

松桃县 2020—2021 学年度第一学期期末教学质量监测卷

九年级英语

姓名: _____ 准考证号 _____

注意事项:

1. 答题前务必将姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡规定的位置。
2. 答题时, 卷 I (客观题) 部分必须使用 2B 铅笔填涂答题卡上的答题框; 卷 II (主观题) 部分必须使用 0.5 毫米的黑色签字笔将答案书写于答题卡上各小题规定的位置。
3. 所有题目必须在答题卡规定的位置作答, 否则无效。
4. 本试卷共 8 页, 满分 150 分, 考试时间 120 分钟。
5. 考试结束后, 只上交答题卡, 试卷自己保留。

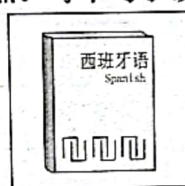
卷 I

听力测试 (30 分)

听力 I (20 分)

温馨提示: 听力 I 共四个部分, 分别听完这四部分的材料后, 先将各部分的试题在卷 I 上选做出来, 等包括听力 II 在内的听力材料全部结束后, 再将答题卡上与各小题的所选答案对应的答题框涂黑。

I. 看图听五个句子, 选择与所听句子内容相符的图画, 并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母序号涂黑。每个句子读两遍。(5 分)



A



B



C



D



E

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

II. 听句子, 选择正确的应答语。句子读两遍, 并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母序号涂黑 (5 分)

- | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 6. A. Three times. | B. In 2003. | C. For 21 hours. |
| 7. A. What fun! | B. Not at all. | C. Never mind. |
| 8. A. I agree. | B. Me, too. | C. Good idea! |
| 9. A. Good luck! | B. Don't worry. | C. You're right. |
| 10. A. See you then. | B. Have a good trip! | C. It's nothing serious. |

III. 听对话, 选择正确答案。对话读两遍。(5 分), 在答题卡的相应位置将字母序号涂黑。

11. How many official languages do people use in the UN?
A. Four. B. Five. C. Six.
12. What's the machine used for?
A. Looking up new words. B. Translating languages. C. Showing the right way.
13. How will Tom come to Guangzhou?
A. By high-speed rail. B. By train. C. By plane.
14. What are the two speakers talking about?
A. Japanese pronunciation. B. Body language. C. Eyes protection.
15. Where are the two speakers?
A. At an airport. B. In a computer room. C. In a space museum.



IV. 听对话, 选择正确答案。对话读两遍。(5分) 并在答题卡的相应位置将字母序号其涂黑。

听第一段对话, 回答 16—17 小题。

16. What gift did Rita get?

A. A cellphone.

B. A telescope.

C. A camera.

17. Where was the gift made?

A. In Japan.

B. In China.

C. In England.

听第二段对话, 回答 18—20 小题。

18. What's Joe doing?

A. Looking at a picture.

B. Visiting a museum.

C. Reading a book.

19. What are the aliens like?

A. They are tall.

B. They have long necks.

C. They have big heads.

20. What does Joe think of aliens?

A. They are ugly.

B. They are very interesting.

C. They are very smart.

温馨提示: 听力 II (10 分)

本部分试题在卷 II (71—75 小题)。

综合运用 (40 分)

I. 单项选择 (15 分)

从下列各题所给的选项 A、B、C、D 中选择能填入相应空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡的相应位置将其涂黑。

21. It was _____ honor to be invited here today.

A. a

B. an

C. the

D. /

22. —Your English is really good. What's your _____?

—I have no secrets. I just work harder than before.

A. secret

B. service

C. spirit

D. science

23. My parents like operas. _____ Beijing Opera, they also watch Yue Opera and Yu Opera.

A. Between

B. Among

C. Except

D. Besides

24. The teachers always _____ students not to swim alone again and again.

A. prove

B. warn

C. explain

D. allow

25. —Why is the restaurant closed by the government?

—Because of its high prices on food. Traders must be _____.

