

# 2020年秋季学期期考九年级试卷 英语

(考试时间:120分钟 满分120分)

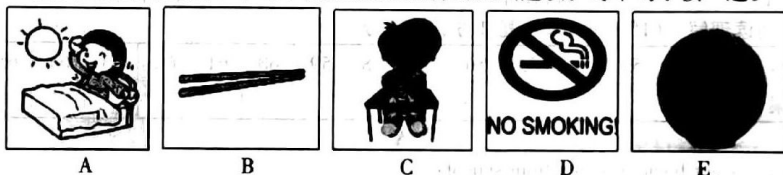
题号	听力部分					笔试部分						总分
	I	II	III	IV	V	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
得分												

## 听力部分 (30分)

题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
答案													
题号	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
答案													

### I. 听句子,选画面。(每小题1分,共5分)

请你根据所听到的5个句子,选出意思相符的图画选项。每个句子读一遍。



1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

### II. 听句子,选答语。(每小题1分,共5分)

请你根据所听到的5个句子,选出最恰当的答语。每个句子读一遍。

6. A. Good luck! B. The same to you! C. What a great day!
7. A. Thank you. B. It's cheap. C. Yes, you're right.
8. A. I think so. B. I love them. C. That's all right.
9. A. Speaking. B. How are you? C. It doesn't matter.
10. A. Not at all. B. Help yourself. C. Good idea.

### III. 对话理解。(每小题1分,共10分)

A. 听五段短对话,选择最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。

11. What's Nick's pencil made of?  
A. Paper. B. Gold. C. Wood.
12. What color is Linda's hair band?  
A. Red. B. Pink. C. Yellow.
13. How's the weather now?  
A. Cloudy. B. Rainy. C. Sunny.

九年级英语 第1页 (共8页)

### 14. Where is the library?

- A. On the second floor. B. On the third floor. C. On the fourth floor.

### 15. Whose car is this?

- A. Carla's. B. Jim's. C. John's.

B. 听第一段长对话,根据对话内容回答第16~17小题。对话读两遍。

### 16. Where did Tom visit last month?

- A. Beijing. B. Shanghai. C. Guangzhou.

### 17. How long did he stay there?

- A. For two years. B. For two months. C. For two weeks.

听第二段长对话,根据对话内容回答第18~20小题。对话读两遍。

### 18. When is Jack going to have a birthday party?

- A. On Saturday morning. B. On Saturday afternoon. C. On Saturday evening.

### 19. How many classmates can come to the party?

- A. Eight. B. Ten. C. Eleven.

### 20. What's the matter with Ben?

- A. He has a fever. B. He has a cold. C. He has to visit his grandparents.

### IV. 短文理解。(每小题1分,共5分)

听短文,根据短文内容,回答第21~25小题。短文读两遍。

### 21. Where does David work?

- A. In a shop. B. In a factory. C. In an office.

### 22. Why is David going to take a short trip?

- A. Because he is free. B. Because he is tired. C. Because he is bored.

### 23. When will David go to Guilin?

- A. On Friday afternoon. B. On Saturday morning. C. On Sunday afternoon.

### 24. Who will pick up David?

- A. His family. B. His friend. C. His classmate.

### 25. What does David think of the Lijiang River?

- A. It's the most famous. B. It's the most interesting. C. It's the most beautiful.

### V. 听短文,填信息。(每小题1分,共5分)

听短文,根据短文内容补全以下信息,每空填一词,将单词写在相应的横线上。短文读两遍。

A Survey about Study and Sports	
Most students	They are <u>26</u> with their studies.
Gina	She thinks sports can help us keep healthy. They can help us <u>27</u> better. She keeps playing volleyball with her friends for <u>28</u> minutes every day.
Tom	He likes <u>29</u> . He practices it for one <u>30</u> a day. He thinks the balance of study and sports will lead him to achieve his dream.

