

孝感市市直初中 2020—2021 学年度九年级上学期期末联考

英语试卷

命题学校：孝感市文昌中学 命题人：褚阿娜 审题人：刘云

温馨提示：

- 1.答题前，考生务必将自己所在县（市、区）、学校、姓名、考号填写在试卷上指定的位置。
- 2.选择题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；非选择题的答案必须写在答题卡的指定位置，在本卷上答题无效。

选择题（共 86 分）

一、听力理解（共 25 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 25 分）

第一节：听下面 5 段短对话，选择与你所听到的内容相符合的图片。每段对话仅读一遍。



A



B



C



D



E



F

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

第二节：听下面 6 段对话或独白，每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 7 小题。

6. What was Lucy doing when Mike called her?

- A. She was reading. B. She was watching TV. C. She was listening to music.

7. What kind of music does Lucy like best?

- A. Electronic music. B. Loud music. C. Pop music.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 10 小题。

8. Where did Lily lose her wallet?

- A. On the train. B. In the bookstore. C. In the waiting hall.

9. What makes Lily nervous best?

- A. Her keys. B. Her ID card. C. Her money.

10. How much money is in Lily's wallet?

- A. About fifty dollars. B. About five dollars. C. About fifteen dollars.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 小题。

11. What does Tom want to learn?

- A. The piano. B. The guitar. C. The violin.

12. What does Tom's parents do?

- A. Teachers. B. Doctors. C. Musicians.

13. What does the girl advise Tom to do?

- A. Listen to his parents' idea. B. Have a talk with his parents. C. Ask his teacher to help him.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 16 小题。

14. Where is the tea grown?

- A. In Hubei. B. In Zhejiang. C. In Xi'an.

15. What does Jack think of Li Jia's skirt?

- A. It's large. B. It's beautiful. C. It's new.

16. Where is Li Jia's new TV made?

- A. In Japan. B. In America. C. In China.

听第 10 段材料，完成第 17 至 20 小题。

The person knocking at the door...	Reasons
Couldn't be my father or mother	They were <u>17</u> at home.
Couldn't be a thief	He was <u>18</u> and he couldn't knock at the door.
Might be my <u>19</u>	Maybe he wanted some help.
<u>20</u> my aunt.	She said she would visit me this week.

17. A. being B. staying C. going

18. A. happy B. excited C. afraid

19. A. neighbor B. friend C. classmate

20. A. Could be B. Must be C. May be

听第 11 段材料，回答第 21 至 25 小题。

21. What was Karl's problem in Grade 8?

- A. He couldn't study hard. B. He didn't sleep well. C. He made little progress.

22. With whose help did Karl solve his problem?

- A. His classmates'. B. His teacher's. C. His parents'.

23. What is the first piece of advice you hear?

- A. To have enough sleep at night.
B. To find our best time to study.
C. To communicate with others.

24. When is Martin's best time to study?

- A. In the daytime. B. At night. C. In the morning.

25. Why should we communicate with others?

- A. Because it makes us relaxed.
B. Because it makes us patient.
C. Because it makes us excited.

二、单项选择（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

26. 选出与单词 basic 划线部分读音相同的选项。

- A. ability B. pale C. cap D. anybody

27. Kids should learn how to protect _____ in the face of danger.

- A. himself B. yourself C. themselves D. ourselves

28. —The last bus has left. What should we do?
—Let's take a taxi. We have no other _____ now.
A. reason B. choice C. habit D. result
29. —Excuse me. Could you speak a littler louder? I can't hear you _____.
—OK.
A. cheaply B. heavily C. hardly D. clearly
30. The lady in the kitchen _____ is doing the dishes is my aunt.
A. where B. who C. which D. whom
31. —Mr White, when shall I hand in my report?
—As soon as it _____ tomorrow.
A. is finished B. finishes C. will be finished D. will finished
32. People in Colombia always _____ their friends' homes without making plans.
A. stay up B. drop by C. put on D. take off
33. _____ my friends _____ I like playing computer games because we think it wastes time.
A. Both; and B. Either; or C. Neither; nor D. Not only; but also
34. —What did your father say to you just now?
—He asked me _____.
A. that I would like to see a movie B. if I enjoyed myself at the party
C. where I will spend my holiday D. when did I attend the English party
35. — _____ that Kobe Bryant has died in a terrible accident!
—Yes. But the work he has done will keep encouraging us.
A. Sounds great B. Take it easy C. What a pity D. It's my pleasure

三、完形填空（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

During the summer holiday, some students might have been busy with traveling, summer camps and all kinds of courses. But a special group of Chinese middle school students decided to taste the hardship(艰辛) of life 36 school.