A. brave

B. wrong

C. honest

D. lively

26. Tony always gives his seat to the old people after they _____ the bus or the subway.

A. get to

B. get up

C. get off

D. get on

27. We like the persons _____ help others.

A. who

B. which

C. whose

D. whom

28. My family will go for a picnic this Sunday, but we haven't decided _____.

A. why to go

B. how to do

C. what to do

D. where to go

29. We must do everything that we can _____ our environment.

A. protect

B. to protect

C. protecting

D. protected



30. The bridge _____ by the villagers yesterday.
A. build B. built C. is built D. was built
31. _____ all the Chinese people work hard together, I believe the great China Dream will come true soon.
A. As long as B. As if C. As soon as D. As
32. —Hey, Jude. I _____ for Shanghai soon. I'll miss you very much.
—Me, too. Have a good trip!
A. left B. am leaving C. was leaving D. has left
33. I didn't do very well in this exam. Unluckily, Jack did it _____ than me.
A. worse B. badly C. better D. worst
34. —What's that noise?
—Oh, I forgot to tell you. The neighbors _____ for a party.
A. prepare B. are preparing C. will prepare D. have prepared
35. —Sam didn't pass the exam because he is careless.
—_____ pity it is!
A. What B. What a C. How D. What an

II. 完形填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 然后根据短文内容从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择能填入相应空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母代号涂黑。

In China, most families have only one kid. The kids often feel lonely and 36 when their parents aren't at home. Don't worry. Lovet can help them. It is a friendly robot 37 can make lonely kids feel the love. It 38 by the Japanese in 2018.

Lovet not only looks like a kid, but also has many 39. It can talk, dance and sing. It can also help kids with 40, such as cleaning the desk and making the bed. When kids learn, Lovet becomes a "teacher". It tells the kids to read 41 if they are in a low voice. When kids work out a problem correctly, Lovet will 42 them and give them a kiss. Kids like the lovely Lovet because it has human's feelings. When 43 come for a visit, it will hide behind kids—it seems to be shy. Because Lovet doesn't know the strangers.

Why is Lovet so clever? Because scientists 44 a CPU (中央处理器) in its body. The CPU is so powerful that Lovet has the 45 power of an 8-year-old child. No wonder it can do the same thing as kids do.

- | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|--------------|
| 36. A. bored | B. happy | C. quiet |
| 37. A. whom | B. which | C. whose |
| 38. A. was invented | B. is invented | C. invented |
| 39. A. abilities | B. hobbies | C. habits |
| 40. A. sports | B. homework | C. housework |
| 41. A. slowly | B. fast | C. aloud |
| 42. A. check | B. praise | C. hurt |
| 43. A. strangers | B. dogs | C. friends |
| 44. A. find | B. put | C. discover |
| 45. A. brain | B. listening | C. research |



III. 情景交际 (15 分。其中 1-5 小题每题 1 分; 6-10 小题每题 2 分)

(1) 从 II 栏中找出与 I 栏相对应的答语, 并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母代号涂黑。

I

46. What's the population of Songtao?
47. Where is Tim?
48. I really hate noisy environment.
49. what's the knife used for?.
50. How do you like China?

II

- A. Very powerful and great
- B. He has gone to Guiyang.
- C. So do I.
- D. About 740,000.
- E. It's used for cutting things

(2) 从方框里选择能填入对话空白处的适当选项, 并在答题卡的相应位置将其涂黑。

A: Hi, Bob. There will be an exciting movie next Sunday evening. 51

B: Sure. What is it about?

A: 52 Two astronauts can't come back to the earth.

B: 53

A: The earth is destroyed completely.

B: What can they do?

A: 54

B: Sounds interesting. 55

A: We can take a bus to the cinema together.

B: OK

- A. It's about the life on the space station.
- B. They can fly to the Mars by a spaceship.
- C. What's up?
- D. Would you like to watch it?
- E. I can't wait to watch it.

阅读理解 (30 分)

I. 阅读 i 和 ii 两篇材料, 从 56-65 每小题所给的选项中选出最佳答案, 并在答题卡的相应位置将其涂黑。

i

The AI (人工智能) has changed our lives. There are four useful AI inventions here.

Jiuge

The AI can remember 300,000 Chinese poems clearly. What's more, it can write a poem in a very short time. In a CCTV show, Jiuge beat three great poem fans from a famous college.

Forpheus

The ping-pong robot can play in an easy way with a beginner and a difficult way with a better player. What's more, it not only encourages players with words like "Good job!" but also gives some good advice to improve their skills.

Self-driving AI

It can drive the car more safely than humans. It doesn't drink wine and never feels tired. It can do what we humans do. For example, if a car with this AI has passed a bus, it will flash (闪) two white lights side to side to show thanks to the bus.