26. \_\_\_\_\_ 27. \_\_\_\_\_ 28. \_\_\_\_\_ 29. \_\_\_\_\_ 30. \_\_\_\_\_

九年级英语 第2页 (共8页)



扫描全能王 创建

笔试部分 (90 分)

I. 单项选择。(10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

题号	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案										

31. The yellow T-shirt belongs to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. I B. me C. my D. mine
32. Bill likes music he can dance \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. to B. at C. in D. with
33. —Ben, is that man Mr. Cool over there?  
—He has gone to Hainan. It \_\_\_\_\_ be him.  
A. can B. might C. mustn't D. can't
34. How sad Grace is now! I regret \_\_\_\_\_ her the bad news.  
A. tells B. telling C. told D. tell
35. —Tom didn't go to the mountains yesterday morning.  
—\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. So did I. B. So I did. C. Neither did I. D. Neither I did.
36. —When \_\_\_\_\_ the personal computer \_\_\_\_\_?  
—In 1971.  
A. is; invented B. was; invented C. did; invent D. is; inventing
37. Last night I met my primary school classmate \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. by the time B. by the way C. in the way D. by accident
38. The book \_\_\_\_\_ was written by Mr. Cool is in my schoolbag.  
A. that B. what C. who D. where
39. \_\_\_\_\_ our country gets, \_\_\_\_\_ the people will be, which is well known.  
A. The strong; the happier B. The stronger; the happier  
C. The stronger; the happy D. The strong; the happy
40. Jenny is on holiday now. I wonder \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when she will come back B. when she came back  
C. when will she come back D. when did she come back

II. 完形填空。(10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

题号	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
答案										

What is rude and what is polite is different in different countries. Some things that many Chinese people do can be considered rude or not 41 in Western countries. Here is some advice on what not to say or do. Let's 42.

In business settings(正式场合), one should never 43 a foreigner a cigarette. Smoking kills. Don't kill anyone. That is very true, and it smells very bad. Please don't smoke!

44 get angry at someone for going Dutch(各自付款) and 45 the bill when you eat out. In the West, it shows equal(平等的) respect. Try going Dutch. It is cheaper, and

it shows equality. When eating dinner in Norway and the United States, it is polite to 46 everything on your plate to show that you enjoy the food. 47 in some countries, it is polite to leave some of the food on your plate.

Don't use bad 48 at work. Even though some famous people use them, bad words are a sign of a bad education. Bad words should be used 49 or not at all.

If you have to spit(吐痰), clear your nose or clean your ears, do it in the bathroom where no one can 50 you. Don't be a RUDE person at your office or in public.

41. A. polite B. important C. unhappy D. pleased  
42. A. have a rest B. have a look C. have a try D. have a walk  
43. A. pick B. sell C. offer D. point  
44. A. Always B. Never C. Sometimes D. Often  
45. A. pay B. keep C. share D. take  
46. A. leave off B. take away C. put off D. eat up  
47. A. And B. But C. So D. Because  
48. A. words B. sentences C. passages D. texts  
49. A. as much as possible B. as little as possible  
C. as often as possible D. as soon as possible  
50. A. stop B. prevent C. see D. hear

III. 阅读理解。(15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

题号	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65
答案															

A

Fiona brought home a notice from school:

School Uniform Rules

Sept. 9th, 2020

Dear parents,

Some parents have asked about the rules about dress at No. 2 Middle School. Please read and buy the right uniforms for your children this winter.

For boys:	For girls:
white shirt	pink shirt
brown pants	green skirt
blue school jacket	grey pants(only when it is 12℃ or below)
red tie	blue school jacket
black belt(腰带)	long white socks
grey socks	black shoes
brown shoes	

Children can be allowed to wear blue scarves or white scarves to school. But they aren't allowed to wear hats.

The school uniform must be clean. Girls with long hair must tie(扎) their hair with yellow ribbons(丝带).



Children can only wear sports shoes to school if they have a P. E. lesson that day. They are allowed to wear white sports shoes only.

Thank you for your attention.