Twelve cousins from a big family sold 37 at a local market. Among them, the oldest was 16 years old, while the 38 was just 10. Within 12 days, they 39 more than 1,500 yuan.

“Compared 40 traveling, such social practice connects us and makes us know how hard our 41 are. They work so hard to bring us up.” said Dalin, 16, to the City Morning Newspaper. Dalin, a middle school graduate, and her 15-year-old brother Xiaolin came up with the idea.

42 their vegetables well, they learned to work hard. Every morning they had to wake up at 3 o'clock. 43 of them went to the farmer's market to buy vegetables, the others went to the local market to 44 a temporary stall (临时摊位). To lower the cost, they learned to bargain(讲价) with the sellers.

45 about 6:30 am, they began to sell vegetables. They peddled(吆喝) loudly to attract(吸引) customers. After several days, they got some 46. For example, it was better 47 vegetables in order and bigger ones on top. They gave customers an extra(额外) plastic bag 48 the vegetables were too heavy.

When they 49 got home, they had a small meeting. Everyone took notes and 50 their feelings.

Dalin said, “Although we are tired, we have gained(收获) a lot.”

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 36. A. next to | B. inside | C. outside | D. near |
| 37. A. fruit | B. vegetables | C. drinks | D. snacks |
| 38. A. cleverest | B. shortest | C. strongest | D. youngest |
| 39. A. made | B. borrowed | C. returned | D. paid |
| 40. A. as | B. with | C. for | D. on |
| 41. A. farmers | B. customers | C. teachers | D. parents |
| 42. A. To carry | B. To buy | C. To sell | D. To grow |
| 43. A. None | B. Some | C. Each | D. All |
| 44. A. lift up | B. take up | C. look up | D. pick up |
| 45. A. At | B. On | C. In | D. Since |
| 46. A. happiness | B. information | C. knowledge | D. experience |
| 47. A. putting | B. put | C. to put | D. puts |
| 48. A. so | B. although | C. unless | D. when |
| 49. A. really | B. suddenly | C. nearly | D. finally |
| 50. A. had | B. learned | C. shared | D. got |

四、阅读理解（分两节，共 18 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 36 分）

第一节：阅读选择。（共 13 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 26 分）

A

During ancient times, children didn't have much to enjoy themselves. However, they came up with interesting games to play in their childhood.

Kicking stone balls

During the Qing Dynasty, kicking a stone ball around was a popular game in the northern part of China, and it was often played in winter to keep warm.

Playing hide-and-seek

Hide-and-seek is a traditional game for children, popular around the nation. There are two ways to play: covering a child's eyes while other kids run around to tease（戏弄）him or, more commonly, others hide and one child must try to find them.

Flying kites

Kites have quite a long history. The earliest kites were made of wood, instead of paper. The three most famous kites are the Beijing kite, Tianjin kite and Weifang kite. Each has its own feature. For example, the bird-shaped kite with long wings is a special kind of the Beijing kite.

Watching shadow plays（皮影戏）

The closest thing to watching a film during ancient times was going to see a shadow play. The artists control puppets（木偶）behind the screen and tell stories to the music.

51. According to the text, the game of kicking a stone ball was_____.
 A. like flying kites B. played in summer
 C. popular in the northern part of China D. invented in Beijing
52. How is hide-and-seek usually played?
 A. Others hide and one tries to find. B. One plays and others watch.
 C. Others laugh and one must cry. D. One runs and others try to catch.
53. In ancient China, what were the earliest kites made of ?
 A. metal B. wood C. plastic D. paper
54. Which ancient game is like watching a film?
 A. Watching shadow plays. B. Kicking stone balls.
 C. Flying kites. D. Playing hide-and-seek.

B

A heart-warming scene has moved people a lot in Hunan University of Science and Engineering. There is a student named Li Jiqin, his classmates carries him to class every day. “We are classmates and brothers. In the following four years, we would like to carry Li to class,” said these classmates.