Facial Recognition (人脸识别)

It is used a lot in the world such as ACS. ACS won't let a stranger in without the house owner's permission (允许). Paying by facial recognition is common now. The police in Hangzhou even caught a criminal (罪犯) at a concert with its help.



根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

56. Why is Jiuge special?
- A. Because it can play the violin. B. Because it's good at poems.
C. Because it can drive cars safely. D. Because it was on CCTV.
57. What will Forpheus do while playing?
- A. It will guess what job the player is. B. It will be angry if the player is a beginner.
C. It will say "What a shame!" to the player.
D. It will change its way of playing according to different players.
58. When does the Self-driving AI car flash two white lights side to side?
- A. When the car has to stop. B. When the car wants to slow down.
C. When the car is ready to speed up. D. When it has passed other vehicles.
59. What does the underlined word "ACS" mean in Chinese?
- A. 电子商务 B. 门禁控制 C. 社会福利 D. 公共卫生
60. Which is TRUE according to the passage?
- A. No one can beat Forpheus.
B. Jiuge has written 300,000 poems.
C. Facial Recognition helped the police catch a criminal.
D. Self-driving AI can make subway trains safer.

ii

Most phrases in Chinese about the dog, such as "a homeless dog", "a mad dog", "a running dog" and "a dog catching a mouse", have negative meanings. But in western countries, dogs are considered honest and good friend of humans. The word "dog", has positive meanings. For example, "you are a lucky dog" means you are a lucky person. And "every dog has its day" means each person has good luck at times.

As we know, dragons are very important in Chinese culture. In ancient times, dragons were regarded as strong and magical creatures. They brought hope and good luck. The ancient emperors compared themselves to dragons. Nowadays, many parents want their kids to become "dragons". But in western countries, dragons were dangerous animals. Heroes killed them to protect people.

Some things have similar meanings in Chinese culture and western culture. The rose is regarded as a symbol of love in both China and some western countries. People in China and the West think the rose also stands for peace, courage and friendship. When we pay attention to the cultural meanings of words, we will understand them better.

61. In China, many parents want their kids to become "dragons". Here "dragons" mean _____
- A. successful person B. children C. strong person D. cruel person
62. In western countries, heroes killed dragons to protect people. It shows dragons are considered to be _____
- A. brave B. strong C. lovely D. dangerous
63. The underlined word "regarded" means _____
- A. considered B. given C. looked D. watched



64. Both Chinese people and western people have same ideas about the rose. They all think rose stands for _____

- A. love and friendship
C. friendship and peace

- B. peace and courage
D. love, peace, courage and friendship

65. The best title of the passage is _____

- A. Animals and Plants
C. Different Cultures , Different Meanings

- B. China and Foreign Countries
D. Positive and Negative Meanings

II. 阅读判断

根据短文内容，判断下列每小题句子的正(A)或误(B)，并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母代号涂黑。

There are many words in the English language that have been borrowed from the French language . Some of the words are common in English that people think they are English words .These words are used in English around the world ,not just in Canada where English and French are used side by side .An example of this sort of word is "fiance"(/fi:ɑ:n'sei/). It means the man that a woman has agreed to marry .Another example is the word "bouquet" (/bu'kei/) .It means a bunch of cut flowers . The English language has become more interesting because it has borrowed some French words .

66. There are lots of words in Chinese which borrowed from French .

67.The underlined word "fiance" means in Chinese is 未婚妻.

68. English and French are used side by side in Canada .

69. English language has become more interesting because of borrowing some French words

70. From the passage we know the English language is changing all the time .

卷 II (60 分)

听力 II (10 分)。(听一篇短文，根据所听到的短文内容填写表格。每空一词。答案务必另书写于答题卡卷 II 各小题规定的位置。短文读两遍)

听短文，完成表格。短文读两遍。(10 分)

Shanghai Chopsticks Museum	
Month	The museum was built in 71. _____ , 1988.
Job	The owner of the museum was a(n) 72. _____.
The number	The owner collected about 2,000 pairs of chopsticks.
Material	Most of the chopsticks were made of 73. _____.
Price	The museum ticket is 74. _____.
Opening time	It's from 75. _____ a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

III. 任务型阅读 (10 分) 根据短文内容完成 76—80 小题 (每空一词)。答案务必另书写于答题卡卷 II 各小题规定的位置

May passed IELTS (雅思) successfully last week. IELTS is regarded as the most difficult English test. How does she learn English? If you want to learn English well, you'd better listen to what May said. Here is her experience.

