吗？那我们应该如何正确面对烦恼，有效缓解心理压力呢？请根据提示以“How Should We Solve Our Stress?”为题写一篇不少于80词的短文。  
提示：

1、积极参加体育锻炼，拥有一个健康的身体；  
2、多与老师、家长和朋友交谈，或通过给他们写信的方式说出自己的烦恼；  
3、多听音乐，多看书；  
4、尽自己最大努力学习，勇敢面对自己的成绩；  
5、如果经常压力太大，可以去看医生。  
要求：

1、必须包含以上所有信息，并适当发挥；  
2、文中不得出现真实的校名和姓名；  
3、词数不少于 80词（开头已给出，不计入总词数）。  
 How Should We Solve Our Stress?  
 We all have some problems and stress in our lives. How should we solve them?

In my opinion, .

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**宣城市2020-2021学年度九年级（上）期末素质抽测**

英语试卷参考答案

第一部分：听力 1-5 BCAAB 6-10 CAAAC 11-15 BCABB

1. north 17.7th/seventh 18. bigger 19. stones 20. interest

第二部分 ：英语知识运用

单项填空 21-25 CCADC 26-30 BADAB

完型填空

1. B 32.D 33.A 34.C 35.B 36.D 37.C 38.C 39.B 40.B
2. A 42.A 43.C 44.A 45.B 46.B 47.D 48.A 49.C 50.D

第三部分：阅读理解

补全对话：51.C 52.E 53.B 54.D 55.A

阅读理解 56--58 BAB 59--62 BCCA 63--65 DAC

66-68 ACA 69--72 CAAB

1. A hospice. 74. Nothing.
2. An act of kindness can bring people great joy.（符合题意可酌情给分）

第四部分：写

1. safety 77.invited 78.absent 79.politely 80.choosing

书面表达参考范文：

How Should We Solve Our Stress?

We all have some problems and stress in our lives. How should we solve them? In my opinion, Firstly, we should take more exercise to keep healthy. Sports can help us to have a healthier body and study better. Secondly,we can talk with our teachers,parents and friends, we can also write a letter to tell them our trouble. I think we can get some useful advice from them.Thirdly,we can read more books .We all know that books are like friends, we can learn a lot from them. Of course,listening to music is also a great way to relax ourselves.

Fourthly, we should try our best to study hard and learn to face our grades bravely. Last but not least, if we often have too much stress, it’ll be necessary for us to see a doctor. I hope we can solve our stress correctly and have a better future.

【听力材料】

I.短对话理解

1. M: Which foreign country do you want to visit?

W: I want to visit the USA.

1. W: Simon, turn down the TV, your father is working in the study.

M: OK, mom, I will.

3. W: Do you go to your parents’ house every weekend?

M: Yes, every Sunday. My father prepares a big meal for all of us.

4. M: Lucy, It’s time for supper. What are you doing now?

W: I can’t find my notebook, have you seen it anywhere?

M: Sorry, I haven’t. Why not ask your mother. Maybe she’s seen it.

5. M: You look worried, what’s wrong with you, Betty?

W: Could you please take care of my child? My cell phone is missing, I must go to the Lost and Found office.

Ⅱ.长对话理解

6-7小题

W: Hi, Tony, long time no see. Where have you been?

M: Sydney. I just came back yesterday.

W: Did you go there on a trip?

M: No. I went there to study English.

W: Wow. Can you tell me more about it?

M: Sure. I stayed there for about two years. And I lived with a local family. They were really friendly to me.

W: An interesting experience! I hope I can study abroad like you.

8-10 小题

M: My manager told me never to go to work again.

W: I can’t believe it.Why?

M: I don’t know. When he told me that, I was really surprised.

W: Were you often late for work?

M: Yes, I was.

W: Did you often think about other things when you were working?

M: Sometimes.

W: Can you use a computer?

M: No, I can’t.

W: Well, I think I know why . You didn’t make good use of your time and you didn’t try to learn new things.

Ⅲ.短文理解

Hello, boys and girls! Welcome to Teen Time. Today , I’d like to talk about swimming. Swimming is very popular in summer. People like it because water makes them feel cool. If you like swimming in the river or sea, it may not be safe. In recent years, about ten thousand people died while they were enjoying themselves in the water and most of them were students, but some people are still not careful when swimming. They often think they can swim so well that nothing can happen to them in the water. Now summer is coming again. If you go swimming, please pay attention to the safety. Firstly, don’t get into the water when you are alone. Secondly, if there’s a “No Swimming” sign, don’t get into the water, either. Thirdly, don’t drink before swimming. Fourthly, it is also remembered not to eat any food while swimming as you can’t breathe easily. And fifthly, you should know about the weather before going out for a swim. Stop swimming if the weather is bad. If you follow the safety advice, you’ll be safer, you’ll enjoy swimming more.

Ⅳ.信息转换

（M/W)The Great Wall of China runs from the east to the west in the north of China. It has a history of over two thousand years. People built several walls in the 7th century BC. Those were later joined together and made bigger by Qin Shihuang. Later on, many dynasties repaired old walls and built new walls. The most well-known of the walls were built during the Ming dynasty. The Great Wall is wide enough for about ten men to walk side by side. Horses can also run on it. The Great Wall is made of stones, bricks(砖), wood and other materials. There are huge stones on each side and on the highest part. There are tall watchtowers along the Great Wall. In the past, the soldiers kept watching the enemies in the watchtowers day and night. When the enemies came, they made fire there to tell each other.  Nowadays we don't use the Great Wall to keep the enemies away any more.It is one of the most famous places of interest in the world. Every year thousands of people come to visit it from all over the world.