Li has become unable to walk since he got poliomyelitis(小儿麻痹症) at a young age. His mother used to carry him to school, but now it is too hard for her to carry a son who weighs more than 75 kilograms.

When the teacher Chen Huiling asked for volunteers from Li’s classmates to help carry him up and down stairs to classrooms, all 30 boy students from Li’s class agreed to help him. The boys are divided into groups of five and take turns carrying Li. Every day, when Li rolls his wheelchair to the teaching building, a strong classmate carries him on the back, with two assisting and two carrying his schoolbag and other things. Because of Li’s weight, the classmate carrying him might sweat(出汗) a lot after spending around three minutes climbing stairs to classrooms on the fourth or fifth floor. Li thanks his classmates a lot every day.

Li said that he felt the warmth from the class, and would try his best to study hard. He chose to study computer science and technology because of his interest and physical condition. He would like to be a programmer after graduation.

55. Li Jiqin’s mom can’t carry him to school now because_____.
 A. his mom is too busy B. he is in poor health
 C. his mom falls ill D. he is a little heavy
56. The underlined word “assisting” means “_____” in Chinese.
 A. 协助 B. 凝视 C. 鼓励 D. 交流
57. What can we learn about Li Jiqin’s classmates?
 A. They are from poor families. B. They are very creative.
 C. They are kind-hearted. D. They are good at their subjects.
58. Which of the following is TRUE?
 A. Li Jiqin was born with poliomyelitis. B. It’s not easy to carry Li Jiqin to classrooms.
 C. Li Jiqin’s classroom is on the fourth floor. D. There are 30 students in Li Jiqin’s class.

C

How do your parents go to work, by car, by bus or by subway? People find it important to be in good health. So many people walk to work now. When they start walking, some of them like to open the step counter (计步器) app in their phones. It can record how many steps they walk that day. After a day's walk, some people show the number on WeChat. This can make them learn from each other and keep exercising.

“This helps me exercise much and keep a good habit.” Miss Liu said. “I can also talk about how to keep healthy with my friends on WeChat. We are in the same group to encourage each other to keep exercising.”

Mr. Wu likes to exercise. But in the past he was kind of lazy and didn't want to exercise every day. “There are prizes for those who walk more steps in the app so that I want to exercise every day. I really like it, it's great to win some prizes.” he said.

Walking is a relaxing and useful way to exercise. Recording the steps helps people develop a good habit of walking. Showing the number can make people more interested in walking.

59. How do many people go to work now?

- A. By car. B. On foot. C. By subway. D. By bus.

60. What does the underlined word “This” refer to?

- A. Talking about how to keep healthy. B. Keeping a good habit.
C. Encouraging each other in the same group. D. Counting and showing the number.

61. What makes Mr. Wu exercise every day?

- A. The requirement of the step counter app. B. The prizes for those walking more steps.
C. Joining in a walking group. D. Playing sports with his friends.

62. What does the writer think of showing the number of the steps?

- A. Helpful. B. Difficult. C. Boring. D. Relaxing.

63. What's the best title for the text?

- A. A Good Habit to Keep Healthy B. A Useful App to Number the Steps
C. A Popular Way to Go to Work D. A Relaxing Way to Do Exercise

第二节：阅读还原（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

阅读短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。

Who is Li Ziqi? For 7 million YouTube audiences and 20 million Weibo users, that's an easy question to answer. The 29-year-old girl's videos about her country life recently have become famous. 64 She is worthy of this title. Cooking, painting, farming...she is a master of many kinds of skills.

“She performs the work of a farmer like a fairy(仙子),” the South China Morning Post said. In her video, Li wears hanfu that she made herself. She even raises silkworms (蚕) in order to make quilts. Li grows plants as well. 65 She eats seasonal food.

66 When she was 14, she went to the city to work, but returned to the countryside in 2012 to take care of her sick grandmother. To make a living, Li runs an online store. 67 But the simple pleasures she presented quickly won her many fans. “In such a tech-driven age, where everything

comes so quickly, it's beautiful to watch such a slow perform without any pressure," one of her fans said online.