Sincerely,  
Luo (Head teacher)

51. In what season are the School Uniform Rules according to the chart?  
A. Spring. B. Summer. C. Autumn. D. Winter.
52. What does Mrs. Lam need to buy if she wants to buy a new uniform for her 14-year-old son?  
A. A pink shirt. B. A white shirt. C. Black pants. D. White socks.
53. Which of the following is NOT part of the school uniform?  
A. Hats. B. Pants. C. Jackets. D. Socks.

### B

Switzerland (瑞士) is famous for its watches. However, this country didn't invent the watch. It was the British who did it. Here is a story of how the watch was brought to Switzerland.

Many years ago, an Englishman was travelling to Italy. On his way he stopped in a small town in South Switzerland. This Englishman travelled in a carriage (马车) inside which there was a carriage watch. This was the earliest kind of watch. A native shop assistant (售货员) happened to see the watch. He wondered what it was and asked the Englishman about it. "It is a carriage watch," said the man. "This machine tells the time but now it isn't working."

At once the shop assistant offered to try to repair it. So the traveller handed him the watch. The assistant was a very wise man. So it was not surprising that he managed to repair it. He even remembered how it was made. As soon as the traveller had gone on his way, he made a watch exactly the same type.

In this way, the watch-making was started in Switzerland. Today Swiss watches are sold in stores all over the world.

54. What is Switzerland famous for?  
A. Making watches. B. Selling watches.  
C. Inventing watches. D. The carriage watch.
55. What can the carriage clock tell?  
A. A story. B. A joke. C. A lie. D. The time.
56. Who made the first Swiss watch?  
A. An Italian shop assistant. B. An English shop assistant.  
C. A man who came from Switzerland. D. A man who was travelling to Italy.
57. What can we learn from the passage?  
A. Japan started the watch making.  
B. Swiss watches are sold only in Switzerland.  
C. The English traveler was the inventor of the watches.  
D. Swiss watches are sold all over the world.

### C

Maybe you've heard of many musical bands, but have you heard of Little Big Town, a country musical group? There are four members in this band, Karen Fairchild, Kimberly Schlapman, Jimi Westbrook and Phillip Sweet. They had a hard time when they began their band at first, but they didn't give up. Now it becomes very popular.

"We take care of each other and we take care of the music," Karen Fairchild once said after one of their shows. As a fan of this band, I once had a chance to hang out with the members of Little Big Town. We talked about their hard beginning. At that time, they even didn't have their own stage.

Fairchild also told me how the four of them were together when they were in trouble. Not only did they stand together on stage but also in their daily life. For example, they were right there when Phillip Sweet was caring for his daughter for the first time. They encouraged Kimberly Schlapman when they found her husband **passed away**. At that time Kimberly was very sad to lose her husband. "When we have lived such a hard life together, it bonds (联系) us tightly," Phillip Sweet said. "We find true happiness is the joy of doing what we do for a living. We love the hard beginning. We also love the wonderful future."

58. What is Little Big Town?  
A. It's a rock musical group. B. It's a country musical group.  
C. It's a small town. D. It's a piece of music.
59. Who is the writer of this passage?  
A. He is a member of this band. B. He is a writer of lyrics.  
C. He is a fan of this band. D. He is the leader of the band.
60. What does the underlined phrase "passed away" mean in Chinese?  
A. 传递 B. 去世 C. 停止 D. 失业
61. What do we know from the passage?  
A. Five members are in the band. B. The band had a good beginning.  
C. Phillip Sweet has a son. D. The members of the band are true friends.

### D

Have you ever been ill? When you are ill, you must be unhappy because your body becomes hot, and there are pains all over your body. You don't want to work and you have to stay in bed, and you will feel very sad.

What makes us ill? It is germs (病菌) that make us ill. Germs are everywhere. They are very small and you can't find them with your eyes. But if you use a microscope (显微镜), you will see a lot of them in it. Germs are always in dirty water, so your father and mother will not let you drink it.

Germs are not only found in water. They are found in air and dust (灰尘). If you get a cut in the finger, and if some of the dust from the floor goes into the cut, germs will come into your finger. Your finger will become big and red, and you will have much pain in it. Sometimes if the germs go into all of your body, you may have pain in every part of the body.