AT SCHOOL



◆ I always read aloud in the morning. Reading aloud helps me remember. And it can make me brave and confident.

◆ Listening to the teacher carefully is the most important thing in class. I'm sure you must have the same opinion. Listening carefully can improve my listening ability. It can not only help me a lot in English pronunciation, but also help me listen to the teacher's explanation clearly.

AFTER SCHOOL

◆ Before going to bed, I must read the English notes again. They are the key knowledge. I can learn the new while reviewing the old.

◆ On weekends, I watch English movies. I like to watch Hollywood(好莱坞) movies like *Spider-Man* and *Captain America*. Listen to what they say carefully and try to understand the main ideas.

BEFORE TESTS

◆ It is necessary to do a lot of English exercises before tests. Practice makes perfect. Only by doing a lot of exercises can I always do well in the tests.

根据短文内容完成表格,每空一词。

May's Experience in Learning English	
In the morning	Always 76. _____ aloud
In class	77. _____ is the most important thing
Before going to bed	Read English 78. _____
On weekends	Watch English 79. _____
Before tests	Do 80. _____ English exercises

书面表达 (40分)

I. 单词拼写 (10分)

i. 根据括号内的汉语完成句子。答案书写在答题卡卷II各小题规定的位置。

81. I am full of _____ (自豪) for my progress in learning English.

82. My English teacher asked me to _____ (抄写) this text yesterday.

83. In order to get a good test, I plan to review my English _____ (在今晚).

84. No farmers, no _____ (食物). We should respect farmers' hard-working.

85. Jim left in such a hurry that he forgot to _____ (锁) the door.

ii. 根据句意和空缺处所给首字母写单词。答案书写于答题卡卷II各小题规定的位置。

86. There is no d _____ that health is more important than wealth.

87. Mom is cooking in the k _____, it smells delicious.

88. We go to train station to s _____ good friends off and wave to say "goodbye".

89. Practice makes p _____. The more, the better.

90. Water here smells terrible because medical factories p _____ waste water into the river.



II. 短文改错 (10 分)

下列短文的划线部分是错误的, 请将其正确答案书写在答题卡卷 II 各小题规定的位置。

In Beijing, there has a famous teahouse. Lots of visitors go there 91 _____
to watch theater shows. They likes Beijing opera. 92 _____
Actors in Beijing use masks. They are paint in red, black and white. 93 _____
In Xi'an in China, there is an small theater. People go there to 94 _____
watch a shadow puppet show. Many childs like this show. 95 _____
A shadow puppet show tells a story. The puppets can dance or sing. 96 _____
Sometime they can even ride horses. Broadway in New York, the USA, 97 _____
is a famous street. There are much theaters there. There are all kinds of 98 _____
shows in the theater. The shows have music, songs and act. 99 _____
Chinese people like Beijing opera best between the three shows. 100 _____

III. 写作 (20 分)

为响应我县“创建国家文明县城”的号召, 12 月 14 日, 几千名市民以绿色出行的方式参与了“我的县城我来建”活动。请以“共建绿色城市”为主题, 根据以下提示, 写一篇英语短文, 谈谈你的看法。

主题	Let's Build a Green City Together	
具体做法	方式	益处
	1. 骑车、徒步出行	1. 避免交通拥堵, 减少空气污染
	2. 不乱扔垃圾, 不随地吐痰	2. 让城市变得干净舒适
	3. 植树	3. 美化城市, 保护环境
你的建议	联系自己的生活实际提出几条具体的合理的建议。(至少 2 条)。	

要求: 1. 80—100 词 (首句和尾句已给出, 不计算在总词数内)。

2. 文中不能出现自己的姓名和所在学校的名称及其它相关信息。

参考词汇: citizen 市民, spit 吐痰, dustbin 垃圾箱, traffic jams 交通拥堵, environment 环境

Let's Build a Green City Together

As a citizen, it's our duty to help build a green city. We can _____

In a word, everyone should make a contribution to building our city.

(短文书写在答题卡卷 II 规定的位置)