For her foreign audience, what is even more interesting is Li's deep knowledge of food, nature and Chinese culture. "I can see how good Chinese people are at cooking! I never thought of keeping meat like that!" one foreign fan wrote on YouTube. As China Daily said, Li shows that Chinese people love good food and are good at making art out of the simplest materials. 68

- A. With her videos, she has spread Chinese culture to the world.
- B. Her fans call her "the goddess of nature".
- C. She is often seen preparing meals with vegetables picked from her field.
- D. Li Ziqi is gaining millions of fans around the world with her videos.
- E. Li was raised by her grandparents in a small village in Sichuan province.
- F. At first, she just used her videos to sell her products.

非选择题（34 分）

五、完成句子（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

根据汉语提示完成句子，使句子意思正确、通顺，每空一词。

69. 现在晚上与朋友们闲逛对她来说几乎不可能。

_____ with friends at night is almost impossible for her now.

70. 我们永远不要拿不属于我们的东西。

We should never take anything that doesn't _____ us.

71. 我认为如果我们继续齐心协力，我们就会赢。

I think if we continue to _____, we are going to win.

72. 李文有时逃课，考试不及格。

Sometimes Li Wen was _____ from classes and _____ his examinations.

73. 他们有充足的时间准备舞会。

They have _____ time to prepare for the dancing party.

六、综合填空（共 9 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 9 分）

阅读短文，在空白处填入适当的词，或根据音标及首字母提示填词，或根据括号内所给词的正确形式填空，每空一词。

Nowadays we can see more and more electric bikes in the street. Electric bikes are easily ridden 74 people. They run fast and make no pollution. So they become very popular, 75 the electric bikes also cause more traffic accidents. So China plans to make a new rule for the electric bike riders.

If 76 (一辆) electric bike is heavier than 40 kilos and can go faster than 20 kilometers an hour, its rider must get a driver's l 77. It means riders have to pass driving tests before they

ride their electric bikes on the road.

People have different ideas after hearing the plan. Some welcome it. A bus driver said happily, "What a good plan! I think it will make the street much 78 (safe)." Some are not happy with the new rule at all. One rider said 79 (sad), "I don't want to do that. It's not 80 [kən'vi : nənt] for me to get one. Some don't 81 (care) about it. A young rider said calmly, "I prefer to use shared bikes which 82 (be) popular in many big cities of China now."

七、书面表达 (15 分)

一场疫情悄然改变我们的社交礼仪和生活习惯。假定你是李华, 你的英国笔友 Mike 想了解你们目前的生活情况和你的看法。请根据下面的图片写一封邮件回复他。

提示词: 挥手 wave one's hand(s)

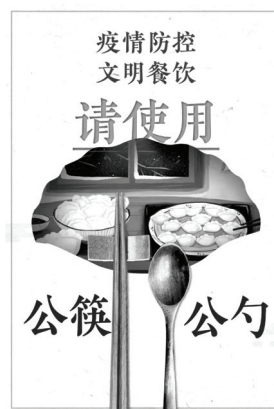
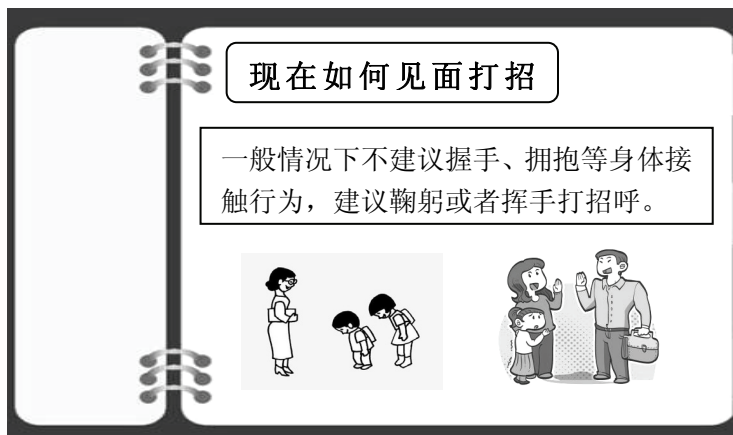
公筷 public chopsticks

病毒 virus

减少传染 reduce infections

因为疫情 because of the COVID-19

戴口罩 wear masks



- 写作要求: 1. 语句通顺, 条理清晰, 详略得当, 书写工整;
2. 100 词左右, 题目和开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Mike,

How's everything going? _____

Yours,
Li Hua