62. What may happen if you are ill?  
 A. You like to stay in bed. B. Your body becomes hot.  
 C. You feel cold in winter. D. You feel hot after work.
63. What is a microscope used for?  
 A. Making very small things look much bigger.  
 B. Making very big things look much smaller.  
 C. Helping us read the newspapers easily.  
 D. Helping us when we are nearsighted (近视).
64. Which of the following statements is TRUE?  
 A. If things are very small, they are germs.  
 B. If things can't be seen, they must be germs.  
 C. Germs are too small to see with our eyes.  
 D. Your fingers may be cut by small germs.
65. What's the main idea of the passage?  
 A. Germs are in dirty water. B. It's bad to be ill.  
 C. You'd better take care of your fingers. D. Germs make us ill.

IV. 情景交际。(5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

根据对话内容, 从方框中选出 5 个最佳选项补全对话, 使对话意思完整。其中有一项是多余的。

题号	66	67	68	69	70
答案					

- A: Hi, Sam! Where are you going?  
 B: 66 Bob just got his driver's license.  
 He'll give me a ride in his car.  
 A: How old is he?  
 B: 67 .  
 A: Oh no. You can't go with him.  
 B: 68 .  
 A: Because I don't think sixteen-year-old kids  
 should be allowed to drive.  
 B: 69 I think they should be if they have their driver's licenses.  
 A: 70 .  
 B: Maybe you're right. I'll take your advice.

- A. Why can't I go with him?  
 B. How are you going to the cinema?  
 C. I'm going to the cinema.  
 D. But they are too young and they  
 aren't serious enough.  
 E. I disagree with you.  
 F. He is 16 years old.

V. 综合填空。(20 题, 每小题 1 分, 共 20 分)

A. 选词填空: 阅读下面短文, 用方框中所给单词的适当形式在空白处填空, 每词限用一次, 每空一词。(10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

country, who, refuse, two, also, clear, between, want, she, woman

Shaking hands is one of the customs that keep good relationships (关系) 71 people. It is necessary to be 72 about when to shake hands.

First, when you meet someone for the first time, it's necessary to shake hands. 73, if

you meet your friend after a long separation (分离), it is 74 necessary to shake hands. Third, if anyone 75 to shake hands with you, you should of course shake hands. It would be very impolite to 76. Last, remember the manners. Usually, when two men or two 77 meet, it is usually the older one 78 should first put out his or her hand. When a man and a woman meet, it is the woman who should first put out 79 hand.

Different 80 have different customs. It is necessary to know when to shake hands and when to kiss.

71. \_\_\_\_\_ 72. \_\_\_\_\_ 73. \_\_\_\_\_ 74. \_\_\_\_\_ 75. \_\_\_\_\_  
 76. \_\_\_\_\_ 77. \_\_\_\_\_ 78. \_\_\_\_\_ 79. \_\_\_\_\_ 80. \_\_\_\_\_

B. 单词拼写: 根据句子意思及所给的中文或首字母提示完成单, 并将完整的单词填写在横线上。每空只能填一词。(10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

81. — Thank you for helping me so much.  
 — That's my \_\_\_\_\_ (高兴, 愉快).  
 82. The meat \_\_\_\_\_ (闻起来) terrible now. It should be thrown away.  
 83. Tom went upstairs and \_\_\_\_\_ (敲) at the door.  
 84. English is \_\_\_\_\_ (广泛地) spoken all over the world.  
 85. Don't ask the old woman's age. It is a \_\_\_\_\_ (秘密).  
 86. These books are very valuable. They are w \_\_\_\_\_ reading.  
 87. After class nobody asked Mr. Cool English questions e \_\_\_\_\_ Zhong Ling.  
 88. A \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Xu is a teacher who does not have much experience, he teaches well.  
 89. Yesterday I r \_\_\_\_\_ a letter from my aunt. She is in Brazil now.  
 90. Do you think parents and teachers should keep teenagers a \_\_\_\_\_ from watching TV too long?

VI. 书面表达。(15 分)

近年来我国的发展世人瞩目, 中国的传统文化正越来越受到各国朋友的关注。请根据提示, 以 "The Spring Festival" 为题写一篇短文, 向外国朋友介绍我国的春节。

要求: 1. 字迹工整, 规范;

2. 80 词左右;

3. 根据所给要点及参考词汇, 可适当发挥。

提示:

prepare; On Chinese New Year's Eve; lunar (农历的); decorate (装饰); get lucky money (压岁钱)

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## 2020 年秋季学期期考九年级英语参考答案及听力录音原文

### 听力答案:

1—5 DAEB C 6—10 BACAC 11—15 CABAC 16—20 ACBAB 21—25 CBABC  
26. busy 27. study 28. 20/twenty 29. dancing 30. hour

### 笔试答案:

31—35 BADBC 36—40 BDABA 41—45 ABCBC 46—50 DBABC  
51—55 DBAAD 56—60 CDBCB 61—65 DBACD 66—70 CFAED  
71. between 72. clear 73. Second 74. also 75. wants 76. refuse 77. women  
78. who 79. her 80. countries 81. pleasure 82. smells 83. knocked  
84. widely 85. secret 86. worth 87. except 88. Although 89. received 90. away  
One possible version

### The Spring Festival

In China, the Spring festival is the first day of the lunar year. People usually start preparing for the festival one month before it comes. They prepare delicious food, clean and decorate their homes. On Chinese New Year's Eve, the family all get together for a big dinner. They stay up till midnight. On the first day of the lunar New Year, children put on their new clothes, greet their parents and get lucky money from them. Everyone is very happy during the Spring Festival.

### 听力原文

1. You can't smoke here.
2. Kate usually gets up early.
3. Basketball is a popular sport.
4. In China, we eat food with chopsticks.
5. Mike was doing his homework when I came in.
6. Happy New Year!
7. Your dress looks beautiful.
8. Thanks a lot for your flowers.
9. Can I speak to Alice, please?
10. How about going swimming tomorrow?
11. W: What's your pencil made of, Nick?  
M: It's made of wood.
12. W: Is this pink hair band Linda's?  
M: No, it can't be hers. Hers is red.
13. W: Shall we go out for a walk, Sally?  
M: I'm afraid not. It is raining outside now.
14. W: Excuse me, can you tell me where the library is?  
M: It's on the second floor.

15. W: That's a beautiful car.

M: Thank you. I bought it for my son, John.

16 ~ 17:

W: Hi, Tom! Long time no see! Where did you go last month?

M: I went to Beijing with my brother.

W: How long did you stay there?

M: Two weeks.

W: Did you have a good time?

M: Of course. It was really a nice trip.

18 ~ 20:

W: Do you have any plans for your birthday, Jack?

M: Yes, I do. I am going to have a party on Saturday afternoon. I invited 10 classmates.

W: When will they arrive?

M: At about 3:00P. M.

W: When is the party going to start?

M: It is going to start at 3:30P. M.

W: Can they all come?

M: No. Ben has a cold and John has to visit his grandparents.

W: OK. See you then.

21 ~ 25:

Hi, my name is David. I work hard in an office on weekdays. I am very tired these days, so I am hoping to take a short trip. This weekend I am going to Guilin to relax. Here is my travel plan.

I will work in my office until Friday afternoon. After work, I'll take a train there. My friend Maggie will drive her car to pick me up. On Saturday, I would like to visit Yangshuo, a famous town. On Sunday morning, I will take a ship to travel along the Lijiang River for three hours. It is one of the most beautiful rivers in China. I am sure that I'll have a good time there.

26—30:

Here is a survey about study and sports. Many students in Grade 9 are busy with their studies. They don't know how to deal with their studies and the sports. Some students think doing sports waste their time. But Gina disagrees with them. She thinks sports can help us keep healthy. They can help us study better, and they can help us make friends, too. She keeps playing volleyball with her friends for 20 minutes every day. Tom agrees with Gina. He likes dancing. He practices it for one hour a day. He thinks the balance of study and sports will lead him to achieve his dream.

